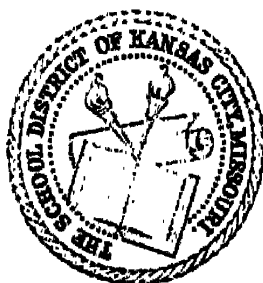




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BAIRD'S MANUAL  
OF  
AMERICAN COLLEGE  
FRATERNITIES

A DESCRIPTIVE ANALYSIS OF THE  
FRATERNITY SYSTEM IN THE COLLEGES OF THE  
UNITED STATES

*WITH A DETAILED ACCOUNT OF EACH  
FRATERNITY*

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TENTH EDITION

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JAMES T. BROWN

Editor and Publisher

NEW YORK  
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1923

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## PREFACE

**T**HIS is the Tenth Edition of what is known to the college world as BAIRD'S MANUAL OF AMERICAN COLLEGE FRATERNITIES. For a long time it was found that editions issued at intervals of seven years was all that was needed but the numerous changes as well as the great growth of the Fraternities now demand a new edition at a three year interval or less.

All of the sketches of the different Fraternities in this issue have been revised and many of them have been rewritten. The elimination of nearly all of the Greek letters will be noted. The professional Fraternities have been printed for the first time in alphabetical order.

A great effort has been made to secure a list of the men and women locals. While there are constant changes it is felt that this list is as nearly up-to-date as it can be made. It is hoped that the new arrangement of them by colleges will be found to be a satisfactory one.

So many of the chapters of the Men's Fraternities own houses that in many instances the chapters are now mentioned that fail to own houses rather than those that do.

Nothing shows the strength of the fraternity system so much as the valuation of their real-estate. Two of the Fraternities now own houses valued conservatively at over \$2,000,000 and eleven others own to extent of over \$1,000,000. In 1920 the Men's Fraternities owned 773 houses at an average value of \$21,000, they now own 1207 houses at

an average valuation of \$27,000. But great as has been the growth of houses owned by the Men's Fraternities, in the three year interval, it has been exceeded in per-centage by the Women's Fraternities. In 1920 they owned 100 houses of an average value of \$13,500 and they now own 219 houses averaging \$18,600. A truly remarkable showing.

An attempt has been made to decrease the size of the book and smaller type has been used in the chapter-rolls and much editing has been done—still the book is larger than it should be. Perhaps the frequent suggestions that have been made to eliminate the prominent members will be followed out in the eleventh edition.

The editor takes this opportunity to thank the host of fraternity workers for their valuable assistance on this edition. And he particularly thanks John B. Ballou, Phi Delta Theta, of the Vail-Ballou Company for many timely suggestions in handling the printing. Also he expresses his thanks to John E. Mason, Lambda Chi Alpha, for valuable suggestions.

JAMES T. BROWN

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# AMERICAN COLLEGE FRATERNITIES

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## GREEK-LETTER FRATERNITIES

THEIR ORIGIN, PROGRESS, MANNERS, CUSTOMS AND  
PECULIAR FEATURES

COLLEGE students have always shown a more or less marked tendency to form themselves into societies. Whether founded upon a national, literary or social basis, such organizations seem to have been coeval with the colleges themselves. Throughout the United States and Canada there is a class of student societies, usually secret in character, which have rapidly grown in favor, and have become of much importance in the college world. They are composed of lodges or branches placed in the several colleges, united by a common bond of friendship and a common name, generally composed of Greek letters. From this latter fact they were at first known as "Greek-letter Societies," or, from their secrecy, "College Secret Societies," now they are usually called "College Fraternities." Before tracing their origin and progress, it will be well to give some description of their customs and practices.

### NOMENCLATURE

The name of each fraternity is usually composed of two or three Greek letters, as Kappâ Alpha, Chi Phi, Alpha

Delta Phi, Beta Theta Pi. These letters commonly represent a motto, which is supposed to be unknown to all but the fraternity's members, and which indicates briefly the purposes or aims of the organization. The lodges situated in the various colleges are affiliated, and are, with one or two exceptions, termed "Chapters."

The chapters receive various names, sometimes from the Greek letters in the order of their establishment, as Alpha, Beta, Gamma, Delta, etc.; sometimes without any apparent order, as Theta, Delta, Beta, Gamma, etc., in which case the chapter letter is generally the initial of some word peculiar to the college, or of a motto adopted by the chapter. Sometimes they are named from the colleges, as *Union* chapter, *Hamilton* chapter, or from the college towns, as *Waterville* chapter, *Middletown* chapter or after some individual prominent in relation to the field into which the organization is extending its ranks.

Several of the fraternities have adopted the *State* system, naming the first chapter established in a State the Alpha of that State, the second the Beta, and so on. When chapters have become so numerous that the letters of the alphabet are exhausted, they are combined, either arbitrarily, as Theta Zeta, Beta Chi, or by design, in the addition of supplementary letters, as, Alpha Alpha, Alpha Beta, Alpha Gamma, or Alpha Beta, Beta Beta, Gamma Beta, or Gamma Alpha, Gamma Beta, Gamma Gamma, etc. In other cases a regular system is employed, and some word or combination of words are used to denote the repetition, as Alpha deuteron, Beta deuteron, or in case the alphabet is being used for the third time, by Alpha triteron, Beta triteron, the supplemental words being generally denoted by their initial letters, "Delta" and "Tau" respectively. Many chapters having their origin in pre-existing organizations have per-

petuated the memory of this fact in a chapter name embodying that of the original society.

#### INSIGNIA

The distinctive badges of the fraternities are of three kinds. First, a shield or plate of gold, displaying upon it the fraternity name, together with symbols of general or peculiar significance. This is worn as a pin, or as a watch key pendant from the watch chain. Secondly, a monogram of letters composing the name. Thirdly, some symbol representing the name of the society or some of its degrees, as a skull, harp, or key.

During the past few years there has been a marked improvement in badges of all kinds. They have become smaller in size, plainer in ornamentation and less expensive than formerly, and many of the fraternities have adopted badges of standard size and style from which no departure is permitted. The majority of the fraternities use pledge buttons which they give to persons who are pledged to join but who are not yet admitted to membership. These buttons usually suggest the fraternity insignia.

In addition to the badges, most of the fraternities have chosen distinctive colors, flowers, flags, coats of arms, and other symbolic insignia and three or four have developed a complete system of heraldic devices for their chapters.

The emblems of a fraternity are also sometimes used as the basis of ornamentation for sleeve buttons, rings, studs, charms, and other forms of jewelry. Most fraternities forbid the use of their badges as an ornament for articles of this character.

Small buttons of plain metal comprising a facsimile of the badge or including some of its prominent emblems con-

stitute a novel and pleasing form of fraternity emblems.

Mention might also be made of the fact that the fraternities have distinctive cheers or yells.

#### DEVELOPMENT OF THE SYSTEM

The first American society bearing a Greek-letter name was founded at the College of William and Mary at Williamsburg, Va., in 1776, and was called the Phi Beta Kappa. It was secret in its nature, was formed for social and literary purposes, and held regular and frequent meetings. It was preceded at this same institution by a society called "The Flat Hat" of somewhat similar nature. In December, 1779, Phi Beta Kappa authorized the establishment of branches at Yale and Harvard, and the next year ceased its own operations from the confusion incident to the Revolutionary War, then raging in the vicinity of Williamsburg.

The chapter at Yale was to have been called the "Zeta," but when it was actually established, November 13, 1780, it took the name of Alpha of Connecticut. It was quite formal in its nature, its membership was confined to the two upper classes, and it soon lost whatever of vitality and fraternal spirit had existed in the original organization. The Harvard chapter, called the Alpha of Massachusetts, was established September 5, 1781, and these two chapters together organized the Alpha of New Hampshire at Dartmouth in 1787. Phi Beta Kappa's subsequent chapters were all named upon the State system. It is now a purely honorary society.

The first of several orders of Kappa Alpha originated at the University of North Carolina in 1812, and it established a number of chapters throughout the Carolinas and other Southern states. Pi Beta Phi, a local, was established



at Union in 1813,<sup>1</sup> and Chi Delta Theta, a local at Yale in 1821.

Another class of societies had arisen at different colleges. These were mostly of a literary character, and bore names such as Hermosian, Philaethean, Erosophian, Linonian, Adelpian, Philotechnian, etc. Some of them were secret and some were not. Their exercises consisted of debates, the reading and discussion of papers on literary subjects, and the like. They were encouraged by the faculties, the students joined them as a matter of course, and their work was mainly educational. But there was little actual interest taken in their proceedings, except at the literary contests, or when elections were about to take place. Sometimes their rivalries were fierce and their elections hotly contested. In fact, their object was training and drill in composition and oratory, and they had no social advantages. There were generally two such societies in each college, and the entire body of students was divided about equally between them. Sometimes they held joint debates for prizes, but they were usually too large to promote the cultivation of close friendships. In some colleges they have ceased to exist, in others they still carry on their work.

Such were the societies existing in the colleges when, in the autumn of 1825, the Kappa Alpha Society was formed at Union by John Hunter and other members of the class

1 "The other day in Smith's book store, Wall and William Streets, I saw a copy of a pamphlet, an oration on the First Anniversary of the Pi Beta Phi Society in Union College, July 25, 1814."—Letter from Oscar M. Voorhees, secretary of Phi Beta Kappa, to the author, dated New York, May 31, 1910.

"Relative to the Pi Beta Phi Society at Union College, I recently purchased at a second hand store a pamphlet copy of an address on 'Faith the Life of Science,' delivered before this society at Union by Taylor Lewis, dated July, 1838. An inquiry to Union as to when this society died brought no response. It may have been similar to the Adelpic Union and the Philomathean Literary Societies then at Union."—Letter from Leroy S. Boyd, Kappa Alpha (S), Washington, D. C., April 26, 1919, to the editor.

of '26. This society, in its external features at least, bore a close resemblance to Phi Beta Kappa, which had been established at Union in 1817. It was secret, it had a Greek name, it confined its membership to upper-classmen, it displayed a badge of similar shape, and it named its chapters on the same system. The new society, though exceedingly small, met with much opposition, but was secretly popular with the students, who paid it the sincere compliment of imitation by the foundation in the same college of Sigma Phi, March 4, 1827, by ten seniors, and of Delta Phi, November 18, 1827, by nine seniors. These three fraternities, called sometimes the "Union Triad," were the pattern for the existing fraternity system. Imitation of them or opposition to them will account for the establishment of nearly all of the general fraternities.

In 1829 the I. K. A. Society, similar in aims and purposes to these societies, was established at Washington (now Trinity) College, Hartford, Conn. (This society has recently become a chapter of Delta Phi.) Sigma Phi was the first of the fraternities to establish a branch organization, and, in 1831, calling itself the Alpha chapter of New York, it placed the Beta chapter of New York at Hamilton College. This move probably resulted one year later in the foundation of Alpha Delta Phi at that college. In November, 1833, Psi Upsilon was founded at Union, and in the same year Kappa Alpha established a chapter at Williams, being followed one year later at the same place by Sigma Phi. Here they found a new rival in the shape of an *anti*-secret society called the Social Fraternity, which has since united with other similar organizations to form Delta Upsilon. In 1837 the Mystical Seven fraternity, not Greek in name but similar otherwise, originated at Wesleyan. Alpha Delta Phi's second chapter was established at Miami in 1835, and in 1839 the first fraternity organized west of

the Alleghanies, Beta Theta Pi, was founded there. A fifth Union society, Chi Psi, was formed in 1841. This same year, the first fraternity chapter in the South was placed at Emory College, in Georgia, by the Mystical Seven, and the second one by the same fraternity in 1844, at Franklin College, now the University of Georgia; but this extension in the South does not seem to have been the immediate cause of the foundation of any new societies, unless the origin of the now defunct Rainbow Society be traced to this as a cause.

Alpha Delta Phi placed a chapter at Yale in 1836 and in 1839 Psi Upsilon planted a rival chapter which soon became firmly established. Delta Kappa Epsilon was founded at Yale in 1844, and immediately placed branch chapters in other colleges. In 1847, the first New York City fraternity, Zeta Psi, was founded at the University of the City of New York, and the same year Delta Psi originated simultaneously at the same university and at Columbia College, while Union College witnessed the birth of Theta Delta Chi, its sixth society. In 1848 Phi Gamma Delta originated at Jefferson, which was later united with Washington College to form Washington and Jefferson College, where Beta Theta Pi had established a chapter in 1842, and in December of the same year, Phi Delta Theta was founded at Miami, while Alpha Delta Phi and Beta Theta Pi were temporarily inactive. During this year, also, the first distinctively Southern fraternity, the "W. W. W.," or "Rainbow," was founded at the University of Mississippi. Its name being English, and its nomenclature, symbols and customs being very similar to those of the Mystical Seven, previously mentioned, it is difficult to believe that its establishment is not due in some manner to the older society.

In 1849 Delta Phi placed a chapter at the University of

Pennsylvania, and Phi Kappa Sigma was founded there immediately thereafter; in 1852 Phi Kappa Psi originated at Jefferson; in 1854 the first of the three orders of Chi Phi made its appearance at Princeton; in 1855 Sigma Chi arose at Miami as the result of a split in the recently established chapter of Delta Kappa Epsilon. Sigma Chi was the third fraternity originating at Miami, and Beta Theta Pi, Phi Delta Theta and Sigma Chi, from their home and birth-place called the "Miami Triad," spread over the West and South as the members of the Union Triad had spread over the Eastern States.

The second Southern fraternity, Sigma Alpha Epsilon, was founded at the University of Alabama in 1856, after seven fraternities had established chapters there. In 1857, Phi Sigma was founded at Lombard University, without apparently resulting from opposition to any previously established society, and in 1858 Sigma Delta Pi was established at Dartmouth. In 1859 a second order of Chi Phi was founded at the University of North Carolina; the Sigma Alpha, or the Black Badge fraternity, was founded at Roanoke College, and Delta Tau Delta at Bethany College. In 1860 a third Chi Phi was founded at Hobart, where other fraternities had existed for many years.

During the Civil War, collegiate activity was everywhere weakened, and in the South practically suspended. In the North, Theta Xi, founded at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute in 1864, was the only fraternity originating during that period. It was also the first fraternity aiming to restrict its membership to persons intending to engage in the same profession.

After the war, the state of affairs in the South was so uncertain that the re-establishment of chapters by the Northern fraternities was not at once generally undertaken. It was natural, therefore, that new Southern fraternities

should be created, and more especially at institutions made prominent by their military character. At the Virginia Military Institute, Lexington, Va., Alpha Tau Omega was born in 1865, Kappa Sigma Kappa in 1867, and Sigma Nu in 1869; Kappa Alpha (Southern) was founded at Washington and Lee University, located in the same town, in 1865. In 1867, Alpha Gamma originated at Cumberland University and Kappa Sigma at the University of Virginia, while Pi Kappa Alpha was also founded at the University of Virginia one year later.

In 1868, D. G. K., an agricultural society, was founded at the Massachusetts Agricultural College, where Q. T. V., a similar society, was also founded the next year, and Phi Sigma Kappa, a third society, in 1873. Theta Chi, founded at Norwich in 1856, remained a local society until 1902. Alpha Sigma Phi, founded at Yale in 1846, was a sophomore society, but the Marietta chapter was always a society for all classes. By 1865 all chapters but this had died, and it remained a local until 1907, when Alpha Sigma Phi was reorganized as a general college fraternity. The fraternities that have been mentioned are all the general fraternities for men that were founded during the nineteenth century. The organization of new fraternities still continues, showing that the educational development of the country demands more chapters than are furnished by the older fraternities.

In 1869 Phi Delta Phi, a legal fraternity, was founded at the University of Michigan. Since then the development of the professional fraternity system has been largely in the direction of the organization of societies bearing Greek names among students in the departments of law, medicine, dentistry, pharmacy, etc., attached to educational institutions wherein the general fraternities have secured a foothold. This class of societies has developed greatly within the past

few years, and they are securing a firm foothold in some professions.

Within the past decade also many so-called honorary societies have made their appearance, these being Greek letter societies which invite members on a basis of excellence in scholarship or professional attainment.

Another development of the Greek-letter idea has been among the students of preparatory schools and academies. It is not the purpose of this work to describe such societies in detail or other ephemeral organizations with Greek names.

The most important fraternities are those which are located in the undergraduate literary or scientific departments of the colleges and universities, and it is for the most part to this field that we have intentionally limited our efforts.

#### THE WOMEN'S FRATERNITIES .

The first<sup>1</sup> of the women's Greek-letter fraternities was Kappa Alpha Theta, founded at De Pauw University in 1870. The same year Kappa Kappa Gamma was founded at Monmouth, Ill. Delta Gamma originated at Oxford, Miss., in 1872, and Alpha Phi at Syracuse at nearly the same time. Gamma Phi Beta followed Alpha Phi at Syracuse in 1874, and Delta Delta Delta was organized at Boston in 1888. The I. C. Sorosis, quite similar to the Greek-letter societies in purpose, but not confined at first in its membership to college students, was founded at Monmouth College in 1867. It changed its name in 1888 to Pi Beta Phi,

<sup>1</sup> At Wesleyan Female College, Macon, Ga., there originated in 1851 a women's society called Adelphean, and the next year a similar society called Philomathean. In June, 1904, the second of these changed its name to Phi Mu and a year later the older society changed its name to Alpha Delta Phi (since altered to Alpha Delta Pi). These two societies have since claimed to antedate all the other women's Greek letter fraternities, a claim obviously unfounded.

and now admits only college students to its ranks. Alpha Chi Omega, at first a professional organization among students of music, Chi Omega originating at Arkansas University, and a number of other societies of more recent origin constitute a complete system among the undergraduate women students.

Some of the societies for women call themselves fraternities and some sororities. Both terms are used in this work.

The foregoing outline will show how widespread the system is. It has become the predominant factor in the social life of American students, and as such is attracting the attention of publicists and educators. Its influence will probably increase.

#### FRATERNITY EXPANSION

The older fraternities move very slowly in the granting of charters, and petitioners find that they have to wait sometimes for years, and patiently and persistently push their claims until success crowns their efforts, or they are convinced that they will be forever denied admission to the fraternity of their choice. Much of this inertia on the part of such fraternities is due to a false conservatism. It has contributed largely to the rapid and it must be said successful growth of some of the younger fraternities, whose members have wisely seized golden opportunities spurned by their slower rivals. This conservatism on the part of the older fraternities has resulted in a great increase in the number of local societies at institutions having large numbers of students and there are now opportunities for the organization of new fraternities by the formation of chapters at such institutions or in the combination of local fraternities.

CLASSIFICATION AND CHARACTERISTICS OF THE  
FRATERNITIES

In their early days the fraternities were classified quite generally according to the place of their origin, as Eastern, Western and Southern. Such classification no longer holds good, however. The only classification based on the geographical distribution of the several chapters of the fraternities which can now properly be made, is to divide the fraternities into national fraternities and sectional fraternities.

The national fraternities include those generally represented in all sections of the country. Of these Beta Theta Pi, Phi Delta Theta, Sigma Alpha Epsilon, Sigma Chi, Kappa Sigma, Phi Kappa Psi, Delta Tau Delta, Phi Gamma Delta and Alpha Chi Alpha are prominent types. The sectional fraternities are Eastern and Southern. The Eastern group consists of Alpha Delta Phi, Delta Phi, Theta Delta Chi, Sigma Phi, Psi Upsilon, Kappa Alpha (Northern), Delta Psi and Alpha Chi Rho. The Southern group includes Kappa Alpha (Southern order) Pi Kappa Phi and Pi Kappa Alpha, although this last mentioned fraternity has placed its most recent chapters in the North. Delta Kappa Epsilon, Zeta Psi, Chi Phi and Chi Psi, originating in the Eastern States, have what might be termed a limited national development. Alpha Tau Omega, Kappa Sigma, Sigma Nu and Sigma Alpha Epsilon, originally distinctively Southern, have completely lost that character.

Custom regulates much that pertains to the life of chapters and their peculiar practices. Many colleges are crowded with chapters, and among these a great rivalry springs up, and extraordinary efforts are put forth to obtain desirable members. Many of the chapters are now old enough to admit grand-children of the early members, and it is frequently the case that a student entering college has



already decided to join, if he can, some fraternity to which a father, brother, cousin or other relative belonged during his college life. The resulting restriction of choice, however, is not always to the best advantage of the chapter. Chapters will sometimes draw members from some particular town or school, while friends from either place will be a great inducement to a freshman.

#### MEMBERSHIP AND CHAPTERS

In the early days of the fraternities seniors only were admitted to membership, but the sharp rivalry for desirable men soon pushed the contest into the junior class, and so on down, until at some colleges it scarcely stops at the academy. The general rule is, however, that members shall be drawn from the four undergraduate classes. At Yale, the chapters of the general fraternities for many years were merely junior societies; and at Dartmouth, for a long time, though members were pledged, they were not admitted until the sophomore year. In some of the larger Western and Southern colleges, the preparatory schools being intimately connected with the colleges, "preps" were not only pledged, but initiated before they entered the college proper, though the fraternities now uniformly forbid the initiation of this class of students. As the colleges usually open about the middle of September, the campaign for freshmen is then commenced and lasts until Christmas, when each chapter has secured its most desirable candidates. Where there is great rivalry, however, initiations take place all the year round.

The constant rivalry between chapters and the multiplication of fraternities has led in many cases to an indiscriminate scramble for members at the beginning of each year. The fraternities have perceived the danger of this

practice and are making an effort to avert it, as will be hereafter explained while in some colleges, the college authorities are attempting to regulate the matter. The deferred pledging of students until some fixed date and the deferred initiation of pledged members until they have completed a prescribed portion of their college course or secured a predetermined grade are both becoming usual.

Many fraternities elect and initiate members who are not undergraduates, and, in some instances, not college men at all. These are termed "honorary" members, and in this work the term is applied to all who were not elected or initiated while undergraduate students into a fraternity or into a local society of the same general nature which afterwards became merged into a fraternity.

Some of the fraternities have also placed local or city chapters in favorable localities, for the purpose of aiding the extension of the fraternity. In some instances prominent public men have been elected honorary members for the notoriety conferred upon the fraternities by the addition of their names. Elections of this class of members have been generally discontinued, and in most fraternities prohibited. In the lists of prominent alumni given hereafter in connection with the descriptions of the several fraternities members may find omitted the names of well-known adherents to their respective fraternities, not knowing that the omissions were by reason of merely honorary membership. The names of such members have been excluded when known.

Membership in two fraternities has been a source of trouble and vexation. It is almost universally forbidden. When it occurs between two chapters of different fraternities located at the same college, and a student leaves one and joins the other, it is termed "lifting," and such disloyalty is usually followed by expulsion. There have been

cases, however, where a student going from one college to another college, where his fraternity was not represented, joined a different organization without any sentiment or intention of disloyalty. The fraternities now forbid this, although some years ago it was not uncommon.

The most perplexing cases of double membership have arisen at those colleges where some of the chapters of the general fraternities exist merely as class societies. Members of fraternities, which are rivals to such societies in other colleges, join them freely as class organizations, only to find themselves in after life involved in an endless round of explanations of their double membership. At Harvard, for example, the chapter of Delta Kappa Epsilon degenerated into a sophomore society, punningly called the "Dickey" Club. While it was still connected with Delta Kappa Epsilon and recognized as a chapter its members (Theodore Roosevelt, for example) joined Alpha Delta Phi, Delta Upsilon or other fraternities later in their college life. The active members of Delta Kappa Epsilon and Alpha Delta Phi at colleges where they are rivals have been somewhat bewildered by the situation. Members of other fraternities not represented in the Academic department at Yale have joined the societies there (Alpha Delta Phi, Psi Upsilon, Delta Kappa Epsilon, Zeta Psi, Beta Theta Pi), and other perplexing double memberships have thus arisen.

The professional fraternities, such as Phi Delta Phi, Nu Sigma Nu, Delta Sigma Delta, etc., and the honorary fraternities, draw their membership freely from the other fraternities by common consent.

#### ORGANIZATION AND GOVERNMENT

Previous to the Civil War the fraternities had not attained their full development. We find them at this period

comprised of chapters united only by a common name and common principles. Each chapter was independent to the verge of anarchy, and did pretty much as it pleased, even at times in opposition to the expressed wish of the fraternity of which it was a member. It was not uncommon for one chapter to establish another at a neighboring college without going through the formality of asking the consent of other chapters or of any common authority. Means of intercommunication were inadequate and not used, and chapters were often established and became inactive before the fact of their existence became generally known throughout the organization of which they were supposed to constitute an integral part. Again, many chapters were organized in such an imperfect manner that they learned little of the organization to which they belonged, and, being swept out of existence by some cause, their fraternity lost sight of them, and remained ignorant of their existence.

In a few instances chapters were established at places which did not meet the approval of the fraternity when the fact of such existence became known, and the chapters were repudiated, leaving perplexing questions of membership to be settled by future historians. Few of the fraternities had any centralized form of government, and fewer still thought of pursuing a settled policy in any of their actions. The idea prevalent was that each chapter was to work out its own salvation.

The first step toward an organized government in most of the fraternities was the selection of one chapter, either the parent chapter, if living, or each of the chapters in turn, to be what was called the "Grand" chapter. This chapter was supposed to be the repository of facts, from which other chapters could derive information, and to be the governing body of the fraternity, subject only to the directions of the assembly of delegates from the chapters,

termed conventions, and was to preserve and maintain some sort of settled policy in the administration of fraternity affairs. In general, however, when the fraternities held conventions, authority of all kinds was vested in that body during its sessions, and this system has remained practically unchanged. With a majority of the fraternities charters for new chapters can be granted by national conventions only.

These conventions or reunions were made up of delegates from the various chapters, and within the fraternities are frequently known by some high sounding name as "grand conclaves." As presiding officer, some old and well-known member was usually chosen, and, in addition to the transaction of business, public exercises were held, during which the assembly was addressed, poems were read, etc. The sessions usually concluded with a more or less expensive banquet.

Few changes were made in this system until after the War, but about 1870 or 1872 the fraternities, having recovered their activity, and beginning to extend and multiply, saw plainly that the old system was no longer adequate to supply the wants of a growing organization.

A new system of government began to appear. The conventions still retained the supreme legislative power, but the administrative and executive, and, in some cases, the judicial functions of the government were gradually vested in a body of alumni, sometimes elected from one locality, and sometimes connected with one chapter, who acted in precisely the same way as the board of trustees of a college would do in directing the affairs of their institution. And some of these "boards" resemble, in dignity and complexion, the board of trustees of a college. Under the designation of "executive council," or some similar name, such

bodies have quite generally become incorporated, either under general laws or by special legislation, and as such corporations hold the legal title to whatever property the general fraternity possesses. The executive head of the fraternity came to be the secretary or some member of the governing council.

With a rapid increase in the number of chapters and the spread of accurate information concerning the fraternities, other features were introduced. Some of the fraternities deliberately mapped out the territory in which they were situated, or which they proposed to occupy, and established chapters in the colleges within such territorial lines with a sound judgment, which was often a sure index of the future prosperity of the institution. The territory which a fraternity occupied was also divided up into districts or divisions, and executives appointed for each of these. In some of the fraternities the organization is nearly perfect for administrative purposes, and this, united with a strong esprit de corps among the members, has made of them organizations of formidable influence.

The latest development in fraternity administration has been the election or appointment of some one person to devote his entire time to the business affairs of the fraternity and to the inspection of its chapters. Usually he has been designated a traveling secretary. In some instances he combines to the duties above stated that of editing the fraternal journal. This feature of administration is still in a trial period and may undergo considerable modification in the future.

Among all the fraternities, one of the greatest problems has been how to keep the alumni interested in the work and progress of the order. To effect this, alumni chapters have been established in nearly all of the large cities, forming circles of cultivated men who would not other-

wise know each other, and who, by keeping alive their interest in college life and affairs, advance the cause of education in many ways. In some few cases the alumni chapters act in every way like collegiate chapters except that they do not initiate members. They transact business, send delegates to conventions, and hold regular meetings. But in the majority of cases these chapters are only such in name, and an occasional supper or assessment is the only reminder which the members have of their existence. As the fraternities have become older and gained in importance the alumni have become increasingly interested in seeing that persons known to them favorably are brought to the attention of the chapters of their respective fraternities when they are admitted as students at institutions where such chapters are located and state and locality organizations have been formed to assist the college chapters in making a proper selection of members.

In New York City, however, where there is a natural tendency to club life, clubs have been formed upon fraternity membership as a basis. Delta Psi seems to have been the pioneer in the development of this form of social life. Their badge consisting of a St. Anthony's cross, and they adopted the name "The St. Anthony Club" for their club which was organized in 1879. Delta Phi maintains a club under the name of "The St. Elmo Club." Alpha Delta Phi and Delta Kappa Epsilon have successful clubs which occupy imposing buildings and Phi Gamma Delta, Delta Tau Delta, Zeta Psi, Psi Upsilon, Beta Theta Pi, Theta Delta Chi and Sigma Alpha Epsilon have prosperous clubs. These occupy houses of some size and furnish the usual club facilities. There are also club houses in Washington, Detroit and Chicago. It need scarcely be observed that membership in these organizations is restricted within the limits of the fraternities with which they are associated.

## PUBLICATIONS OF THE FRATERNITIES

The literature of the fraternities is assuming formidable proportions, and has begun to attract the attention of librarians and bibliophiles. It may conveniently be divided into permanent and periodical literature, the former including catalogues and directories, songbooks, histories, manuals, music and miscellaneous publications, and the latter magazines or journals.

*Catalogues and Directories*

The most necessary publication, and usually the first to be attempted by any fraternity, is a catalogue. Previous to 1876 these catalogues bore a strong resemblance to each other and to the college catalogues, after which they were modeled. The names of the members were usually arranged alphabetically by classes, or by the years in which they were initiated, with appropriate data indicating the political, civil, military or collegiate honors of the individual members, when they were so distinguished. When the *names only* of members are given, sometimes under alphabetic, geographic and professional heads, the book is commonly spoken of as a directory.

Death has commonly been denoted by an asterisk (\*). Some of the fraternities have printed a series of private symbols composed of Greek letters, Hebrew numbers, astronomical and mathematical signs, etc., which, in a condensed way, denoted the rank held in the fraternity, the college honors or prizes gained, etc., of the person to whose name they were attached. Such symbols also added a delightful air of mystery to the page and were awe-inspiring to the uninitiated. The cost of printing them, however,



deterred all but the most wealthy from incurring such an expense, and down to 1879 a fraternity catalogue was considered to be sufficiently complete if it gave the name, residence, degrees, official titles, occupation, and class of each member with reasonable accuracy. Sometimes expensive illustrations were indulged in. As a rule, the information furnished was neither full nor accurate. The catalogues were compiled by college students usually unaware of the proper sources of biographical information, and possessing neither the time nor the ability properly to classify and arrange what information they did obtain.

In 1878 Psi Upsilon appointed Charles W. Smiley, of its Wesleyan chapter, to prepare its catalogue. He had previous experience in the compilation of the admirable alumni record of Wesleyan University, and, adopting the standard set by that publication, he produced a fraternity catalogue, which was published in 1879, and gave a full biography of every member, living or dead, the facts about whom could be ascertained by personal research. In addition, there was a table of consanguinity, showing the ties of relationship existing between the members and a geographical distribution of the membership.

This publication set an unusual standard of completeness. Other fraternities at once took up the work in this same direction. Two years later, Beta Theta Pi produced a catalogue not so complete in detail, but involving more labor on account of the imperfect records of Southern and Western colleges in which a majority of its chapters were situated. Phi Delta Theta soon completed a similar task under the same or greater difficulties. Alpha Delta Phi in 1882 published a semi-centennial catalogue, adding to the elaborate detail of the catalogues just mentioned the record of its members who served in the Civil War, a bibliography

of its literature, and much historical matter. Delta Tau Delta, Delta Upsilon, Zeta Psi, Chi Psi, Sigma Chi, and other fraternities have since produced catalogues which are monuments of painstaking research and intellectual labor. In 1889, Psi Upsilon published another catalogue superior even to its predecessor in the elaborateness of its detail, and in 1890 Delta Kappa Epsilon, after long preparation, published a bulky volume of some 1,700 pages, leaving nothing to be desired in the way of completeness, and which probably marks the point of extreme advance in this direction. Since then there has been a decided tendency to revert to the simplicity of former times, and to replace these bulky memorabilia volumes with handy name-lists of the members, and to leave to the several chapters the work of publishing lists of their own members with full biographical detail.

In 1905 Beta Theta Pi published a catalogue with the information much condensed and in two forms, one on thin paper and with edges closely trimmed. In 1912 and 1917 it published revisions with the names arranged in double columns on thin paper making a very compact and handy book, notwithstanding the very large number of names contained.

In 1914 under the title "Betas of Achievement," Beta Theta Pi published a series of biographies of its more prominent members somewhat resembling the different compilations entitled "Who's Who." Sigma Alpha Epsilon has published "Who's Who in Sigma Alpha Epsilon" including undergraduates and in 1915 Wm. C. Levere published a "Who's Who of fraternity workers under the title of "Leading Greeks." In 1921 Kappa Sigma published an "Address Book" of 500 pages, the abbreviations being carried to the extreme.

*Songbooks, Histories, etc.*

Songbooks, with and without music, have been issued by nearly all of the fraternities. The songs are of all degrees of excellence, from unmeaning ditties, designed simply as a vent for enthusiasm and animal spirits, to lyrics of genuine poetic and musical worth. A gradual improvement has taken place in this class of publications, and most of the recent songbooks are handsomely bound and printed, and intrinsically worthy of preservation. Instrumental music dedicated to fraternities and chapters has become quite common, but little of it is of any value. During the past few years some good phonograph records have been made of various fraternity songs.

Several miscellaneous publications are worth noting "The History of the Omega Chapter of Sigma Chi," published in 1885, was an interesting account of fraternity life in a Western college. "The Epitome" of Psi Upsilon published in 1884, was a complete and painstaking record of the more salient features of Psi Upsilon down to that time by an enthusiastic member. "The Manual of Phi Delta Theta," smaller in size, contained much valuable and timely information about that extensive society. "Fraternity Studies" was a somewhat full account of the history and public attributes of Beta Theta Pi, published in 1894. A second edition, much enlarged and entitled "The Hand-Book of Beta Theta Pi" was published in 1907. A history of Phi Kappa Psi by C. L. Van Cleve was published in 1902, a history of Phi Delta Theta by Walter B. Palmer was published in 1906 and a history of Sigma Alpha Epsilon by W. C. Levere in 1911. A Manual of Delta Upsilon by Herbert W. Congdon was recently published and Lambda Chi Alpha publishes a loose leaf manual. Histories of the Ohio Wesleyan and Wabash chapters of Phi Kappa Psi, the Denison and Ohio Wesleyan

chapters of Beta Theta Pi, the Amherst chapter of Alpha Delta Phi, the Williams chapter of Delta Psi, the Rochester chapter of Psi Upsilon, the Franklin and Marshall chapter of Lambda Chi Alpha, the Bowdoin and Colgate chapters of Delta Kappa Epsilon are all of value. Alpha Tau Omega, Kappa Sigma, Chi Omega, Kappa Alpha Theta, Delta Gamma, Pi Kappa Alpha, Sigma Alpha Epsilon, and possibly some other fraternities have published readable manuals.

Convention addresses and poems, biographies of members, chapter library catalogues, chapter-house rules, and similar publications, complete the list of permanent literature.

### *Periodical Literature*

The idea of founding a periodical was introduced at an early date in the conventions of Sigma Phi, Alpha Delta Phi, Beta Theta Pi and Delta Kappa Epsilon, and probably the early records of other fraternity conventions will show similar resolutions. These early schemes were almost always based upon the notion that such a periodical would afford a vehicle for the publication of literary articles written by the members, and all failed to materialize. The convention of Delta Upsilon, held in 1867, authorized the publication of a semi-annual called *Our Record*. The two numbers were issued under one cover in the spring of 1868, and bore the double date of October, 1867, and April, 1868. It was a pamphlet of thirty-six pages, and was adorned with a cover in the fraternity colors. It met with no success, although two further numbers were issued in October, 1868 and April, 1869. The next convention again authorized the publication of a periodical, and the project was tried under the name of the *University Review*; two numbers were issued, bearing the dates January and May, 1870, when it,

too, ceased to exist. In 1869, Theta Delta Chi directed the publication of a fraternity journal, to be known as the *Shield* and to be edited by the Grand Lodge. The first number appeared in July, 1869, and bore the legend, "Published in the interest of the Theta Delta Chi." Only one number was published; it was not adequately supported, and it was merged into the *College Review*. All of these journals were published in New York City.

The first fraternity journal, however, which has had a continuous existence and possessed the features and aims of the current fraternity periodical, is the *Beta Theta Pi*. This was founded in December, 1872, by Rev. Charles Duy Walker, professor at the Virginia Military Institute. A member of Beta Theta Pi, he had been made its General Secretary at the convention held the preceding September. He chafed at the amount of time which the duties of his position demanded, and determined to found a journal that should do part of his work for him, and relieve him of much of his writing. The journal was named after the fraternity. It was a four-page monthly of the size known as "small quarto," and was filled with chapter news, reports, constitutional discussions, and personals. In 1874 it was made the official organ of the fraternity, its size was reduced and the number of pages was increased. Its subsequent career will be found noted under the article descriptive of Beta Theta Pi.

During the years 1868, 1869 and 1873 the Pennsylvania chapters of Chi Phi issued an annual known as the *Chi Phi Chacket*, containing lists of the members of those chapters. This was succeeded by the *Chi Phi Quarterly* in 1874, upon the union of the Northern and Southern orders, which was first issued at Carlisle, Pa., and subsequently removed to Trinity College, N. C.

In 1875, Phi Delta Theta established the *Scroll*. It was

founded as a monthly, and has always retained the feature of frequency of issue. At first its circulation was limited to members of the fraternity, but this restriction was removed in 1881.

The *Phi Kappa Psi Monthly* followed in 1875. In 1876 it was changed to a quarterly, and the next year it failed upon the death of the editor. In 1879 this was succeeded by the *Shield*, which was commenced as a private enterprise. It met with varying fortunes, and suspended in April, 1882. In 1883 it was made the official organ of the fraternity, and has since been published as such.

In 1877, Delta Tau Delta entered the field with a monthly called the *Crescent*. It was a success, and the next year was officially adopted as the organ of the fraternity, being placed under the control of the Alpha chapter. In February, 1886, its name was changed to the *Rainbow*, out of compliment to the Southern fraternity which then united with Delta Tau Delta.

Down to 1878, this new feature of fraternity administration was monopolized by the fraternities of Western origin. At this date, the Cornell chapter of Psi Upsilon began the issue of a periodical called the *Diamond*. It met with little support, and soon suspended. In 1882 it was revived by some members of the chapter at Union College. Its place of publication was soon afterwards changed to New York, and in 1886 it was placed under the control of the executive council of the fraternity. Soon after this it suspended.

Phi Gamma Delta began the publication at Delaware, Ohio, of an official journal called the *Phi Gamma Delta*, in 1879, under authority of the convention held the preceding year.

The first Southern fraternity to adopt a periodical was Kappa Alpha, which began the publication of the *Kappa*

*Alpha Journal* in 1879 at Richmond, Va. But three numbers were published, when it suspended. In November, 1883, a quarterly periodical was commenced under the name of the *Kappa Alpha Magazine*. In 1885 it resumed its original name, which has since been retained.

These were the pioneer periodicals in different sections of the country. Now almost every fraternity (except a group of smaller societies of Eastern origin) issues a journal of some kind, and these will be mentioned under the articles relating to each fraternity.

In 1887, Sigma Chi took a new departure in fraternity journalism by commencing the publication of a secret monthly journal called the *Bulletin*, printed on thin paper, and sent to members in sealed envelopes, it contained matters deemed to be too private to insert in their regular journal, which was continually read by outsiders.

This kind of private official circular in periodical form has been adopted by Sigma Alpha Epsilon, Phi Delta Theta, Beta Theta Pi, Kappa Sigma, Alpha Chi Rho, Phi Kappa Psi, Kappa Alpha, Lambda Chi Alpha, and some of the women's fraternities.

Many of the fraternity chapters issue little periodicals primarily for circulation among their own members; these are practically circular letters in periodical form.

Two volumes of *The College Fraternity*, edited by E. H. Randolph, Phi Delta Theta, were issued in 1892-93.

In December, 1912, George Banta, Phi Delta Theta, who conducts a printing business at Menasha, Wis., and who prints many of the fraternity journals, commenced the publication of a quarterly, under the title *Banta's Greek Exchange*, devoted to the interests of all the fraternities. It has been ably edited and contains much of general interest. It is now in its twenty-first volume. He aims for one thing to print a list of fraternity officers up to date.

*College Annuals*

The undergraduates in most colleges publish annually one or more books, which frequently are elaborately illustrated, and devoted mainly to the exposition of features of college life not included in the curriculum. They may properly be mentioned here, because much information about the fraternities may be obtained from them.

## CONSTITUTIONS

All of the college fraternities are secret in their character, with the exception of Delta Upsilon, which is *non-secret*. This secrecy is purely nominal. The fraternities in times past have stolen each other's constitutions and rituals with more or less frequency, and these documents are not so difficult to obtain as might be supposed. The constitutions in former years usually mentioned the meaning of the society's motto and described its grip. These secrets are now usually not contained in the constitution but confined to the ritual. There is probably a general resemblance between the constitutions and rituals of all the fraternities. The initiation services are doubtless also very much alike, although here the fraternities have had scope for more originality. Certificates of membership, like diplomas, are given by a few fraternities.

## CHAPTER-HOUSES AND HALLS

Since the fraternities have been firmly established, graduate and undergraduate members have united in contributing toward building funds, and have built chapter-houses and halls, sometimes at great expense. Two types of such structures have been developed: the earlier one a lodge or temple, designed to afford accommodation for meeting pur-



poses only, or for meeting purposes and such additional social features as private theatricals; and the latter one, a complete club house, containing public rooms, a lodge room, or rooms, and sleeping rooms. The buildings of the earlier type were soon found to be deficient in accommodations, and this, together with the expense, will probably prevent the building of more elaborate and commodious structures of this class.

It is a fact common in human experience, that people are more deeply interested in things upon which they have spent time, effort or money, than in things which they have acquired without either, and the interest of alumni has never been so fully aroused and maintained by any feature of fraternity life as by the efforts which have been made to build chapter-lodges and houses. The creation of building funds, the frequent consultation as to plans, and the consideration of ways and means, have intensified the interest of alumni in a way that nothing else has done. All of this has resulted in direct benefit to the colleges, and the wiser among college officials are encouraging the development of this feature of fraternity life in every way possible. The advantages of the chapter-house system are not altogether on the side of the student. They relieve the colleges from the necessity of increasing the dormitory accommodations, and also of many of the details of supervision over the actions of the students.

If this feature of fraternity life is not carried to a point of senseless rivalry, as unhappily it has been carried at a few colleges, where houses much too costly for their surroundings have been erected, it may ultimately change the course of college development. The chapters, forming little independent communities, may in time grow into something like the English colleges. Already in the establishment of chapter libraries, prizes and scholarships, we may see an

indication of the time when chapters shall have their own instructors and professors maintained by permanent endowment, relieving the college of much of the preliminary and subsidiary work of instruction, and taking from its hands the entire control of the discipline of the students.

The development of the chapter house has been relatively rapid in recent years. The number of houses built and owned by the chapters of the fraternities is large and their value is running well up into millions. In connection with the account of each fraternity hereafter given an estimate is made of the value of the real estate owned by its chapters. These figures, while only approximate, indicate very large investments.

Chapter house life is having a great influence upon fraternity character. It has its advantages and its disadvantages. It inculcates habits of business, it develops social discipline, it promotes fraternal sentiment and it affords opportunity for many instances of mutual helpfulness. It develops pride of organization, it arouses the ambition and in some sense promotes college allegiance. On the other hand, in some places it increases the expense of college life, it increases the average size of chapters and makes in many cases a large chapter a necessity where a smaller one would be better. It engenders and fosters social exclusiveness. It makes some students narrow and conceited, because they arrogate to themselves as personal attributes the chapter reputation. The advantages undoubtedly outweigh the disadvantages. The fraternities discountenance any form of dissipation in the chapter houses. Most of them cause a thorough supervision to be made of the scholarship of the members and some of them have good libraries.

At any rate, the chapter house has come to stay. Its development is sure, but it needs watching by the older heads among the alumni and the college authorities.

LEGISLATIVE ACTS AND JUDICIAL DECISIONS AFFECTING  
FRATERNITIES

It has been judicially determined that any student at an institution not under public control is bound to obey its rules and regulations, including rules against membership in secret societies. This was decided, in 1866, by the Supreme Court of Illinois, in the case of *People vs. Wheaton College*, 40 Ill., 186. In violation of such a rule, E. Hartley Pratt, a student at Wheaton, joined the Good Templars. On his suspension by the faculty, his father applied for a mandamus to compel the college to reinstate him, but the court decided that the faculty had the right to expel him on his refusal to abide by regulations established by the faculty not inconsistent with law or good morals.

The legislatures of three states have passed acts to prohibit the existence of fraternities in state institutions—South Carolina, 1897; Arkansas, 1901; Mississippi, 1912. In South Carolina and Mississippi the acts became effective, and all chapters at the University of South Carolina and the University of Mississippi were forced to suspend. The attorney general of Arkansas gave his opinion that, while the intent of the legislature was to exclude fraternities, the only penalty provided by the act was that no member of a fraternity should receive any class honor or distinction conferred by the university or by individuals, or hold rank above second lieutenant in the cadet corps. Fraternities have continued to exist at the University of Arkansas, the members placing a higher valuation on the advantages of fraternity life than on such honors.

Two judicial decisions as to the rights of fraternities to exist in state institutions are of importance—one by the Supreme Court of Indiana, in 1883, and one by the Supreme Court of the United States, in 1915, affirming a

decision by the Supreme Court of Mississippi rendered in 1913.

In the first case, commonly called the Purdue case, the court held that the President of Purdue University must permit T. P. Hawley to matriculate as a student, although he was a member of Sigma Chi, and that the faculty had no legal right to compel a student—as a condition of matriculation—to sign a pledge that he would disconnect himself from a college fraternity while attending the institution, as Purdue was a state institution, and such a condition implied a discrimination against a certain class of students which the faculty had no right to impose.

In 1912, after the enactment in that year of an anti-fraternity act by the legislature of Mississippi, J. P. Waugh applied for admission to the law department of the University of Mississippi. He was a citizen and tax-payer in the state, and was a member of Kappa Sigma, having joined it several years previously at Millsaps College. He declined to sign a pledge, as a condition to matriculation in the university, which the board of trustees had ordered to carry the statute into effect. He sued for an injunction to restrain the faculty from denying him admission to the university. The State Supreme Court, overruling a decision in a lower court, sustained the demurrer and dismissed the bill. The Supreme Court of the United States, on appeal, upheld the decision of the State Supreme Court and affirmed that the condition upon which the State of Mississippi offered complainant free instruction in its university, that while a student there he renounce affiliation with a society which the state considered inimical to discipline, found no support in the fourteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Thus the highest judicial tribunal in the United States affirmed the power of a state legislature to prohibit the

entrance or continued life of fraternities in state supported institutions. Such legislation, therefore, must be met and fought in the legislature, and its enactment prevented rather than to appeal to the courts after it has been enacted. From 1912 to 1916 attempts were made to induce the legislatures of several states, including Ohio, Wisconsin, Missouri and Texas to enact laws prohibiting fraternities, but in each case the attempt was defeated by the concerted efforts of fraternity men.

The opposition to the fraternities has in recent years almost always arisen in state universities where the fraternity chapters were not sufficiently numerous to afford proper social opportunities to a majority of the students and yet were sufficiently numerous to create the impression that the fraternity members practically controlled or monopolized the social life of the university. Under such circumstances the obvious remedy is the creation of more fraternity chapters.

Many institutions have at times prohibited the existence of fraternities. Prior to 1880 and in a few cases afterwards, the fraternities evaded anti-fraternity rules and conducted *sub rosa* chapters. Outside the University of South Carolina and the University of Mississippi, there are now few male or coeducational institutions of importance that prohibit fraternities. Among these the most important are Princeton, Oberlin, Wooster, Monmouth, Haverford, Virginia Military Institute and Virginia Polytechnic Institute.

In 1898 a suit was brought by alumni and active members of the chapter of Kappa Kappa Gamma at St. Lawrence University to restrain the authorities of the sorority from withdrawing its charter. The Supreme Court of New York granted the relief demanded. Defendants appealed, and the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court reaffirmed the decision.

The eighth edition of this book contains in full the opinion of the Supreme Court of the United States in the Mississippi case, the opinion of the Supreme Court of New York and the Appellate Division in the Kappa Kappa Gamma case, also an article on "The Legal Status of the Fraternities," written by Mr. Baird and published in several previous editions. In this article the Purdue decision is discussed, the Wheaton College decision is quoted and two decisions are cited in which the courts held that high school authorities could legally impose penalties on pupils for violation of rules against membership in fraternities. These two cases are Russell Wayland vs. Board of School Directors, 43 Wash., 441; and Wilson vs. Board of Education of Chicago, 233 Ill., 464.

In two decisions, one in New York in 1902, and one in Massachusetts in 1903, the courts held that college fraternity houses were taxable. The cases were the Delta Kappa Epsilon Society of Hamilton College respondent vs. E. F. Lawler et al., 74 N. Y. Appellate Division; and Phi Beta Epsilon Corporation vs. City of Boston, 182 Mass. In the case of City of Nashville et al. vs. Tennessee Alpha Chapter of Phi Delta Theta, the Supreme Court of Tennessee decided, in 1919, that college fraternity houses were exempt from taxation in Tennessee.

An act of the legislature of Indiana, enacted in 1905 and reenacted in 1919, exempts from taxation the property of Greek letter fraternities.

In 1914 the Supreme Court of the state of Kansas decided that "all property used for educational purposes or connected with educational institutions" should be tax free. Under this decision chapter-houses in Kansas are tax exempt and although bills have been introduced in the legislature to tax fraternity property these bills have always been defeated.

An act of the legislature of Arkansas in 1859 incorporated the Phi Kappa Sigma Male College of Monticello, Arkansas. This interesting enactment appears in Acts of Arkansas, 1859, page 249. The college was organized and in operation a year or more, but was suspended by the Civil War.

#### INTER-FRATERNITY RELATIONSHIPS

It would seem from the foregoing summary of the features and practices common to American Greek-letter fraternities, that there would naturally be some exponent of the system as a whole; that while possessing points of divergence, the separate fraternities have so much in common that there would naturally arise some central organization capable of representing and speaking for them collectively.

In 1883, a meeting of representatives from several of the fraternities was held in Philadelphia, to consider matters of mutual interest, and a further meeting was arranged for, but it failed to take place, because the agreed number of fraternities did not give notice of their intention to take part. The movement was discussed in the fraternity journals, under the name of the "Pan-Hellenic Council." The discussion itself served to bring about many of the results which it was hoped might be accomplished by the meeting. Since that time, in several colleges, the chapters of the different fraternities therein established have held an annual Pan-Hellenic banquet. Tacit agreements and in many cases written contracts have been made regarding the initiation of certain classes of students, and a number of customs have grown up relative to matters of common interest. Pan-Hellenic clubs, composed of members of different fraternities, have been formed in many cities.

In 1891, at the call of Kappa Kappa Gamma, a Pan-Hellenic Convention of Women's Fraternities took place

at Boston. Seven sororities were represented. It lasted three days and concluded with a banquet.

In connection with the World's Fair at Chicago, in 1893, a meeting was held of representatives from several fraternities under the title of the College Fraternities' Congress, many of the sororities were represented. Several interesting papers were read. A meeting of the editors of some of the fraternity journals took place at the same time. While no concerted action was taken, the meeting certainly was of value. A similar and somewhat informal meeting took place at the Atlanta Exposition a short time afterwards.

Nothing further was done until 1902, when the first Inter-Sorority Conference met at Chicago on May 24, at the call of Alpha Phi. Seven sororities were represented. The efforts of those present were devoted mainly to securing the organization of local Pan-Hellenic or inter-fraternity conferences at different colleges in order to regulate rushing. These yearly conference meetings have been held ever since and there are now eighteen sororities that are members of the Conference. The present constitution is printed under Women's Fraternities.

In February, 1909, at a meeting of the National Religious Education Association held at Chicago, a series of resolutions were presented by George D. Kimball, Sigma Alpha Epsilon, suggesting that steps should be taken to bring about a Pan-Hellenic union of the different fraternities.

Pursuant to this resolution, a call was sent out to all the men's fraternities whose addresses he could ascertain by W. H. P. Faunce, Delta Upsilon, president of Brown University, representing the association referred to. Representatives of twenty-six fraternities met at the University Club in New York City on November 17, 1909. An organization was affected with Hamilton W. Mabie, Alpha



Delta Phi, chairman, and Francis W. Shepardson, Beta Theta Pi, as secretary.

Ever since there has been a yearly meeting of the Inter-Fraternity Conference in New York City on the Friday and Saturday following Thanksgiving Day. The delegates constitute a body of representative men and the discussions for the good of the fraternity system receive the attention to which they are entitled and much good has resulted.

The minutes of each conference have been published and form an exceedingly interesting contribution to fraternity literature. The last three or four sessions of the Conference have been marked by the attendance of a number of educators, college presidents, deans and other officials, who have acknowledged the development of the college fraternity to be one of the most important allies of the college administration.

An Inter-Fraternity Medical Conference, composed of the delegates of the medical fraternities was organized in 1915, and holds biennial meetings at the University Club in Chicago on Decoration Days.

## MEN'S FRATERNITIES

**T**HERE are included under this title the fraternities which, in general, confine their membership to the undergraduate departments of the institutions with which they are connected, which have at least four chapters and which do not permit their members to join another fraternity in the same class.

With regard to each fraternity an endeavor has been made to state first the date and place of its foundation, with the names of its founders, and, where it is considered of importance, some of the circumstances.

The list of chapters is then given. This comprises the date at which the chapter was established, its name, the institution at which it was or is located and the number of members *admitted by it* to the fraternity. Where possible this enumeration has excluded names counted twice. It should be understood the number of members stated includes undergraduates, graduates and non-graduate alumni and those deceased as well as living. If the chapter is inactive the date at which it became so follows the name of the college in ( ). Then follows a summary of the active and inactive chapters and the total membership.

A list of the chapters owning houses is then given. When the eighth edition of this book was being prepared values of houses were sought from the different fraternities concerned. The reported valuations were verified by local real estate experts and some that appeared to be inflated were reduced. So many exceptions have been taken to the appraisals, sometimes to a difference of but a few hundred

dollars, that it has seemed best to give only the total valuation of the houses owned by each fraternity in this edition. The reported valuations have been scrutinized and in some cases reduced. It is believed that the total valuation given in this edition for each fraternity is approximately correct. From these figures it will be perceived to what extent the fraternities have relieved the colleges of the burden of providing dormitories for their students.

No mention is made of rented houses in this edition. Practically every chapter lives in a house except at colleges where the practice is forbidden in order to keep college dormitories full or for other reasons.

Brief notes concerning certain of the chapters are then given. It may safely be assumed that when a chapter is not mentioned in these notes it has enjoyed a fairly prosperous and uneventful career.

The publications of the fraternity are then mentioned, sometimes in full detail, sometimes in general terms.

A description of the badge, colors, flower and flag, and a cut of the pledge-button in the case of the more prominent fraternities follows.

The statement concerning each fraternity concludes with a list of its prominent alumni. By this is meant alumni prominent in the public eye and not those prominent within the fraternity. In these lists no attempt has been made to distinguish between the dead and the living. An attempt has been made at a classification, and federal judges, senators, congressmen and persons holding a high rank in governmental and diplomatic circles have been grouped together. In the case of some fraternities these lists have become formidable, and many names have necessarily been excluded because of lack of space. In the case of some of the younger fraternity names are included under a more liberal interpretation of the word "prominent." An endeavor has

been made to show the relative number of really distinguished persons in the different organizations.

Honorary members have been rigidly excluded where known. At one time or another almost every fraternity has admitted some honorary members, but they have no place in a list intended to show the success of the fraternity's initiates in their post-collegiate life. Some fraternities rather naïvely insist that as *they* make no distinction within their fraternities between honorary and ordinary members none should be made here. The answer is that others make such distinction and that it is entirely proper.

It will be found that the same institution does not always have the same designation in all the lists. In one, for instance, "Syracuse University" may be so written, and in another it may be called the "University of Syracuse." These differences are due to the peculiar predilections of certain fraternity workers for certain of these names, and so long as the identification of the institution was certain the chosen names were not revised. The Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges in the several States are frequently called "State" colleges; for instance, "The Agricultural and Mechanical College of New Hampshire" is shortened to "New Hampshire State College." Similarly some other names have been shortened, for example, "Leland Stanford, Jr., University" to "Stanford University."

## THE INTERFRATERNITY CONFERENCE

An organization was effected of this Conference in 1909 and yearly meetings have been held in New York City in the latter part of November. All of the Fraternities, of any note, are members of the Conference.

The Constitution and By-Laws at the present time are:—

## CONSTITUTION

(I) On and after December 1, 1921, the Interfraternity Conference shall be composed of those men's general college fraternities which (a) are members on that date, and (b) are thereafter admitted in conformity with this Constitution. After such date no fraternity shall be admitted to active or full membership unless it shall have been established 15 years, has at least ten chapters, and received the approval of the Executive Committee. Provision may be made in the by-laws for junior or other qualified membership, and also for the election of fraternity representatives. On roll call in Conference each fraternity having full membership shall be entitled to one vote.

(II) The purpose of the Interfraternity Conference shall be the discussion of questions of mutual interest and the presenting to the fraternities represented, of such recommendations as the Conference shall deem wise, it being understood that the functions of such Conference shall be purely advisory.

(III) The Interfraternity Conference shall meet annually at New York on the Saturday following Thanksgiving, unless the place or date shall be changed by majority vote of the officers. Notice of all meetings shall be issued by the Secretary.

(IV) The officers of the Interfraternity Conference shall be a Chairman, a Vice Chairman, a Secretary, a Treasurer, and an Educational Adviser, elected annually by a majority vote.

(V) The executive power of the Conference between the annual meetings shall be vested in an Executive Committee consisting of the Chairman, the Vice Chairman, the Secretary, the Treasurer, ex-officio, and six other members, to be elected in two classes of three members each, to serve for a term of two years, in such manner that three of them shall be chosen annually.

(VI) In order to meet the necessary expenses of postage and printing, each fraternity participating in the Conference shall make an annual contribution of fifty dollars. Expenditures may be made by the Treasurer at any time on the authorization of the Chairman.

(VII) This Constitution may be amended at any meeting by a two-thirds vote of the fraternities represented in the Conference.

## MEN'S FRATERNITIES

## BY-LAWS

SEC. 1. BE IT ENACTED, that in addition to three delegates, each member of the Conference may appoint not more than two alternates to their delegates, who may attend the sessions of the Conference, but who shall not have the privileges of the floor unless they become delegates in place of absent representatives.

SEC. 2. To be eligible after December 1, 1921, to active or full membership in the Conference, fraternities must:

(a) Be devoted to general fraternity ideals and be national, as distinct from local, in character.

(b) Be established in universities or colleges recognized by the Conference as such and authorized to confer the Bachelor's degree, either A.B., B.S., or other appropriate Bachelor's degrees in course.

(c) Have constitutional provision for national conventions or other equivalent with ad interim authority in trustees, directors, or other officers who have supervisory control over the affairs of the fraternity and its chapters.

(d) Be mutually exclusive of and in competition with other general college fraternities.

(e) Have been established in its national character for at least 15 years.

(f) Have at least ten chapters established in institutions where the fraternities are functioning by the maintenance of fraternity homes, which chapters shall have been an established part of the fraternity for at least five years.

(g) Wherever possible, its several chapters, shall have the favorable endorsement of the faculty or administrative body of the college or university.

(h) Have seventy-five per cent. (75%) of the chapters, maintaining fraternity homes for undergraduates.

(i) Have twenty-five per cent. (25%) of the chapters established in homes owned by the chapter or an affiliated organization.

(j) Have ninety per cent. (90%) of its chapters maintaining an annual membership of at least fifteen (15) men.

SEC. 3. To be eligible to junior membership a fraternity must have the same general characteristics required for active membership as in (a), (b), (c) and (d) above.

(e) Have at least five chapters established in institutions where

the fraternities are functioning by the maintenance of fraternity homes.

(f) Have sixty per cent. (60%) of its chapters maintaining fraternity homes for undergraduates.

(g) Have sixty per cent. (60%) and not fewer than five, of its chapters maintaining an annual membership of at least fifteen (15) men.

SEC. 4. The dues of a junior member shall be one-half the dues of an active member. Junior membership shall entitle the fraternity to one delegate to the Conference, with privilege of the floor, but no vote.

SEC. 5. Order of business: (1) Conference called to order; (2) Roll call of members; (3) Reading of minutes; (4) Reports of officers; (a) Address of Chairman; (b) Report of Secretary; (c) Report of Treasurer; (5) Appointment of Nominating Committee; (6) Reports of Standing Committees; (7) Reports of Special Committees; (8) Unfinished business; (9) New business; (10) Miscellaneous business; (11) Election of officers and three members of the Executive Committee; (12) Adjournment.

SEC. 6. That so far as possible, time be allotted on the program of the second session for discussion of all reports and that they be disposed of at the morning session, leaving the afternoon free for any new business and for any matters that any fraternity may desire to bring before the Conference.

SEC. 7. That the business of the Conference be governed by Roberts' Rules of Order, except as hereinafter noted.

SEC. 8. That the following rules govern the discussion and program:

(a) Proposer must submit subject to the Secretary of Executive Committee before November 1.

(b) Proposer to have ten minutes to open the discussion and other speakers five minutes, unless time is extended by special order of the Conference.

(c) No one subject to have allotted to it a longer time for discussion than 30 minutes, except on special order of the Conference.

(d) At close of time allotted to each speaker, the Chairman shall declare discussion closed and immediately thereafter action shall be taken on such subject.

(e) At close of time allotted to each speaker, the Chairman shall notify each speaker that his time is up.

(f) Any special subject not on the program must be presented

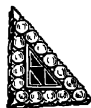
at the first session on Friday afternoon, and the Conference may, by vote, give it a place on the program for discussion on Saturday morning, and the same rules shall govern as apply on other subjects formally presented.

SEC. 9. The appointment of an Educational Adviser renders it desirable that provision on the program be made for the presentation of such educational-fraternity problems as may receive the approval of the Educational Adviser.



## ACACIA

(Student Freemasons)



THIS fraternity was established at the University of Michigan in 1904 by James M. Cooper, Benjamin E. DeRoy, Edward E. Gallup, J. Waldo Hawkins, Clarence G. Hill, Harvey J. Howard, George A. Malcolm, Ernest R. Ringo, William J. Marshall, Harlan P. Rowe, Ralph B. Scatterway, Charles A. Sink, Harry B. Washburn, William L. Miggett, Walter A. Hall and Walter S. Wheeler.

It was an outgrowth of a Masonic club in the university which was incorporated June 5, 1895 and had a flourishing existence for several years. When interest in its works seemed to be lessening, some of the more active of its members began to plan for a college Masonic organization of national scope. They met weekly during the winter and spring of 1903-4 at a boarding house, No. 236 South Thayer street in Ann Arbor. On January 30, 1904 they appointed a committee on national organization. On April 30, 1904 the decision was reached to establish the fraternity which was to be known as Acacia. At the same time the Michigan chapter was named Aleph. The Hebrew alphabet was adopted in chapter nomenclature because of the close connection between Semitic history and the ritualistic work and the traditions of Masonry, and also because it was desired to distinguish the organization from the Greek-letter societies. As this use of Hebrew letters caused misconcep-

tions to arise concerning the nature and ideals of the society it was abandoned in 1913. The chapters are now named for the institutions in which they are located except the chapter at the University of Pennsylvania where the chapter bears the name "Franklin." On May 11, 1904 the members of the Michigan chapter elected their officers and the next day the new fraternity was incorporated under the laws of the state.

For a time members of the general fraternities were admitted, but they are now excluded and the chapters are rivals of the general fraternity chapters in the institutions in which they are located.

Masonic clubs in other institutions were quick to appreciate the advantages of the new fraternity so that its growth was rapid from the start. Chapters have been established as follows:

1904. University of Michigan .....	312
1904. Stanford University (1916) .....	120
1904. University of Kansas .....	294
1904. University of Nebraska .....	287
1905. University of California .....	204
1906. Ohio State University .....	311
1906. Dartmouth College (1908) .....	23
1906. Harvard University .....	263
1906. University of Illinois .....	338
1906. University of Pennsylvania .....	275
1906. University of Minnesota .....	310
1906. University of Wisconsin .....	292
1907. University of Missouri .....	264
1907. Cornell University .....	231
1907. Purdue University .....	280
1908. University of Chicago .....	221
1909. Yale University .....	202
1909. Columbia University .....	210
1909. Iowa State College .....	235
1909. University of Iowa .....	244
1909. Pennsylvania State College .....	197

1909. University of Oregon (1913) .....	42
1910. Washington State University .....	156
1910. Northwestern University .....	120
1911. University of Colorado .....	171
1911. Syracuse University .....	130
1913. Kansas State College .....	142
1915. University of Texas .....	131
1920. Oklahoma University .....	64
1920. Indiana University .....	61

Active chapters, 27; inactive, 3; membership 6,130.

The following chapters own houses: California, Chicago, Cornell, Harvard, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa State, Kansas, Kansas State, Michigan, Minnesota, Northwestern, Ohio State, Pennsylvania, Pennsylvania State, Purdue, Syracuse, Wisconsin. Total houses 18; total valuation \$830,000. The Dartmouth chapter was not well established and soon gave up its charter because of lack of material having the fundamental Masonic requirement for membership. The charters of the Oregon, Stanford, and Northwestern chapters were revoked, the last one was re-established in 1921.

The government of the fraternity is vested in a Grand Conclave composed of delegates from the several chapters. These conclaves have been held yearly.

The supreme executive body, the Grand Council, is composed of the five grand officers.

The official publication is the *Triad of Acaçia*, established in 1906. But one number was issued in 1906 and in 1907. Two appeared in the college year 1908-1909, and now four numbers are printed each year. The grand secretary was the editor of the magazine until 1914 when an editor was chosen. During the war period the form was changed to a news brochure and issued 10 times per year.

A complete list of members was at first published in the magazine. A catalogue and song book were published in 1914. A complete directory was published again in 1921.



The badge is a right-angled triangle of gold with jeweled border, within which are three smaller triangles. The color of the pledge-button is black.

Among the more prominent members may be mentioned Ex-President Taft, U. S. Senators William B. McKinley and Arthur Capper, Chief Justice George Malcolm of the Supreme Court of the Phillipines, Secretary of State William Jennings Bryan, President Marion L. Burton of University of Michigan, President W. A. Jessup of Iowa State University.

## ALPHA CHI RHO



ALPHA CHI RHO was founded at Trinity College, Hartford, Conn., June 4, 1895, by the Rev. Paul Ziegler, '72; Herbert T. Sheriff, '97; William A. Eardeley, '96; Carl G. Ziegler, '97, and William H. Rouse, '96. Rev. Paul Ziegler was a member of the local society of Beta Beta at Trinity, which had become a chapter of Psi Upsilon in 1879.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1895. Phi Psi, Trinity College (Conn.) .....	166
1896. Phi Chi, Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute .....	153
1896. Phi Phi, University of Pennsylvania .....	240
1900. Phi Omega, Columbia University .....	191
1903. Phi Alpha, Lafayette College .....	154
1905. Phi Beta, Dickinson College .....	149
1905. Phi Delta, Yale University .....	204
1905. Phi Epsilon, Syracuse University .....	205
1907. Phi Zeta, University of Virginia .....	111
1907. Phi Eta, Washington and Lee University .....	119
1908. Phi Theta, Cornell University .....	169
1911. Phi Gamma, Wesleyan University (Conn.) .....	144
1914. Phi Iota, Allegheny College .....	145
1916. Phi Kappa, University of Illinois .....	108
1917. Phi Lambda, Pennsylvania State College .....	103
1918. Phi Mu, Lehigh University .....	75
1919. Phi Nu, Dartmouth College .....	82
1921. Phi Xi, University of Michigan .....	55

1922. Phi Omicron, University of Wisconsin .....	44
1923. Phi Omicron, Ohio State University .....	47
1923. Phi Pi, University of California .....	53

Active chapters, 21; inactive chapters, 0; membership, 2717.

The Allegheny, Brooklyn Poly., Columbia, Cornell, Dartmouth, Dickinson, Illinois, Lafayette, Michigan, Pennsylvania, Penn State, Syracuse, Trinity, Washington and Lee, and Yale chapters own houses. Total 15, total valuation \$390,000.

A chapter, Phi Upsilon, was founded at the University of Iowa in 1899; but the members being at a great distance from the other chapters and dissatisfied with the youth of the fraternity, developed disloyalty in 1901, and the fraternity in 1902 expelled the entire chapter. The chapters at Brooklyn Polytechnic and Pennsylvania were inactive for some time in 1901, but the government of the fraternity was strengthened, and the active chapters have since that time all been in a prosperous condition.

The fraternity has a distinctive nomenclature. Great emphasis is laid upon a platform of principles, called the "landmarks" which are stated to be: (1) Membership from among professing Christians only, (2) Insistence upon a high and clean, moral standard, (3) Brotherly love, (4) Intrinsic worth as the sole guide in the selection of new members. Each chapter is called a Phi; undergraduate members are called Residents; others are called Graduates. The meeting of a Resident chapter is called a Council. Pledged candidates for membership are styled Postulants.

The government of the fraternity is vested in a National Convention, which now meets annually about the time of Washington's birthday. The Convention is composed of two delegates from each Resident and each Graduate chapter. The work of the fraternity during the interim of

sessions is carried on by a National Council, comprising a president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer and three councilors-at-large, chosen for a term of three years.

The vice-president of the fraternity is an important officer, having charge of all graduate organizations and building corporations. There are several other officers who are appointed by the National Council,—such as the national treasurer, the national editor and the publication manager. Much of the executive work falls upon the National Secretary. He keeps the records of the Conventions and the National Council, receives the files, reports and documents of the fraternity, edits its publications and supervises the examinations of the members concerning its ritual and customs. He visits each chapter twice a year and oversees the scholarship of the members.

In order to encourage scholarship the fraternity offers an annual prize called the Graduate Cup to the chapter most successful in such respect.

The fraternity has a distinctive alumni organization. All the graduates of each chapter are grouped together; and their government is carried on by an executive committee of three members; president, secretary-treasurer, and a resident, who lives, whenever possible, in the house of the Resident chapter, and acts as graduate adviser to the undergraduate chapter.

In addition to the regularly organized graduate chapters, there are graduate clubs comprising members of different chapters in a number of cities.

The conventions of the fraternity have been yearly.

The fraternity publishes a journal called the *Garnet and White*, which was first issued in September, 1900, as a quarterly, but is now a bi-monthly. From 1900 to 1902 it was published at Hartford, Conn., from 1902 to 1909 at Wilkes-Barre, Pa., from 1909 to 1914 at New Brunswick,

N. J., from 1914 to 1921 at Menasha, Wis., and since 1921 at Burlington, Vt. The fraternity also publishes a private journal called the *Labarum*, which first appeared in 1907, and is issued once a year. Address books were published in 1902, 1907, 1909, 1911, 1915, and 1922. Editions of a Manual appeared in 1895, 1899, 1905, 1907, 1914, 1918, and 1922. The most recent edition of the constitution, and of the collected statutes of the fraternity appeared in August, 1918. An attractive songbook was published in 1911 and a second edition in 1922.

The badge of the fraternity is a modification of the ancient *Labarum*, and displays the letters A X P in the form of a monogram on the one side of which is an outstretched hand and on the other a torch. The fraternity colors are garnet and white; the fraternity flower is the carnation. The colors of the pledge-buttons are red and white.



Prominent alumni of the fraternity are: Professors W. R. Shepherd and Carlton Hayes, Columbia University; Professor Kenneth S. Latourette, Yale University; Joseph French Johnson, Dean of New York University; Howard Long, Admiralty Lawyer; J. L. Haney, the author; Professor C. M. Spofford of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and Frank A. McElvaine, bishop of Minnesota.



## ALPHA DELTA PHI



THIS fraternity was founded at Hamilton College in 1832 by Samuel Eells, of the class of '32. When he entered college in 1827 there were two literary societies at Hamilton, the Phoenix and the Philopeuthian, between which a bitter and active rivalry existed. He joined the Philopeuthian, to escape importunity and persecution but the struggle for supremacy became so desperate and the means of persuasion so unscrupulous that he determined to form a new society. In a history of the foundation of the fraternity, Mr. Eells says:

"It was a contemplation of these and similar evils that first suggested to me the idea of establishing a society of a higher nature, and more comprehensive and better principles; one that should combine all the advantages of a union for intellectual and literary purposes and at the same time maintain the integrity of youthful character and cultivate those finer feelings which the college society extinguished or enfeebled. The new association first must exclude that jealousy and angry competition and secondly must be built on a more comprehensive scale providing for every variety of taste and talent, and thirdly it must be national and universal in its adaptations so as not merely to cultivate a taste for literature or furnish the mind with knowledge; but with a true philosophical spirit looking to the entire man

so as to develop his whole being,—moral, social and intellectual."

The attempt to establish a chapter of Kappa Alpha at Hamilton in 1830 and the establishment of a chapter of Sigma Phi there in 1831 probably suggested to Mr. Eells some of the details in the development of his plan.

The fraternity was rapidly extended, the first chapters being established either by the founders of the parent chapter, or those closely associated with them. It was the pioneer fraternity in eleven colleges and the second or third in eight others. As it sought students of decided literary tastes, it soon acquired a distinctive literary character, which it has in a great measure retained.

The chapter roll is as follows, the chapters usually being named after the college in which they are located:

1832. Hamilton, Hamilton College .....	596
1833. Miami, Miami University (1873) .....	207
1835. Urban, <sup>1</sup> University of the City of N. Y. (1839) .....	25
1836. Columbia, Columbia University .....	406
1836. Yale, Yale University .....	1956
1836. Amherst, Amherst College .....	930
1836. Brunonian, Brown University .....	607
1837. Harvard, Harvard University (1907) .....	771
1840. Geneva, Hobart College (1876) .....	188
1841. Hudson, Western Reserve University .....	426
1841. Bowdoin, Bowdoin College .....	632
1846. Dartmouth, Dartmouth College .....	900
1846. Peninsular, University of Michigan .....	663
1850. Rochester, University of Rochester .....	539
1850. Alabama, University of Alabama (1857) .....	52
1851. Williams, Williams College .....	518
1855. Manhattan, College of the City of N. Y. (1913) .....	459
1856. Middletown, Wesleyan University .....	705
1857. Cumberland, Cumberland University (1861) .....	28
1858. Kenyon, Kenyon College .....	338
1859. Union, Union University (N. Y.) .....	396

<sup>1</sup> This institution is now called New York University.

1869. Cornell, Cornell University .....	537
1877. Phi Kappa, Trinity College (Conn.) .....	381
1889. Johns Hopkins, Johns Hopkins University .....	272
1892. Minnesota, University of Minnesota .....	237
1893. Toronto, University of Toronto .....	221
1896. Chicago, University of Chicago .....	261
1897. McGill, McGill University .....	219
1902. Wisconsin, University of Wisconsin .....	224
1908. California, University of California .....	212
1911. Illinois, University of Illinois .....	167
1916. Stanford, Stanford University .....	94
1921. Washington, University of Washington .....	75

Active chapters, 26; inactive chapters, 7; membership, 13,897.

The following chapters own their houses: Amherst, Brown, Bowdoin, Chicago, Columbia, Cornell, Dartmouth, Hamilton, Illinois, Johns Hopkins, McGill, Michigan, Minnesota, Rochester, Toronto, Trinity, Union, Wesleyan, Western Reserve, Williams, Wisconsin, Yale. Total 22 houses. Total valuation \$800,000

It may not be inappropriate to notice the extent of the fraternity system at the time Miami, the first Western chapter, was established in 1833. Kappa Alpha the pioneer of the system had two chapters; viz., at Union and Williams. Delta Phi and Psi Upsilon were still local societies at Union, while Sigma Phi had two chapters, viz., at Union and Hamilton. In other words, the system was then confined to two States, New York and Massachusetts, and to three colleges, Union, Hamilton and Williams, when the founder of Alpha Delta Phi boldly planted its second chapter at Miami University, Oxford, Ohio, beyond the Alleghanies, in what was then emphatically the "West." Ohio was therefore the third state and Miami the fourth institution to serve as a home to the fraternities. The act of Alpha Delta Phi in establishing its second chapter at Miami was important

in its results, as it led to the foundation of the three national fraternities, Beta Theta Pi, Phi Delta Theta and Sigma Chi, forming a Miami Triad as Kappa Alpha, Delta Phi, and Sigma Phi had formed a Union Triad.

The Hamilton chapter in 1882 erected the "Samuel Eells Memorial Hall," a stone building, in honor of the founder which has since served as the hall of the chapter. The Miami chapter was established by the personal efforts of Mr. Eells; this chapter died at the suspension of the University in 1873 and has not since been revived. In 1838 it admitted some six members from Cincinnati and for some years it was supposed that a chapter had been established there but none was chartered. After four years of existence the Urban chapter was withdrawn in 1839 at the request of its own members to avoid the initiation of lower classmen in opposition to a rival society. The Columbia chapter was the first at that college and grew so strong immediately after its establishment that its prosperity incited the envy of the non-fraternity men and its members surrendered its charter in 1840 to allay the resulting dissensions in the college. In 1881 the chapter was revived, nine other fraternities having meanwhile established chapters there.

The Yale chapter enjoyed a prosperous career down to 1869. It then began to decline, and this, in connection with the opposition to the system in Yale, at that time, by which only the Juniors were eligible to membership in the general fraternities, led to the surrender of its charter in 1873. It was revived in 1888. Since the abolition of the local sophomore societies in 1903, it, and the other general academic fraternities at Yale have initiated members from the three upper classes. The Amherst chapter was formed from a local society called Iota Pi Kappa in 1836. During its earli-

est years, its membership was confined to the upper classmen. In 1845, in response to a demand that the faculty be permitted to inspect its constitution and records, the chapter offered to and did admit to membership the president of the college, averting the opposition of the college authorities.

The Brunonian chapter was suspended in 1838 on account of the prejudice against initiating lower classmen. It was revived in 1851. The Harvard chapter was established on a literary basis, its earliest members being the editors of the college monthly. It ceased to exist in 1865 on account of the existing opposition to the secret societies and was succeeded by the "A. D. Club." The chapter was revived in 1879 and again withdrawn in 1907 at the instance of its own members, who found it difficult to fulfill their obligations to the fraternity and at the same time conform to the customs of the Club system at Harvard. The members formed the "Fly Club."

The charter of the Geneva chapter was withdrawn in 1876, at its own request, on account of the decline in the number of eligible students in attendance at that time. The Hudson chapter, founded by Samuel Eells and named after the town in which the university was formerly located, was the first one established at Western Reserve. The Dartmouth chapter sprang from a local society called Tau Delta Theta, which originated in 1842. The Peninsular chapter was the third chapter organized at Ann Arbor, and passed through all the vicissitudes of the conflict between the faculty and the students, known as the "fraternity war." The chapter at Rochester was originally at Colgate (then Madison) University where it existed, however, less than a year. Soon after its establishment a large number of the professors and students left Madison and went to Rochester, where they established the University of

Rochester. A majority of the new chapter located at the new seat of learning under the name of the *Empire* chapter, which was changed to *Rochester* in 1870.

The Alabama chapter was killed by anti-fraternity laws in 1857. Under the advice of its graduate members a chapter was founded at Cumberland University in 1857, where it was killed by the war. The Williams chapter has a fine memorial library, the gift of one of its members. The Manhattan chapter was established at what was then called the New York Free Academy. For many years it maintained a summer camp at Lake George called "Camp Manhattan." It became inactive in 1913. The Middletown chapter was formed from two societies at Wesleyan, one called the Betrian, organized in 1849, and another called the Lebanian, organized in 1854.

The Union chapter was derived from a local society called the "Fraternal Society," founded in 1833, and the Phi Kappa chapter from a similar society at Trinity, whose name it bears. The younger chapters were formed mainly from local societies organized for the expressed purpose of obtaining charters.

While there are strictly speaking, no alumni chapters, yet the alumni have formed graduate associations at Cincinnati, Cleveland, Chicago, New York, Albany, Buffalo, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston, Washington and elsewhere. At New York City they maintain a club, composed exclusively of graduate members of the fraternity and which owns a club house, eight stories high, erected in 1907 at 136 West 44th Street, near the heart of the city. The house and furnishings represent a total investment of about \$300,000. The club has about 1000 members, has been in operation for 32 years and is the center of all the activities of the fraternity.

Clarence A. Seward, Hobart '48, when president of the fraternity in 1897, founded the Seward Scholarships the total endowment of which now amounts to \$25,000. One is always held by a member of the Hamilton chapter; the other is held for four years by members of the other chapters in rotation.

The government of the fraternity was for many years in an unsettled condition, various expedients having been adopted and thrown aside, after trying in vain to unite the feature of entire independence in the chapters with strength and aggressiveness in the policy of the order as a whole. The problem was solved to the satisfaction of the Fraternity in 1879, by the formation of a corporation by a special act of the New York Legislature, called THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF THE ALPHA DELTA PHI FRATERNITY. This consists of four general officers of the fraternity ex-officio, of nine members at large, the terms of three of whom expire each year (all elected by the annual convention), and of two representatives elected by each active chapter. This Council transacts business through an executive committee of nine members. The actions of the Council are subject to review by the annual conventions.

During the past fifteen years much has been accomplished in unifying the fraternity, broadening and developing its field of usefulness and making the administration of its affairs more progressive and efficient. Each chapter is visited each year by delegates from some other chapter and itself visits a third chapter, the schedule being rearranged annually. In 1911 the Council established the position of traveling secretary supported entirely by the alumni, and since then over \$30,000 has been contributed toward the permanent endowment of the work.

The catalogue of the fraternity was first issued in 1837

at New York. The succeeding editions were published at New Haven in 1840 and 1845, Cambridge, 1851, Boston, 1854, Concord, N. H., 1857, New Haven 1860, New York 1865, Utica 1870, and Albany 1876. The semi-centennial edition, published at Boston in 1882, was a fine piece of work, complete in its information and ample in its details.

A supplement was issued in 1889. In 1899 another edition was published with even ampler details than the edition of 1882. In 1909, 1915 and 1922 condensed catalogues without biographical detail, were published by the Executive Council.

Songbooks have been published at New Haven in 1855; at New York in 1859; Albany, N. Y., in 1864; Geneva, N. Y., in 1869; Amherst, Mass., in 1875, and New York, 1896, 1904 and 1912. The official journal of the fraternity was called the *Star and Crescent*, and was published at New York, beginning in May, 1880. It was continued until the end of Volume V in July, 1885, when it ceased to exist. It was well managed and contained many articles of general interest.

The original badge of the fraternity is an oblong slab with rounded corners, displaying on a field of black enamel a white crescent bearing the letters "A Δ Φ;" above the crescent is a green star with a gold center, and below is the date "1832" in gold. On the back are engraved a monument with crossed sword and spear. This badge was partly superseded for some years by a jeweled crescent displaying the letters "A Δ Φ" holding a star between its horns, which was at first used as a graduate symbol only. In 1912 the fraternity adopted a standard slab badge and restricted the wearing of its insignia to the standard badge in the case of undergraduates and to a badge or pendant by graduates.





The colors of the fraternity are emerald green and white with gold and black as subsidiary. Its gems are the emerald and pearl, its flower is the lily-of-the-valley. The pledge button is green and white.

Among the alumni of Alpha Delta Phi are the following, Ex-President Theodore Roosevelt,<sup>1</sup> Secretaries of State William R. Day, Bainbridge Colby, Secretary of the Treasury Charles S. Fairchild, Secretary of the Interior James R. Garfield, Secretary of the Navy Franklin D. Roosevelt, Speaker of House of Representatives, Frederick H. Gillett, Financial Director of the League of Nations Sir Herbert Ames, and Edward M. House.

U. S. Senators: William B. Allison, George E. Pugh, Adonijah S. Welch, Phineas W. Hitchcock, Watson G. Squire, Joseph V. Quarles, J. Medill McCormick, H. W. Keyes.

Foreign Ministers or Ambassadors: To Great Britain, James Russell Lowell and Joseph H. Choate; to France, Edward F. Noyes; to Austria, John Jay; to Greece, J. Meredith Read; to The Hague, William E. Quimby; to Germany, Edwin F. Uhl; to Turkey, Horace Maynard; to Brazil, Irving B. Dudley.

Justices of the Supreme Court: Samuel Blatchford, Geo. Shiras, Jr., Henry B. Brown, William R. Day, Oliver Wendell Holmes.

Presidents of Colleges: Eliot of Harvard, Dwight of Yale, Stille of Pennsylvania, Gilman of Johns Hopkins, Darling of Hamilton, Gates and Harris of Amherst, Garfield of Williams, Chamberlain of Bowdoin, Dodge of Colgate, Raymond of Union, Rhees of Rochester, Orton of Ohio State University, Wheeler of the University of Cali-

<sup>1</sup> Also a member of Delta Kappa Epsilon at Harvard.

fornia, Pyncheon of Trinity, Hall of Clark, Raymond and Taylor of Vassar, Backus of Packer, Hutchins of Michigan, Rogers and Harris of Northwestern, Hunt of Denison, Moody of Middlebury; Adami, Principal of Liverpool University, and Dwight and Stone, Deans of the Columbia Law School.

Governors of States: Chamberlain of Maine, Willard of Indiana, Roosevelt and Whitman of New York, Noyes and Denison of Ohio, Maynard of Tennessee and Hubbard of Connecticut.

Lawyers: James C. Carter, Joseph H. Choate, William G. Choate, Clarence A. Seward, Everett P. Wheeler, Edward M. Shepard and Francis Lynde Stetson.

Clergymen: Richard S. Storrs, Joseph P. Thompson, O. B. Frothingham, Abbott E. Kittredge, E. Winchester Donald, and the following bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church: Aves, Brewer, Brooks, Coxe, Griswold, Harding, Harris, Huntington, Kendrick, Lyman, Stevens, Watson, Wells, White, Johnson, Whitehead, Harding and Shipman.

Authors: James Russell Lowell, Edward Everett Hale, Donald G. Mitchell, George William Curtis, Charles Francis Adams, Horace H. Furness, Arlo Bates, Moses Coit Tyler, Alfred B. Street, Francis Parkman, Hamilton W. Mabie, Owen Wister, John Codman Ropes, Prof. Francis A. March, Stewart Edward White.

Daniel Huntington, Louis A. Fuertes in art; Russell Sturgis, William R. Ware and A. D. F. Hamlin in architecture; Manton Marble, William Eleroy Curtis, George W. Smalley, Talcott Williams, Edward Stanwood, William Hayes Ward in journalism, Robert T. Morris, and William W. Keen in medicine; Francis W. Taussig and Sir Hugh Callender, in science.

## ALPHA EPSILON PI.

(Jewish Students)

**A**LPHA EPSILON PI was organized at New York University in 1913. The object of the fraternity was to become a brotherhood of Jewish College Men, to promote a fraternal bond and to develop a high standard of social and intellectual fellowship among its members so that they may take a high rank in the life of their colleges and communities.

The roll of chapters is as follows:

- 1913. Alpha, New York University
- 1917. Beta, Cornell University
- 1919. Gamma, University of Pennsylvania
- 1920. Delta, University of Illinois
- 1920. Epsilon, Emory University
- 1920. Zeta, Georgia School of Technology
- 1921. Eta, Ohio State University
- 1921. Theta, Alabama Polytechnic Institute

Active chapters, 7; inactive, 1; membership, 300.

The government is through a convention consisting of delegates from the chapter and by Board of Governors which acts between conventions. All the conventions to date have been held in New York City.

The badge consists of the three letters in gold arranged horizontally and studded with pearls. The colors are blue and gold.

A bi-weekly publication called *The Scroll* is the official publication of the organization.

## ALPHA GAMMA RHO

(Agricultural)



THIS fraternity was organized by the union of two prior societies, Alpha Gamma Rho founded in 1904 at Ohio State University by F. L. Allen, R. L. Fromme, W. A. Martin, E. S. Poston, G. T. Snyder, B. L. West, and R. C. E. Wallace. And Delta Rho Sigma founded in 1906 at the University of Illinois by R. E. Chambers, R. E. Taylor, E. E. Stultz, J. J. McKay, J. H. Craig, F. H. McKelvey, J. L. Martin, M. E. Greenleaf and E. E. Chester. April 14, 1908, a union was effected, the Illinois chapter being called the Alpha and the Ohio the Beta chapter.

Prior to 1917 several chapters of the fraternity were conducted as a professional agricultural fraternity, electing members of social fraternities and permitting their own members to join the social fraternities. The other chapters, while limiting their membership to agricultural students, did not permit membership in other social fraternities. In February, 1917, legislation was passed barring membership in social fraternities and prohibiting the initiation of members of social fraternities. Today there is no difference between this and the general college fraternities except that membership is still limited to agricultural students.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1906. Alpha, University of Illinois .....	277
1904. Beta, Ohio State University .....	237
1911. Gamma, Pennsylvania State College ..	167
1911. Delta, Purdue University .....	130
1912. Epsilon, North Dakota Agricultural College .....	101
1914. Zeta, Cornell University .....	208
1914. Eta, Iowa State College .....	113
1914. Theta, University of Missouri .....	106
1916. Iota, University of Wisconsin.....	144
1916. Kappa, University of Nebraska .....	84
1917. Lambda, University of Minnesota .....	121
1917. Mu, Massachusetts Agricultural College .....	106
1919. Nu, North Carolina A. & M. College.....	54
1919. Xi, Alabama Polytechnic Institute .....	69
1920. Omicron, University of Kentucky .....	41
1920. Pi, Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College .....	34
1921. Rho, Colorado State Agricultural College .....	21
1921. Sigma, State College of Washington .....	31
1922. Tau, Michigan Agricultural College .....	19
1922. Upsilon, Connecticut Agricultural College .....	31

Active chapters, 20; inactive, 0; membership, 2,094.

The following chapters own houses: Cornell, Massachusetts Agricultural, Ohio State, Wisconsin, North Dakota. Total houses, 5; total valuation, \$150,000.

There are nine alumni chapters.

The government of the fraternity is vested in the convention which is held annually in a city where a chapter is located and ad interim in an executive council consisting of the Grand President, Past Grand President, Grand Vice-President, Grand Secretary, Grand Treasurer, and Editor.

A quarterly periodical called *The Sickle and Sheaf* was started in 1910. The third edition of the fraternity directory has just been published.

The badge is a gold crescent with a sickle and a sheaf of wheat placed inside of the points of the crescent, the handle of the sickle just touching the lower point of the crescent, and the blade of the sickle being superimposed upon

the sheaf. The letters A F P appear in black enamel on the middle of the crescent. The badge is worn so that the sheaf stands upright. The recognition pin is a small gold sickle. The pledge pin is a small circle with a small gold sheaf of wheat in a green enameled field.

The colors of the fraternity are dark green and gold. The flower is the pink rose.

## ALPHA KAPPA LAMBDA



ALPHA KAPPA LAMBDA was founded at the University of California in 1914 as a fraternity on a frankly Christian basis:

The chapter roll is as follows:

1914. Alpha, University of California .....	181
1920. Beta, Stanford University .....	25
1921. Gamma, University of Illinois .....	57
1922. Delta, University of Kansas .....	42

Active chapters 4; membership 305.

The California and Illinois chapters own houses. Value \$47,000.

The Alpha chapter is the outgrowth of a local club known as Los Amigos, organized in 1907. Similar local clubs at other universities have joined the organization.

The government of the fraternity is vested in a Grand Council.

A semi-annual publication called the *Logos* is the official organ of the fraternity.

The pledge-button is a small hollow diamond. The colors are purple and gold.

## ALPHA PHI ALPHA

(Students of African Descent)



THE Alpha Phi Alpha Fraternity was founded 1906 by Nathaniel A. Murray, George B. Kelly, Henry A. Callis, Robert H. Ogle, V. W. Tandy, Chas. S. Chapman, and James H. Norton—All Negro College students of Cornell University. In 1908 the organization was incorporated as the Alpha Phi Alpha Fraternity of Cornell University, in the State of New York.

The mother chapter at Cornell exercised full control until 1909 when supreme power of the organization was vested in what is known as The General Organization of the Alpha Phi Alpha Fraternity of the United States and Canada, and in 1912 was incorporated under this name in the District of Columbia.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1906. Alpha, Cornell University .....	72
1907. Beta, Howard University .....	215
1907. Gamma, Virginia Union University .....	110
1908. Delta, University of Toronto (1912) .....	6
1909. Epsilon, University of Michigan .....	73
1909. Zeta, Yale University .....	47
1909. Eta, Columbia University (1912) .....	67
1910. Theta, { University of Chicago { University of Illinois { Northwestern University } Medical Schools..	65



1910. Iota, Syracuse University .....	18
1910. Kappa, Ohio State University .....	66
1912. Mu, University of Minnesota .....	28
1912. Nu, Lincoln University (Pa.) .....	78
1912. Xi, Wilberforce University .....	128
1913. Omicron, University of Pittsburgh .....	81
1914. Pi, Western Reserve University .....	48
1914. Rho { Temple University, Medico-Chirurgical College } Medical Schools.....	77
1916. Sigma { Boston University Massachusetts Institute of Technology } .....	43
1916. Tau, University of Illinois .....	35
1918. Upsilon, University of Kansas .....	42
1919. Phi, Ohio University .....	21
1919. Chi, Meharry Medical College .....	83
1920. Psi, University of Pennsylvania .....	26
1921. Alpha, University of Cincinnati .....	21
1921. Alpha Beta, Talladega College .....	23
1921. Alpha Gamma, Brown University .....	14
1922. Alpha Delta, University of Southern California .....	26
1922. Alpha Epsilon, University of California .....	15
1922. Alpha Zeta, West Virginia Collegiate Institute .....	13
1922. Alpha Eta, Harvard University .....	21
1922. Alpha Iota, University of Colorado .....	11
1922. Alpha Kappa, Amherst College and Springfield College..	17
1922. Alpha Theta, University of Iowa .....	12
1922. Alpha Mu, Northwestern University .....	9
1922. Alpha Nu, State College of Iowa .....	7

There are also nine what are called graduate chapters in cities with a membership of 366.

Active chapters, 34; inactive chapters, 2; membership, 2,011.

The Fraternity has held 15 annual conventions. Since 1919, it has successfully conducted an annual educational campaign known as the "Go to High School, Go to College" drive.

## ALPHA PHI DELTA



THE Alpha Phi Delta fraternity was founded at Syracuse University, in the year 1912. It is a non-sectarian fraternity.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1912. Alpha, Syracuse University .....	64
1913. Beta, Columbia University .....	112
1917. Gamma, Yale University .....	75
1918. Delta, Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute .....	30
1918. Epsilon, University of Buffalo .....	96
1919. Zeta, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute .....	20
1921. Eta, College of City of New York .....	33
1921. Theta, New York University .....	26
1921. Iota, Union College .....	28
1922. Kappa, Western Reserve University .....	24
1922. Lambda, University of Pennsylvania .....	20
1922. Mu, Cornell University .....	25
1923. Nu, University of Pittsburgh .....	40
1923. Pi, Ohio State University .....	31

Active chapters, 14; membership, 624.

Alpha Phi Delta is primarily composed of Americans of Italian extraction.

The government of Alpha Phi Delta is conducted through conventions and an administrative council. Conventions

have been held annually in rotation until 1918, whereafter conventions have been held in New York City.

The journal of the Alpha Phi Delta is a quarterly called "*The Torch*."

The badge of this fraternity is a shield displaying upon its face a white scroll with the letters "A Φ Δ" across the center. Vertically bisecting the scroll is a gold key upon a background of very deep purple. All this is mounted on a gold shield bordered with crown-set pearls, with a diamond star at the top and a flaming torch cutting the entire badge diagonally.

The colors are deep purple and white. Its flower is the white carnation. The pledge button is a shield of dark purple bisected diagonally by a white silver torch.

## ALPHA SIGMA PHI



THIS fraternity has twice changed its character and in its present form of organization dates from June, 1907. Originally it was a sophomore society organized at Yale in 1846 by George Benedict, Levi B. Bradley, William B. Clark, E. Foote Hall, Albert Hobson, Henry H. Hill, William B. Lee, Corrydon C. Merriman, Benjamin F. Moore, Washington Murray, Edward Scofield, William W. Ward, Erastus H. Weiser and Silas Wodell, all of the class of 1849. Under the peculiar system of societies then existing at Yale, there were separate societies for freshmen, sophomores, juniors and seniors, the members passing from one to the other as they advanced from class to class. At that time the chapters of Alpha Delta Phi, Psi Upsilon and Delta Kappa Epsilon were junior societies and of the founders of Alpha Sigma Phi, Messrs. Bradley, Hobson, Hill; Merriman, Murray and Wodell joined Delta Kappa Epsilon; Clark, Hall, Lee and Ward joined Psi Upsilon and Weiser joined Alpha Delta Phi in their junior year.

The Alpha Sigma Phi was then the rival of a similar sophomore society called the Kappa Sigma Theta. This latter died at Yale in 1858 and Alpha Sigma Phi in 1864. They both issued annual "feuillets" or printed attacks upon one another and the college world in general. That of Kappa Sigma Theta was called the *Banger*, probably as a

burlesque upon the the Yale *Banner*. It was issued in the fall terms of the years from 1845 to 1850 and the spring term of 1852. Alpha Sigma Phi issued the *Tomahawk*, in five issues first appearing in 1847. Neither of these publications were fraternity journals or magazines in any modern sense. For a full account of this society as a sophomore organization at Yale, the reader is referred to "Four Years at Yale" by Lyman H. Bagg, Psi Upsilon, of the class of '69.

While existing as a sophomore society at Yale, Alpha Sigma Phi built up the following chapter roll:

- 1846. Alpha, Yale College (1864).
- 1850. Beta, Harvard College (1857).
- 1857. Gamma, Amherst College (1862).
- 1860. Delta, Marietta College.
- 1865. Epsilon, Ohio Wesleyan University (1865).

All of the chapters except the one at Marietta were sophomore organizations only, the Marietta chapter being of the type of the usual college fraternity chapter.

Alpha Sigma Phi by these peculiar circumstances became a local fraternity at Marietta and continued to exist as such until 1907 when a chapter was established at Yale as a general university society, and in 1907 at a convention held at Marietta a national organization was perfected.

The following is the chapter roll since it assumed its present form:

1860. Delta, Marietta College .....	450
1907. Alpha, Yale University .....	341
1908. Zeta, Ohio State University .....	203
1908. Eta, University of Illinois .....	210
1908. Theta, University of Michigan .....	200
1909. Iota, Cornell University .....	166
1909. Kappa, University of Wisconsin .....	184
1910. Lambda, Columbia University .....	146
1911. Beta, Harvard University .....	184

1912. Mu, University of Washington .....	191
1913. Epsilon, Ohio Wesleyan University .....	203
1913. Gamma, Massachusetts Agricultural College .....	202
1913. Nu, University of California .....	185
1913. Xi, University of Nebraska .....	153
1914. Omicron, University of Pennsylvania .....	154
1915. Pi, University of Colorado .....	140
1916. Rho, University of Minnesota .....	113
1917. Sigma, University of Kentucky .....	77
1917. Tau, Stanford University .....	67
1918. Upsilon, Pennsylvania State College .....	108
1920. Phi, Iowa State College .....	61
1920. Chi, University of Chicago .....	94
1920. Psi, Oregon Agricultural College .....	52

Active chapters, 23; membership 3,884.

The following chapters own houses: California, Chicago, Cornell, Harvard, Illinois, Marietta, Massachusetts Agr., Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Ohio State, Ohio Wesleyan, Oregon Agr., Pennsylvania, Washington, Wisconsin and Yale. The Yale chapter owns two houses, a tomb in which the meetings are held and a house in which its members reside. Total chapters owning houses 17, total valuation \$400,000.

In a number of the principal cities there are alumni chapters, called councils.

In April 1909, the fraternity began the publication of a quarterly journal called the *Tomahawk*, beginning its enumeration as Volume VI No. 1, as though it were a continuation of the old annual published by the Yale sophomore society.

In a somewhat similar spirit, the fraternity claims as members all the persons who belonged to the old sophomore society and its successor Delta Beta Xi which existed until 1875, although it is obvious that the present organization is not the same in character or class as those of which they were members. Many of these members have appar-

ently adhered to the new national organization in spite of membership in other national Greek letter organizations; but as they have been long on the rolls of the latter organizations we have decided not to enumerate them as members of Alpha Sigma Phi until the question is settled by themselves or the fraternities in question.

The badge of the old sophomore society was a rectangular slab, originally about an inch long, which displayed a shield bearing an open book engraved with heiroglyphics, beneath which appeared the letters A Σ Φ. The present badge is of the same design, but smaller. The colors are stone and



cardinal. A coat of arms represents the fraternity's history. In addition, there are an official flag, wall-plaque, banner, hat-band, and tie. All insignia are distributed by the fraternity itself and all is protected by copyright, registration, or common law. The pledge-button is gold, dark red and light blue.

Among the prominent alumni of the Marietta chapter are Albert B. White, formerly governor of West Virginia; John H. Snodgrass, U. S. Consul at Moscow; Charles W. Elliott, a member of the Philippines Commission; Judge Oscar R. Hundley, of the U. S. Circuit Court for Alabama; Rev. Charles Little, Moderator of the Presbyterian Assembly and Charles T. Lewis, president of the T. & O. C. R. R.

## ALPHA TAU OMEGA



**T**HIS fraternity was founded at Richmond, Virginia, on the eleventh day of September, 1865, by Otis Allan Glazebrook, Alfred Marshall and Erskine Mayo Ross. It was the first fraternity to be established after the Civil War and was projected as a national organization. The Alpha or "Mother Society" was placed at the Virginia Military Institute at Lexington, Virginia and the Beta at Washington and Lee University in the same town. The first twenty chapters were in the South. In 1881 the first Northern chapter was chartered.

As this was the first fraternity of Southern origin which was successful in maintaining chapters in the North, it is interesting to note that this was accomplished through members of other fraternities, Dr. Edgar F. Smith, Phi Kappa Psi, later Provost of the University of Pennsylvania, who deplored the sectional prejudice which had balked Alpha Tau Omega in its purpose to become national and generously offered to pledge a suitable Northern nucleus. N. Wiley Thomas, a student at Pennsylvania, was initiated and within two years established six Northern chapters. A sudden expansion of the fraternity resulted, fifteen chapters being chartered in 1881-2.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1865. Va. Alpha, Virginia Military Institute (1881) .....	103
1865. Va. Beta, Washington and Lee University .....	245



1867. Tenn. Beta Tau, Union University .....	174
1868. Tenn. Lambda, Cumberland University (1902) .....	176
1868. Va. Delta, University of Virginia .....	287
1869. Va. Epsilon, Roanoke College (1892) .....	106
1870. Ky. Mu, Kentucky Military Institute (1887) .....	102
1871. Tenn. Nu, University of Nashville (1872) .....	5
1872. N. C. Xi, Trinity College, N. C. ....	220
1872. Ky. Omicron, Bethel College (1872) .....	3
1872. Tenn. Pi, University of Tennessee .....	201
1873. Va. Rho, Bethel Academy (1875) .....	19
1874. D. C. Upsilon, George Washington University (1888) ...	9
1877. Tenn. Omega, University of the South .....	297
1878. Va. Alpha Alpha, Richmond College (1884) .....	8
1878. Ga. Alpha Beta, University of Georgia .....	359
1879. N. C. Alpha Delta, University of North Carolina.....	199
1879. Ala. Alpha Epsilon, Alabama Polytechnic Institute.....	393
1880. Ga. Alpha Zeta, Mercer University .....	331
1881. N. C. Alpha Eta, Bingham's School (1896) .....	95
1881. Pa. Tau, University of Pennsylvania .....	326
1881. Ga. Alpha Theta, Emory College .....	383
1881. Pa. Alpha Iota, Muhlenberg College .....	346
1881. Mich. Alpha Mu, Adrian College .....	245
1881. N. J. Alpha Kappa, Stevens Institute (1894) .....	24
1881. N. Y. Alpha Lambda, Columbia University (1910) .....	75
1882. Ohio Alpha Nu, Mt. Union College .....	415
1882. Pa. Alpha Pi, Washington and Jefferson College .....	204
1882. N. Y. Alpha Omicron, St. Lawrence University .....	300
1882. Pa. Alpha Rho, Lehigh University .....	202
1882. Ark. Alpha Xi, University of Arkansas (1882) .....	5
1882. Or. Alpha Sigma, Oregon Agricultural College .....	121
1882. Tenn. Alpha Tau, Southwestern Presby. University .....	230
1882. Pa. Alpha Upsilon, Gettysburg College .....	243
1883. S. C. Alpha Chi, S. C. Military Academy (1891) .....	25
1883. Ohio Alpha Psi, Wittenberg College .....	323
1883. S. C. Alpha Phi, South Carolina College (1897) .....	54
1884. Fla. Alpha Omega, University of Florida .....	237
1884. Ky. Zeta, Central University (1890) .....	27
1885. Iowa Beta Alpha, Simpson College .....	242
1885. Ala. Beta Beta, Southern University .....	279
1885. Mass. Beta Gamma, Mass. Inst. of Technology .....	181
1885. Ala. Beta Delta, University of Alabama .....	280
1887. La. Beta Epsilon, Tulane University .....	166

1887. Vt. Beta Zeta, University of Vermont .....	304
1887. Ohio Beta Eta, Ohio Wesleyan University .....	269
1887. N. Y. Beta Theta, Cornell University .....	372
1888. Mich. Beta Kappa, Hillsdale College .....	251
1888. Ga. Beta Iota, Georgia School of Technology .....	337
1888. Mich. Beta Lambda, University of Michigan .....	219
1888. Ohio Beta Mu, Wooster College (1913) .....	178
1888. Ga. Beta Mu, Middle Georgia State College (1894) ....	24
1889. S. C. Beta Xi, College of Charleston .....	143
1889. Mich. Beta Omicron, Albion College .....	273
1889. Tenn. Beta Pi, Vanderbilt University .....	266
1890. Ohio Beta Rho, Marietta College .....	137
1890. Va. Beta Sigma, Hampden-Sidney College (1894) .....	13
1891. Me. Beta Upsilon, University of Maine .....	369
1891. S. C. Beta Phi, Wofford College (1896) .....	23
1891. Pa. Beta Chi, Haverford College (1892) .....	10
1891. Cal. Beta Psi, Stanford University .....	126
1892. Ohio Beta Omega, Ohio State University .....	270
1892. Me. Gamma Alpha, Colby College .....	289
1892. Mass. Gamma Beta, Tufts College .....	301
1893. Ind. Gamma Gamma, Rose Polytechnic Institute .....	164
1894. R. I. Gamma Delta, Brown University .....	223
1895. Tex. Gamma Epsilon, Austin College (1900) .....	41
1895. Ill. Gamma Zeta, University of Illinois .....	299
1897. Neb. Gamma Theta, University of Nebraska .....	277
1897. Tex. Gamma Eta, University of Texas .....	156
1900. Cal. Gamma Iota, University of California .....	232
1901. Ohio Gamma Kappa, Western Reserve University .....	162
1901. Col. Gamma Lambda, University of Colorado .....	234
1901. Kan. Gamma Mu, University of Kansas .....	258
1902. Minn. Gamma Nu, University of Minnesota .....	224
1904. Ill. Gamma Xi, University of Chicago .....	187
1904. Ind. Gamma Omicron, Purdue University .....	204
1906. Wash. Gamma Pi, University of Washington .....	199
1906. Mo. Gamma Rho, University of Missouri .....	213
1906. Mass. Gamma Sigma, Worcester Polytechnic Institute ....	201
1907. Wis. Gamma Tau, University of Wisconsin .....	203
1908. Iowa Gamma Upsilon, Iowa State College .....	129
1909. Ky. Mu Iota, University of Kentucky .....	155
1910. Or. Gamma Phi, University of Oregon .....	150
1911. Wash. Gamma Chi, Washington State College .....	171
1913. Wy. Gamma Psi, University of Wyoming .....	122

1914. Pa. Gamma Omega, Pennsylvania State College .....	150
1915. Ind. Delta Alpha, University of Indiana .....	137
1915. Iowa Delta Beta, University of Iowa .....	101
1917. N. Y. Delta Gamma, Colgate University .....	125
1917. N. H. Delta Delta, New Hampshire States College .....	129
1918. Tex. Delta Epsilon, Southern Methodist University .....	79
1918. Mo. Delta Zeta, Washington University .....	79
1920. Col. Delta Eta, Colorado Agricultural College .....	86
1920. Kansas Delta Theta, Kansas State Agricultural College..	64
1921. Nev. Delta Iota, University of Nevada .....	72
1921. Okla. Delta Kappa, University of Oklahoma .....	48
1922. Ohio Delta Lambda, University of Cincinnati .....	62
1922. N. Y. Delta Mu, Rensselaer Polytechnic Inst. ....	50
1922. N. Dak. Delta Nu, Univ. of N. Dakota .....	56

## COMMUNITY CHAPTERS

1866. W. Va. Zeta, Weston, W. Va. (1867) .....	8
1866. Va. Eta, Harrisonburg, Va. (1860) .....	9
1866. Tenn. Theta, Knoxville, Tenn. (1867) .....	9
1867. Tenn. Kappa, Memphis, Tenn. (1872) .....	8
1867. Tenn. Gamma, Columbia, Tenn. (1868) .....	11
1874. Ga. Sigma, Rome, Ga. (1875) .....	6
1874. Va. Phi, Alexandria, Va. (1876) .....	15
1875. Ill. Chi, Chicago Ill. (1876) .....	5

Active chapters 78; inactive, 22; membership, including community chapters, 17,950.

The following chapters own houses: Alabama, Albion, Brown, California, Chicago, Cincinnati, Colgate, Colorado, Colorado Agr. College, Cornell, Emory, Florida, Georgia Tech., Hillsdale, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Iowa State, Kansas, Kansas State, Kentucky, Lehigh, Stanford, Maine, Marietta, Massachusetts Tech., Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Mount Union, Muhlenberg, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire State, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio State, Pennsylvania, Pennsylvania College, Purdue, Rensselaer, St. Lawrence, Simpson, Southern Methodist, Tennessee, Tufts, Tulane, University of the South, Vanderbilt, Ver-

mont, Virginia, Washington, Washington and Jefferson Washington and Lee, Washington State, Wesleyan, Western Reserve, Wisconsin, Wittenberg, Worcester Poly., Wyoming. Houses, 53. Total valuation, \$1,300,000.

The fraternity was originally intended as an organization of college men as well as a college fraternity and that was the reason for the establishment of the community chapters. These were not attached to any educational institution, and were not long continued. The first chapter at Union University was originally of this class, established at Murfreesboro, Tennessee.

This fraternity has not confined its membership strictly to undergraduates and has admitted faculty members when they were otherwise qualified. Membership has never been conferred except by initiation.

The chapters at Washington and Jefferson College, and the Southwestern Baptist University (now Union University) were the last surviving chapters of Alpha Gamma and the chapter at the University of Alabama was organized by former members of the same society. The membership of Alpha Gamma at other places was also largely absorbed by Alpha Tau Omega. The chapter at Lehigh when revived in 1903 absorbed a chapter of Psi Alpha Kappa.

The Tennessee Iota chapter at Union University, and the chapters at the Kentucky Military Institute and the University of Nashville became inactive when the institutions in which they were located were closed. As Union University was removed and united with Southwestern Baptist University the present Beta Tau chapter may properly be considered a continuation of the old chapter. The charter of the chapter at Bethel Academy was withdrawn.

The chapters at the Virginia Military Institute, Bethel College, the Bingham School, the University of South Caro-

lina, The South Carolina Military Academy, Middle Georgia State College, Wofford, Wooster and Haverford Colleges died from anti-fraternity laws. The charters of the remaining inactive chapters were withdrawn or surrendered. The Washington and Lee, Tennessee, Trinity, Pennsylvania, Washington and Jefferson, Stanford, Lehigh, Simpson, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Charleston, Oregon Agricultural, Michigan, and Marietta chapters were dormant for some years.

The chapter at the University of the South in 1880 acquired the first house owned by Alpha Tau Omega and the first house owned by any fraternity at a Southern College.

Strictly speaking there are no alumni chapters but numerous associations of alumni are chartered by the fraternity and have a voice in its government. They are either regional or city associations, the latter largely predominating.

The Alpha chapter or "Mother Society" ruled the fraternity for the first five years. The constitution, adopted in 1865, provided for the calling of a "Congress" in 1870, which convened in that year and to which was then transferred the reins of government. This was among the first attempts on the part of any fraternity to supersede the "presiding chapter" form of government. The central government was not immediately successful and for several years the fraternity's life depended largely upon the vitality of individual chapters. The Congress of 1876 elected, in his absence, Joseph Reid Anderson, an alumnus of Alpha, to be chief executive. He accepted the office in ignorance of the chaotic conditions but, on learning the facts, earnestly set about the work of rehabilitation. He was the moving spirit of the Baltimore Congress of 1878 which established the present form of government and incorporated the fraternity under the name "Alpha Tau

Omega Fraternity of Baltimore City," the first fraternity to become incorporated.

The government of the fraternity is vested in executive, legislative and judicial departments. Legislative power is primarily in a Congress of delegates from chapters and alumni associations which meets bi-ennially. In the interim a High Council of five members elected for four years acts in a general legislative and advisory capacity. Judicial authority is exercised by the High Chancellor who interprets the law and decides cases. The Executive consists of five Grand Officers elected for two years and a corps of Chiefs of Provinces appointed by the chief executive. All national officers are elected by Congress. There has been no basic change in government since 1878 but much has been done in recent years toward greater efficiency of administration, the most important step being the creation of administrative districts, or provinces, in 1898, and the establishing of a Central office, conducted by an Executive Secretary appointed by the High Council, in 1918. The Chiefs of Provinces are the personal representatives of the chief executive and by regular visitation to each chapter co-ordinate the local and the national organizations. Province conclaves are held either annually or bi-ennially, alternating with the Congress. New charters are issued only upon a vote of all the chapters after favorable recommendations by the High Council, the executive officers and four out of the five nearest chapters. At every session of Congress public exercises of a literary nature are held.

The official organ is the *Palm*, a quarterly, established in 1880 and published regularly since that time. The place of publication follows the residence of the editor and has been, successively, Richmond, University of Virginia, Gettysburg, New York, Elizabeth, N. J., Chicago, Philadelphia, New York, Washington, Allentown, Pa., and Champaign,

III. The *Palm Junior*, a daily, has been a feature at recent Congresses. Most of the chapters publish periodicals under various titles. The songbook was first published in 1886; a second edition was published 1906; a third edition, in loose-leaf form, was published in 1921. Several separately published pieces of vocal and instrumental music have been dedicated to the fraternity.

The first published list of members was issued at Richmond in 1878 by a committee of which Walter Hines Page was chairman. A similar list was put out by a self-appointed committee at Gettysburg in 1886. General directories of the fraternity have been published in 1897, 1903, 1907, 1911, and 1921. The Ohio Alumni Association issued a state directory in 1896 and various Province directories have been published. Directories by individual chapters are numerous.

A manual of 82 octavo pages was published by Claude T. Reno in 1911 containing an outline of the history of the fraternity and much valuable statistical matter. The proceedings of the Congresses since 1898 have been published in separate pamphlets. The constitution and ritual were printed in 1878, 1906, and 1918. A handbook of Laws and Usages, by W. C. Smiley, was issued from St. Paul, Minn., in 1914 for private circulation.

The badge of the fraternity is a *cross formée* of black enamel with a circular central panel upon which is shown, in gold, a crescent near the top, three stars immediately below the crescent, the letter T in the center and at the bottom two hands clasped. The arms of the cross display the letters A and Ω vertically and the letters Ω and A horizontally. The original design has never been changed. The size and type of mounting are standardized and the fraternity presents a standard badge to each initiate. The use of jeweled badges is permitted but not encouraged.

During the eighties a jeweled monogram was sometimes worn as a badge but its use was not officially sanctioned and the practice has been discontinued. The colors of the fraternity are sky blue and old gold and the fraternity flower is the white tea rose. The fraternity flag has three equal



horizontal stripes of gold, blue and gold, respectively, and a blue field extending the width of the hoist and bearing three golden stars, the field and middle stripe taken together forming the letter T in blue. The pledge-button is white and gold.

Among the alumni of the fraternity are: Thomas Watt Gregory, United States Attorney General; Walter Hines Page, Ambassador to England; Clifton R. Breckenridge, Minister to Russia; Carmi Thompson, Assistant Secretary of the Interior and Treasurer of the United States; Hugh S. Thompson, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, W. H. Lamar, Solicitor of the Post Office Department, Hampson Gary, Minister to Switzerland.

Federal Judges: Erskine Mayo Ross, Page Morris, and John Paul; Beverly D. Evans, Chief Justice of Georgia; Robert L. Williams, Chief Justice of Oklahoma.

U. S. Senators: Luke Lea, Tennessee; Robert L. Owen, Oklahoma; F. McLindell Simmons, North Carolina; William James Bryan, William H. Milton, Jr., and Nathan P. Bryan, Florida.

Congressmen: Joseph H. Acklen, Andrew B. Price, Zachary Taylor, Rufas K. Polk, William D. B. Ainey, Edward W. Pou, F. McL. Simmons, Theodore S. Wilkinson, James Phelan, James W. Marshall, John Paul, Page Morris, Clifton R. Breckenridge, H. Garland Dupré, Seaborn A. Roddenberry, Frank Parks, Samuel M. Brinson.

Governors: Robert Lee Williams of Oklahoma; William James Samford of Alabama; Duncan Clinch Hey-



ward and Hugh Smith Thompson of South Carolina, Samuel R. McKelvie of Nebraska.

College Presidents: George M. Savage, Union University; Harrison Randolph, College of Charleston; H. H. Dinwiddie and James G. James, Texas State College; William E. Parsons, Parsons College; Edward J. Kirby, Drury College; Robert E. Vinson, University of Texas; Guy W. Bailey, University of Vermont; William F. Quillian, Wesleyan College, Macon, Ga.; Harry M. Crooks, Alma College; Henry T. McDonald, Storer College; Robert L. Durham, Southern Seminary; Marvin M. Parks, Georgia Normal and Industrial College; Oliver M. Elliot, Lewiston State Normal College; William H. Bruce, North Texas State Normal College; William E. Thompson, La Grange College; William W. Staley, Elon College; Kyle T. Alfrend, Georgia Military College.

Lawyers: William N. Portlock, James K. Norton, George W. Morris, Samuel H. Letcher and John E. Mason of Virginia; W. S. Anderson, John W. Childress, Frederick N. Heiskell and Edwin L. Davis of Tennessee; Joseph W. Bennett and Shepard Bryan of Georgia; Benjamin F. Long and Frank S. Sprull of North Carolina; Willis R. Wallace and R. E. L. Saner of Texas; Walter H. North of Michigan; Henry C. Riley of Missouri; Robert W. Bingham of Kentucky; Thomas F. West of Florida; Alexander Hamilton, Vice-President and General Counsel, Atlantic Coast Lines Railways.

Engineers: Arthur P. Davis, Chief Engineer U. S. Reclamation Service; E. N. Brown, President National Railways of Mexico; James M. Reid, Chief Engineer, National Railways of Mexico; W. F. M. Goss, President American Society Mechanical Engineers; C. D. Howe, Chief Engineer Canadian Grain Commission; Henry W. Miller, Vice Presi-

dent in charge of operations, Southern Railway System.

Bishops: Theodore Du Bose Bratton of Mississippi; Thomas F. Gailbr of Tennessee; Charles D. Colmore of Porto Rico; James C. Morris of Canal Zone; John H. Vincent.

Soldiers: Major-General Robert L. Bullard.

Authors: Irving Bacheller, Le Roy Scott, Frank A. Fall, Charles E. Zeigler, Norval Richardson, H. C. Dale, C. C. Mitchell.

J. Randolph Anderson, President Georgia Senate; Richard R. Sneed, Secretary of State, Tennessee; Thomas G. Hayes, Mayor of Baltimore; Robert W. Bingham, Mayor of Louisville; Walter H. Page, Editor *World's Work*; William M. Singerly, Editor *Philadelphia Record*; M. P. Ravenel, Bacteriologist; Elias P. Lyon, Biologist and College Dean; Alois F. Kovarik, Physicist; Homer Folks, Charity Organizer; George G. Crawford, President Tennessee Coal and Iron Co.; John E. Woods, Carnegie Steel Co.; Thomas Arkle Clark, College Dean; J. N. Van der Vries, Secretary of the Central Division of the Chamber of Commerce of the U. S.; A. L. Clark, Editor *San Francisco Chronicle*; W. E. Battenfield, Editor *Des Moines News*.

## BETA SIGMA RHO



THIS fraternity was founded at Cornell University, October 12, 1911 by Saul Blickman, I. J. Elkind, Abraham Fox, Harry Z. Harris, Fred Kleinman, Nat Koenig, Lester Krohn, Mae Milman, Henry Polack, and Maurice M. Wyckoff. Until April 20, 1920, it was known as Beta Samach Fraternity.

The Chapter Roll is as follows:

1911. Alpha, Cornell University .....	85
1914. Beta, Pennsylvania State College .....	64
1919. Gamma, Columbia University .....	35
1920. Delta, University of Buffalo .....	18
1921. Epsilon, University of Pennsylvania .....	10
1922. Zeta, Carnegie Institute of Technology .....	28

Active chapters 6; membership 240.

The Cornell chapter owns its house valued at \$25,000.

The chapter at Carnegie Institute of Technology was formerly Alpha Pi, a local fraternity there.

The fraternity is governed through a convention consisting of graduate and undergraduate delegates from each chapter and delegates from the sectional Alumni Clubs. The National officers are chosen from among these delegates and are usually graduate members. The Board of Trustees

consists of nine graduate members elected at large by a vote of all active members of the fraternity and meets monthly throughout the year. The annual convention usually is held during the month of December in New York City.

The official publications are: *The Forum* and an official Directory. The colors are blue and gold.

## BETA THETA PI



**T**HIS fraternity was founded at Miami University, Oxford, Ohio, August 8, 1839. The idea was first suggested by John Reily Knox, '39. Closely associated with him were Samuel Taylor Marshall, '40; David Linton, '39; James George Smith, '40; Charles Henry Hardin, '40; John Holt Duncan, '40; Michael Clarkson Ryan, '40, and Thomas Boston Gordon, '41.

Alpha Delta Phi was then the only college society with a chapter so far west as Ohio. Its Miami chapter had been established in 1835, and was in good condition. The idea of organizing Beta Theta Pi was doubtless suggested by that of the Alpha Delta Phi, and opposition to the latter was undoubtedly the chief cause which led to the formation of the new fraternity.

Beta Theta Pi was the first of the fraternities which originated west of the Alleghenies. It is interesting, therefore, to see how far the society system had then developed. Kappa Alpha was at Union and Williams, where anti-secret local societies also existed. Sigma Phi was at Union, Hamilton, Williams, and New York University. Psi Upsilon was at Union, and New York University. Delta Phi was at Union and Brown, and Alpha Delta Phi

was at Hamilton, New York University and Brown, where rival chapters existed, and was without rivals as yet at Miami, Columbia, Yale, Amherst and Harvard. The Mystical Seven had also originated at Wesleyan. The fraternity system, therefore, when Beta Theta Pi was founded, existed in New York, New England and Ohio only.

The first branch or chapter was located in Cincinnati, nominally in connection with the local law school but actually it was not connected with any college although it initiated only college men.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1839. Alpha, Miami University .....	421
1840. Beta, Cincinnati College (1843) .....	13
1841. Beta, Western Reserve University .....	368
1841. Beta Kappa, Ohio University .....	412
1842. Epsilon, Transylvania University (1847) .....	21
1842. Gamma, Washington and Jefferson College .....	469
1843. Eta, Harvard University (1901) .....	117
1843. Theta, Princeton University (1846) .....	26
1845. Delta, De Pauw University .....	621
1845. Pi, Indiana University .....	548
1845. Lambda, University of Michigan .....	530
1846. Tau, Wabash College .....	403
1847. Zeta, Williams College .....	125
1848. Epsilon, Centre College .....	445
1849. Kappa, Brown University .....	413
1850. Zeta, Hampden-Sidney College (1912) .....	235
1852. Eta Beta, University of North Carolina .....	269
1853. Theta, Ohio Wesleyan University .....	510
1853. Iota, Hanover College .....	310
1854. Mu, Cumberland University (1899) .....	262
1855. Nu, Washington College, Pa. (united with Gamma) .....	—
1855. Xi, Knox College .....	361
1855. Omicron, University of Virginia .....	470
1856. Alpha Rho, Washington and Lee University .....	171
1856. Sigma, Illinois College (1866) .....	26
1858. Upsilon, South Carolina College (1861) .....	20

1858. Phi Alpha, Davidson College .....	293
1859. Chi, Oglethorpe University (1861) .....	14
1860. Psi, Bethany College .....	365
1860. Chi, Beloit College .....	386
1863. Omega, United States Naval Academy (1863) .....	6
1865. Alpha Alpha, Monmouth College (1878) .....	51
1866. Alpha Beta, University of Iowa .....	373
1867. Alpha Gamma, Wittenberg College .....	356
1867. Alpha Delta, Westminster College .....	298
1868. Alpha Epsilon, Iowa Wesleyan College (1915) .....	275
1868. Lambda Rho, University of Chicago .....	273
1868. Alpha Eta, Denison University .....	357
1869. Alpha Theta, Virginia Military Institute (1880) .....	67
1869. Alpha Iota, Washington University, Missouri .....	245
1871. Alpha Kappa, Richmond College (1896) .....	118
1872. Alpha Lambda, College of Wooster (1913) .....	241
1872. Alpha Mu, Howard College (1879) .....	43
1872. Alpha Nu, University of Kansas .....	453
1873. Alpha Xi, Randolph-Macon College (1893) .....	75
1873. Alpha Omicron, Trinity University, Texas (1881) .....	50
1873. Alpha Pi, University of Wisconsin .....	469
1873. Rho, Northwestern University .....	414
1874. Alpha Sigma, Dickinson College .....	327
1876. Alpha Tau, College of William and Mary (1877) .....	12
1876. Upsilon, Boston University (1915) .....	312
1877. Alpha Phi, Virginia State College (1880) .....	26
1877. Alpha Chi, Johns Hopkins University .....	263
1878. Alpha Psi, Butler College (1881) .....	19
1879. Omega, University of California .....	357
1879. Beta Alpha, Kenyon College .....	261
1879. Beta Beta, University of Mississippi (1901) .....	190
1879. Beta Gamma, Rutgers College .....	326
1879. Beta Delta, Cornell University .....	472
1879. Sigma, Stevens Institute of Technology .....	263
1879. Beta Zeta, St. Lawrence University .....	332
1879. Beta Eta, University of Maine .....	437
1880. Phi, University of Pennsylvania .....	346
1880. Beta Theta, Colgate University .....	445
1881. Nu, Union University .....	251
1881. Alpha Alpha, Columbia University .....	315
1883. Beta Iota, Amherst College .....	437
1884. Beta Lambda, Vanderbilt University .....	266

1885. Beta Omicron, University of Texas .....	257
1885. Theta Delta, Ohio State University .....	352
1888. Alpha Tau, University of Nebraska .....	351
1888. Alpha Upsilon, Pennsylvania State College .....	284
1888. Alpha Zeta, University of Denver .....	276
1889. Beta Epsilon, Syracuse University .....	456
1889. Alpha Omega, Dartmouth College .....	802
1890. Beta Pi, University of Minnesota .....	351
1890. Mu Epsilon, Wesleyan University .....	465
1890. Beta Nu, University of Cincinnati .....	286
1890. Zeta Phi, University of Missouri .....	561
1891. Beta Chi, Lehigh University .....	185
1892. Phi Chi, Yale University .....	802
1894. Lambda Sigma, Stanford University .....	234
1900. Beta Psi, West Virginia University .....	223
1900. Beta Tau, University of Colorado .....	259
1900. Beta Sigma, Bowdoin College .....	241
1901. Beta Omega, University of Washington, Seattle .....	260
1902. Sigma Rho, University of Illinois .....	282
1903. Beta Mu, Purdue University .....	215
1905. Lambda Kappa, Case School of Applied Science .....	212
1905. Tau Sigma, Iowa State College .....	190
1906. Theta Zeta, University of Toronto .....	177
1907. Gamma Phi, University of Oklahoma .....	238
1908. Beta Phi, Colorado School of Mines .....	197
1908. Beta Xi, Tulane University .....	131
1909. Beta Rho, University of Oregon .....	177
1912. Gamma Alpha, University of South Dakota .....	143
1913. Beta Upsilon, Massachusetts Institute of Technology .....	189
1913. Gamma Beta, University of Utah .....	242
1914. Gamma Gamma, University of Idaho .....	186
1914. Gamma Delta, Colorado College .....	183
1914. Gamma Epsilon, Kansas State College .....	163
1916. Gamma Zeta, Whitman College .....	140
1917. Gamma Eta, Georgia School of Technology .....	121
1919. Gamma Theta, State College of Washington, Pullman .....	120
1920. Gamma Iota, Carnegie Institute of Technology .....	118
1922. Gamma Kappa, University of North Dakota .....	121
1923. Gamma Lambda, Oklahoma Agr. & Mech. College .....	137
1841. Emory College (1858) .....	58
1844. University of Georgia (1859) .....	38
1850. Centenary College, La. (1861) .....	39



Active chapters, 83; inactive, 23; membership, 28,897.

The following chapters do not own their houses: Centre, Davidson, Georgia Tech., Hanover, Iowa State, Massachusetts Tech., Oregon, South Dakota, Stevens, Washington (Mo.), Washington & Lee. Total houses owned 72, valuation \$2,173,000.

The three institutions named in italics are chapters of the Mystical Seven which have not been revived. While their members are entitled to a place on the Beta Theta Pi roll, the chapters cannot properly be counted as inactive chapters of Beta Theta Pi.

The Cincinnati and Transylvania chapters died at early dates, and the Illinois College chapter became inactive just after the war. The chapters at Princeton, Monmouth, Howard and Wooster Colleges were killed by anti-fraternity laws. The charters of the chapters at the Virginia Military Institute, Richmond College, Trinity University, Randolph-Macon, Cumberland, Harvard, the Virginia State College, University of Mississippi, Butler College, Iowa Wesleyan College, and Boston University were withdrawn by the fraternity. The Southern chapters were all killed by the Civil War.

At the outbreak of the Civil War, the Western Reserve chapter enlisted in a body under Prof. Chas. A. Young, the astronomer. In the South the Hampden-Sidney, Washington and Lee, Virginia and Cumberland chapters sent their entire membership into the army.

The Miami chapter was suspended from 1873 until 1886, during the inactivity of the university. The Washington and Jefferson chapter, formed by the union of the two colleges named, was called Gamma Nu from 1865 to 1874, when the designation of the original chapter at Jefferson was finally adopted for it. Many of the chapters have been formed from existing organizations; the Brown and Hamp-

den-Sidney chapters, when revived, were the sole surviving chapters of Phi Kappa Alpha and Delta Epsilon respectively. The Denison chapter was a chapter of Kappa Phi Lambda; Mississippi the last one of Alpha Kappa Phi; Dartmouth the last of Sigma Delta Pi; and Missouri the last of Zeta Phi.

Twice during the lifetime of the fraternity a union has been effected with other fraternities—with Alpha Sigma Chi in 1879, and with the Mystical Seven in 1889. In each instance the alumni of the uniting society have been received into full fellowship. From the Alpha Sigma Chi came the chapters at Rutgers, Cornell, Stevens, St. Lawrence and the University of Maine, and from the Mystical Seven came the chapter at Wesleyan and the present chapters at Davidson and University of North Carolina, previously existing Beta chapters at these places being then dormant. The active chapters of both fraternities at the University of Virginia united their membership.

The Western Reserve, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Wabash, Williams, Centre, North Carolina, Knox, Virginia, Bethany, Beloit, Chicago, Iowa, Washington (Mo.), and Washington and Lee chapters were dormant for some years. The Chicago chapter, as at present constituted, is considered a revival of the chapter which was located at the old University of Chicago.

The chapter at the Naval Academy was formed when that institution was located at Newport, Rhode Island. It was killed by a navy regulation against secret societies. The chapter at the College of William and Mary was established at a time when it was believed that the affairs of the college would remain in a prosperous condition, but this hope was not realized, and the chapter consequently surrendered its charter. The Harvard chapter was asked to surrender its charter when it had attained a position of

prominence at Harvard and its members regarded their fraternity obligations too lightly. Its members organized the Calumet Club. The Hampden-Sidney chapter surrendered its charter in 1912.

All of the chapters established since 1879 have had a continuous existence.

Alumni chapters exist at more than 100 of the principal cities of the country. They have the right to a representation in the conventions, but have no power to make initiations.

A club of alumni maintained for several years a summer resort at "Wooglin," on Lake Chautauqua, where it owned a plot of ground surrounding a club-house, and the conventions of the fraternity were held there for several years. The building was burned in 1901. A successful club is conducted in New York City at 40 East 40th Street.

During the recent war the Toronto chapter was able to continue and maintain its house for four years by voluntary subscriptions of the members in the United States.

For eight years after the foundation of the fraternity the parent chapter held the reins of government. In 1847 the convention of chapters established a "Presiding Chapter" system. Under this plan the convention remained the legislative body, but during its recess the affairs of the fraternity were administered by a chapter called the presiding chapter. In 1872 a general secretary was appointed, who shared the work of administration. In 1874 the fraternity was divided into districts, each with an executive head, but subordinate to the general secretary, the presiding chapter still remaining in operation. In 1879 this system of the administration of the fraternity's affairs through a presiding chapter was abandoned, and the affairs of the fraternity were confided to a board of directors composed of nine members, three of whom retired from office

each year. The offices of general secretary and of the subordinate chiefs of districts were retained, and the incorporation of the fraternity was secured. This last system has given general satisfaction and has been followed by many fraternities. In 1897 the number of trustees was reduced to six, two of whom retire each year, each being elected for three years. The administration of the fraternity is unusually efficient. The scholarship of the undergraduates is constantly watched. The entire membership is kept constantly informed by the fraternity publications of its official doings.

Conventions of the fraternity have been held yearly.

The catalogue of the fraternity was first published in 1855, and subsequent editions were issued in 1859, 1866, 1870, 1882, 1899, 1905, 1911 and 1917. The last one on very thin paper, making a portable book. The last three editions were edited and published by James T. Brown.

The first collection of the fraternity's songs was published in 1847. The regular Songbook of the fraternity has been published in fifteen editions, the later ones with full musical scores. The fraternity has an unusual number of original melodies.

The journal of the fraternity called the *Beta Theta Pi*, was first issued December 15, 1872, and has been published continuously since. It began as a monthly, and is now a monthly, but has at times appeared as a quarterly and bi-monthly. Its first place of publication was Lexington, Va.; thence it was moved to Alexandria, Va.; Baltimore, Md; Chicago, Ill.; Quaker City, Ohio; Monmouth, Ill.; Springfield, Ohio, and Cincinnati, Ohio, and New York City, where it has been published from 1893 to 1918. At present it is published at Springfield, Ill. Commencing in 1891 the fraternity has annually issued in a special number of its journal a report of its officers and chapters and a

complete list of its members in college attendance. The constitution and laws of the fraternity were first published in 1879 and six editions have been published since.

In 1894, under the title of "Fraternity Studies," there was published a manual of information concerning the fraternity, giving its history to that date, and other facts of interest. A second edition much more elaborate in form, making a comprehensive and complete history of the fraternity under the title of a "Handbook of Beta Theta Pi," was issued in 1907. In 1912 there was published "Betas of Achievement" comprising brief biographies of the members of the Fraternity who had become prominent in post collegiate life. It contained 1469 biographies (494 of deceased members) and 626 of the same names were in the current issue of "Who's Who in America." In 1916 a publication was issued called "Forty Years of Fraternity Legislation" the same being the conventions down to 1879 with notes. A second book of minutes called "A Decade of Fraternity Re-Construction" was published in 1918. A book called "Beta Letters," containing the correspondence passing between chapters or members from 1839 to 1884 was published in 1918. All of these books were edited by Wm. Raimond Baird.

The badge of the fraternity is an eight-sided shield, the sides of which curve inward. On a field of black enamel are displayed the letters "B Θ Π," above which is a wreath in greenish gold encircling a diamond, and at the top of the badge three stars in gold. At the bottom, beneath the name of the fraternity, are the letters "αωλθ." The pledge button is a shield of white enamel the same shape as the badge and displays three stars.



The colors are light shades of pink and blue. The flower of the fraternity is the rose, the individual chapters choos-

ing separate varieties. The flag displays three horizontal stripes, two blue and one white, the latter being in the middle. On the upper blue stripe is one white star and on the lower blue stripe two white stars. On the centre of the field of stripes is a dragon in red.

The fraternity and each chapter has a proper coat of arms. All of the insignia have been standardized.

Among the alumni of the fraternity are, Justices John M. Harlan, Stanley Matthews, William B. Woods, David J. Brewer, Horace H. Lurton, Willis Van Devanter and Joseph R. Lamar of the Supreme Court of the United States.

U. S. Senators Oliver P. Morton, James W. McDill, Stanley Matthews, Milton S. Latham, Daniel W. Voorhees, Newton Booth, B. Gratz Brown, Joseph E. McDonald, Matthew S. Quay, Ralph Burton, John B. Gordon, James Harlan, Alonzo J. Edgerton, Norris Brown, Martin N. Johnson, Joseph L. Rawlins, William E. Borah, Howard Sutherland, Boise Penrose and Josiah O. Wolcott.

Congressmen William M. Springer, Thomas T. Crittenden, John S. Wise, John M. Glover, John M. Allen ("Private" Allen), Robert R. Hitt, John J. Lentz, Harry St. George Tucker, Townsend Scudder, Charles B. Landis, Clifford C. Ireland, A. Piatt Andrew and James T. Begg.

James Harlan, David R. Francis and John W. Noble, Secretaries of the Interior; Robert R. Hitt and Webster Davis, Assistant Secretaries of State; Halbert H. Paine and Benton J. Hall, Commissioners of Patents; John W. Yerkes, Commissioner of Internal Revenue; T. C. Mendenhall, Superintendent of the Coast Survey; United States Ministers, W. T. Coggeshall to Ecuador, James H. Stutesman to Bolivia, Will Cumback to Portugal, Henry S. Routell to Switzerland, Edwin H. Terrell to Belgium, Rufus Magee to Norway and Sweden, Albert G. Porter to Italy, David

R. Francis to Russia, Albert H. Washburn to Austria and Aimaro Sato, Japanese Minister to the U. S.

Governors Hardin, Brown, Crittenden and Francis of Missouri, Morton and Porter of Indiana, Latham and Booth of California, Harvey of Wisconsin, Bennett of Idaho, Hoadley of Ohio, Elbert and Buchtel of Colorado, Matthews of West Virginia, Brown of Kentucky, Nance of Nebraska, Beaver of Pennsylvania, Montague of Virginia, Bates of Massachusetts, Odell of New York, Gordon of Georgia, Pattison of Ohio, Cruce of Oklahoma, Haines of Maine, Lowden of Illinois, Brough of Arkansas, McMaster of South Dakota, and Stokes and Taylor of New Jersey.

Among college presidents there have been Wm. T. Reid, of the University of California; Lorenzo D. McCabe, of Ohio Wesleyan; James A. Beaver, of Pennsylvania State; James K. Patterson, of Kentucky State; David R. Boyd, of Oklahoma University, and the University of New Mexico; Frank W. Gunsaulus, of the Armour Institute; Edward O. Sisson, University of Montana; Edgar O. Lovett, of the Rice Institute; W. A. P. Martin, of the Imperial University of China; John C. Jones, University of Missouri, Cheesman A. Herrick, Girard College, and Thomas A. Baker, Carnegie Institute of Technology.

In the churches the following have been prominent: In the Methodist Church, Bishops Joyce, Carnston, Warren, Wilson, Moore, Shepard, Thirkield and Hoss; Bishops Kinsolving, Sessums, Israel, Williams and Jackson, of the Episcopal Church.

Melville D. Landon, better known as "Eli Perkins," Sam W. Foss, the poet; Henry O. Dwight, of Constantinople; George Fitch, the author of the Siwash stories; John S. Wise, the author of "The End of An Era"; Samuel Merwin, the novelist; Franklin G. Carpenter, the newspaper writer;

John H. Patterson, President of the National Cash Register Company; Jay N. Darling, the cartoonist; Francis W. Shepardson, of Chicago; Wm. Raimond Baird, patent attorney and authority on College Fraternities; Willis O. Robb, Manager New York Fire Insurance Exchange; Robert F. Sutherland, Justice High Court of Canada; Charles S. Wheeler of San Francisco; Walter P. Cooke of Buffalo.

In the European war were Generals Lytle Brown, Omar Bundy, Enoch H. Crowder, Leroy S. Lyon, John H. Sherburne, Edward Sigerfoos, Oliver L. Spaulding, Jr., John T. Thompson and Rear-Admirals Richard C. Hollyday and Richard H. Jackson. General Arthur K. Tylee of the Canadian Army.



## CHI PHI



THE Chi Phi Fraternity is the result of three organizations each of which bore the name Chi Phi. The first originated at the College of New Jersey at Princeton and was known as the "Princeton Order"; the next in age was founded at the University of North Carolina and was known as the "Southern Order"; the third had its origin at Hobart College and was known as the "Hobart Order."

On December 24, 1824, a secret society having religious and literary characteristics was founded at the College of New Jersey by men prominent in the faculty, led by Robert Baird, then a tutor in the college and afterwards a very eminent divine. The initials of the words chosen as the motto of this society were the Greek letters Chi and Phi. This organization, after a brief existence, became merged in the "Philadelphian Society" and discontinued operations as the Chi Phi Society. Records of the society were, however, found some time in the college year 1853-1854, by John Maclean, Jr., a student of the class of 1858, among the papers of his uncle then president of the college, and the organization thus brought to light was made use of by him, Charles Smith De Graw and Gustavus W. Mayer, undergraduates associated with him, to revive the old Chi Phi Fraternity, or to found a new one, according to the interpretation one places upon the known facts. The par-

ticular significance which its members attach to the organization of 1824 lies in the fact that much that was distinctive of the early society is embodied in the fraternity of today. Until the researches of Professor V. L. Collins discovered the names of the men responsible for the society of 1824, these were unknown to the living members of Chi Phi, and the publication of Prof. Collins in 1914 of his work on "Princeton" as one of the "American College and University Series," revealed to them for the first time the identity of the founders of the Chi Phi Society, without whom the organization as we know it would have been impossible.

The chapter founded by young Maclean existed *sub rosa*, owing to the antagonistic attitude of the college authorities toward secret societies, and in 1859 it was determined to abandon the chapter. Its records were thereupon destroyed and the following year its representation at Princeton ceased with the graduation of its remaining members. A chapter of the Princeton organization had, however, been established in the year 1854, at Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, Pennsylvania, which chapter has since maintained a continuous existence. The Lancaster chapter itself established in the year 1867 another chapter at Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, the third and last branch of the "Princeton Order."

In 1860 a college fraternity was founded by twelve undergraduates (affectionately referred to in Chi Phi circles as the "Twelve Apostles") at Hobart College, Geneva, New York. The idea had its inception a year earlier and is attributed to the close friendship and association of Amos Brunson and Alexander J. Beach, members of the class of 1862. They named their fraternity the "Secret Order of Chi Phi," and their chapter "Upsilon." Four chapters of the Hobart Order were established and in 1867 after negoti-

ations extending over a period of two years the Hobart and Princeton Orders were united under the name "Secret Order of Chi Phi." This resulting organization has since been known as the "Northern Order."

The "Southern Order" was founded on August 21, 1858, at the University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, North Carolina, by Thomas Capeheart, '61, and four other undergraduates. The university was then at the height of its prosperity and attracted students of social prominence from all parts of the south. Several chapters of this organization were established in rapid succession by the fraternity thus founded, but at the outbreak of the Civil War all of them suspended operations, the parent chapter alone surviving. After the war, some of these chapters were revived, others were established and Chi Phi of the North and Chi Phi of the South learned of each other's existence through John H. D. Shepard a member of the North Carolina chapter. A correspondence ensued, resulting, after much negotiation and many mutual concessions, in the union, on July 23, 1874, of the two orders. To this union, the Southern Order contributed seven, the Northern Order thirteen living chapters, and the organization assumed the name it still bears, viz.: The Chi Phi Fraternity.

It is an interesting circumstance that within seven years after the war the Northern Order had established chapters in the States of South Carolina and Virginia. The significance of this action was not without effect on the Southern Order and was undoubtedly instrumental in shaping the negotiations and inducing concessions which finally resulted in the welding of a firm and lasting union, a remarkable achievement on the part of these young men, so soon after the cessation of fratricidal conflict.

The badges of the organization from which the Chi Phi Fraternity is derived were very similar in design. Each

was a skeleton cipher pin in which the letter Chi was superimposed upon the Phi. They differed merely in design and superficial ornamentation. The badge now officially standardized more closely resembles the badge of the Princeton, the earliest Order, than it does that of either of the others. The pledge button is distinctive, being two six pointed stars.



The chapter rolls of the fraternity are as follows:

1854 Sigma, Princeton University (1868)	69
1854. Zeta, Franklin & Marshall College	359
1858. Alpha, University of North Carolina (1868)	80
1858. Beta, Centenary College of Louisiana (1861)	22
1859. Gamma, Davidson College (1869)	38
1859. Alpha, University of Virginia	411
1860. Upsilon, Hobart College (1880)	76
1860. Epsilon, Nashville Military College (1861)	8
1861. Psi, Kenyon College (1866)	19
1861. Zeta, Cumberland University (1861)	5
1867. Theta, Pennsylvania College (1872)	18
1867. Delta, Rutgers College	301
1867. Epsilon, Hampden-Sidney College	281
1867. Eta, University of Georgia	530
1867. Theta, University of Edinburgh (1870)	15
1868. Beta, Muhlenberg College (1884)	85
1868 Xi, Cornell University	459
1869. Omega, Dickinson College (1894)	96
1869. Iota, Mercer University (1880)	75
1869. Gamma, Emory College	441
1871. Sigma, Wofford College (1907)	104
1871. Lambda, Oglethorpe University (1872)	12
1871. Mu, Trinity College, N. C. (1879)	71
1872. Nu, Washington & Lee University (1875)	20
1872. Psi, Lehigh University	267
1872. Kappa, Brown University (1895)	37
1872. Pi, Kentucky Military Institute (1883)	81
1873. Omicron, St. Johns College, Ark. (1874)	8
1873. Beta, Massachusetts Institute of Technology	318
1873. Phi, Amherst College	474
1873. Alpha Chi, Ohio Wesleyan University	263

1874. Rho, Lafayette College .....	419
1875. Lambda, University of California .....	329
1877. Omicron, Sheffield Scientific School .....	543
1878. Theta, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute .....	325
1882. Alpha Tau, University of Michigan .....	97
1883. Nu, University of Pennsylvania (1885) .....	30
1883. Iota, Ohio State University .....	355
1883. Pi, Vanderbilt University (1899) .....	112
1883. Mu, Stevens Institute of Technology .....	195
1885. Beta, Harvard University (1887) .....	13
1889. Tau, South Carolina University (1897) .....	41
1892. Nu, University of Texas .....	227
1902. Chi, Dartmouth College ....	314
1904. Omega, Georgia School of Technology .....	195
1912. Sigma, University of Illinois .....	151
1916. Kappa, University of Wisconsin .....	159
1920. Tau, University of Alabama .....	20
1922. Pi, Iowa State College .....	44

Active chapters, 25, inactive, 24; membership, 8,871.

All the twenty-five chapters own their own houses. Value \$680,000.

Of the chapters of the Chi Phi Fraternity, as established by the union of 1874, Alpha, at the University of Virginia, was originally the Delta chapter of the Southern Order, but when Alpha at the University of North Carolina suspended, it assumed the powers of the parent chapter, and was given the name of Alpha at the time of the union. Beta, at Massachusetts Institute of Technology, was originally founded as the Tau Chapter, in 1873, but, owing to the prejudice against fraternities at that institution, surrendered its charter in 1874. It was re-established as Beta, in 1890, and has lived, under changed conditions, a prosperous existence. The chapter at the University of Georgia was suspended from 1874 to 1878 by anti-fraternity laws, but its charter was never revoked. The chapter at Cornell was suspended, owing to local conditions, in 1881, but was

re-established in 1888. The chapter at Lafayette was originally a chapter of the now defunct fraternity of Iota Alpha Kappa; Chi at Dartmouth was a local society known as Alpha Alpha Omega; Alpha Chi was founded at Ohio Wesleyan University, by the Northern Order, as the Chi chapter. Its charter was withdrawn in 1894 but it was re-established in 1911 by the absorption of a local fraternity known as Delta Rho Gamma. The alumni chapter at Baltimore was permitted to initiate five men at Johns Hopkins University between 1880 and 1884, but it was decided that conditions were unpropitious, and no further efforts were ever made to establish a chapter at that University. These five men are now carried on the roll of the Alpha chapter. The chapter at Michigan was established in 1882 as the Tau chapter, but its charter was surrendered three years later. It was re-established in 1921 as the Alpha Tau chapter by the absorption of the local fraternity known as the Monks.

The Princeton Order, as has been stated, consisted of three chapters. They were known by the names of the town at which the college was located, but, after the union of 1867, the chapter at Franklin and Marshall was given the name of Zeta, and that at Pennsylvania the name of Theta. The cause of the death of the Princeton chapter has been given above. The Gettysburg chapter, known as Theta in the Northern order, was withdrawn owing to the low standing of the College; but the Zeta chapter at Franklin and Marshall still lives and is the oldest chapter of the fraternity today.

Of the Southern Order, the parent chapter, Alpha at the University of North Carolina, died shortly after the end of the War. Its prospects for a time were bright, but, with the decline of the College in 1868, it became extinct and has never been revived. Beta at Centenary, Epsilon at

Nashville Military College, and Zeta at Cumberland were killed by the War; Gamma at Davidson was killed by anti-fraternity legislation; Theta at Edinburgh University was composed of young Southerners who were in attendance there, owing to the condition of the South at that time. It admitted no students other than Americans. The charter of Lambda at Oglethorpe, owing to the low standing of the college, became extinct, and Omicron at St. Johns became extinct almost as soon as it was founded.

The Hobart Order which consisted of four chapters has but one chapter living today founded by it,—Delta at Rutgers. Upsilon, as has been stated, became inactive in 1880. The Psi chapter at Kenyon, after a desperate struggle, ceased to exist in 1866. The Sigma chapter at the College of New Jersey led at all times a precarious existence owing to anti-fraternity laws, and while it furnished many excellent men, surrendered its charter in 1868.

Chi Phi Clubs exist in a number of the principal cities.

The first publications of the Fraternity was the *Chi Phi Chakett*, an annual issued by the Zeta Chapter at Franklin and Marshall College in 1868. This appeared again in 1869 and 1872 being published by the Pennsylvania Chapters. In 1874 appeared the *Chi Phi Quarterly*, edited by M. E. Thomson of Omega chapter, Dickinson. This suspended publication in 1875 to be revived two years later. It was issued regularly until 1891 when it was superseded by an official journal again known as the *Chi Phi Chakett*. From 1897 to 1915 the *Chakett* was issued purely as an official bulletin by the Council, its place in as far as general interest being filled by the Year Book; but since 1915 the fraternity has returned to the old plan of a quarterly journal. Each chapter publishes an annual for the particular use of its alumni.

Five catalogues have been issued by the fraternity. A

pamphlet edition was published in 1879 (Easton, Pa.), followed by an edition in cloth (Easton, Pa., 1882). These contained nothing but an alphabetical list of the members arranged under the head of classes. A third edition, compiled by Ethan Allen Weaver (New York, 1890), contained much historical matter. A fourth edition, under the auspices of Arthur G. Thompson, was issued in New York in 1908. A very complete catalogue edited by Wyndham Stokes was published in 1915. All the active chapters publish the names and addresses of their alumni in their annual records. In 1879, the first edition of a songbook was published under the title, "*Carmina Fraternitatis Phi Chi*," and this songbook was republished in 1911. There have been several pieces of instrumental music dedicated to the fraternity.

The government of the fraternity is by conventions made up of delegates from the active chapters, chapter alumni associations and chartered alumni associations and are known as Congresses; executive functions are in the hands of a Council of five members, the chief executive of the fraternity and four others named by him.

Prominent among the alumni are or were: Secretary of the Interior, Franklin K. Lane; United States Senators, Hiram W. Johnson, California; Lee S. Overman, North Carolina; Leroy Percy, Mississippi and Richard R. Kenney of Delaware. Congressmen, Glascock and Moody of California; Small of North Carolina; Kline and Dewalt of Pennsylvania; Ellery of South Carolina and Stockbridge of Maryland.

Ex-Governors, Joseph M. Brown, John M. Slaton and Nathaniel E. Harris of Georgia and William D. Jelks of Alabama.

Lieutenant Governor, Lewis N. Sweetser of Idaho.

Chief Justice, Hugh L. Nichols of Ohio; and Judges



Lewis, Georgia and De Angelis, New York. George H. Stevens, Deputy Attorney General of New York; W. S. Stenger, Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; W. T. Brantley, Secretary of State, Maryland; F. G. Tompkins, Secretary of State of South Carolina and William B. Greenough, Attorney General of Rhode Island; Hudson S. Marshall, U. S. District Attorney, New York; John R. Hicks, Chief Medical Officer, Port of New York.

College Presidents, Thornton Rogers Sampson, Theological Seminary, Austin, Texas; Clement C. Gaines, Eastman Business College; E. C. Williams, Maryland Baptist University; William P. Few, Trinity; Robert S. Hyer, Dallas University, Texas; David G. Barrow, and Walter B. Hill of the University of Georgia; Edwin E. Sparks of Penn State; Sydney E. Mezes, University of Texas and University of City of New York; Lyman Hall, Georgia School of Technology; Henry N. Snyder, Wofford and George T. Winston, North Carolina College of Agriculture; James E. Dickey, Emory University.

Professors, James N. Anderson, Florida; Frank Irvine, Cornell; William H. Wannamaker, Trinity; Porter L. Chambers, Columbia; Joseph S. Stewart, Georgia; G. C. White, Emory; George Dock, Washington University; E. W. Goodhue, Colgate; H. C. White, Georgia; William H. Echols, Virginia; Hugh H. Young, Johns Hopkins; Walter D. and William C. Dabney, Virginia; Walter S. Lefever, Texas; John O. Polak, Long Island; R. O. Smith, Rutgers; Joseph M. D. Davis, Kentucky; William Kepner, Virginia; Joseph H. Dubbs, Franklin and Marshall; Austin L. McRae, Missouri School of Mines; John A. Bownocker, Ohio; Milton B. Porter, Texas; William G. Woodfin, Georgia; W. H. Pegram, Trinity; John B. Deaver, Pennsylvania; Horace B. Patton, Colorado School of Mines; John M. Vincent, Johns Hopkins; George B. Churchill, Am-

herst; F. J. Moore, Massachusetts Institute of Technology; Lester P. Breckenridge, Yale (S. S. S.); Charles S. Brown, Vanderbilt, Enrique Touceda, Rensselaer.

J. George Becht, Ex-Secretary of the Board of Education of Pennsylvania; Ivy L. Lee, Publicist; William L. Rodman, President and Alexander R. Craig, Secretary of the American Medical Association; John B. Deaver, President of American College of Surgeons; John M. Baldy, Director Department of Public Welfare of Pennsylvania.

Among literary men, Henry W. Grady, Armistead C. Gordon, William T. Dumas, Edward J. Wheeler, M. A. De Wolfe Howe, Edwin A. Grozier, William Frost Bishop and Lloyd McKim Garrison.

Among Divines may be mentioned Frederick R. Graves, Irving H. Berg, Carl N. Conrad, Milo H. Gates, Thomas C. Johnson, D.D., Robert P. Kerr, James W. Lee, Frank T. McFaden, Albert H. Newman, D.D., Arthur C. Powell, Thornton R. Sampson, D.D., Graham Taylor, William R. Taylor, Smith deL. Townsend, Kerr B. Tupper, D.D., Lenox B. Turnbull and William deL. Wilson.

In the Army and Navy, Major General Robert C. Davis, Adjutant General, U. S. A. Brigadier Generals, Lucius Warren and James B. Coryell. Colonels, Arthur Balentine, Bradley Dewey, Lawrence J. Fleming and Haywood S. Hansell. Rear Admirals, Eustace B. Rogers, Isaac Stockton Reeves and Samuel McGowan. Captains, Furer, Henry, McBride and Ackerson. Medical Director, Francis S. Nash.

The following prominent business men, Samuel M. Felton, President Chicago & Northwestern (Director Military Transportation, Brigadier General); William W. Atterbury, Vice-President Pennsylvania Railroad Co. (Director General of Transportation, Brigadier General); Clarence B. Heiserman, Vice-President, Charles S. Krick, General

Superintendent and A. Holley Rudd, Chief Signal Engineer, Pennsylvania Railroad; Columbus Haile, of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway; Frank H. Alfrid of the Pere Marquette; Newcomb Carlton of the Western Union; George J. Roberts, New Jersey Public Service Corporation; C. J. McCullough, Lackawanna Steel Works; F. G. Drum, Charles D. Norton, George W. Ferris.

## CHI PSI



THE Chi Psi Fraternity was founded at Union College on May 20, 1841. It was the fifth fraternity founded at Union, where the Greek letter fraternity originated. The original members were Major-General James C. Duane, Judge Patrick U. Major, Philip Spencer, Colonel Alexander P. Berthoud, John Brush, Jr., Dr. Jacob H. Farrel, Robert H. McFaddin, Samuel T. Taber, Hon. William F. Terhune and Hon. James L. Witherspoon.

Each chapter is within the fraternity termed an "Alpha," and that letter is, in each case, prefixed to the chapter-letter proper. The list is as follows:

1841. Pi, Union College .....	393
1842. Theta, Williams College .....	482
1843. Mu, Middlebury College .....	414
1844. Alpha, Wesleyan University .....	457
1844. Eta, Bowdoin College .....	320
1845. Phi, Hamilton College .....	407
1845. Epsilon, University of Michigan .....	483
1846. Zeta, Columbia University (1885) .....	55
1851. Delta, Princeton University (1857) .....	52
1855. Sigma University of North Carolina (1861) .....	50
1857. Kappa, College of the City of New York (1873) .....	54
1858. Upsilon, Furman University (1898) .....	189
1858. Beta, South Carolina College (1897) .....	120
1858. Gamma, University of Mississippi (1895) .....	228

1860. Omicron, University of Virginia (1870) .....	32
1860. Lambda, Brown University (1871) .....	45
1864. Chi, Amherst College .....	434
1869. Psi, Cornell University .....	407
1869. Tau, Wofford College (1909) .....	187
1874. Nu, University of Minnesota .....	350
1878. Iota, University of Wisconsin .....	352
1879. Rho, Rutgers College .....	275
1883. Xi, Stevens Institute of Technology .....	198
1884. Omega, University of Rochester (1889) .....	36
1890. Alpha Delta, University of Georgia .....	182
1893. Beta Delta, Lehigh University .....	148
1894. Gamma Delta, Stanford University .....	184
1895. Delta Delta, University of California .....	202
1898. Epsilon Delta, University of Chicago .....	201
1912. Zeta Delta, University of Illinois .....	158
1920. Psi Delta, University of Colorado ..	40
1921. Eta Delta, University of Oregon .....	30
1921. Theta Delta, University of Washington ...	29

Active chapters, 22; inactive, 11; membership, 7,194.

All chapters except the one at the University of Washington own their own houses, or lodges as they are called within the fraternity. Total houses 21. Total valuation \$971,000.

The parent chapter became dormant during a period of depression in the affairs of the college in 1878. It was revived in 1892. As a result of various reverses incident to the Civil War the Wesleyan and Bowdoin chapters were inactive for a period of time while those at Virginia and North Carolina were made permanently so. The ones at Princeton, South Carolina, and Wofford were killed by anti-fraternity laws.

The fraternity was the first one to establish chapters in Middlebury, and Minnesota. Epsilon, established in 1845 at Ann Arbor, was the first chapter of this fraternity placed in the west. A log cabin in the woods near Ann Arbor,

used by this chapter soon after its foundation, at a time when the faculty was hostile to the fraternities, may be considered in some sense as the prototype of the chapter-house of the present day although it was not used as a dwelling place.

The house of the Union chapter was erected by the chapter and fraternity as a memorial to Philip Spencer, one of the founders. The house of the Stanford chapter was destroyed in the earthquake of April 18, 1906 but has been rebuilt. Prior to 1907 the Cornell house was the well-known Fiske-McGraw mansion at Ithaca. In a fire which completely destroyed this house in the early morning hours of December 7, 1906, four members of the chapter and three members of the Ithaca volunteer fire department lost their lives. As an example of the fiber of men, two of the four members who lost their lives had escaped from the burning house but upon finding their roommates were still in the house returned to find them and perished with them. A new house has now been built on the site of the old.

Outside its annual conventions, an Executive Council of five alumni members is the governing body of the fraternity. In spite of the recognized local autonomy of its chapters, this fraternity was the pioneer in the policy of employing a paid travelling secretary to devote his entire time to fraternity work. This was in keeping with the desire to keep the fraternity closely knit and uniform. The fraternity provides for universal transfer of members. It has gone into those colleges only which permit of four years of undergraduate fraternity life. During the past few years much has been accomplished in unifying the fraternity, broadening and developing its field of usefulness, and making the administration of its affairs more progressive and efficient. It has been one of the conservative fraternities, clinging fast to the ideals of its founders and the bond be-

tween the graduate and undergraduate is unusually close.


There are, properly speaking, no alumni chapters. However in the large cities there are associations of alumni.

The first catalogue of the fraternity was published at Troy, New York, in 1849. Since then editions have been published in 1852, 1858, 1871, 1878, 1883, 1892, 1902, and 1915.

Three editions have been published of the songbook, one in 1878 under the auspices of the Williams chapter and two, one in 1893 and one in 1915, under the auspices of the Wesleyan chapter.

The official journal of the fraternity is called *The Purple and Gold*. It was begun in November 1883 and is published for members only.

One of the original members of the fraternity was Philip Spencer, a son of a cabinet officer, and a member of a family of high social position. Later, while serving as midshipman on the U. S. brig of war *Somers*, he was executed for alleged mutiny. Senator Benton, in his "Thirty Years' View," shows the charge and arrest to have been unwarrantable, and is unsparing in his condemnation of the seizure and execution. James Fenimore Cooper, Gail Hamilton, and others, have been even more emphatic in denunciation of the steps which led to Spencer's death. In his possession were found messages in Greek which the ship's officers took to be evidence of a plot to overthrow the ship when in reality the papers had to do with his fraternity and when he refused to explain them he accordingly suffered the fate of a martyr.

The badge is a jeweled monogram, composed of a "X" laid upon a "Ψ." The latter displays a cross within an oval and a skull and bones with three daggers above. The fraternity colors are purple and gold.   
The colors of the pledge button are purple and gold.

The fraternity has no honorary members. Among the prominent members of this fraternity are Melville W. Fuller, ex-chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court, Frank Cooper, John M. Killits, William L. Putnam, Amos M. Thayer, Daniel H. McMillan, Charles A. Woods, United States District or Circuit Judges.

Cabinet Members, Don M. Dickinson, Postmaster General; J. Sterling Morton, Secretary of Agriculture.

Ambassadors, William M. Collier to Spain and Chili; Frederick W. Whitridge to Spain; and Thomas W. Palmer to Spain.

United States Senators, Thomas W. Palmer, Michigan; Joseph H. Earle, South Carolina; John W. Stewart, Vermont.

Members of Congress, Speaker Thomas B. Reed; Horace Davis, California; Horatio C. Burchard, Illinois; Charles H. Allen, Massachusetts; George P. Lawrence, Massachusetts; John V. L. Findley, Maryland; Henry W. Seymour, Michigan; Thomas W. Palmer, Michigan; T. A. D. Fessenden, Maine; J. Sterling Morton, Nebraska; William W. Phelps, Minnesota; Charles W. Gillett, New York; Thomas J. VanAlstyne, New York; John N. Hungerford, New York; Thomas R. Stockdale, Mississippi; David R. Paige, Ohio; Harry White, Pennsylvania; Stanley R. Davenport, Pennsylvania; William H. Perry, South Carolina; T. G. Croft, South Carolina; John W. Stewart, Vermont.

Governors, Walter E. Clark, Alaska; James Tufts, Montana; Thomas B. Cummings, Nebraska; J. Sterling Morton, Nebraska; Charles H. Allen, Porto Rico; John W. Stewart, Vermont; John C. Sheppard, South Carolina.

College Presidents, Chancellor John H. Kirkland, Vanderbilt; Chancellor Robert B. Fulton, Mississippi; Chancellor Arnold B. Chase, Brown; Horace Davis, California; Frank J. Goodnow, Johns Hopkins; Ezra Brainerd, Middlebury;



John M. Thomas, Middlebury; David H. Cochran, Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute; John H. Peck, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute; Edward S. Parsons, Marietta College; Adin A. Kendrick, Shurtliff College; Richard L. Hand, Union College; William H. Appleton, Swarthmore College; Edward P. Hooker, Rollins College; George W. Walker, Paine Institute; John M. Thomas, Penn State; Robert E. Jones, Hobart; Jacob L. McKown, Albion.

Bankers, Frederick D. Tappan, Joseph T. Talbert, Charles E. Mitchell, George C. Clark, John H. Hewson, David M. Morrison, Charles E. Merrill, New York; John F. Hagey and Edward E. Brown, Chicago; Kenneth Clark, St. Paul; Frederick C. Best, Milwaukee; John W. Ladd, Portland, Oregon.

Lawyers, Edward Swift Isham, Chicago; Horace Kent Tenney, Chicago; James M. Woodworth, Pres. American Bar Association, Omaha; William Wirt Howe, Pres. American Bar Association, New Orleans; Edgar H. Farrar, Pres. American Bar Association, New Orleans; James B. Kerr, Portland, Oregon.

Literary men, Clyde Fitch, playwright, James M. Lee, Director School of Journalism, New York University; Moss K. Perkins, Editor, *Boston Herald*; Willis J. Abbot, Editor, *Christian Science Monitor*; Harold J. Howland, Editor; Lafayette Young, Jr., Publisher; T. E. Miles, Publisher; Nathan D. Bangs, Publisher *New York World*; Lawrence F. Abbott, Publisher *The Outlook*; Kenneth L. Roberts, Writer, *Saturday Evening Post*; Journalists, John Alva Wallace, Marion Karl Wisheart, Frederick Draper Mussey, William Wheeler Gay, Jerome Bonaparte Parmenter, Samuel R. Crocker; Poet, Clinton Scollard; Educator and Musician, Waldo C. Pratt, Authors, Charles B. Spahr, Herbert D. Ward, William L. Howard; Musician, John B. Arthur.

Miscellaneous, Julius H. Judson, Missionary to China and founder of Hang Chow College; Dr. Stanton Coit, pioneer in settlement work in America; C. A. Whitman, State Highway Engineer of California; William H. Hotchkiss, Ex-State Superintendent of Insurance of New York; Elbridge T. Gerry, William Astor, William H. Moore, Augustus V. H. Stuyvesant, and Frederick H. Whitridge of New York; William G. Anderson, Director Yale Gymnasium; George G. Thorp, Vice-President Illinois Steel Company; Anson W. Burchard, Vice-President General Electric Company; Bancroft Gherardi, Vice-President American Telephone and Telegraph Company; Nathaniel G. White, President Boston and Maine Railroad; Charles E. Perkins, Vice-President Missouri Pacific Railway Company; George F. Brownell, Vice-President Erie Railroad; Hale Holden, President Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad; Timothy E. Byrnes, Vice-President N. Y., N. H. & H. Railroad; Edward L. Berthoud, Chief Engineer Union Pacific Railroad; Ezra J. Warner, founder Sprague, Warner & Co.; Forrest M. Towl, Standard Oil Co.; Alfred F., Charles S., and John S. Pillsbury, Pillsbury Flour Mills; George H. Blakeley, Bethlehem Steel Co.; Frederick A. Vogel, Phister, Vogel Leather Co.; Frederick W. Matthiessen and Herman Hegeler, Matthiessen & Hegeler Zinc Co.; Walter A. Cahill, Vice-President Great Lakes Dredge and Dock Company; Ernest Bamberger, Mining Engineer; James B. Pearson, Vice-President Mutual Benefit Insurance Co.; Charles E. Willard, President Provident Life & Trust Company; Richard Sutton Buck and Albert Sears Crane, engineers; E. P. York and Louis Ayres, architects.

## DELTA CHI



**T**HIS Fraternity was founded at Cornell University on October 13, 1890. This is the accepted date of foundation, though it is really the date on which the Fraternity was recognized by Cornell University. The actual founding of the Fraternity occurred in the early Spring of that year.

The Founders, who were all students of Cornell University, are as follows:

Albert Sullard Barnes, John Milton Gorham, Peter Schermerhorn Johnson, Edward Richard O'Malley, now a Justice of the Supreme Court, Owen Lincoln Potter, legal adviser to the Governor of New York, Alphonse Derwin Stillman, who wrote the Ritual, Monroe Marsh Sweetland, a distinguished jurist in New York State, Thomas David Watkins and Frederick Moore Whitney.

The Fraternity originally confined itself to law students and as there was no prohibition against members of other fraternities, many of the chapters admitted them. In 1909 a national policy was adopted making the Fraternity strictly single membership, and barring membership in professional as well as social fraternities, for members of Delta Chi. This policy had been in force in a number of the chapters even earlier. The strict single membership policy and changing conditions in the university led recently to a broadening of the membership qualifications. Since 1909 students in law and arts colleges had been admitted. Since

1921 not only have students in all courses been eligible but the ban on professional fraternities also has been lifted and Delta Chi may join professional fraternities. Delta Chi had been recognized as a general Fraternity by the Interfraternity Conference, even prior to its admission of students from all courses, as is evidenced by its admission to the Conference in 1911.

The Ritual, which, with very few slight changes, is in use today, was adopted at a meeting held on October 20, 1890 and the first initiation was held on November 26th of that year.

Almost immediately the Founders conceived the idea of spreading their society into other universities and a national form of organization was adopted. The first chapter was located at New York University.

Chapters have been located at the following institutions:

1890. Cornell University . . . . .	459
1891. New York University . . . . .	456
1892. Union University . . . . .	393
1892. University of Minnesota . . . . .	491
1892. DePauw (1896) . . . . .	33
1892. University of Michigan . . . . .	407
1893. Dickinson College . . . . .	329
1893. Northwestern University (1910) . . . . .	103
1894. Chicago-Kent School of Law . . . . .	293
1897. University of Buffalo . . . . .	283
1897. Osgoode Hall of Upper Canada . . . . .	187
1899. Syracuse University (1917) . . . . .	216
1902. University of West Virginia (1908) . . . . .	74
1902. Ohio-State University . . . . .	224
1902. New York Law School (1905) . . . . .	73
1903. University of Chicago . . . . .	225
1903. Georgetown University . . . . .	327
1904. University of Pennsylvania (1917) . . . . .	163
1905. University of Virginia . . . . .	222
1905. Stanford University . . . . .	235
1906. Washington University (1910) . . . . .	49

1907. University of Texas .....	186
1908. University of Washington .....	167
1909 University of Nebraska . ....	163
1910. University of Southern California .....	151
1910. University of California .....	165
1912. University of Iowa .....	119
1914. University of Kentucky .....	86
1921. University of Wisconsin .....	50
1922. Columbia University .....	24

Active chapters, 23; inactive chapters, 7; membership, 6,353.

The chapters are named after the institutions in which they are located.

The Cornell, Minnesota, Michigan, Dickinson, Buffalo, Osgoode Hall, Union, Ohio-State, Chicago, Virginia, Stanford, Washington, Nebraska, California and Wisconsin Chapters own their chapter houses. Houses owned 15, total valuation \$575,000.

There are Alumni Chapters in: twenty-one of the important cities and there are Alumni Clubs in: Spokane, Sacramento and Sioux City.

The chapters at DePauw, New York Law School, Northwestern, West Virginia and Washington University gave up their charters at various times because of their inability to meet Delta Chi's distinctive membership requirements. Syracuse was suspended in 1917, and Pennsylvania became inactive, largely due to war conditions.

The present government of the Fraternity rests in biennial conventions, which are held with the various chapters. Between conventions, a body of fifteen men called the "XX" constitute a Governing Body. The officers are chosen by this body. The "XX" are elected for four years, one-half of the number being elected each two years.

The officers of the Fraternity are designated by the letters "AA" (President), "BB" (Vice-President), "CC"

(Secretary), "DD" (Treasurer) and "EE" (Registrar).

The Fraternity publishes the *Delta Chi Quarterly*, which was established at Chicago, Illinois in 1903 and has continued publication to date. It published a provisional catalogue in 1895; a biographical catalogue in 1899 and a Directory in 1904, 1907, 1910, 1913, 1916, 1920 and 1923. A Songbook was issued in 1913.



The badge is a letter "Δ" resting upon a gold "X." Members of active chapters are not permitted to wear jeweled insignia. The pledge button is a dark red triangle with a buff border. The flower of the fraternity is the white carnation. Its colors are buff and red.

Conventions were held annually up to 1911, since which date they have been held biennially.

Among the distinguished Alumni are: Major General George Bell, Jr., U. S. A.; Brigadier General William Keith Naylor, Colonel George Cyrus Thorpe, U. S. Marine Corps; Colonel John Alexander Cooper, Canadian Forces; Senator Matthew Mansfield Neely; Congressmen William S. Bennett of New York; George R. Smith of Minnesota; Reuben L. Haskell of New York; John E. Harding of Ohio; Daniel A. Reed of New York; J. Marvin Jones of Texas; Albert N. Jefferis of Nebraska and J. Banks Kurtz of Pennsylvania; Frederick W. Carpenter, Minister to Morocco; Dudley Field Malone, Collector of the Port of New York; Gonzalo de Quesada, Cuban Minister to United States; and Germany United States District Judges William L. Day, Charles F. Parsons and James H. Wilkinson; President Cloyd Heck Marvin of the University of Arizona.

Supreme Court Justices Charles L. Kelby, Edward R. O'Malley, James O'Malley, Clinton T. Horton, Harley N. Crosby, all of the Supreme Court of New York; Frank

Ford, K. C., Attorney General of Alberta, William J. Morgan, Attorney General of Wisconsin, James P. Hambrecht, Chairman, Industrial Commission of Wisconsin. LeRoy T. Harkness and Charles G. Blakeslee, Transit Commissioners of New York; Deans Frederick C. Woodward and Kirk T. Moore of Stanford; Tiffany Blake, Editor of the *Chicago Tribune*, Charles William Thompson, New York *World*, Frank E. Mason, War Correspondent; Floyd L. Carlisle, and Howard I. Shepherd, Bankers; Erle M. Leaf, Shipbuilder; Parley P. Christensen, nominee of the Farmer Labor Party for President of the United States, and George Wythe, U. S. Trade Commissioner to the Near East.

## DELTA KAPPA EPSILON



**T**HIS fraternity, whose name is universally pronounced as though it were written in English D K E, was organized at Yale College, June 22, 1844, by the following members of the class of 1846: Wm. W. Atwater, Edward G. Bartlett, Fred P. Bellinger, Jr., Henry Case, Geo. F. Chester, John B. Conyngham, Thomas I. Franklin, W. Walter Horton, Wm. Boyd Jacobs, Edward V. Kinsley, Chester N. Righter, Elisha Bacon Shapleigh, Thomas D. Sherwood, Alfred Everett Stetson and Orson W. Stow.

The men who founded the society had together expected to become members of one or the other of the then junior societies of Psi Upsilon or Alpha Delta Phi, and some of them being chosen and others not securing elections, none of them joined either society, but all determined to found a new society of their own. It has since been one of the group of fraternities in the academic department. At Harvard it later became a sophomore society. The roll is as follows:

1844. Phi, Yale College .....	2735
1844. Theta, Bowdoin College .....	850
1845. Zeta, Princeton University (1857) .....	69
1846. Xi, Colby College .....	660



1846. Sigma, Amherst College .....	873
1847. Gamma, University of Nashville (1861) .....	59
1847. Psi, University of Alabama .....	386
1850. Chi, University of Mississippi (1911) .....	473
1850. Upsilon, Brown University .....	520
1850. Beta, University of North Carolina .....	345
1851. Alpha, Harvard University (1891) .....	1419
1852. Delta, South Carolina University (1861) .....	89
1852. Kappa, Miami University .....	365
1852. Eta, University of Virginia' .....	390
1852. Omega, Oakland College (1861) .....	76
1852. Lambda, Kenyon College .....	360
1853. Pi, Dartmouth College .....	920
1854. Iota, Kentucky Military Institute (1861) .....	45
1854. Alpha Alpha, Middlebury College .....	387
1855. Omicron, University of Michigan .....	525
1855. Epsilon, Williams College .....	450
1855. Rho, Lafayette College .....	448
1856. Tau, Hamilton College .....	385
1856. Mu, Colgate University .....	630
1856. Nu, College of the City of New York .....	520
1856. Beta Phi, University of Rochester .....	506
1857. Theta Chi, Union College (1869) .....	98
1857. Kappa Psi, Cumberland University (1873) .....	132
1857. Zeta Zeta, Centenary College of Louisiana (1862) .....	48
1858. Alpha Delta, Jefferson College (1865) .....	37
1861. Tau Delta, Union University, Tenn. (1862) .....	11
1861. Kappa Phi, Troy University (1862) .....	32
1861. Phi Chi, Rutgers College .....	352
1866. Psi Phi, De Pauw University .....	415
1867. Gamma Phi, Wesleyan University .....	640
1867. Eta Alpha, Washington and Lee University (1878) ...	50
1867. Psi Omega, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute .....	320
1868. Beta Chi, Western Reserve University .....	318
1870. Delta Chi, Cornell University .....	467
1871. Delta Delta, University of Chicago .....	340
1871. Phi Gamma, Syracuse University .....	468
1874. Gamma Beta, Columbia University .....	544
1876. Theta Zeta, University of California .....	320
1879. Alpha Chi, Trinity College, Conn. ....	242
1885. Iota, Central University, Ky. ....	208
1890. Gamma, Vanderbilt University .....	259

1890. Phi Epsilon, University of Minnesota .....	300
1890. Sigma Tau, Massachusetts Institute of Technology .....	280
1898. Delta Kappa, University of Pennsylvania .....	210
1898. Alpha Phi, University of Toronto .....	221
1899. Tau Lambda, Tulane University .....	157
1900. Tau Alpha, McGill University .....	190
1901. Sigma Rho, Stanford University .....	152
1904. Delta Pi, University of Illinois .....	175
1906. Rho Delta, University of Wisconsin .....	180
1911. Kappa Epsilon, University of Washington .....	132
1913. Omega Chi, University of Texas .....	102

Active chapters, 43; inactive chapters, 14; membership, 21,885.

All of the chapters own houses except Kenyon and Texas. Total 41: total valuation \$1,250,000.

The fraternity owns the most pretentious club house of any fraternity. It is situated in New York City. The house and fixtures cost upwards of \$400,000.

The movement which resulted in the foundation of the fraternity at Yale was purely local, and it was not intended that other branches or chapters should be established elsewhere, but opportunity soon arose to place the fraternity in Maine, and a branch chapter was accordingly established at Bowdoin. Another opportunity soon occurred to place a chapter at Princeton, and it was then determined that the organizations at other colleges should no longer be considered simply branches of the fraternity at Yale, but should be granted an independent existence as chapters, and the constitution was changed to effect this purpose. Having once begun in this direction, the extension of the fraternity was systematically pushed under plans suggested by Henry Hitchcock, and the growth of the fraternity previous to the war was rapid, especially in the South. A large number of chapters were rendered inactive by the war, and several of these have not been re-established.

The Yale chapter, both on account of its being the parent chapter, and from the prestige of the college, has from the first maintained a prominent position in the councils of the fraternity. It is entitled to have always one member on the Executive Committee. It has been very large and prosperous. It established in 1910 a scholarship at Yale in memory of one of its members. This is open to any student whether a member of the fraternity or not.

The Harvard chapter was flourishing down to the year 1856, when the members of the class of 1858 agreed not to join the fraternities. The members of the fraternity in other classes and the graduate members did not acquiesce in this conclusion, and though they ceased to initiate members for nearly six years, the organization was kept up and meetings were held in Boston. The chapter was revived in the class of '63 as a sophomore society, the members of which are familiarly known as the "Dickey" club, and are chosen from among the initiates of a peculiar Harvard organization known as the "Institute of 1770," and the principal outward attribute of which is a peculiar and generally ridiculous initiation which its members are compelled to undergo.<sup>1</sup> In 1891 the charter of this organization as a chapter of Delta Kappa Epsilon was withdrawn. There is now an alumni association at Harvard.

The Zeta chapter at Princeton was killed by anti-fraternity laws. The members of the Alabama chapter, upon its extinction by anti-fraternity laws in 1859, formed the first graduate association in the fraternity, at Shelby Springs, Ala. The Alabama chapter was revived in 1885, and the North Carolina chapter in 1887. The charter of the Mississippi chapter was withdrawn in 1911 on account of

<sup>1</sup> The members of this Dickey club freely joined other fraternities which had chapters in the upper classes at Harvard, and this practice has given rise to many double memberships, some of which have proven embarrassing.

anti-fraternity legislation. The charters of the chapters at Union and Cumberland were withdrawn. The Washington and Lee chapter, and the Jefferson chapter surrendered their charters during periods of depression in the affairs of their colleges. The chapters at Troy and Chicago became inactive simultaneously with the institutions in which they were placed. The latter was revived soon after the university was re-established. The second Iota chapter at Central, which is considered by the fraternity to be a revival of the first chapter of that name, was located at the Kentucky Military Institute.

The Miami chapter was suspended with the university in 1873, and was revived in 1889. The Kenyon chapter in 1854 built a log cabin in a ravine near the college town, and used it as a meeting place. This was one of the earliest buildings ever used exclusively for fraternity purposes.

There are a large number of associations of alumni in the principal cities of the United States. An annual meeting and a dinner in most cases comprise the extent of their exercises, though several hold monthly meetings, and maintain a more or less continuous social life.

Down to 1881 the government of the fraternity was in the hands of the convention exclusively, and during its recess the parent chapter seems to have supervised the administration of its affairs. The first convention was held in 1846, the second in 1852, the third in 1853, the fourth in 1855, and since then they have, with one or two exceptions, been held annually, generally in the fall of each year. In 1882 a "council" was formed, and the administration of the fraternity's affairs was placed in its hands. It became incorporated by a special act of the New York Legislature in 1884, and has formed a very efficient executive for the Fraternity. In 1913 the Council was enlarged to include one representative from each chapter.

In 1910 it adopted the plan of having a general secretary who devotes his entire time to the affairs of the fraternity and who superintends a general office in New York devoted to its administrative business. There is a branch office in Chicago. There is also a salaried assistant at each office and a travelling secretary.

Catalogues of the fraternity have been issued in 1851, 1855, 1858, 1863 (all published at New Haven), 1867 (edited at New Haven, published at Buffalo, N. Y.), 1871, 1874 (compiled by the Amherst chapter), and 1879 (compiled by the Columbia chapter). A very large, elaborate catalogue was published in 1890 and a much condensed one in 1900. A full catalogue prefaced by a history of the fraternity was published from New York in 1910. In 1918 a new catalogue was issued by the Council giving a more complete history to date and data regarding the new General Headquarters. Five editions of the songbook (1857, 1862, 1867, 1900, 1907 and 1917) and numerous collections of songs have been published, and several pieces of music, of which the Delta Kappa Epsilon Grand March is well and favorably known, have been dedicated to the fraternity. The journal of the fraternity is published in New York under the direction of the council, and is called the *Delta Kappa Epsilon Quarterly*. Its publication was begun in January, 1883 and has been issued continuously ever since.

The badge is a diamond, displaying a white scroll on a ground work of black enamel, and bearing the letters, "Δ Κ Ε"; a star appears in each corner of the diamond. The colors are crimson, blue and gold. The flag is composed of three vertical stripes of blue, gold and crimson, displaying a rampant lion in black on the gold background. The fraternity has a complete system of armorial bearings, each chapter having a distinct blazon, identical, however, with



those of the others in relation to the coat of arms of the fraternity. The colors of the pledge button are gold, red and blue.

Among the prominent members of this fraternity are: President Roosevelt,<sup>1</sup> United States Senators, Albert J. Beveridge, Ozra P. Stearns, Lafayette Grover, M. C. Butler, R. L. Gibson, W. D. Washburn, F. T. Dubois, Calvin S. Brice, John Patton, Henry Cabot Lodge, Paris Gibson, Frank B. Brandegee, James B. McCreary, Oliver H. Payne, John F. Dryden, Daniel B. Lucas, Kenneth D. McKellar, George B. Martin, Selden P. Spencer, James W. Wadsworth, Royal S. Copeland, Henry D. Keyes and Thomas F. Bayard.

Hillary A. Herbert, John D. Long, George von L. Meyer and Victor H. Metcalf, secretaries of the Navy; Charles S. Fairchild, Secretary of the Treasury; Wayne McVeagh, Attorney General; Wilson S. Bissell and George von L. Meyer, Postmaster General; Robert T. Lincoln, Secretary of War; Thomas Lee McClung, Treasurer of United States; A. Barton Hepburn and Wm. L. Trenholm, Comptrollers of the Currency.

Ambassadors: Whitelaw Reid and Robert T. Lincoln to Great Britain; Robert Bacon to France; Bellamy Storer to Austria; Wayne McVeagh to Turkey and to Italy; Larz Anderson to Russia; George von L. Meyer to Italy and to Russia; Liang Tung Yen, Chinese Ambassador to the U. S.; and Suti Ki Chinda, Japanese Ambassador to the U. S. Ministers, Stewart L. Woodford,<sup>2</sup> Henry C. Ide Bellamy Storer, Perry Belmont and Cyrus E. Woods to Spain; Alfred E. Buck to Japan; Louis J. DuPre to San Salvador and other Central American Republics; Charles

<sup>1</sup> A member of the Dickey club at Harvard. He was also a member of A. Δ. Φ. at Harvard.

<sup>2</sup> Also a member of Delta Psi.

H. Sherrill to Argentine Republic; John N. Irwin to Portugal; James B. Tillman to Equador; Walker Fearn to Greece, Roumania and Servia; Stanford Newell to the Netherlands.

Justice of the U. S. Supreme Court, John Hessin Clarke; U. S. Circuit Court Judges, Thomas S. Maxey, Beverly Wellford, Leonard Mangum, J. W. Butler, John Moore, Henry F. Severens and U. S. District Court Judges, Edward B. Billings, Francis J. Wing, Clarence Hale, Henry Maney, J. R. Blackwood, George C. Holt, and Charles S. Willard.

Governors: Frank S. Black and Theodore Roosevelt of New York; William E. Russell, John D. Long and Roger Wolcott of Massachusetts; Luzon B. Morris and Everett J. Lake of Connecticut; George H. Utter of Rhode Island; Harris M. Plaisted of Maine; Samuel E. Pingree of Vermont; W. W. Brookings of Dakota; John N. Irwin of Idaho and of Arizona; Grosvenor of Oregon; F. A. Maynard of Alaska and Regis H. Post of Porto Rico; Richard I. Manning of South Carolina and Henry C. Stuart of Virginia.

Generals: Peyton C. March, chief of staff, John Biddle, Preston C. Brown, Wagner Swayne, W. A. Bancroft, Wayne McVeagh, Charles W. Phifer, Maxwell V. Woodhull, John Grant Mitchell, Frederick B. Wood, Mathew C. Butler, Charles P. Mattocks, Oliver H. Payne, John T. Croxton, James E. Rains, Randall Lee Gibson, William W. Gordon and Stewart L. Woodford and Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary, discoverer of the North Pole.

Bishops: William Lawrence, Massachusetts; William S. Perry, Iowa; Boyd Vincent, Ohio; Charles F. Roberston, Missouri; Frederick W. Keator, Washington; Robert W. Elliott, Texas; George W. Peterkin, West Virginia; Lucien Lee Kinsolving, Brazil; Thomas D. Dudley, Kentucky;

Frederick W. Taylor, Illinois; and Charles S. Burch, Suffragan Bishop of New York, all of the Protestant Episcopal Church; and E. R. Hendrix and William Burt of the M. E. Church.

Chief Justices of States: Charles Matteson and J. H. Stiness of Rhode Island; W. P. Whitehouse of Maine; Frank N. Parsons of New Hampshire; Edward Kent of Arizona; Daniel B. Lucas of West Virginia; Thomas S. Maxey of Texas; John W. Lacey of Wyoming; Henry Clay Ide of Samoa; and Ashley M. Gould, Presiding Justice, District of Columbia.

University and College Presidents: Arthur T. Hadley, and James R. Angell, Yale; Ira Remsen, Johns Hopkins; Cyrus Northrup and George E. Vincent, Minnesota; Henry P. Judson, Chicago; Francis A. Walker, Massachusetts Institute of Technology; Martin Kellogg, California; William P. Johnston, Tulane; George E. MacLean, Iowa and Nebraska; W. F. Slocomb, Colorado; Albert W. Bishop, Arkansas; W. S. Wyman, Alabama; Frank P. Venable, North Carolina; H. Q. Butterfield, Olivet; George A. Gates, Fisk; S. B. L. Penrose, Whitman; Edward H. Magill, Swarthmore, Albion W. Small and Nathaniel P. Butler, Colby.

Editors: Whitelaw Reid, William R. Hearst, Morrill Goddard, George A. Marden, Robert Moore Collins, F. Perry Powers, Joseph Blethen, Morris G. Osborn, John Addison Porter, Issac Bromley, Robert H. Lyman, C. D. Burleigh, Daniel F. Kellogg, Dwight W. Bowles, J. W. Ohl, John A. Dillon and Lawrence Godkin.

Literary Men: David Graham Phillips, Julian Hawthorne, Owen Wister, Theodore Winthrop, Shailer Mathews, Mark S. Severance, Edgar S. Maclay, William R. Thayer, William L. Sedén, Joseph S. Kennard, Edward Bellamy, John Bach McMasters, William S. Alden, George



Ticknor Curtis, and Julius Chambers. Prominent clergymen: E. T. Jeffers; Moderator Presbyterian General Assembly; William H. Van Allen of Boston; William R. Richards, Henry Sloan Coffin, Roderic Terry, William Adams Brown, R. M. Bellows, John P. Peters, of New York City; W. W. Battershall of Albany; Edwin P. Parker of Hartford, Conn.; George C. Cressey of London, England; Randolph H. McKim of Washington; Samuel A. Eliot of Boston; and R. S. Torrey, the Evangelist.

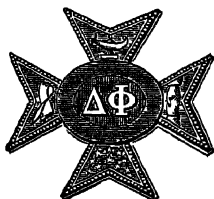
Eminent Physicians: Charles McBurney, William K. Draper, Francis P. Kinnicutt, James W. McLane, George M. Tuttle, Ephraim Cutter, Edward L. Keyes, Walter B. James, George M. Lefferts and John P. Munn, all of New York City; Myles Standish, Henry O. Marcy, James G. Munford and Eldridge G. Cutler, all of Boston; Edward Spitz, and Daniel G. Brinton of Philadelphia. Prominent Lawyers: John Quincy Adams, Charles Francis Dana, Charles Francis Adams, R. L. Saltonstall, Robert Treat Paine II, William K. Hall, George L. Huntress, all of Boston; S. Seaver Page, Charles B. McMichael of Philadelphia; Emmons Blaine, Baltimore; Walter E. Denegre, New Orleans; W. B. Van Rensselaer, Albany, N. Y.

Bankers: August Belmont, J. Pierrepont Morgan, Jr., John Claffin, Lisenard Stewart, James Crosby Brown, Payne Whitney, James C. Colgate, Stuyvesant Fish, Jr., Charles Stillman, George G. Haven, Stephen B. Elkins, H. Rogers Winthrop, Arthur Havemeyer, George R. Sheldon, J. Harsen Rhoades, Jr., E. D. Morgan, Hamilton McK. Twombly, and William Sloan, all of New York City; H. H. Rogers, Jr., Oliver Gould Jennings, and William L. Harkness of the Standard Oil Company; James N. Hill and Frederick Weyerhaeuser of St. Paul, Minn.; T. Jefferson Coolidge, Alfred L. Ripley, Nathaniel Thayer, Gordon Abbott, Frederick L. Ames, William Endicott, Jr.,

Robert M. Sears and Quincy Adams Shaw, Jr., and George R. Agassiz, all of Boston.

Other Prominent Members are: Charles F. Brush, Electrical Engineer and Inventor; Frederick Crowningshild, Artist; Richard H. Soule, Engineer; Austin Carey, Forester; Charles Waldstein, Archæologist; George S. Sheffield, Founder of Sheffield Scientific School; Walter Camp, Robert L. Cook, Julian W. Curtiss, George A. Ade, and Edward K. Hall, Authorities on Athletics; Charles A. Prouty and Francis A. Walker, Interstate Commerce Commission, and Chung Men Yew, Director General of Chinese Railroads; Baron Seijiro Hirai, President, Imperial Railways of Japan; Liang Tung Yen, formerly Secretary of State of the Chinese Empire, and Mario G. Menocal, president of Cuba.

## DELTA PHI



**T**HE Delta Phi fraternity, third in order of establishment of American College fraternities, was founded November 17, 1827, at Union College, Schenectady, New York. Delta Phi, with Kappa Alpha and Sigma Phi, which were established in the Fall of 1825 and the Spring of 1827 respectively, have been known as the Union Triad. The new societies after a few years met with opposition from the college faculty. The defense of fraternities was taken up by Delta Phi and John Jay Hyde of the class of 1834, as spokesman, presented the case before the faculty and trustees, stating the aims and objects of the fraternities so well that they were convinced that the continuance of fraternities such as Delta Phi would be beneficial to the college.

The founders of Delta Phi were Benjamin Burroughs of Savannah, Ga., clergyman in the Presbyterian church; William H. Fonday of Albany, N. Y., who later practiced law in Albany; Samuel L. Lamberson, of Jamaica, N. Y., who became a clergyman of the Presbyterian church; David H. Little, LL.D., of Rochester, N. Y., who was later a justice of the New York Supreme Court; Samuel C. Lawrison, M.D., of Pensacola, Fla., who was later a surgeon in the United States Navy; Thomas C. McLaury, D.D., of

Lisbon, N. Y., a clergyman; John Mason, of Baltimore, Md., a clergyman; Joseph G. Masten, of Buffalo, N. Y., who was mayor of that city from 1843 to 1846, and William Wilson, D.D., LL.D., president of the College of Cincinnati and bishop in the Protestant Episcopal Church.

These nine founders were all members of the class of 1828. Five of them were members of Phi Beta Kappa. The objects and purposes of the founders were "to consolidate their interests and at the same time mutually benefit each other," to maintain high standing as students and gentlemen and to foster cordial and fraternal relations. Delta Phi has closely adhered to its aim and purpose and has kept true to its traditions. It has been conservative in its establishment of chapters and has not sought to establish itself generally throughout the institutions of learning in the country, remaining to date as an essentially eastern fraternity. The age of this fraternity has given it a traditional association with many families, some of which are represented by three generations of members.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1827. Alpha, Union University .....	568
1838. Beta, Brown University .....	425
1841. Gamma, New York University .....	473
1842. Delta, Columbia University .....	537
1845. Epsilon, Rutgers College .....	426
1845. Zeta, Harvard University (1901) .....	219
1849. Eta, University of Pennsylvania .....	461
1854. Theta, Princeton University (1877) .....	119
1855. Iota, University of Michigan .....	146
1855. Kappa, University of North Carolina (1861) .....	37
1864. Lambda, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute .....	322
1874. Mu, Colgate University (1876) .....	11
1884. Nu, Lehigh University .....	169
1885. Xi, Johns Hopkins University .....	151
1889. Omicron, Sheffield Scientific School .....	481
1891. Pi, Cornell University .....	274

1908. Rho, University of Virginia .....	107
1917. Sigma, Trinity College (Conn.) .....	209
1919. Tau, University of Illinois .....	73

Active chapters, 15; inactive, 4; membership, 5,208.

The following chapters own houses: Brown, Columbia, Cornell, New York University, Pennsylvania, Rensselaer Polytechnic, Rutgers, Trinity, Union, Virginia, Yale. Total houses, 11; total valuation, \$563,000.

The Brown chapter has twice been inactive. It was last re-established in 1888. The Harvard chapter became inactive in 1848, was revived in 1885 and its charter was withdrawn in 1901. The Princeton chapter was withdrawn on account of the anti-fraternity regulations of the faculty. The Michigan chapter was withdrawn in 1874 and re-established in 1923. The North Carolina chapter became inactive in 1861, all but one of its members serving in the Confederate Army.

In 1917 a charter was granted to the oldest local society in existence located at Trinity. Which was established shortly after the foundation of Trinity, then called Washington College, as the "Corax Club." In 1829 this was developed into the I. K. A. Society (not Greek). The membership of I. K. A. in 1917 was 443 of which 180 were living. There were many prominent men on its roll.

While the number of chapters is small, those now living are within easy reach of one another, and the fraternity is unusually homogeneous in consequence.

The executive powers of the fraternity are vested in a Board of Governors a quarter of which are elected at each annual convention by the delegates representing the active chapters.

Catalogues have been published in 1845, 1851, 1868, 1875, 1883, 1887, 1893, 1897 and 1907. All of the early editions were compiled in the former manner of college triennials,

with Latin headings and sub-titles. In the edition of 1847 the names of the members of the Harvard chapter, which was then *sub rosa*, were printed in Hebrew. In the edition of 1851 each page had a border of characteristic emblems, the Harvard chapter being surrounded with designs of Bunker Hill monument, the Pennsylvania chapter with the name William Penn, etc. Pocket directories were published in 1913, 1916 and 1920.

The Delta Phi fraternity publishes a magazine called *Delta Phi Record* for the use of its members only, semi-annually. The first issue appeared under date of February 14, 1903, and is the official organ of the fraternity. It began in a very modest way and passed through several different sizes, until in 1911 the standard size of six by nine was adopted, and has become a publication of ninety-six pages of reading matter, and of twelve insert illustrations.

It is issued without charge and is sent to every member of the fraternity, but to no one else, and it exchanges with no other publication. Besides matters of vital fraternity interest, it contains articles of historical and present day interest to its own fraternity men, and is illustrated with pictures of chapter houses and college scenes and of individual members.

The badge is a maltese cross of gold, in the center of which is an elliptical disc, displaying the letters "Δ Φ"; the arms of the cross display a scroll and quill, an antique lamp, clasped hands, and a constellation of stars. This badge was adopted in 1832. The colors of the fraternity are blue and white.

Among the prominent names on the roll of Delta Phi are: Garret A. Hobart, Vice-President of the United States. U. S. Senators: Cushman K. Davis of Minnesota and Joseph E. Ransdell of Louisiana; Congressmen: Phillip H. Echols, Philo C. Sedgwick, John M. Bailey, George C.

Hazleton, Henry A. Reeves, Samuel S. Cox, Martin Brimmer, J. Winthrop Chanler, Charles H. Voorhis, David M. DeWitt, Sydenham B. Alexander, William Lounsbery, Thomas W. Miller, Richard Olney, 2d, and Herbert C. Pell, Jr.

Governors: Ludlow, of New Jersey; Davis of Minnesota; Gaston of Massachusetts; John G. Evans, of South Carolina; Regis H. Post of Porto Rico; W. Cameron Forbes of the Philippines; and E. N. Wright of the Choctaw Nation.

Presidents: Kendrick, of Vassar; Wilson, of Cincinnati; Totten, of Trinity; Demarest, of Rutgers; Granville, of Pennsylvania College; Powers, of Griswold; Durgin, of Hillsdale; and Rankin, of Hobart.

General George H. Sharpe, Dr. Howard Crosby of New York City; Dr. Howard Osgood of Rochester; Dr. Joseph H. Thayer of Cambridge; Gen. A. B. Underwood of Boston; Sanford R. Gifford and Henry R. Poore, the artists; Dr. Alfred L. Loomis, Rev. Dr. George D. Boardman, and Dr. R. Odgen Doremus and Dr. Theodore C. Janeway.

Bishops: Wm. E. Armitage, William Wilson, Henry Y. Satterlee, of Washington, and Philip M. Rhinelander of Pennsylvania; William H. Hurlburt and William M. Phillips, secretary of the American Embassy of London; Charles Scribner and John W. and Joseph A. Harper, the publishers; General Charles King, the well known novelist; Maurice Minton, Judge Miles Beach, Joseph Laroque, L. Laflin Kellogg, Judge E. Henry Lacombe of the U. S. Circuit Court at New York; Albert Gallatin, J. S. Auerbach, James Duane Livingston, Nelson P. Lewis, T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, Adrian H. Joline, Tunis G. Bergen, John Jacob Astor, J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., Henry P. Davison, Gen. Hezekiah Shailer, W. Bayard Cutting, John McL. Nash, R. Fulton Cutting of New York, Eckley B. Coxe,

John Cadwalader, Dr. Charles E. Cadwalader, George G. Meade, Jr., H. H. Furness, Jr., George Q. Horwitz, Alexander Van Rensselaer, Judge Clement B. Penrose, Morris L. Cooke, Director of Public Works, and A. Haller Gross of Philadelphia; Benjamin F. Jones, and James Laughlin of Pittsburg, Mayor Elias P. Mann and James H. Caldwell of Troy, N. Y., John N. Carpenter, and Mayor Drury W. Cooper, of New Brunswick, N. J., Arthur J. Baldwin, Leonard D. Baldwin, Joseph M. Janeson, Louis Roullion, Ellery O. Anderson.

Professors: Lane Cooper, of Cornell; William A. Lambertson and Arthur C. Howland, University of Pennsylvania; John J. Stevenson, of New York University; John B. Whitehead and Dean John Whitridge Williams, of Johns Hopkins; and Dana C. Munro, of the University of Wisconsin; St. George L. Sioussat, of the University of the South; Francis M. Hoyt and Dr. Albert W. Myers of Milwaukee, Wis.; Judge Garrett Dorsett Wall Vroom, of Trenton, of the Court of Errors and Appeals of New Jersey; Brigadier-Gen. Alfred Alexander Woodhull and George A. Armour of Princeton; James Marion Johnston, Charles H. Poor, Major-General Henry G. Sharpe; Brigadier-General James W. Lester; Colonel Ulysses S. Grant, 3d, Ross Winans Whistler and L. K. Wilmerding, W. Stuart Symington, Albert Cabell Ritchie, Stuart S. Janney, Charles McHenry Howard, and William B. Paca of Baltimore.



## DELTA PSI



**T**HE fraternity of Delta Psi was founded at Columbia College, January 17, 1847, by Charles Arms Budd and John Hone Anthon. This chapter was called the "Alpha." The fraternity was founded on a basis of good fellowship, and a good social position has usually been demanded as a qualification for membership. It admits honorary members.

The fraternity of Delta Psi now consists of seven chapters, which are located, in the order of their founding, as follows;

- 1847. Alpha, Columbia University.
- 1849. Delta, University of Pennsylvania.
- 1850. Epsilon, Trinity College (Conn.).
- 1853. Lambda, Williams College.
- 1850. Upsilon, University of Virginia.
- 1868. Sigma, Sheffield Scientific School (Yale University).
- 1889. Tau, Mass. Institute of Technology.

Prior to the Civil War, chapters existed at New York University (1847), Rutgers College (1848), Burlington College (1849), South Carolina Univ. (1850), Princeton Univ. and the Univ. of Rochester both founded in 1851, Brown University (1852), Randolph-Macon College (1853), University of North Carolina (1854), University

of Mississippi (1855), Cumberland University (1858), and Washington and Lee University founded in 1869 after the war.

The Southern chapters became extinct during the Civil War and only those at the University of Mississippi and the University of Virginia were revived at its close. The University of Mississippi chapter became inactive in 1912 as the result of the abolishing of fraternities there and the chapter at New York University was absorbed in 1853 by the chapter at Columbia University. The Rutgers chapter was transferred to the University of Pennsylvania in 1854, the fraternity withdrew the charters of Washington and Lee in 1888 and Rochester University in 1895.

The total registration of the fraternity is 4601, of which 2910, were living on June 30, 1922.

Each chapter owns its St. Anthony Hall in which, with the exception of that at Trinity, its members live. St. Anthony Hall at Yale was the gift of Frederick W. Vanderbilt, a member of the chapter and St. Anthony Hall at Trinity was given by Robert H. Coleman a member of the Trinity chapter. The total value of fraternity real estate is \$500,000. In New York City, Philadelphia and Boston, the alumni have formed St. Anthony Clubs which are separate from the undergraduate chapters in those cities.

The first catalogue of the members was issued in 1876 and re-issued in 1889, 1898, 1906, 1912 and 1920. During the last thirty years many applications for chapters have been declined because of the fraternity's policy against further expansion.

Among prominent members, living and dead, are: Luke E. Wright, General, U. S. A., Governor of Philippines, and Secretary of War; Charles J. Faulker, U. S. Senator, West Va., Willard Saulsbury, U. S. Senator, Delaware; Joseph W. Bailey, U. S. Senator, Texas; Hamilton Fish.

U. S. House of Representatives, New York; Lawrence B. Stephens, Governor, Missouri; George R. Carter, Governor, Hawaii; Willard Bartlett, Judge Court of Appeals, New York; Lewis S. Chanler, Lieut. Governor of New York; Hernando Desoto Money, U. S. Senator, Miss.; Charles Cuthbert Hall Pres. Union Theological Seminary; J. Howard Van Amringe, Dean of Columbia College; Brander Matthews, Professor of English Literature; William Fellowes Morgan, Pres. Merchants Ass'n of New York; Herbert L. Satterlee, Ass't Secretary of Navy; Stewart L. Woodford, Minister to Spain; Samuel Sloane, Vice-Pres. Farmers Loan & Trust Co.; William C. Doane, Bishop of Albany; Richard H. Nelson, Bishop of Albany, and Bishop James S. Johnston of Georgia; Thomas Nelson Page, Author and U. S. Minister to Italy; Charles Steele, Lawyer and Financier; William P. Clyde, Merchant; Stuyvesant Fish, Financier; Nicholas Fish, Minister to Belgium; Elwell S. Otis, Major General U. S. A., and Editor; Chester H. Aldrich, Architect; Goodhue Livingston, Architect; Franklin Chase Hoyt, Justice of Children's Court; Vance C. McCormick, Chairman Democratic Natl. Campaign Committee; Valentine Mott, Physician; George L. Rives, Ass't. Secretary of State; J. G. Phelps Stokes, Educator; J. Mayhew Wainright, Ass't. Secretary of War; W. Seward Webb, Pres. & Director of Railroads; William Barclay Parsons, Engineer; James A. McCrea, Railroads; Charles W. Whittlesey, Col. "Lost Battalion"; J. Edward Simmons, Pres. 4th Natl. Bank, N. Y.

## DELTA SIGMA PHI



**D**ELTA Sigma Phi was founded at the College of the City of New York on December 10, 1899. Membership is confined to men of the Caucasian race, whose "ideals and beliefs are those of modern Christian civilization."

The chapter roll is as follows:

1899. Alpha, College of the City of New York .....	193
1903. Beta, Columbia University (1914) .....	30
1903. Gamma, New York University .....	170
1904. Delta, Massachusetts Institute of Technology (1909) ....	32
1905. Epsilon, Pennsylvania State College .....	102
1906. Zeta, Washington and Lee University (1914) .....	42
1906. Eta, University of Texas .....	254
1906. Theta, Cornell University .....	73
1908. Iota, University of Pennsylvania .....	160
1908. Kappa, Alabama Polytechnic Institute .....	75
1909. Lambda, Trinity University, Texas (1909) .....	
1915. Lambda, Southern Methodist University .....	160
1910. Mu, University of Chicago .....	165
1910. Nu, Waynesburg College .....	112
1912. Omicron, Cumberland University (1918) .....	140
1915. Rho, North Carolina State College .....	95
1915. Sigma, Thiel College .....	130
1915. Tau, Hillsdale College .....	105

1915. Hilgard, University of California .....	230
1915. Upsilon, Franklin and Marshall College .....	130
1916. Phi, St. Louis University .....	150
1916. Chi, Tulane University .....	80
1916. Psi, Wofford College .....	75
1916. Omega, University of Pittsburgh .....	140
1917. Alpha Tau, Albion College .....	148
1919. Alpha Alpha, University of Illinois .....	85
1920. Alpha Beta, Boston University .....	72
1920. Alpha Gamma, Georgia School of Technology .....	50
1920. Alpha Delta, University of North Carolina .....	54
1920. Alpha Epsilon, Trinity College, North Carolina .....	40
1920. Alpha Zeta, Alfred University .....	85
1920. Alpha Eta, Ohio Northern University .....	90
1920. Alpha Theta, University of Michigan .....	50
1920. Alpha Iota, Ohio State University .....	65
1920. Alpha Kappa, University of Wisconsin .....	70
1921. Alpha Lambda, James Millikin University .....	60
1921. Alpha Mu, University of Virginia .....	74
1922. Alpha Nu, Oglethorpe University .....	50
1922. Alpha Omicron, McGill University .....	40
1923. Alpha Pi, Michigan Agricultural College .....	56

Active chapters 35, inactive 4, membership 3,941.

The following chapters own houses: Penn State; Cornell; Pennsylvania; Thiel; Hillsdale; California; Franklin & Marshall; Albion; Illinois; North Carolina; Alfred; Ohio Northern; Wisconsin; James Millikin and Michigan. Houses owned 15. Valuation \$225,000.

The charters of the chapters at Columbia, Massachusetts Tech. and Washington and Lee were revoked. The chapter at Cumberland became dormant during the Great War. The charter originally granted to Trinity University Texas, was transferred to Southern Methodist University when anti-fraternity laws at the former institution became effective.

The chapter at Penn State was inactive from 1908 to 1920. The Alabama Tech. chapter was dormant from 1911 to

1920; the Cornell chapter quiescent since 1910 was revived in 1923.

Prior to 1906, the chapters were given names derived from the place where they were located. Since that time the simpler Greek letter nomenclature has been used with one exception.

Most of the chapters chartered since 1906 were formerly local organizations. Some of them had been in existence many years before giving up their local identity.

Hilgard chapter was formerly Hilgard Club which had been in existence fifteen years prior to its admission. The Alpha Zeta chapter, Alfred University founded in 1901 as the Ku Klux Klan, was chartered in 1920. Perhaps unique in the history of Greek letter fraternities, was the chartering of the Knickerbocker Club, University of Michigan which had enjoyed a continuous existence since 1888, thus having been founded a decade prior to the founding of the fraternity with which the local later became affiliated.

During the Great War, many of the chapters were temporarily dormant. The Lambda and Phi chapters enlisted to a man in the service of the Country. These chapters were rapidly revived and have since enjoyed prosperous records.

A unique feature of Delta Sigma Phi is its Extra-Degree system, similar to the Masonic system of progression. There are five degrees in all, the first being given to the novice or neophyte after pledging; the second is bestowed before graduation. The remaining degrees are given only to alumni, and the final degree, the Patriarchal Order, is bestowed only upon members of the fraternity who have performed distinguished services for the fraternity. Patriarchs are elected at convention. Each degree also has its particular modification of the regular badge.

The government of the fraternity is vested in the National Convention. Prior to 1919, the convention met annually; since then conventions have been held biennially.

The administrative work of the fraternity is carried on by a Board of Governors composed of seven members of whom three are members of the administrative council; the administrative council has power between meetings of the board of governors, who convene twice yearly. There are three vice-presidents, each having important and special functions.

The fraternity maintains a central office in Washington D. C., and employs a general secretary, who conducts all the business of the fraternity and acts as secretary to the Board of Governors.

For the purpose of passing on charter grants, the fraternity has divided the country into four provinces. For the purpose of administration, the country is divided into eleven districts, each district being in charge of a district deputy.

The fraternity has recently adopted a permanent endowment and building fund program designed to raise a definite amount of money every year by a chapter tax, life membership fees, together with a percentage of the annual income of the national office.

To promote interest in scholarship and athletics two cups are competed for and awarded annually.

There are fourteen alumni organizations located in large cities.

The fraternity publishes a quarterly exoteric magazine called *The Carnation*, first published in June 1907. An esoteric publication, called the *Sphinx*, and issued quarterly was first published in January 1923.

The badge is a diamond displaying the letters Δ Σ Φ along its short diagonal in gold on a background of black enamel.

At the upper apex is a circle of white displaying a pyramid of green. At the lower apex is a sphinx in gold. The colors are Nile green and white. The flower is the white carnation. The pledge pin is a green pyramid in a white circle.



Among the prominent members are the following: Dr. Leo S. Rowe, Secretary Pan-American Union; Congressman Lon A. Scott; Mayor O. B. Black, San Antonio; College President Dr. Booth C. Davis, Alfred University; Alphonse G. Eberle, Dean of Institute of Law, St. Louis University; Federal Judge, Nathan Green, Tennessee; Assistant Attorney General of Missouri, Jennings Bryan Purteet; International Scientist, Eugene Woldemar Hilgard; Editors, Maurice T. VanHecke and Dr. Clyde L. King; Soldiers, Lieutenant Jacques M. Swaab, third ranking ace, U. S. Air Force; Judge Advocate Major Robert E. Hannay Jr., Major Van Lorens Bohnson; Prominent Educators, Edward O. Amundsen, U. S., University of South Africa. Scientists, Curtis P. Clausen. Among others are Robert E. Bering, oil magnate of Texas and George Wisecarver, head of the Carbo-Hydrogen Company. Wayne Burk Davis, Commander American Legion, State of Texas. Charles F. Binns is a famous authority on ceramics.



## DELTA TAU DELTA



THIS fraternity was founded at Bethany College, West Virginia, by Richard H. Alfred, Eugene Tarr, John C. Johnson and Alexander C. Earle, with the assistance of Wm. R. Cunningham, John L. N. Hunt, Jacob S. Lowe and Henry K. Bell. An informal organization was effected in the spring term of 1858, but the adoption of motto, badge and constitution did not occur until early in February, 1859.

The parent chapter speedily established several chapters, and then, as the college attendance declined in the confusion incident to the outbreak of the War, it ceased to exist. It was afterwards re-established, but its charter was withdrawn in 1895. The administration of the fraternity, upon the extinction of the Bethany chapter, passed into the hands of the chapter at Jefferson College.

The following is the chapter roll, with the initiates of each chapter :

1859. Theta, Bethany College (1895) .....	242
1859. Gamma, West Liberty College (1862) .....	13
1861. Washington and Jefferson College .....	414
1862. Beta, Ohio University .....	408
1863. Alpha Allegheny College .....	484
1864. Gamma Sigma, University of Pittsburgh .....	213
1865. Kappa, Poughkeepsie Collegiate Institute (1867) .....	28
1865. Lambda, Monmouth College (1872) .....	110

1865. Mu, Waynesburgh College (1866) .....	9
1866. Mu, Ohio Wesleyan University .....	378
1867. Kappa, Hillsdale College .....	406
1868. Iota, Jamestown Collegiate Institute (1871) .....	22
1869. Lambda, Lombard College (1885) .....	110
1870. Beta Alpha, Indiana University .....	396
1871. Delta, University of Michigan .....	414
1871. Beta Beta, De Pauw University .....	303
1871. Rho, Lake Shore Seminary (1875) .....	26
1872. Beta Upsilon, University of Illinois .....	325
1872. Phi, Hanover College (1895) .....	117
1872. Tau, Pennsylvania State College .....	296
1872. Chi, Franklin College (Ind.) (1877) .....	30
1872. Iota, Michigan State College (1897) .....	200
1872. Beta Psi, Wabash College .....	195
1873. Eta, Buchtel College (1895) .....	126
1873. Xi, Simpson College (1894) .....	111
1874. Rho, Stevens Institute of Technology .....	280
1874. Tau, Franklin and Marshall College (1896) .....	81
1874. Beta Lambda, Lehigh University .....	197
1874. Nu, Lafayette College .....	378
1874. Chi, Iowa Wesleyan College (1880) .....	24
1875. Sigma, Mt. Union College (1884) .....	114
1875. Gamma Pi, Iowa State College .....	302
1875. Alpha Beta, Abingdon College (1876) .....	14
1875. Beta Zeta, Butler College .....	303
1876. Epsilon, Albion College .....	380
1877. Beta Epsilon, Illinois Wesleyan University (1880) .....	17
1878. Beta Iota, Adrian College (1884) .....	10
1879. Psi, Wooster College (1913) .....	129
1879. Upsilon, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute .....	286
1880. Omicron, University of Iowa .....	402
1881. Chi, Kenyon College .....	240
1882. Gamma Epsilon, Columbia University .....	203
1882. Beta Delta, University of Georgia .....	268
1882. Beta Epsilon, Emory College .....	279
1882. Zeta, Western Reserve University .....	221
1883. Beta Theta, University of the South .....	296
1883. Beta Eta, University of Minnesota .....	296
1883. Beta Kappa, University of Colorado .....	291
1886. Pi, University of Mississippi (1912) .....	311

1886. Lambda, Vanderbilt University .....	253
1888. Beta Iota, University of Virginia .....	223
1888. Beta Gamma, University of Wisconsin .....	366
1889. Beta Sigma, Boston University (1892) .....	31
1889. Beta Mu, Tufts College .....	289
1889. Beta Nu, Massachusetts Institute of Technology .....	251
1889. Beta Xi, Tulane University .....	181
1890. Beta Omicron, Cornell University .....	342
1891. Sigma, Williams College (1896) .....	27
1893. Beta Pi, Northwestern University .....	301
1893. Beta Rho, Stanford University .....	227
1894. Beta Tau, University of Nebraska .....	306
1894. Beta Phi, Ohio State University .....	262
1896. Beta Chi, Brown University .....	270
1896. Phi, Washington and Lee University .....	148
1897. Omega, University of Pennsylvania .....	269
1898. Beta Omega, University of California .....	235
1898. Gamma Alpha, University of Chicago .....	229
1901. Gamma Beta, Armour Institute of Technology .....	271
1901. Gamma Gamma, Dartmouth College .....	291
1901. Gamma Delta, West Virginia University .....	197
1902. Gamma Zeta, Wesleyan University .....	316
1903. Gamma Eta, George Washington University .....	250
1903. Gamma Theta, Baker University .....	253
1904. Gamma Iota, University of Texas .....	216
1905. Gamma Kappa, University of Missouri .....	238
1907. Gamma Lambda, Purdue University .....	216
1908. Gamma Mu, University of Washington .....	195
1908. Gamma Nu, University of Maine .....	243
1909. Gamma Xi, University of Cincinnati .....	137
1910. Gamma Omicron, Syracuse University .....	208
1913. Gamma Rho, University of Oregon .....	147
1914. Gamma Tau, University of Kansas .....	166
1916. Gamma Upsilon, Miami University .....	121
1918. Gamma Phi, Amherst College .....	134
1919. Gamma Chi, Kansas State .....	122
1921. Gamma Psi, Georgia Institute of Technology .....	51
1921. Gamma Omega, University of North Carolina .....	67
1922. Delta Alpha, University of Oklahoma .....	46
1923. Delta Beta, Carnegie Institute of Technology .....	62
1858, La Grange College (1861) .....	14

1871, Furman University (1874) .....	21
1872, Erskine College (1884) .....	65
1872, Stewart College (1873) .....	9
1873, Wofford College (1875) .....	19
1874, Neophogen College (1874) .....	7
1880, Chamberlin-Hunt Academy (1886) .....	22
1883, University of Texas (1886) .....	15
1884, Emory and Henry (1884) .....	13
1884, University of Tennessee (1884) .....	12

Active chapters, 66; inactive, 23; membership, 19,275.

The following chapters do not own houses: Armour, Butler, Emory, George Washington, Georgia, Georgia Tech., Kenyon, Mass. Inst. of Tech., Miami, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pittsburgh, Rensselaer, Syracuse, Washington-Jefferson and Carnegie Tech. Houses owned, 50; total valuation, \$1,275,000.

In the foregoing list, when a chapter has had several designations the latest one has been given. The chapters whose names are grouped last are chapters of the Rainbow fraternity, and are not to be credited as inactive chapters of Delta Tau Delta, although by the terms of the union between the two fraternities their names are catalogued with those of Delta Tau Delta, and they are entitled to membership in it.

The charter of the Bethany chapter was withdrawn in 1895. The present Washington and Jefferson chapter was formed from the union of the two chapters at these colleges when the colleges were consolidated. Both chapters were organized in 1861. The chapters at West Liberty College and the Monongalia Academy were withdrawn by the Jefferson chapter. The Monmouth chapter was killed by anti-fraternity laws. The Franklin College chapter returned its charter at the request of the college faculty, in order to become an open literary society.

The Pittsburgh chapter was originally established at the old Western University of Pennsylvania in 1864, continu-

ing a chapter that had been established at the Monongalia Academy in 1861, and became inactive in 1871. It was revived in 1877 and died again in 1879. It was revived in 1914 by the absorption of a local called Alpha Alpha. The original chapter at Pennsylvania State College lasted but a year. It was killed by anti-fraternity laws and was revived in 1912 by the absorption of a local Alpha Kappa Delta.

The chapters at the University of Mississippi and Vanderbilt were chapters of the Rainbow or the W. W. W. society which, united with Delta Tau Delta in 1886, after lengthy negotiations. Out of compliment to this society the name of the journal was changed from the *Crescent* to *The Rainbow*. The Mississippi chapter became inactive in 1912 as the result of the state anti-fraternity laws.

There are alumni club houses in New York, Washington, Boston and Detroit, and alumni chapters in most of the important cities.

The most important of the fraternity publications is its journal. This was commenced as a monthly in September, 1877, at Cincinnati, under the direction of W. C. Buchanan. It was called the *Crescent*, from one of the fraternity's prominent emblems. In 1878 its control was assumed by the Allegheny chapter, and it was issued from Meadville, Pa., until 1884, when it was transferred to Chicago, and the next year to Cleveland. In 1886, upon the union with the Rainbow fraternity, its name was changed to *The Rainbow*, and its place of publication to Chattanooga, and thence, in 1889, to Minneapolis, Minn. In 1893 it was edited at Gambier, Ohio, and published at Columbus, Ohio. In the fall of 1894 it was removed to Cambridge, Mass., in 1897 to Boston and in 1899 to New York where it has since remained. All of the chapters publish periodicals several times a year.

The catalogue of the fraternity has been issued seven times. The first edition was published at Delaware, Ohio, in 1870, contained 32 pages, and was without an index. The names were arranged in alphabetical order under each chapter, but were not divided into classes. The same arrangement was preserved in the second edition, issued from the same place in 1874. The third edition was published at Meadville, Pa., in 1876, and the names of the members of all the active chapters were arranged by classes, and the old system was continued for those of the inactive chapters. The fourth edition was also issued from Meadville in 1889, the chapters being arranged in groups. The fifth edition was published at New York, in 1884, under the auspices of the Stevens chapter. It contained an introduction by one of the founders of the fraternity, a short history of the fraternity, and a statement of facts concerning the institution at which each chapter was located. The data concerning each member was quite complete, and the chapter list was followed by a residence directory and tables of relationship. The sixth edition was printed in Philadelphia in 1897, but was edited by C. R. Churchill, of New Orleans. It was a small octavo in size, and the chapter rolls contained only the names and addresses of the members, with some few statements as to occupations and similar facts. A supplement was published in 1902. A seventh edition was published in 1917 under the editorship of Frank Rogers, consisting of 1,142 pages. Besides containing complete biographical data of each initiate, arranged by classes under chapter headings, it included a necrology list.

In 1879 W. C. Buchanan published a list of attorneys who were members of the fraternity. A Songbook, with 44 pieces of music, was issued in 1886. A second revised edition was published in 1906, of which there have been five reprints in pocket size editions.

The affairs of the fraternity down to 1883 were administered through one chapter. It is presumed that the Bethany chapter exercised parental authority over the other chapters previous to its suspension in 1861. From that time until 1869, the seat of authority was with the chapter at Jefferson College, and after that until 1874 with the chapter at Ohio Wesleyan University; when that chapter disbanded, the Allegheny chapter became the head of the order, and so continued until 1883, when this system was abolished and an executive council was appointed. This council was the outgrowth of an extension committee that had done efficient work for the fraternity, and its functions were prescribed in a new constitution which went into effect January 1, 1884. The council was composed of five graduate and four undergraduate members elected by the convention. The officers of the fraternity were the graduate members; and the undergraduate members were the secretaries of the geographical divisions into which the fraternity was divided. On Jan. 1, 1888 with the adoption of the present constitution the name of the executive council was changed to the "Arch Chapter," five members being elected by the biennial conventions, and one member by each of the division conferences. The latter four members are presidents of their respective divisions and are generally alumni.

Delta Tau Delta has for some years past made an unusual effort to improve the scholarship of its members. This has been an organized national effort and not a matter of individual chapter work. Each chapter is held to account for its standing in this regard. The result of this plan has been very gratifying.

The badge of the fraternity is a nearly square shield with concave sides, displaying the gold letters "Δ T Δ" on black enamel; above is an eye; below a crescent, and in each corner a star. A six-pointed star, bearing the same

symbols, with the addition of the clasped hands and anchor, was formerly worn, but was legislated out of existence by the convention of 1878. The color of the fraternity was



purple down to 1879, when silver gray was united with it; since 1888 the colors have been changed to purple, gold and white. The fraternity flower is the pansy. The pledge button is black and gold.

Among prominent alumni are the following: Henry C. Wallace, Secretary of Agriculture; E. J. Henning, Assistant Secretary of Labor; Washington Gardner, Commissioner of Pensions and former Commander-in-Chief of the G. A. R.; Frank White, Treasurer of the United States; Charles B. Warren, Ambassador to Japan; Stuart J. Fuller, Consul General at large.

U. S. Senator Park Trammel and Congressmen: D. R. Anthony, B. G. Humphreys, Homer Hoch, John L. Cable, A. W. Barkley, F. S. Purnell, G. F. Brumm, W. W. Hastings, C. M. Thompson, H. M. Jacoway, W. A. Cullop, Cyrus Cline, S. F. Prouty, C. S. Sloan, C. E. Pickett, J. A. McDowell, John Sanford, E. J. Hainer, Champ Clark and James R. Mann.

Governors: Henry J. Allen of Kansas, G. W. Atkinson of West Virginia, and Lloyd Lowndes of Maryland.

Bishops: E. H. Hughes, W. F. Anderson, F. J. McConnell, C. B. Mitchell, W. A. Quayle, C. E. Locke and H. L. Smith of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and W. T. Manning and R. L. Harris of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Clergymen: C. E. Jefferson of Broadway Tabernacle, New York; H. L. Willett, E. W. O'Neal and L. A. Crandall of Chicago; H. H. Crane of Malden, Mass.; W. P. McLaughlin, C. W. Drees; Hudson Stuck, Archdeacon of the Yukon.

College presidents: K. C. Babcock, University of Ari-



zona, now dean at Illinois; F. J. McConnell and E. H. Hughes of De Pauw; A. A. Kincannon of Mississippi; A. C. Humpreys of Stevens; J. W. Mauck of South Dakota and Hillsdale; Samuel Dickie of Albion; T. C. Howe of Butler; W. A. Millis of Hanover; C. A. Lory of Colorado State Agricultural College; T. H. MacBride of Iowa.

Deans: C. E. Edmonston, Indiana; F. T. Stockton, South Dakota; R. B. Dennis and R. L. Heilman, Northwestern; C. R. Melcher, Kentucky; W. G. Hormell and C. B. Austin, Ohio Wesleyan; E. J. Townsend and Eugene Davenport, Illinois; A. O. Leuschner, California; P. G. Worcester, Colorado.

Authors and journalists: George Horton, Frederick Palmer, Herbert Adams Gibbons, Max Ehrmann, Glen Frank, Chester H. Rowell, Homer Croy, Will Carlton, Howard C. Hillegas, James N. Mathews.

Lawyers: W. W. Cook of New York, author of "Cook on Corporations"; J. S. Sexton of Mississippi; H. M. Holden of Atlanta; James M. Swift of Boston; Constant Southworth of Akron; James A. Wakefield of Pittsburgh; W. F. Dickinson of Chicago; E. B. Stotsenburg of New Albany, Ind.; P. S. Van Cice of Denver; H. H. Brown of Tonopah, Nev.; James B. Curtis; Charles O. Maas.

Among others: August Ziesing, president of American Bridge Co.; Bion J. Arnold, engineer; A. W. Thompson, president of Philadelphia Co.; S. L. Avery, president of U. S. Gypsum Co.; A. R. Brunker, president of Liquid Carbonic Co.; O. A. Zayas of New York, former Consul General of Cuba to the United States; Dr. Frank Wieland of Chicago; Victor T. Price of Cincinnati; J. Luther Taylor of Pittsburgh, Kan.; Ira B. Blackstock of Springfield, Ill.; B. C. Downey of Indianapolis; F. C. Hodgdon and A. Bruce Bielaski of New York; A. J. Elliott, general secretary of college Y. M. C. A.; Major General I. W. Littell, U. S. A.;

F. R. Bartholomew, cartoonist; Glenn Newell, George and Worth Brehm and Graham Cootes, artists and illustrators; George Sisler of St. Louis; William Kent author of "Kent's Handbook"; John A. Bensel, former state engineer of New York; Major Archibald W. Butt, U. S. A.: Willard D. Straight.

## DELTA UPSILON



**D**ELTA UPSILON was founded as an organized protest against the domination in college affairs, of the small groups forming the secret societies. It was charged that under the veil of secrecy and mystery and with the vantage ground of compact union, they entered the college literary societies and speedily assumed control of the organizations, gaining influence in elections and prominence at commencement for reasons other than merit. In the development of the new societies, the membership of the colleges was far too large to be wholly embraced, so they were charged with being undemocratic and tending toward a social aristocracy. In addition to this, there was much popular opposition to secrecy, showing itself in violent opposition to the Freemasons, who were charged with abductions and murders of members who had betrayed the secrets of the lodge. This popular feeling naturally was reflected on the campus, and there was a sudden evolution of local or sectional anti-secret societies in most of the colleges to which the fraternity system had been extended.

In these anti-secret societies were two classes of men; one whose only aim was to combat and if possible destroy the fraternities, and another, who saw the advantages of the close union, zeal, mutual interest and fraternal sentiment of the new societies, and who wished to obtain these

advantages without the feature of secrecy which seemed to them objectionable.

The anti-secret societies, with but few exceptions, died or were amalgamated into what finally became Delta Upsilon. Both the radical and conservative elements were included. The former gradually gave way as in the East the old literary societies disappeared one by one. At first a confederation of independent units known as The Anti-Secret Confederation, it adopted a constitution in 1852 that made it a fraternity composed of chapters and having general fraternity officers. The motto, *Dikaia Upotheke*, and the name, Delta Upsilon, were in use for many years before formal adoption and even before the adoption of the badge. The name "Anti-Secret Confederation" seemed to have but a brief life, "Equitable Fraternity" or "Equitable Union, Delta Upsilon Fraternity," being commonly used names that showed the fraternity idea before it appeared in definite shape in the constitution.

As the society grew in strength and numbers the need of a positive rather than a negative object became apparent. The relations with the secret fraternities changed; from open war the opposition became amicable rivalry; from being enemies the members of the opposing orders became friends. The aims, objects, purposes, methods of organization and government and the kind of work done by the secret societies and Delta Upsilon gradually approached each other and are practically identical now. Today, through the Interfraternity Conference, these societies are co-operating that were once bitter enemies.

The parent chapter was formed at Williams College on November 4th, 1834, and was variously known as The Social Fraternity, The Equitable Fraternity and Ouden Adelon or O. A., being the last chapter to adopt the name of Delta Upsilon and the present badge. From the first the

granting of new charters was the subject of ballot among the members of the confederation, there being no special powers appertaining to the parent chapter, which, however, at the time of its death during the Civil War, was still bitterly hostile to the secret societies. By the time it was revived the attitude in the rest of the fraternity had changed by almost imperceptible degrees so that there was no opposition to the action of the convention of 1881 in striking out the words "anti-secret" from the constitution and substituting "non-secret." The features of this non-secrecy may be summed up about as follows: the significance of the fraternity's motto is public, there is no grip and no secret password. Its constitution and the records of its conventions have always been public while it is only within recent years that this has been true of the other fraternities. Strangers are not usually admitted to chapter meetings, but there is seldom reason for their admission. In a word, the decent privacy of most business or social organizations is observed as a matter of custom instead of oath. For many years the fraternity has admitted its members through an initiation ritual, which, while no more secret than the rest of its material, is nevertheless generally considered a purely private affair.

The first convention was held in 1847 with four societies represented: The Equitable Fraternity of Williams, The Equitable Union of Union College, The Social Fraternity of Hamilton and Delta Sigma of Amherst. Since that time chapters have been established as follows:

1834. Williams College <sup>1</sup> .....	808
1838. Union University .....	784

<sup>1</sup> The chapters are named after the colleges except in the case of the chapter at the College of the City of New York, which is called the "Manhattan" chapter. The dates given in the case of the chapters founded previous to 1860, are the dates of the foundation of the various local organizations

1847. Hamilton College .....	517
1847. Amherst College .....	781
1847. Western Reserve University .....	396
1850. Wesleyan University .....	151
1852. Colby College .....	559
1852. University of Rochester .....	587
1856. Middlebury College .....	467
1857. Bowdoin College .....	368
1858. Rutgers College .....	481
1858. Washington and Jefferson College (1870) .....	80
1865. Colgate University .....	548
1865. New York University .....	473
1868. Miami University .....	209
1868. Brown University .....	585
1869. Cornell University .....	468
1869. Trinity College, Conn. (1876) .....	18
1870. Marietta College .....	364
1873. Syracuse University .....	474
1874. College of the City of New York (1879) .....	19
1876. University of Michigan .....	415
1880. Northwestern University .....	377
1880. Harvard University .....	766
1885. University of Wisconsin .....	415
1885. Lafayette College .....	337
1885. Columbia University .....	359
1885. Lehigh University .....	304
1886. Tufts College .....	349
1887. DePauw University .....	315
1888. University of Pennsylvania .....	379
1890. University of Minnesota .....	316
1891. Massachusetts Institute of Technology .....	282
1893. Swarthmore College .....	266
1896. Stanford University .....	234
1896. University of California .....	255
1898. McGill University .....	198
1898. University of Nebraska .....	272
1899. University of Toronto .....	236
1901. University of Chicago .....	224

which formed the confederation. These are deemed proper, because all of the alumni were carried over with these societies and it was a confederation of units and not an absorption of locals by a general fraternity.

1904. Ohio State University .....	244
1905. University of Illinois .....	248
1910. University of Washington .....	183
1911. Pennsylvania State College .....	182
1913. Iowa State College .....	149
1914. Purdue University .....	153
1915. University of Indiana .....	176
1917. Carnegie Institute of Technology .....	160
1920. University of Kansas .....	130
1922. Oregon State College .....	74
1922. University of Virginia .....	31

Active chapters, 48; inactive, 3; membership, 17,167.

All the chapters except Carnegie, Colby, Tufts, Virginia, Washington and Wesleyan own houses. Total houses 42; total valuation \$1,195,000.

The Hamilton chapter has had the longest continuous existence of any of the chapters, and to its efforts is due the existence of many of them. The local  $\Delta \Psi$  society of the University of Vermont joined the confederation in 1851, but withdrew in 1854, retaining all of its members, preferring to become a local secret society, so that it is not counted as a chapter of Delta Upsilon, although its charter has never been withdrawn.

The Wesleyan chapter was inactive from 1852 to 1919. A number of others became inactive at the time of the Civil War but were revived later.

With the establishment of the Wisconsin chapter in 1885 the fraternity began a movement westward and its growth in the west and its extension into Canada have been features of its numerical progress. All the chapters, established since 1891, were originally organized as local societies, the fraternity constitution, as adopted in that year, fixing a minimum period of preliminary existence before an application for a charter could be considered. Chapters are now admitted by unanimous vote of the convention and requiring

the concurrence of the Annual Assembly of trustees. All petitions are investigated through a Board on Petitioning Societies consisting of alumni. This Board first passes on the institution after a thorough examination of its curriculum, financial status, faculty and social conditions, and if it seems to offer a good field a similar scientific examination is made of the petitioners.

The alumni organization is a thorough one, under the care of the Graduate Board. Alumni clubs are chartered under proper conditions and are entitled to a delegate to the convention who may vote on all matters save the admission of new chapters. The clubs in many cities hold weekly lunches and all are engaged in some definite work. Some manage employment agencies, others aid in selecting new members and in vocational guidance for undergraduates. The New York Club has a Glee Club which gives two concerts annually and is largely composed of professional singers.

A central office is maintained with a clerical force and a salaried full-time secretary who makes annual visits to the chapters and alumni clubs. The office is the clearing house for the varied activities of undergraduates and alumni.

The government of the fraternity is of a two-fold character. Prior to 1909 the fraternity had the form of organization common to most of the fraternities. In that year, by vote of the Boston convention, the fraternity was incorporated under the New York law. All members of the fraternity are members of the corporation and have the right to vote every three years through their respective chapters for a chapter representative, who is called a trustee. The trustees, now 44 in number, elect fifteen directors from their number and choose such officers as are designated. The trustees' assent is required to make valid any amendments to the fraternity constitution and any grants of char-



ters, which are made by unanimous vote of the general convention, held annually with the various chapters or alumni clubs. The conventions elect an executive council of six alumni and three undergraduates to handle the funds raised from undergraduate assessments, and to carry out the convention enactments.

In 1917 the Constitution was further amended so as to state legally what had always been morally true, that a man becoming a member of the Fraternity by initiation remained such to the time of his death. This was made plain by stating that "The alumni and active members shall constitute the chapter and except as otherwise herein or in the by-Laws provided, shall enjoy equal rights and privileges." The alumni are given by this amendment the privilege of the vote in chapter meetings on all matters except the election of the chapter officers and of undergraduate delegates to the Annual Convention. They, therefore, have the right to vote on new members, and no chapter can become permanently inactive save by the death of all its alumni. This amendment made possible the revival of the Canadian chapters which had been dormant during the war. With this privilege goes a responsibility for the support of the General Fraternity. Every alumnus is liable to an annual tax which includes a free subscription to the fraternity magazine. This tax may be commuted by the single payment of a specified sum which includes a life subscription to the magazine. At present these commutations are being placed in an Endowment Fund now approximately \$50,000.

Members of the fraternity are barred from membership in all societies represented in more than one institution of learning, with the exception of strictly professional and honorary societies, and are specifically barred from membership in "T. N. E."

Catalogues of the Williams chapter, under the name of

the "Social Fraternity," were published in 1837 and 1844; one of the "Anti-Secret Confederation" in 1853 (Albany, N. Y.), and one of the "Anti-Secret Confederation," or "Delta Upsilon Fraternity," in 1859 (Springfield, Mass.). Since then catalogues under the name of Delta Upsilon have been published in 1864, 1867 and 1870, all at Utica, N. Y.; in 1874 at Rochester, N. Y.; in 1877 at Central Falls, R. I.; in 1880 at Northampton, Mass.; in 1884 and 1891 at Boston, and in 1897, 1903 and 1917 at New York.

Six editions of the "Delta Upsilon Songbook" have been published, in 1866, 1877, 1884, 1906, 1915 and 1918; the first, third and fifth at Rochester, the second and sixth in New York, and the fourth in Philadelphia.

The "Delta Upsilon Annual" is a report of the proceedings of the convention, and is published by The Council. A small manual of statistics called "Our Record" was published in 1886.

The "Delta Upsilon Manual" is a handbook published by the fraternity for the information of its members. It contains, in addition to the chapter roll and a history of the fraternity, the Constitution and By-Laws; insignia rules; rules for expulsion and suspension; the organization of the fraternity; duties of chapter officers; the tax system, a list of some of the prominent members of the fraternity and other general information for the instruction of members. This book, together with the official Songbook and a membership certificate is furnished to every initiate. An annual examination is held in every chapter following instruction of the new men based on the contents of this book, its successful passing being customarily a pre-requisite to initiation.

The convention of 1867 authorized the publication of a semi-annual called "Our Record." Two numbers were

issued in one pamphlet of thirty-six pages in the spring of 1868, and bore the double date of October, 1867, and April, 1868. Two further numbers were issued bearing dates October 1868 and April 1869. It met with no support, and was discontinued. The convention of 1870 again authorized the publication of a periodical, and the result was the *University Review*, of which two numbers were issued, January and May, 1870, and it was then suspended. In December, 1882, the publication of the *Delta Upsilon Quarterly* was commenced by the Amherst chapter. It was a small quarto of sixteen pages. In 1884 it was adopted by the fraternity, transferred to New York City, and changed to the usual magazine form. In December, 1892, it was transferred to Philadelphia, and remained there four years, when it was brought back to New York. It was published there for ten years, then in Philadelphia until 1911 when it again returned to New York, having been transferred to the control of the fraternity trustees and issued at the fraternity headquarters.

The Swarthmore chapter has published a periodical continuously since its days as a petitioning society. Similar periodicals, varying from monthly to quarterly in the period of issue, are published by most of the other chapters.

The badge of the fraternity is a monogram of the letters, the "Δ" being placed over the "Υ." This badge was adopted in 1858. In 1912 a standard badge without jewels was adopted and each initiate is supplied with it, a membership certificate, a Manual and a Songbook paid for by his initiate tax.



The colors of the fraternity are old gold and sapphire blue. The pledge button is triangular, forming a Delta, with a conventionalized Upsilon within, the letters thus formed being of gold on a blue enameled

background. The sister-pin is a miniature badge mounted on gold bar background and is worn by wives, mothers, sisters or fiancées.

The flag consists of three vertical stripes, the two outer ones of blue, the middle one of yellow, on which is surcharged the fraternity monogram in blue.

Some of the prominent alumni of the fraternity are:—

The late President Garfield; Secretary of State Hughes; Secretaries of War Redfield Proctor and Daniel S. Lamont; Postmaster General F. H. Hitchcock; United States Senators Morrill and Proctor, of Vermont; Attorney General W. H. H. Miller; Governors Hughes of New York, Proctor of Vermont, (three of the same family at different times); Blair of Michigan; Stearns of Florida; Powers of Maine; Voorhees of New Jersey, Knapp of Alaska, Hyde of Missouri, Martin of Saskatchewan.

Among Congressmen: Payne, Smith, Bassett, Willis, Rowe and Law of New York; Sperry of Connecticut; Stone of Pennsylvania; Dawes of Ohio; Blair of Michigan; Powers of Maine; Dorman of Iowa. Lieutenant Governors: Bruce of New York, and Bross of Illinois. Among State Judges: Landon and Smith of New York; Mann, Tarrant, O'Neill and Stevens of Wisconsin; Rice of Pennsylvania; Brayton of Iowa; Bruce of North Dakota; Borden of Texas; Hamlin of Minnesota; King and Hitchcock of Massachusetts. Among Federal Judges: In the Supreme Court, Charles E. Hughes and Stephen J. Field: In the Circuit Court, L. S. B. Sawyer: In the District Court, John E. Sater. Reuben P. Boise, Frank S. Dietrich. Directors of the Budget Dawes and Lord; Bartlett Tripp, Minister to Austria; John C. Caldwell, Minister to Uruguay; F. C. Partridge, Minister to Venezuela; Paul S. Reinsch, minister to China.

Orlow W. Chapman, Solicitor Gen. of U. S.; C. G.

Dawes, Comptroller of Treasury; L. A. Corlidge, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; Col. George W. Goethals; Leland O. Howard, U. S. Entomologist; G. K. Gilbert, U. S. Geological Survey; Wm. Travers Jerome, District Attorney of New York City.

Among college presidents: Andrews of Nebraska; Jordon and Branner of Stanford; Robinson, Andrews and Faunce of Brown; Luther of Trinity; Snow of Kansas; Atherton of Pennsylvania State; Crane of Nebraska Central; Yatabe of University of Japan; White of Lombard; Tupper of Shaw; Washburn of Robert College; Bliss of the Syrian College, Beirut; Hayden of Western Reserve; Whitman of George Washington; Russell of Cornell; Landon of Union; Ferris of New York; Morse of California; Smith of Colgate; Hutton of Toronto; Alderson of Colorado School of Mines; White of Colby.

Among soldiers: Major Generals Garfield, Bancroft, Caldwell, Goethals, Hamlin, Merriam, O'Ryan and Townsley and Brigadier Generals Clark (D.S.O.) Dawes, Judson, Lord, McCuaig (D.S.O. with Bar) Short, Spear and Stotesbury.

Among theologians: Dr. Weston of Crozer Seminary; Drs. Tipple and Butz, presidents of Drew Seminary; Dr. Fitch, of Andover Seminary; Bishops Spellmeyer, of Cincinnati, Wm. F. Faber of Montana, Arthur C. Thomson of Southern Virginia, Irving P. Johnson of Colorado, Slattery of Massachusetts, and Logan H. Roots of Hankow; Dr. Northrup, president of Chicago Theological Seminary; Dr. Welch of Auburn Theological Seminary; Dr. Josiah Strong, secretary of the Evangelical Alliance of United States; Dr. Alexander McLean, secretary of the American Bible Society; Dr. James L. Barton, secretary of the American Board; Dr. Arthur T. Pierson, B. Fay Mills; Dr. E. C. Moore, University Preacher, Harvard; Drs. Armitage, Faunce,

Fosdick and Merrill of New York; Drs. Boynton and McLaurin of Brooklyn; Dr. Myron Adams of Rochester; Dr. Samuel H. Greene of Washington; Dr. Cortlandt Myers of Boston; Dr. Orrin P. Gifford of Brookline, Dr. Sheldon of Topeka; Dr. Stewart of Evanston.

Among authors, Stephen Crane, Wm. Elliot Griffis, Rev. Charles M. Sheldon, Holman T. Day and John Erskine; David A. Wells and Jeremiah W. Jenks, political economists; Wm. Vaughn Moody, poet and playwright; Rupert Hughes, author and playwright; Rossiter Johnson, editor of Appleton's Encyclopedia; Professor Borden P. Bowne, psychologist; James Ford Rhodes, historian. In other lines of work are Edward C. Potter, sculptor; John W. Root, architect; and E. J. Ridgway, the publisher.

Among scientists, Victor Alderson, John C. Branner, Lewis G. Cole, Mel. T. Cook, Herman Le R. Fairchild, Simon H. Gage, G. K. Gilbert, L. O. Howard, Smith Ely Jelliffe, F. B. Jewett, David Starr Jordan, Edward L. Nichols, and Theobald Smith.

## KAPPA ALPHA



THE Kappa Alpha Society is the oldest secret brotherhood of a social and literary character which has had a continuous existence in American colleges, and, as the parent of the present vast system of American College fraternities, a special interest attaches to the circumstances of its foundation.

For some years previous to 1825, there had existed at Union College an organized company of students for purposes of outdoor exercise and military drill. In the fall of that year, however, the interest in this organization died out, and the time was ripe for a new departure, which had need of the genius of a leader to suggest it. The inspiration came from John Hart Hunter, Thomas Hun and Issac W. Jackson, of the class of 1826, who conceived the idea of a new secret society of a literary and social order, interested several of their classmates in the plan, and in November of the same year held the first initiation, when Charles Clark Young and Andrew E. B. Knox were formally admitted to membership, the secret proceedings being followed by an "adjournment to the well-known dining-room at Knight's boarding-house, down town, where a supper

was made enjoyable without extra stimulants of any kind, name or nature."

In December the following students were initiated in similar fashion: John McGeoch, Orlando Meads, James Proudfit, Joseph A. Constant, Arthur Burtis, Joseph Law and Solon Grout, of '26, and Levi Hubbell, of '27.<sup>1</sup>

This first group of Kappa Alpha men at Union stamped a character upon the society which it has never lost. The founders possessed an aptitude for their work amounting to genius, and but slight additions have been made to the ceremonial features of the order; while not a few among their associates were men of mark, whose names became noted in various walks of life.

The new society encountered natural opposition, largely on account of its secrecy. Individuals, and even the college authorities, took up the cause, but Kappa Alpha, nevertheless, flourished from the beginning. Other orders of like character soon made their appearance, and within a few years the era of college fraternities was fully inaugurated at Union.

In 1833 a petition for a charter from Kappa Alpha was presented by a number of students at Williams College, led by Azariah S. Clark, of the class of '34. This being granted, the Williams chapter was established in that year, the first on the ground, Sigma Phi following in 1834. Here even sharper opposition was encountered than at Union, the "Social Fraternity" or "Equitable Fraternity" being founded in 1834, with the view of overthrowing the secret society system. The hostilities culminated in 1839, when the withdrawal of several of the most influential members of the anti-secret organization to join Kappa Alpha led to an assault upon the meeting place of the society, which was,

<sup>1</sup> The above particulars are taken in substance from an account of "The Origin of Kappa Alpha," written by Charles Clark Young, the first initiate.



however, successfully repelled. After this, with the founding and growth of other fraternity chapters at the college, the power of the "Social Fraternity" as an anti-secret force steadily declined until it disappeared, the body becoming the parent chapter of Delta Upsilon.

In 1844 a chapter was founded at Geneva (now Hobart) College, which was withdrawn in 1854, owing to a decline in the affairs of the college, but was re-established in 1879. The Princeton chapter, founded in 1852, had a brief but brilliant career, brought to a close by the persistent attitude of hostility assumed toward secret societies by the college authorities. As an honorable continuance of the chapter was soon rendered impossible under the restrictions imposed, its members decided to surrender their charter, and withdrew from the college with the graduation of the class of 1856. The chapter at the University of Virginia grew out of the suppression of societies at Princeton, its founder being Joseph Hodgson, of the Princeton chapter. This chapter also was destined to a short life. Upon the breaking out of the Civil War, many of its members left the university to join the army of the Confederacy, meetings became gradually less frequent, and in 1861 the chapter was suspended. After the close of the war but few of the members returned to the neighborhood of the university, and no attempt was made to revive the society there.

The fraternity has been slow to extend and its chapter roll reads as follows:

1825. Alpha of New York, Union College .....	580
1833. Alpha of Massachusetts, Williams College .....	625
1844. Beta of New York, Hobart College .....	300
1852. Alpha of New Jersey, Princeton University (1856) .....	40
1857. Alpha of Virginia, University of Virginia (1861) .....	47
1868. Gamma of New York, Cornell University .....	400
1892. Alpha of Ontario, University of Toronto .....	220

1894. Alpha of Pennsylvania, Lehigh University .....	135
1899. Alpha of Quebec, McGill University .....	175
1913. Beta of Pennsylvania, University of Pennsylvania .....	125

Active chapters, 8; inactive, 2; membership, 2,647.

The following chapters own houses: Cornell, Hobart, Lehigh, McGill, Toronto, Union, Williams. Total 7; total valuation \$250,000.

During the first thirty or forty years of its existence the chapter at Union occasionally held public exercises; the quarto-centennial and semi-centennial celebrations were also notable events in its history. In 1883 the semi-centennial of the Williams chapter was held at Williamstown, at which Gov. Henry M. Hoyt, of Pennsylvania, delivered the address. The inaugurations of the Toronto chapter, held at Ithaca, and of the Lehigh chapter, at New York, were the occasions of large and enthusiastic gatherings of the members of Kappa Alpha, while the largest gathering in the history of the society occurred on the occasion of the 75th anniversary of its founding at Schenectady in 1900. Conventions take place under the auspices of the various chapters in rotation. The annual dinner occurs in New York in the winter, and similar gatherings are held each year in Troy, Boston, Chicago and Buffalo.

The government of the society is vested in an executive council, composed of four officers and two alumni from each active chapter.

Catalogues of Kappa Alpha have been published in 1835, 1838, 1840, 1842, 1850, 1853, 1859, 1874, 1892, 1902 and 1913. In the earlier editions much of the information was printed in Latin and in cipher. The "Record" of 1913, a quarto volume of 500 pages, is a full biographical account of the members of the society, with illustrations and much valuable historical matter. Other publications of the society include a songbook, a biographical record of the Williams

chapter, published in 1881, with supplements in 1882 and 1890, and the Annual Reports, which go to every member. The proceedings of the 25th, 50th and 75th conventions were published in the years the ceremonies took place.

Kappa Alpha was the first of the college fraternities either to occupy or own a chapter house in the modern sense of the expression. At Williams College, its chapter purchased a lot and dwelling house in 1864, and completed in 1876 a handsome chapter home, which the society occupied until 1907, when the present house was acquired.

The badge of the fraternity is a golden key, on one side of which are the signs of the zodiac encircling the letters "K A"; on the other side are a rising sun and other symbols. The fraternity color is scarlet.

The society has never admitted honorary members. Among the prominent alumni are: In education, Presidents, Leonard Woods, of Bowdoin; Eliphalet N. Potter, of Hobart and Union; L. Clark Seelye, of Smith; Paul A. Chadbourne, of Williams; Charles J. A. Schaeffer, of the Iowa State University; Professors Isaac W. Jackson, of Union; Charles F. Chandler and Charles A. Joy, of Columbia; Nathaniel H. Griffin, of Williams; John L. Morris, Charles F. Hartt and T. Frederick Crane, of Cornell; William H. Chandler, of Lehigh; Dean Edward H. Griffin, of Johns Hopkins; Vice-Chancellor Telfair Hodgson, of the University of the South; Henry R. Pierson, Chancellor of the Board of Regents, N. Y.; Charles B. Hubbell, president New York City Board of Education, and Dr. Charles E. West, of Brooklyn. In medicine, Walter D. Day and William D. Granger, of New York, and Francis H. Davenport, of Boston. In the ministry, Arthur Burtis, Edward D. G. Prime, William W. Harsha, Robert R. Booth, Timothy G. Darling, Henry M. Booth, John L. Nevius, William C. Roberts, and J. Clement French, of the Presbyterian

Church; William H. Wyckoff and Justin A. Smith, among Baptists; James G. Johnson, of the Congregational Church; William Tatlock, in the Episcopal Church, and Frederick Z. Rooker, in the Roman Catholic. In law, Associate Justice Ward Hunt, of the U. S. Supreme Court; Rufus W. Peckham (the elder), James C. Smith, George F. Danforth, and Clarence J. Shearn, of the New York Supreme Court; Frank H. Hiscock, Judge of the Court of Appeals, New York; Francis R. E. Cornell, of the Minnesota Supreme Court; Charles B. Lawrence, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Illinois; Owen T. Coffin, Surrogate of Westchester county, N. Y.; Horace White, Governor of the State of New York; John K. Porter, John Boyd Thatcher, Wheeler H. Peckham, Arthur H. Masten, of New York, Francis H. Dewey, of Massachusetts, Charles J. R. Bethune (K.C.) of Ottawa, and S. Casey Wood (K.C.) and Miller Lash, of Toronto. In architecture, William A. Potter, of New York, Alexander B. Trowbridge and John V. Van Pelt, of New York and F. Ellis Jackson, of Providence. In public life, Preston King and James Dixon, of the United States Senate; Augustus Schell, Collector of the Port at New York, politician and capitalist; United States Representatives Thomas Allen, of Missouri; Charles L. Beale, John M. Carroll and John B. Steele, of New York; Jesse O. Norton, of Illinois; Gabriel Bouck, of Wisconsin; Gov. Henry M. Hoyt, of Pennsylvania; J. Rufus Tryon, Surgeon-General of the Navy, and S. G. W. Benjamin, United States Minister to Persia; Francis E. Leupp, Commissioner of Indian Affairs; Clark Williams, Comptroller, State of New York; Hon. W. L. M. King, Premier of Canada; and Walter G. Mitchell, member of the Canadian Parliament; Wade Warren Thayer, Secretary of the Hawaiian Territory. In military life, Generals Jesse C. Smith, John C. Starkweather, Joseph Lovell, Hasbrouck Davis, Ranald S. Mac-

kenzie, Edward S. Bragg and Albert J. Myer in the United States, and Andrew George Latta McNaughton and Harold French McDonald, in Canada. In literature, Fitzhugh Ludlow, Prof. George L. Raymond, of Princeton; Lewis H. Morgan, the ethnologist; Theodore Stanton, of Paris, and Solomon B. Griffin, of the *Springfield Republican*; Hobart C. Chatfield-Taylor.

## KAPPA ALPHA

(Southern Order)



THIS fraternity was founded at Washington College, now Washington and Lee University, Lexington, Va., December 21, 1865, by James Ward Wood, Rev. William Nelson Scott, Stanhope McC. Scott, and William A. Walsh. It was at first intended, perhaps, to be a local organization only, and bore a name other than that of Kappa Alpha.<sup>1</sup> During the second session of its existence S. Z. Ammen became a member, and its present motto, ritual and plan of organization are due chiefly to his labors to such an extent that he is considered the founder of the present Kappa Alpha Order. The fraternity was established with the idea of creating an organization to foster and maintain the manners, customs and ideals of character and achievement, other than "sectional," of the Southern people, Washington and Lee University under the presidency of Robert E. Lee being considered the appropriate place for the inauguration of such an institution. It has confined itself to the South with the exception of planting chapters at California and Stanford. According to officials of the fraternity the matter of extension beyond the "chosen limits" has not been

<sup>1</sup> This name was Phi Kappa Chi and was soon changed because of its similarity to Phi Kappa Psi. No badges ever bore this name.

considered by a convention for a number of years and its policy in this regard is declared to be fixed.

The chapter roll is:

1865. Alpha, Washington and Lee University .....	266
1868. Beta, Virginia Military Institute (1913) .....	532
1868. Gamma, University of Georgia .....	515
1869. Delta, Wofford College .....	271
1869. Epsilon, Emory University .....	472
1869. Zeta, Randolph-Macon College .....	295
1870. Eta, Richmond College .....	289
1871. Theta, Oglethorpe University (see Beta Nu) .....	17
1872. Iota, Furman University (1898) .....	137
1873. Kappa, Mercer University .....	347
1873. Alpha, University of Virginia .....	186
1873. Mu, Newberry College (1874) .....	10
1877. Nu, Pa. College of Dental Surgery (1879) .....	4
1877. Xi, Virginia Polytechnic Institute (1877) .....	2
1878. Omicron, Bethel Academy, Va. (1879) .....	7
1879. Pi, Gordon Institute, Ga. (1883) .....	27
1880. Rho, University of South Carolina (1897) .....	132
1880. Sigma, Davidson College .....	264
1881. Tau, Wake Forest College .....	70
1881. Upsilon, University of North Carolina .....	183
1882. Phi, Southern University .....	282
1882. Psi, Tulane University .....	203
1883. Chi, Vanderbilt University .....	340
1883. Omega, Central University, Ky. ....	160
1883. Theta, South Carolina Military Academy (1890) .....	40
1883. Omicron, University of Texas .....	243
1883. Mu, Erskine College (1893) .....	52
1883. Nu, Alabama Polytechnic Institute .....	319
1883. Xi, Southwestern University .....	250
1883. Pi, University of Tennessee .....	261
1883. Alpha Alpha, University of the South .....	302
1885. Alpha Beta, University of Alabama .....	271
1885. Alpha Gamma, Louisiana State University .....	273
1887. Alpha Delta, William Jewell College .....	289
1887. Alpha Epsilon, Southwestern Presb. University, (1904) ..	78
1890. Alpha Zeta, William and Mary College .....	234
1890. Alpha Eta, Westminster College .....	288

1891. Alpha Theta, Transylvania University .....	211
1891. Alpha Iota, Centenary College ..	101
1891. Alpha Kappa, University of Missouri .....	323
1891. Alpha Lambda, Johns Hopkins University .....	187
1893. Theta, University of Kentucky .....	219
1893. Alpha Mu, Millsaps College .....	285
1893. Mu, Emory and Henry College (1895) .....	15
1894. Alpha Nu, George Washington University .....	264
1895. Alpha Xi, University of California .....	259
1895. Alpha Omicron, University of Arkansas .....	242
1895. Alpha Pi, Stanford University .....	220
1897. Alpha Rho, West Virginia University ..	215
1899. Alpha Sigma, Georgia School of Technology .....	240
1899. Alpha Tau, Hampden-Sidney College ..	136
1900. Alpha Upsilon, University of Mississippi (1912) .....	78
1901. Alpha Phi, Trinity College, N. C. ....	114
1902. Alpha Chi, Kentucky Wesleyan College (1906) .....	33
1903. Alpha Psi, Florida State College (1906) .....	29
1903. Alpha Omega, N. C. Agricultural and Mech'l College ....	130
1903. Beta Alpha, Missouri School of Mines .....	129
1903. Beta Beta, Bethany College ..	153
1904. Beta Gamma, College of Charleston .....	100
1904. Beta Delta, Georgetown College, Ky. (1921) .....	110
1904. Beta Epsilon, Delaware College .....	207
1904. Beta Zeta, University of Florida .....	219
1905. Beta Eta, University of Oklahoma .....	226
1905. Beta Theta, Washington University, Mo. ....	141
1906. Beta Iota, Drury College .....	185
1914. Beta Kappa, University of Maryland .....	97
1915. Beta Lambda, Southern Methodist University .....	76
1916. Beta Mu, St. John's College, Md. ....	114
1918. Beta Nu, Oglethorpe University (revived) .....	35
1920. Beta Xi, Oklahoma A. & M. College .....	37
1921. Beta Omicron, University of Louisville .....	19

Active chapters, 54; inactive, 16; total membership, 13,060.

The chapters owning houses are: Alabama, Alabama Poly., California, Delaware, Drury, Emory, Florida, George



Washington, Georgia, Johns Hopkins, Maryland, Millsaps, Missouri, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Randolph-Macon, Southern Methodist, Southwestern, Stanford, Tennessee, Texas, Transylvania, University of the South, Vanderbilt, West Virginia, William Jewell. Total houses 26, total valuation \$500,000.

The parent chapter was inactive from June, 1870, to March, 1875, and again in 1878. It was revived in October, 1885. The V. M. I. chapter was suppressed by anti-fraternity laws in 1888 but existed *sub rosa* for many years. Its charter was withdrawn in 1913. The first Theta at Oglethorpe died with the University in December, 1873; but after the re-establishment of the University at Atlanta in 1915 the Chapter was revived as Beta-Nu in 1918, the name Theta having been in the meanwhile given to the chapter established at the University of Kentucky. The second Theta at South Carolina Military Academy was *sub rosa*, was suppressed in 1883 and revived in 1887; it finally succumbed to anti-fraternity laws in 1890. The chapter at Furman University was inactive from the fall of 1875 to May, 1879, and was killed by anti-fraternity laws in 1898. The chapter at Stanford was dormant from 1899 to 1903. The Mississippi chapter was killed by anti-fraternity laws. The Wofford chapter was inactive from 1909 to 1915 because of anti-fraternity regulations.

The first Mu died with the return of Newberry College, from Walhalla to Newberry, S. C. The second Mu, at Erskine College, existed *sub rosa* until faculty opposition ceased in 1885. In the fall of 1893 the enactment of anti-fraternity laws compelled the surrender of its charter. The same was the fate of the third Mu, at Emory and Henry College, in 1895. The first Nu at the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia (now a part of the

University of Pennsylvania), was established by a graduate of the Virginia Military Institute chapter, and died when the last of its three initiates graduated in 1879.

The first Omicron at Bethel Academy was almost immediately withdrawn, due to anti-fraternity laws and the decision of the fraternity not to retain chapters in colleges that gave no degrees. The second Omicron, at the University of Texas, was suspended from 1887 to 1891. The first Xi at Virginia Polytechnic Institute immediately met with anti-fraternity laws, and made no initiations. Xi at Southwestern University, was established *sub rosa*, but was recognized by the faculty in September, 1887.

The first Pi at the Gordon Institute was ordered to surrender its charter on account of the fact that the institution awarded no degrees. The second Pi, at the University of Tennessee, was inactive from 1887 to 1893. Rho, at the University of South Carolina, was inactive from 1892 to 1895, and was killed by state legislation in 1897. Tau, at Wake Forest College, was established *sub rosa*, and was suppressed in 1884. It was revived again in 1889 and suppressed in 1891 and revived in 1922 on the repeal of the anti-fraternity regulations. The chapter at the University of North Carolina was inactive from 1888 to 1891. Under the impression that Southern University was to close, Phi disbanded in 1882, but was reorganized in 1883 and withdrawn in 1914 on account of lack of material and revived in 1922 at Birmingham-Southern College (successor to Southern U.). Psi, at the University of Louisiana, died in 1883 on account of anti-fraternity laws and other opposition. It was revived in February, 1886, at Tulane University, which is a continuation of the older institution. The Johns Hopkins chapter was inactive from 1910 to 1915; and the California chapter in 1896-97. Alpha Psi was merged into Beta Zeta when the Florida State College

was consolidated with the University of Florida. The Centenary Chapter was withdrawn in 1903 on the removal of the College to Shreveport, was revived in 1909, withdrawn in 1913, and revived in 1922.

Of the sixteen inactive chapters nine were killed by anti-fraternity laws, five were withdrawn from lack of material and other causes, and two died with the institutions in which they were located.

Alumni chapters have been organized at many of the principal cities. The alumni at Boston, Mass., New Haven, Conn., Ithaca, N. Y., and New York City, are composed of students at Harvard and Mass. Tech., Yale, Cornell and Columbia, respectively, and afford fraternity associations for members of the fraternity going to these institutions for post-graduate or professional courses.

Six catalogues have been issued. The first two were published at Macon, Ga., by J. L. Hardeman, in 1873 and 1875, the former showing a membership of 270 and the latter of 370. The third was issued at Parkersburg, W. Va., in 1878, by D. R. Neal, Jr., and showed a membership of 437. These catalogues contained little more than the names and addresses of members. The Kappa Alpha History and Catalogue was published in the fall of 1891, at Nashville, Tenn., by J. S. Chick. This book contains 375 pages, shows a membership of 2,282 down to 1890, and gives a history of the fraternity and of the several chapters. The same features were contained in the second decennial catalogue published in 1900 at Charlotte, N. C., by Paul I. Murrill. The sixth catalogue was prepared and published by Wm. B. Crawford, Grand Historian in 1915, in 906 pages showing a membership of 9,226 down to Nov. 1, 1914. The seventh catalogue was also issued by Crawford in 1922 and 1,335 pp. showing a membership of over 13,000 to Dec. 1, 1921. This catalogue also gives

the war record of about 4,000 members who served in the World War. It is of pocket size, printed on thin paper and unusually complete. Several of the chapters publish annual catalogues, or "Year-books." There have been five editions of the ritual and constitution: in 1870, 1874, 1886, 1893, and 1904. The constitution was revised by the convention of 1911. A new edition of the constitution was published in 1921.

The first official publication of the fraternity was the *Kappa Alpha Journal*, quarterly, published from Richmond, Va., February, August and December, 1879, when it suspended. It was devoted to general literature as well as to fraternity matters. In November, 1883, the *Kappa Alpha Magazine*, quarterly, appeared. In October, 1885, the *Kappa Alpha Magazine* was succeeded by the *Kappa Alpha Journal*, Vol. III, and has since appeared regularly under that name. For a while it was a monthly, then a bimonthly and it has been published at Nashville, Lexington, Ky., Richmond, Va., Chattanooga, Tenn., Menasha, Wis., Greenville, S. C., Jackson, Miss., and Charlottesville, Va., from which place it is now published.

At the New Orleans Convention, December, 1911, a new constitution and code was adopted, which embodied no material constitutional changes beyond providing for the organization of the fraternity into Provinces. The Provinces are eight in number and are officered by Province Commanders, Secretaries and Alumni-Historians. The Province Commanders have restricted administrative powers and their more important duties include annual visits of inspection to the chapters within their jurisdiction. The Convention in 1911 changed the Journal from a bimonthly to a quarterly publication. In addition to The Journal, the fraternity issues a confidential publication known as the *Special Messenger*, intended only for members.

In 1917 the Fraternity issued an official legal directory "Kappa Alpha Lawyers," compiled by Cyrus W. Beale of Richmond, Va. In 1922, he issued a second legal directory. Songbooks of the Fraternity were issued in 1907 and 1914.

The original badge consisted of a single gold shield, unjeweled, in the center of which was a circle of black enamel enclosing a Latin Cross in gold, and above which was a plain arched band of gold enclosing the letters "K A" in black enamel. The present badge consists of a gold shield superimposed upon a gold shield; it has a Greek Cross of gold within the circle and above are the letters "K A" in gold on a black field. All members are required to possess the unjeweled, official badge. The colors of the fraternity are crimson and old gold; its flowers, the magnolia and the red rose. The flag consists of three broad bars: crimson, white and gold, of equal width, placed parallel with the staff, the crimson bar next to the staff, the gold at the flowing end; in the centre of the white bar is a crimson cross of eight points. The pledge-button is of silver and is shown by the cut.



Among the prominent alumni are: Gov. Hugh Dorsey of Georgia; Gov. Joseph W. Folk of Missouri; Gov. Thos. G. McLeod of South Carolina; Gov. Austin Peay of Tennessee; Henry A. Wise, United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York; Archibald Watson, Corporation Counsel of the City of New York; Thomas Dixon, author, playwright and actor; John Temple Graves, orator and lecturer, former editor of *Atlanta Georgian*.

Bishops: Warren A. Candler, A. Coke Smith, John C. Kilgo, J. H. McCoy, W. N. Ainsworth, and Hiram Abiff Boaz of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South; J. W. Gresham, P. E. Bishop of the Philippines; H. J. Mikell, P. E. Bishop of Atlanta; and John N. McCormick, P. E. Bishop of Western Michigan.

U. S. Senators: Morris Shepard of Texas and Wm. J. Harris of Georgia.

Members of Congress: Richmond Pearson Hobson and John W. Abercrombie, Alabama; Chas. C. Reid, Arkansas; Wm. B. Lamar, Florida; Robert L. Henry, Morris Shepard and Frederick G. Lanham, Texas; E. Y. Webb, J. M. Faison and J. M. Morehead, North Carolina; Carl Vinson, Georgia; Robert C. Wickliffe, Louisiana; Samuel J. Nicholls and Philip H. Stoll, South Carolina; and Schuyler Otis Bland, Virginia.

College Presidents: Warren A. Candler, Emory College; Robert Sharpe, Tulane University; Charles Puryear, Texas A. & M. College; Thomas H. Taliaferro, University of Florida; Gustavus R. Glenn, North Georgia Agricultural College; Edwin Boone Craighead, Tulane University; K. G. Mattheson, Georgia School of Technology; Thomas E. Hodges, University of West Virginia; J. W. Abercrombie, University of Alabama; R. E. Blackwell, Randolph-Macon College; Hiram Abiff Boaz, Southern Methodist U.; Alexis X. Illinski, New Mexico School of Mines; Wallace C. Riddick, North Carolina A. & M.; Kenneth G. Matheson, Drexel Institute of Philadelphia; E. W. Nichols, Superintendent Virginia Military Institute; W. T. Murphree, University of Florida; J. C. Hardy, Mississippi A. & M. College; Frank P. Culver, Texas Polytechnic Institute; C. E. Dowman, Emory College; F. C. Woodward, University of South Carolina; J. A. C. Chandler, College of William and Mary; W. E. Mikell, Dean of the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania; John H. Latane, Dean Johns Hopkins University; Dean John Bell Keeble, Vanderbilt Law School; Dean Chas. P. Fenner, Tulane Law School; Dean Lucius P. McGehee, North Carolina Law School; Dean Wm. S. Morris, U. of Ga. Law School; Dean Jos. R. Long,

Washington & Lee Law School; Dean Robert M. Davis, Univ. of Arizona Law School.

Justices: J. H. Lumpkin, Warner Hill, Andrew J. Cobb, John S. Candler, Georgia Supreme Bench; Adam C. Carson, Justice Suprême Court, Philippines; Justice D. E. Hydrick, South Carolina Supreme Bench; Justice Geo. W. Gage of the Supreme Court of South Carolina.

Lewis W. Parker, president of the Parker Cotton Mills; Frank A. Godchaux, president of the Louisiana Rice Milling Company; Wm. H. Atwell, United States District Attorney at Dallas, Texas; Marion Erwin, U. S. District Attorney Atlanta, Ga.; Edwin Y. Webb, U. S. District Attorney for the Western District of North Carolina; Robert L. Batts, U. S. Circuit Judge, Austin, Texas.

Dr. Wm. Broaddus Pritchard, neurologist and alienist; Dr. Jas. T. Gwathmey, anæsthetician and inventor of improved methods of administering ether; Clark Howell, owner and editor of the *Atlanta Constitution*. H. L. Whitfield, president Southern Educational Association and president Mississippi Industrial College; Wm. H. Wilson, general counsel I. & G. N. railroad; Thos. Walker Page, Chairman U. S. Tariff Commission; Brig. Gen. S. D. Rockenbach, Brig. Gen'l Richard C. Marshall, Joe Lane Stern, Adj. Gen. of Virginia; W. W. Sale, former Adjutant General State of Virginia; R. Tyler Goodwin, Adjutant General State of Alabama; Brig. Gen. E. A. Garlington, Inspector General U. S. A.; Charles N. Burch, general counsel Yazoo and Mississippi Valley railroad; P. A. Willcox, general counsel Atlantic Coast Line railroad; Lieut. Gov. Thomas Gordon McLeod of South Carolina; Edward T. Seay, speaker Tennessee Senate; Murphey S. Candler, Georgia State Railroad Commissioner; Laurence B. Finn, Kentucky State Railroad Commissioner; A. H. Purdue, Tennessee

State geologist; L. W. Huff, president Brooklyn & Coney Island Railroad Co.; Frank Andrews, General Counsel T. B. & Frisco lines; Reau E. Folk, State Treasurer of Tennessee; R. H. Pitt, editor of the *Religious Herald*; Rev. Wm. Meade Clarke, editor *Southern Churchman*; Junius Parker, Chief Counsel American Tobacco Company; Geo. L. P. Radcliffe, Chief Counsel American Bonding and Trust Co.; Bradford Knapp, U. S. Department of Agriculture; Lieut. Gov. Wallace Crossley of Missouri; Dr. Stockton Axson, Professor of English at Princeton and Secretary-General American Red Cross; Rev. John Roach Straton of New York, orator and lecturer; Miller R. Hutchinson, Secretary Naval Consulting Board; Emmett Wooten, speaker of the North Carolina House of Representatives; M. S. Conner, speaker of the Mississippi House of Representatives; Charles W. Thomas, Adjutant General of California; Wm. M. Williams, U. S. Commissioner of Internal Revenue; Lindley Murray, national tennis champion.



# KAPPA ALPHA PSI

(Students of African Descent)



THIS fraternity was organized Jan. 5, 1911, at Indiana University by Negro men attending the undergraduate departments of that University. It became a national organization incorporated under the laws of Indiana in February of the same year. The object and ideal of this fraternity is to assist in accomplishing both in college and in subsequent life a place of usefulness and honor for its members.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1911. Alpha, Indiana Univ. ....	100
1913 Beta, Univ. of Illinois .....	130
1914. Gamma, Iowa State Univ. ....	80
1915. Delta, Wilberforce Univ. ....	150
1915. Epsilon, Lincoln Univ. (Chester, Pa.) .....	85
1915. Zeta, Ohio State Univ. ....	50
1916. Eta, Univ. of Nebraska .....	23
1917. Theta, Northwestern Univ. ....	35
1918. Iota, Univ. of Chicago .....	38
1919. Kappa, Meharry Medical College (Nashville) .....	50
1920. Lambda, Temple University .....	50
1920. Mu, Kansas Univ. ....	36
1920. Nu, Indianapolis Univ. ....	10

1920. Xi, Howard Univ. ....	85
1921. Omicron, Columbia Univ. ....	30
1921. Pi, Morehouse College, Atlanta Ga. ....	25
1921. Rho, Washburn College, Topeka Kans. ....	15
1922. Sigma, Univ. of Michigan ....	10

Active chapters, 18; total membership, 1,002.

There are twelve alumni chapters located in large cities.

The government of the fraternity is vested in a "board of directors" of five members during the recess between the meetings of its national conventions.

The fraternity has a publication known as the *Journal*. It is issued monthly by the Editorial Staff selected by the Grand Chapter at its annual meetings. It is published at Indianapolis, Ind.

The badge is diamond shaped displaying the initial letters of the name of the fraternity on a raised black scroll in the middle of the pin.

## KAPPA DELTA RHO



**K**APPA DELTA RHO fraternity was founded in the spring of 1905 at Middlebury College, Middlebury, Vt. The charter members were, Geo. E. Kimball, Chester M. Walch, Gino A. Ratti, Thomas H. Bartley, Benj. E. Farr, Pierre W. Darrow, Roy D. Wood, Irving T. Coates, Gideon R. Norton and John Beecher.

For some time the above men had chummed together and discussed college problems in general. In the spring of 1905 they conceived the idea of a fraternity founded on principles entirely apart from other fraternities, or, at least, as other fraternities appeared to them on the outside. Kappa Delta Rho, accordingly was founded because they felt that Middlebury College needed a fraternity whose primary aim should be, not social distinction, athletic prowess, or even scholarship, but true standards of manhood and brotherly love.

Kappa Delta Rho was founded as a local and remained so until 1913 when Harold A. Severy, who was taking graduate work at Cornell, succeeded in establishing a chapter there, in the spring of 1913. At present the chapter roll is:

1905. Alpha, Middlebury College .....	145
1913. Beta, Cornell University .....	175
1915. Gamma, N. Y. State Teachers' College .....	90
1917. Delta, Colgate University .....	75

1919. Epsilon, Franklin College .....	80
1920. Zeta, Pennsylvania State College .....	70
1921. Eta, University of Illinois .....	60
1921. Theta, Purdue University .....	48
1921. Iota, Bucknell University .....	75
1922. Kappa, Ohio State University .....	30

Active chapters, 10; inactive chapters, 0. membership, 848.

The Middlebury, Cornell, N. Y. State Teachers' College and Colgate chapters own houses; total houses 4, total valuation \$100,000.

The government of the fraternity is vested in the hands of the Grand Officers of the National Fraternity. Each chapter is known as a local chapter and sends two voting delegates to the national convention held annually in the second week of November.

At present there are two alumni chapters, one in New York City and one in Chicago. Each sends one voting delegate to the annual convention.

The fraternity publishes a journal called the *Scroll*, which appears four times a year and at present is published at Buffalo, N. Y. Every two years a directory number is issued.

# KAPPA NU

(Jewish Students)



**K**APPA NU was organized at the University of Rochester in 1911, aspiring to become a distinctly Jewish brotherhood of college men in aims and ideals, and aiming to promote social and intellectual fellowship among the college men of America.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1911. Alpha, University of Rochester .....	60
1915. Beta, New York University .....	60
1915. Gamma, Columbia University .....	60
1917. Delta, Union University .....	50
1917. Epsilon, Boston University .....	50
1917. Zeta, University of Buffalo .....	50
1918. Theta, State College for Teachers (1919) .....	13
1918. Eta, Harvard University .....	50
1918. Iota, Union College .....	50
1918. Kappa, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute .....	50
1919. Lambda, Western Reserve University .....	40
1919. Mu, University of Michigan .....	50
1919. Nu, University of Pennsylvania .....	50
1921. Xi, University of Pittsburgh .....	30
1921. Omicron, University of Chicago .....	35
1921. Pi, University of Alabama .....	25
1921. Rho, University of Cincinnati .....	25

1922. Sigma, Tulane University .....	20
1922. Tau, University of California .....	20

Active chapters, 18; inactive, 1; membership, 788..

The government is through an annual convention consisting of delegates from the chapters and by an executive Council of Ten which acts between conventions. Conventions are held yearly.

The badge is a diamond shield displaying a monogram of the letters "K N" arranged horizontally along one plane below which is a six-pointed star and above which are the same letters in Hebrew characters and having a jeweled border consisting of 20 pearls, and one amethyst at each of the apices. The colors are purple and white.

There is a semi-annual publication called *Kappa Nu*, also a bi-annual directory list of members.

## KAPPA SIGMA



**T**HE Kappa Sigma fraternity was founded at the University of Virginia, December 10, 1869, by William Grigsby McCormick, George Miles Arnold, Edmund Law Rogers, Jr., Frank Courtney Nicodemus and John Covert Boyd.

At that time there were chapters of about a dozen fraternities at Virginia and the system was in a flourishing state. Opportunity to become associated with some of these fraternities was not denied the founders of Kappa Sigma, but as McCormick, Rogers and Nicodemus, who lived in Baltimore, were close personal friends before entering the University, they wanted to be together and therefore concluded to found a new fraternity. So intimate were the relations between these three and Arnold and Boyd who were associated with them that they have always been known in the fraternity as "the five friends and brothers."

From the inception of the movement it was intended that the fraternity should expand into other institutions and become a widespread organization, but it was not till 1873 that the founders saw their plans take definite shape, although a chapter had been established at the University of Alabama shortly after the parent chapter was organized

The chapter roll is as follows:

1869. Zeta, University of Virginia .....	271
1869. Beta, University of Alabama .....	229
1873. Eta, Prime-Trinity College (N. C.) .....	224
1873. Mu, Washington & Lee University .....	243
1874. Omicron, Emory & Henry College (1895) .....	136
1874. Xi, Virginia Military Institute (1883) .....	23
1874. Nu, Virginia Polytechnic Institute (1889) .....	91
1874. Alpha Alpha, Johns Hopkins Univ. and Univ. of Md. ....	259
1874. Alpha Beta, Mercer University .....	234
1876. Kappa, Vanderbilt University .....	322
1880. Psi, Bethel Academy (1882) .....	8
1880. Lambda, University of Tennessee .....	380
1880. Gamma, Cumberland College Va. (1884) ....	14
1880. Sigma, Episcopal High School of Virginia (1884) .....	8
1880. Alpha Chi, Lake Forest University .....	196
1882. Alpha Iota, U. S. Grant University (1898) .....	42
1882. Phi, Southwestern Presbyterian University .....	286
1882. Omega, University of the South .....	328
1883-7. Pi; 1918. Gamma Phi, University of West Va. ....	124
1883. Upsilon, Hampden-Sidney College .....	213
1884. Tau, University of Texas .....	372
1885. Rho, North Georgia Agricultural College (1891) .....	32
1885. Chi, Purdue University .....	347
1885. Delta, Maryland Military & Naval Academy (1887) ....	31
1885. Epsilon, Centenary College (1904) .....	84
1886. Psi, University of Maine .....	414
1886. Sigma, Ohio Northern University (1888) .....	25
1886. Iota, Southwestern University .....	318
1887. Gamma, Louisiana State University .....	306
1887. Alpha, Emory College (1891) .....	24
1887. Beta Theta, University of Indiana .....	311
1887. Theta, Cumberland University (1917) .....	274
1888. Beta, Thatcher Institute (1891) .....	17
1888. Pi, Swarthmore College .....	294
1888. Eta, Randolph-Macon College .....	191
1889. Sigma, Tulane University .....	247
1890. Nu, College of William & Mary .....	242
1890. Chi Omega, South Carolina University (1897) .....	28
1890. Xi, University of Arkansas .....	354
1890. Delta, Davidson College .....	260
1891. Beta, Butler University (1893) .....	11
1891. Alpha Gamma, University of Illinois .....	383



1892. Alpha Delta, Pennsylvania State College .....	304
1892. Alpha Epsilon, University of Pennsylvania .....	363
1892. Alpha Zeta, University of Michigan .....	379
1892. Alpha Eta, George Washington University .....	319
1892. Alpha Theta, Southwestern Baptist University (1908) ....	128
1892. Alpha Kappa, Cornell University .....	356
1893. Alpha Lambda, University of Vermont .....	345
1893. Alpha Mu, University of North Carolina .....	151
1894. Alpha Nu, Wofford College .....	143
1894. Alpha Xi, Bethel College (1902) .....	45
1894. Alpha Omicron, Transylvania University (1901) .....	50
1895. Alpha Pi, Wabash College .....	258
1895. Alpha Rho, Bowdoin College .....	306
1895. Alpha Sigma, Ohio State University .....	238
1895. Alpha Tau, Georgia School of Technology .....	309
1895. Alpha Upsilon, Millsaps College .....	318
1896. Alpha Phi, Bucknell University .....	247
1897. Alpha Psi, University of Nebraska .....	323
1897. Alpha Omega, William Jewell College .....	259
1898. Beta Alpha, Brown University .....	242
1898. Beta Beta, Richmond College .....	141
1898. Beta Gamma, University of Missouri .....	297
1898. Beta Delta, Washington & Jefferson College .....	250
1898. Beta Epsilon, University of Wisconsin .....	298
1899. Beta Zeta, Stanford University .....	200
1900. Beta Eta, Alabama Polytechnic Institute .....	244
1900. Beta Iota, Lehigh University .....	190
1901. Beta Kappa, New Hampshire State College .....	349
1901. Beta Lambda, University of Georgia .....	246
1901. Beta Mu, University of Minnesota .....	241
1901. Beta Nu, University of Kentucky .....	182
1901. Beta Xi, University of California .....	258
1902. Beta Omicron, Denver University .....	268
1902. Beta Pi, Dickinson College .....	196
1902. Beta Rho, University of Iowa .....	243
1902. Beta Sigma, Washington University, Mo. ....	197
1903. Beta Tau, Baker University .....	225
1903. Beta Upsilon, North Carolina A. & M. College .....	164
1903. Beta Phi, Case School of Applied Science .....	200
1903. Beta Chi, Missouri School of Mines .....	164
1903. Beta Psi, University of Washington .....	250
1904. Beta Omega, Colorado College .....	248

1904. Gamma Alpha, University of Oregon .....	219
1904. Gamma Beta, University of Chicago .....	158
1904. Gamma Gamma, Colorado School of Mines .....	223
1904. Gamma Delta, Massachusetts Agricultural College .....	327
1905. Gamma Epsilon, Dartmouth College .....	290
1905. Gamma Zeta, New York University .....	280
1905. Gamma Eta, Harvard University .....	268
1905. Gamma Theta, University of Idaho .....	262
1906. Gamma Iota, Syracuse University .....	240
1906. Gamma Kappa, University of Oklahoma .....	280
1909. Gamma Lambda, Iowa State College .....	152
1909. Gamma Mu, Washington State College .....	176
1909. Gamma Nu, Washburn College .....	206
1911. Gamma Xi, Denison University .....	181
1912. Gamma Omicron, University of Kansas .....	220
1914. Gamma Pi, Massachusetts Institute of Technology .....	119
1915. Gamma Rho, University of Arizona .....	157
1915. Gamma Sigma, Oregon Agricultural College .....	162
1916. Gamma Tau, University of Colorado .....	128
1918. Gamma Upsilon, Rutgers College .....	153
1918. Gamma Xi, Kansas State College .....	77
1920. Gamma Psi, Oklahoma A. & M. College .....	101
1920. Gamma Omega, Univ. of Pittsburgh .....	116
1921. Delta Alpha, Carnegie Inst. of Technology .....	81
1921. Delta Beta, Lafayette College .....	102
1921. Delta Gamma, Univ. of Wyoming .....	39
1922. Delta Delta, Univ. of Florida .....	67

Active chapters, 92; inactive, 19; membership, 22,565.

The following chapters own houses: Alabama; Arizona; Arkansas; Baker; Bowdoin; Bucknell; Case; California; Colo. College; Colo. Mines; Colo. Univ.; Cornell; Dartmouth; Denison; Denver; Florida; Hampden-Sidney; Harvard; Idaho; Illinois; Indiana; Kansas State; Lafayette; Lehigh; Louisiana; Maine; Mass. Ag.; Michigan; Millsaps; Minnesota; Missouri; Nebraska; New Hampshire; New York; North Carolina; Ohio State; Oklahoma A. & M.; Oklahoma; Oregon; Oregon Ag.; Pennsylvania; Pennsylvania State; Purdue; Randolph-Macon; Rutgers;

University of the South; Southwestern; Stanford; Swarthmore; Syracuse; Texas; Tennessee; Tulane; Vanderbilt; Vermont; Virginia; Wabash; Washburn; Washington State; Washington; West Virginia; Wisconsin. Total 62, total valuation \$1,165,000.

Some of the chapters have borne different names at different times. The present Eta Prime chapter was for a time was called Eta; Alpha Alpha was called Epsilon; Alpha Beta was called Beta; Alpha Chi was called Chi; Alpha Iota was called Upsilon; Beta Theta was called Mu.

Of the chapters which are at present inactive those at Virginia Military Institute, Emory and Henry College, Virginia Polytechnic Institute, Ohio Northern University, and South Carolina University were killed by anti-fraternity laws. The charters of the chapters at Bethel Academy, Cumberland College, the Episcopal High School of Virginia, U. S. Grant University, Centenary College and Union University were withdrawn because these institutions were of relatively low standard. The Butler chapter became inactive from dissensions within the chapter. Lack of proper material caused the death of the chapters at North Georgia Agricultural College, and Bethel College. The chapter at Emory lapsed upon the failure of its members to return to college. The chapters at the Maryland Military & Naval Academy and Thatcher Institute surrendered their charters on account of the decline of the institutions referred to. The charter of the chapter at Transylvania was withdrawn when the chapter at the University of Kentucky was established on account of the desire of the fraternity not to have two chapters in the same town.

A number of the chapters have been inactive from time to time from various causes; the Alabama chapter was killed by anti-fraternity laws shortly after its founding in 1869 and was not revived until 1899; similarly the chapter at

Trinity was killed in 1879, but was revived in 1892; likewise the chapter at Vanderbilt was inactive from 1880 to 1883, the chapter at Lake Forest from 1882 to 1896, and the chapter at Wofford from 1908 to 1917, from similar causes. The chapter at Washington & Lee was inactive from 1877 to 1888, and again from 1900 to 1904, on account of the over-crowded condition of the field. The chapter at the University of Maryland was withdrawn in 1875 on account of lack of suitable material, was revived in 1890, with the privilege of drawing members from both that University and Johns Hopkins, but was again withdrawn after two years and was not revived until 1898. Owing to lack of material during the war it was again withdrawn and the charter transferred to the Johns Hopkins University in 1918. The Mercer chapter became inactive in 1879 on account of the decline of the institution but was revived in 1891. The members of the Indiana chapter failed to return to college in 1888, causing it to become inactive. It was re-established in 1900. The Pi chapter at West Virginia, never firmly established in 1883 was withdrawn in 1887. It was re-established as Gamma Phi in 1918. The chapters at Tulane, George Washington and North Carolina have suffered periods of temporary inactivity.

A number of the chapters had their origin in existing organizations. Many of these locals had been established for the expressed purpose of securing a charter from Kappa Sigma.

Alumni chapters are now to be found in all of the principal cities of the United States.

Prior to 1876, the government of the fraternity was vested in the parent chapter at the University of Virginia, but at the conclave of that year the executive power was delegated to a committee of five called the supreme executive committee, which governs the fraternity between the

sessions of the grand conclave. For convenience of administration the chapters of the fraternity have been grouped into districts, eighteen in number, each district having as its executive head an officer known as District Grand Master. Some of the districts have annual reunions, while all are required to have reunions upon the alternate years with the grand conclave. A resident Alumnus Adviser appointed by the supreme executive committee is accredited to each chapter.

The regular conventions of the fraternity are called grand conclaves and are held every two years—since 1915 in the odd numbered year—usually in mid-summer.

In 1885 the fraternity began the publication of an official organ, *The Quarterly*. In 1890 it was changed to a bi-monthly and was re-named *The Caduceus*. In 1907 it was changed to a monthly, ten numbers constituting a volume. The magazine has been successfully conducted since the first. The fraternity also maintains a quarterly magazine, *The Star and Crescent*, for private circulation among its members. Its publication was begun in 1897. A catalogue was published in 1881, a second edition in 1886, a name list and directory in 1897, a pocket address book in 1904, a second edition in 1906, a supplement in 1908, a third edition in 1912, and a fourth in 1920. The Kappa Sigma Book, a manual, was published in 1907, and a second edition in 1920. A volume of the "Early Letters and Papers" of the fraternity has been compiled and published, and also a manual of information, for the use of members only. In 1922 a bibliographical volume, "Sources of Kappa Sigma History" was published. Two editions of the songbook have been published, in 1902 and 1910. In 1896 the Bowdoin chapter issued a small songbook. Collections of songs for use at banquets and at grand conclaves have been frequently published. A number of pieces of sheet music have

## MEN'S FRATERNITIES

been dedicated to the fraternity, notably the fraternity hymn, "Kappa Sigma, Hail to Thee," the words of which were from the pen of the late George Leiper Thomas, the first initiate of the fraternity. A calendar was published in 1906. The Trinity, Bucknell, and California chapters have published histories. The Vermont, Cumberland, North Georgia, Maryland Military and Naval and Massachusetts chapters have issued annuals. A number of active chapters have issued periodicals and directories for the use of their alumni, and some of the alumni chapters have published lists of the members resident in their localities. Each chapter issues annually a letter to its alumni and since 1917 these letters have been annually bound and distributed to the chapters.

The badge is a crescent of chased gold with points turned downward and holding suspended a five pointed star enameled in black, with a narrow border of white enamel and gold, the general surface of the badge being of convex form; within the star are the letters "K Σ," surrounded by a circle of jewels. The crescent displays at its widest part the skull and bones, while at one side are crossed swords, and at the other crossed keys. The colors are scarlet, white and emerald green. The flower is the lily-of-the-valley. The flag consists of three vertical bars of equal width, scarlet, white and emerald green, respectively and in the order named, the middle bar charged with the coat-of-arms of the fraternity in proper colors. The pledge button is a triangle bearing the Caduceus surmounted by a circle. It is of gold, enameled in black.



The fraternity has many prominent alumni sketches of whose careers appear from time to time in the columns of its magazine, *The Caduceus*.

Among the prominent members of the fraternity are:

William Gibbs McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, Director-General of Railroads; Vice-Admiral De Witt Coffman, U. S. N.; Rear-Admiral Cary T. Grayson, U. S. N.; Judge-Advocate-General Ridley McLean, U. S. N.; Medical Director John Covert Boyd, U. S. N.; Surgeon-General George Tully Vaughn, U. S. Marine Hospital Corps; Generals Edward Anderson, J. F. McIndoe, E. R. Chrisman, of the United States Army; J. Harry Covington, member of the Railroad Wage Commission; G. Harold Powell, in charge of the distribution of perishables for the Food Administration; Manley O. Hudson, member of several commissions at Paris Peace Conference and member of the Legal Secretariat of the League of Nations; William Jett Lauck, secretary of the National War Labor Board; General Samuel McRoberts, N. A., chief of procurement division, Ordnance Department, during World War; D. S. Murph, in charge of cotton marketing and warehousing work of United States during World War.

Senators: Earle B. Mayfield, of Texas, and Kirtland I. Perky, of Idaho. Congressmen: Seward H. Williams, William J. Graham, Philip P. Campbell, William S. Goodwin, William B. Craig, J. Harry Covington, General Auburn L. Pridemore, General Winfield S. Featherstone, Archibald E. Olpp, Clarence A. Cannon, Luther A. Johnson, George C. Peery, Sam B. Hill.

United States judges: Rhydon M. Call, G. W. Jack, J. Warren Davis, Joseph C. Hutcheson, Jr., William Lee Estes. Chief justices of State supreme courts: J. Harry Covington, John Bell Turner. Justices of State supreme courts: W. R. Allen, T. Hadden Humphreys, Joseph L. Kelly, Julius C. Travis, B. C. Dawkins.

Governors: Xenophon O. Pindall, of Arkansas; Ruffin G. Pleasant, of Louisiana; Michael P. Huddleston, of Arkansas.

College Presidents: Lyon G. Tyler, William and Mary; William D. Melton, University of South Carolina; William Milnes Maloy, University of Maryland; W. D. Gibbs, New Hampshire College; William G. Haldane, Colorado School of Mines; John C. Futrall, University of Arkansas; Charles B. Burke, Southwestern Baptist University; J. C. Zeller, University of Tacoma; Davis McD. Douglas, Presbyterian College of South Carolina; F. F. Hooper, University of Chattanooga; Bernard Iddings Bell, St. Stephen's College; W. G. Spencer, Hillsdale College; R. P. Pell, Converse College; Horace E. Stockbridge, North Dakota Agricultural College; E. L. Stephens, Southwestern Louisiana Industrial Institute; J. R. Harris, Cumberland University.

Publishers: S. S. McClure, Joseph G. Branch, A. F. Sheldon, Nelson Doubleday, Charles William Burkett.

W. G. McCormick, of the Harvester Trust; N. L. Carpenter, president of the New York Cotton Exchange.



## LAMBDA CHI ALPHA



THE Lambda Chi Alpha Fraternity was founded at Boston University, growing out of the Cosmopolitan Law Club, which had been organized in 1905. What is regarded as the first meeting of the fraternity was held November 2, 1909, which has been accepted by the fraternity as its date of founding. The meeting, called, by whom it is not recorded, to consider the reorganization of the club into a Greek-letter society, was attended by members of the Club, by members of the class of 1912 in the law school who were not members of the club, and by prospective students in the law school. When the club rejected the Greek-letter proposition, three conferees who had been members of the same high school fraternity immediately started to build the foundation of the new fraternity.

While the fraternity had been founded with a view to national expansion, no attempt to establish new chapters was made until the spring of 1912, when chapters were founded at Massachusetts Agricultural College and the University of Pennsylvania. The latter chapter brought into the fraternity several men who immediately took a leading part in the national organization's affairs, virtually dictating its policies during the spring and summer of 1913, when the perfection of laws of the fraternity, its ritual, insignia, and similar essentials were accomplished.

The growth of Lambda Chi Alpha has been both consistent and substantial, as an unbroken roll of 62 chapters indicates.

The roll of chapters, which are known as Zetas, follows:

1909. Alpha, Boston University .....	150
1912. Gamma, Massachusetts Agricultural College .....	151
1912. Epsilon, University of Pennsylvania .....	223
1912. Zeta, Pennsylvania State College .....	120
1912. Iota, Brown University .....	153
1912. Lambda, Massachusetts Inst. of Technology .....	151
1913. Beta, University of Maine .....	212
1913. Sigma, University of Michigan .....	173
1913. Phi, Rutgers University .....	142
1913. Delta, Bucknell University .....	164
1913. Pi, Worcester Polytechnic Institute .....	145
1913. Omicron, Cornell University .....	183
1913. Mu, University of California .....	182
1914. Tau, Washington State College .....	152
1914. Eta, Rhode Island State College .....	126
1914. Theta, Dartmouth College .....	126
1914. Upsilon, Louisiana State University .....	132
1915. Xi, De Pauw University .....	116
1915. Chi, University of Illinois .....	144
1915. Omega, Alabama Polytechnic Institute .....	176
1915. Kappa, Knox College .....	94
1915. Nu, University of Georgia .....	116
1915. Rho, Union University (N. Y.) .....	114
1915. Psi, Purdue University .....	150
1915. Alpha Alpha, Butler College .....	98
1916. Alpha Gamma, University of South Dakota .....	123
1916. Alpha Epsilon, Harvard University .....	63
1916. Alpha Zeta, Colgate University .....	100
1917. Alpha Iota, Northwestern University .....	100
1917. Alpha Lambda, Oregon Agricultural College .....	117
1917. Alpha Beta, University of Wisconsin .....	127
1917. Alpha Sigma, Cumberland University .....	139
1917. Alpha Phi, University of Alabama .....	84
1917. Alpha Delta, Missouri School of Mines .....	90
1917. Alpha Pi, University of Denver .....	117

1917. Alpha Omicron, University of Indiana ...	141
1917. Alpha Mu, University of Texas .....	116
1917. Alpha Tau, Iowa State College .....	93
1917. Alpha Eta, Oklahoma A. & M. College ...	84
1917. Alpha Theta, Franklin and Marshall College .....	154
1918. Alpha Upsilon, Syracuse University .....	142
1918. Alpha Xi, New Hampshire State College .....	131
1918. Alpha Chi, University of Richmond .....	77
1918. Alpha Omega, Ohio University .....	93
1918. Alpha Kappa, Wabash College .....	137
1918. Alpha Nu, Western Reserve University .....	90
1918. Alpha Rho, Colby College .....	116
1918. Alpha Psi, University of Washington .....	112
1919. Gamma Alpha, University of Akron .....	106
1919. Gamma Gamma, University of Cincinnati .....	91
1919. Gamma Epsilon, University of Pittsburgh .....	128
1919. Gamma Zeta, Washington and Jefferson College .....	107
1919. Gamma Iota, Denison University .....	107
1920. Gamma Lambda, University of Chicago .....	68
1921. Gamma Beta, University of Nebraska .....	77
1921. Gamma Sigma, Southern Methodist University ..	33
1922. Gamma Phi, Washington and Lee University .....	46
1922. Gamma Delta, Vanderbilt University .....	46
1922. Gamma Pi, Colorado Agricultural College .....	61
1922. Gamma Omicron, Michigan Agricultural College .....	52
1923. Gamma Mu, University of Colorado .....	42
1923. Gamma Tau, Ohio State University .....	40

Active chapters, 62; inactive chapters, 0; members, 7,263.

The following chapters own houses: Akron, Alabama, Alabama Tech., Bucknell, Butler, California, Cincinnati, Colorado Agricultural, Cornell, Dartmouth, Denison, Franklin & Marshall, Iowa State, Maine, Massachusetts Agricultural, Michigan, New Hampshire, Northwestern, Ohio University, Oklahoma A. & M., Oregon Agricultural, Pennsylvania, Pennsylvania State, Purdue, Rhode Island, Syracuse, Texas, Union, Wabash, Washington State, Wisconsin, Worcester Tech, Missouri Mines, Total houses, 33; total valuation, \$750,000.

Five chapters of the fraternity owe their origin to the National Federation of Commons Clubs. When the federation began to disintegrate during the World War, petitions were filed with Lambda Chi Alpha in 1917 and 1918 by the branches at Syracuse, Wabash, Western Reserve, Colby, and the University of Washington. The Western Reserve branch had taken the name of the Sketlioi Club and the Colby branch, that of Omicron Theta. The Purdue chapter when chartered was known as the Æolian Club, but it is understood to have grown from the Alpha Epsilon fraternity which is thought to have had a chapter at Valparaiso University. The Franklin and Marshall chapter grew from the Harbaugh Club. The Franklin and Marshall society had also considered plans for expansion under the name of Phi Tau Pi. Sigma Phi Delta at Brown and Beta Phi at New Hampshire State were to have been the mother chapters of fraternities bearing those names.

Some of the other chapters, particularly in the early days of the fraternity grew from societies that had been formed for the express purpose of petitioning Lambda Chi Alpha. Greek-letter locals gave birth to chapters as follows: Maine, Delta Kappa; Bucknell, Alpha Sigma; Worcester, Zeta Sigma Tau; Rhode Island State, Gamma Sigma Delta; Illinois, Delta Omega; Alabama Poly., Sigma Delta Pi; Knox, Sigma Zeta; Butler, Delta Alpha Phi; South Dakota, Sigma Delta Upsilon; Denver, Pi Theta Kappa; Texas, Sigma Phi Sigma; Oklahoma A. & M., Chi Alpha; Richmond, Sigma Delta Chi; Ohio University, Alpha Tau Epsilon; Akron, Sigma Beta; Cincinnati, Sigma Phi Alpha; Pittsburgh, Omega Alpha Pi; Nebraska, Kappa Delta Phi; Southern Methodist, Gamma Delta; Colorado Agricultural College, Alpha Tau Mu.

Non-Greek-letter societies gave birth to these chapters:

Cornell, Iswza; California, Skulls; Washington State, Tolo; Dartmouth, Occum; Louisiana State, Y. Y. O.; De Pauw, Darsee; Georgia, Trigon; Northwestern, Poledeon; Oregon Agricultural, Umatilla; Wisconsin, Crescent; Cumberland, Giraffe; Alabama, Iris; Missouri Mines, Muckers; Indiana, Independent; Iowa State, Alamo; Washington and Jefferson, Barracks; Denison, Sycamore; Chicago, Phoenix; Washington and Lee, Alpha Club; Vanderbilt, Phoenix; Michigan Agricultural, Forensic.

The Union chapter grew up as the result of the merger of the Theta Lambda Phi law fraternity with two other law organizations to form the present Delta Theta Phi fraternity. Many of the members of Theta Lambda Phi had not been law students, and it was thought better by them and the national organization that they should seek a chapter in some undergraduate fraternity.

Some of the locals chartered by Lambda Chi Alpha have been older than the national fraternity. The Independent Club at Indiana had been founded in 1885; the Harbaugh Club at Franklin and Marshall, in 1893; Beta Phi at New Hampshire State, in 1906; Forensic at Michigan Agricultural, in 1907; and Iswza at Cornell, in 1908.

Six of the chapters, those at De Pauw, Cumberland, Missouri Mines, Massachusetts Agricultural, California, and University of Washington, became virtually inactive during the World War, when their ranks were depleted by enlistments. The charters, however, were retained by alumni and a few undergraduates who remained in college. With the help of the national organization, all were speedily revived during the spring following the signing of the armistice, and all were represented at the first post-war convention in December, 1919. The Dartmouth chapter became inactive shortly after it was chartered, but was revived in 1917. The charter at Harvard was issued to alumni who trans-

ferred there from other institutions, and led a precarious existence for a time and then became inactive. It was revived by transfers in the fall of 1919, and since then has had a prosperous existence.

The government of the fraternity is by a general assembly, which as a rule is held annually. National officers have the power to omit assemblies, except that no two successive assemblies may be omitted. The governing board of the fraternity, known as the Grand High Zeta, now consists of seven members, although nine members had been included prior to the Ann Arbor assembly in 1919. A central office, in charge of a full-time administrative secretary, is maintained in Indianapolis, Ind. It had previously been located in Swansea, Mass., Kingston, Pa., and Wilkes-Barre, Pa., but it was moved in 1920 to its present location. The administrative secretary is aided in his work by an assistant treasurer, who must be a member of the fraternity.

The fraternity began the publication of a quarterly exoteric magazine, the *Purple, Green and Gold*, in 1914 at Menasha, Wis., where it has been printed since that time. There is a secret publication, the *Cross and Crescent*, issued four times annually by the administrative secretary. It was first published in 1914. Directories have been published in 1913, 1914, 1917, and 1919. A fifth edition, listing all members alphabetically, geographically, and by chapters, appeared in 1923. A fraternity manual was issued in 1922, while the constitution and statutory code, with ritual, has been published in loose-leaf leather binders. One edition of the songbook has been published. The Franklin and Marshall chapter has published a history. Most of the chapters have issued chapter periodicals for a number of years, some of them since the days in which they existed as local societies, and it is now a constitutional requirement that all chapters issue periodicals at least once annually.

The fraternity library, which is maintained at the central office in Indianapolis, is named for John E. Mason, of the University of Pennsylvania chapter, principal author of the ritual, principal designer of insignia, first editor of the *Purple, Green and Gold*, and the fraternity historian.

The badge is a pearl-set crescent, with horns turned toward the left, and enclosing a monogram of the Greek letters, Lambda, Chi, and Alpha. The center of the crescent bears the Greek letters Delta and Pi, in gold on black enamel.



The colors of the pledge button are gold and black. The flag consists of a purple ground displaying between three five-pointed stars in chevron, a cross, behind the right and bottom arms of which is a rising crescent and upon the intersection a shield bearing the Greek letters, Lambda, Chi, and Alpha. The shield is in green, and the cross, crescent, stars, and letters are in gold. The chapter letter is frequently placed in the inner chief. The colors are purple, green, and gold. The flower is the violet.

The fraternity has many members who stand high in politics, business, the arts, and professions. Among them are Alf. Taylor, governor of Tennessee; M. Clyde Kelley, congressman from Pennsylvania; Raymond Parker, Louisiana; William S. Tyson, Georgia; Harold K. Davidson, New Hampshire; George C. Kemble and Eugene Miller, Texas; Elmer R. Waters, Indiana, legislators; Thomas R. Williams, president of the American Newspaper Association; Col. C. M. Mathis, head of the Castle Heights Military Academy; Col. Edwin Tuttle Cole, Regular Army; Col. G. B. Comly; Dr. Joseph H. Ball, noted specialist; Paul Leland Haworth, explorer; Dr. A. E. B. Renaud, archæologist; Dr. William T. Lyle, city engineer and university dean; Dr. Homer Albers, Boston University, Dr. John A. Bexel, Oregon Agricultural College, Dr. L. L. Lewis, Oklahoma A. & M.

College, Dr. John F. Vichert, Colgate, Dr. Royal L. Wales, Rhode Island State, university deans; Dr. Francis E. Lloyd, educator, author and scientific investigator; Myron B. Chapin, artist; Dr. Egbert R. Cockrell, mayor of Fort Worth, Texas; W. Perry Hitner, Philadelphia banker; Franklin E. Edgerton and George D. Hadzits, authors and editors.



## OMEGA BETA PI

(Pre-Medical)



**T**HIS is a fraternity accepting for membership students who have expressed their intention of studying medicine. It was founded at the University of Illinois on April 2, 1919 and is an outgrowth of "Medui," a local organization of the same nature which had existed at Illinois since 1915.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1919. Alpha, University of Illinois .....	135
1921. Beta, University of Iowa .....	44
1921. Alpha Hippocrates, University of Nebraska .....	75
1921. Delta, University of Chicago .....	13

Active chapters, 4; membership, 267.

The Nebraska chapter owns a house, value \$20,000.

The government of the fraternity is vested in a Grand Council which meets in convention biennially.

The badge is of the shape of a Greek coffin. Upon the lower part is the staff of Æsculapuis engraved in gold upon black, the letters Ω B Π are in gold across the top. The pledge button is of the same shape as the badge.

## OMEGA PSI PHI

(Students of African Descent)



OMEGA PSI PHI fraternity was founded at Howard University, Washington, D. C., on November 17, 1911 by Edgar A. Love, Oscar J. Cooper and Frank Coleman, with Prof. Ernest Everett Just.

The roll of chapters is as follows:

Alpha, Howard University  
Beta, Lincoln University  
Delta, Meharry Medical College  
Zeta, Va. Union University  
Eta, Harvard University  
Theta, Wiley University  
Kappa, Syracuse University  
Nu, Penn. State College  
Xi, University of Minnesota  
Omicron, Gammon Theol. Seminary  
Rho, Johnson C. Smith University  
Tau, Atlanta University  
Phi, University of Michigan  
Chi, Yale University  
Psi, Morehouse College  
Lambda, University of Southern Californ

Active chapters, 16; membership, 987.

The fraternity publication is known as the *Oracle*. It is published semi-annually. Monthly bulletins are sent to each chapter and to isolated members concerning matters of peculiar interest to members of the organization.

In December, 1922, at Philadelphia the organization adopted a new program with the establishment of administrative offices at Washington, D. C. The Supreme Council, which is composed of the national officers, is the supreme law of the fraternity between session of the Grand Conclave.

The chapters of the fraternity are of two kinds—graduate and undergraduate. The undergraduate chapters are located at colleges and universities and the graduate chapters in cities where a sufficient number of alumni members reside. There are at present fourteen alumni chapters. The practice of electing honorary members has been discontinued.

The badge of the fraternity is a small gold shield, around the edge of which are pearls and raised above the surface of the pearls, in a black enamel plate, of the same shape as the base shield are the gold letters "Ω Ψ Φ." Above these there is a star and below a Greek lamp. The colors of the fraternity are purple and gold.

## OMICRON ALPHA TAU



**O** MICRON ALPHA TAU fraternity was founded in the spring of 1912 at Cornell University. The charter members were, Joseph Seidlin, James Castelle, Jack Grossman, Benjamin Brickman, Nat Shiren, Jules Jokel and Abraham Haibloom.

Finding that a bond of friendship had arisen amongst them which they wished to cherish, and realizing that the fundamental purposes of a fraternity were to foster the friendship and ideals that they stood for, the above men, in the spring of 1912, welded themselves into an active organization, known thenceforth as Omicron Alpha Tau.

Omicron Alpha Tau remained a local fraternity until 1915, when David Browman succeeded in founding a chapter at the College of Dental and Oral Surgery of New York. At present the chapter roll is:

1912. Alpha, Cornell University .....	69
1915. Beta, College of Dental and Oral Surgery .....	99
1916. Gamma, Georgetown University .....	45
1916. Delta, University of Kentucky (1918) .....	22
1919. Epsilon, New York University .....	45
1919. Zeta, Syracuse University .....	35
1921. Iota, Harvard University .....	7
1922. Kappa, Connecticut State College .....	5

Active chapters, 7, inactive chapters, 1. Total membership 332.

The government of the fraternity is vested in the hands of the Grand Officers of the Executive Council. Each chapter sends two voting delegates to the Executive Council Convention held monthly at New York. A yearly convention is held during Christmas week at New York.

The fraternity publishes a monthly journal called the *Oat Digest*, which is published at New York. A directory number is published annually.

## PHI ALPHA

(Jewish Students)



“THE Phi Alpha Fraternity, composed of Jewish students, was founded on October 14, 1914 at the George Washington University, Washington D. C. The chapters roll is as follows:

1914. Alpha, George Washington University .....	65
1915. Beta, University of Maryland .....	55
1916. Gamma, Georgetown University .....	45
1919. Delta, Northwestern University .....	29
1919. Epsilon, Maryland State College .....	20
1920. Zeta, Yale University .....	22
1920. Eta, Johns Hopkins University .....	35
1920. Theta, New York University .....	21
1920. Iota, Columbia University .....	20
1921. Kappa, University of Pennsylvania .....	25
1921. Lambda, De Paul University .....	15

Active chapters, 12; inactive chapters, 0. Alumni chapters, 3; membership, 371.

Alpha and Gamma chapters own a house jointly, evaluated to the amount of \$18,000.

There are alumni chapters at Washington D. C., Baltimore Md., and New York City.

The official publication of the fraternity is the *Phi Alpha*, issued quarterly.

Each year there is a National Convention held during the

latter part of December, at which time delegates from each chapter and alumni chapter assemble to formulate National procedure for the ensuing year. There are four National council meetings held each year, composed of two delegates from each active and alumni chapter.

The badge is a gold plaque with the raised letters, "Phi Alpha," and surrounded with a row of pearls. The colors are maroon and blue.

## PHI BETA DELTA



THE Phi Beta Delta Fraternity was founded on April 4, 1912 at the Columbia University in New York City. Founded as a fraternal organization of college men, it has thrived from the day of its inception, and has expanded to embrace institution after institution where men imbued with the Spirit and Ideals of Phi Beta Delta have sought the comfort of its fold.

Since its organization the fraternity has established the following chapters:

1922. Mu, University of Virginia .....	19
1912. Alpha, Columbia University .....	93
1912. Gamma, College of the City of New York .....	150
1912. Lambda, New York College of Dentistry .....	112
1913. Sigma, Cornell University (1918) .....	35
1915. Zeta, New York University . . . . .	138
1916. Beta, Fordham University .....	83
1918. Nu, Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn .....	35
1919. Eta, University of Pennsylvania .....	64
1919. Epsilon, University of Chicago .....	51
1920. Theta, Massachusetts Institute of Technology .....	28
1920. Mu, University of Cincinnati .....	24
1920. Kappa, University of Southern California .....	38
1921. Omicron, University of Michigan .....	25
1921. Rho, Worcester Polytechnic Institute .....	22



1921. Xi, Tufts College .....	15
1921. Pi, Washington University .....	8
1922. Tau, University of California .....	14
1922. Upsilon, Southern Branch of the University of California .....	20
1922. Iota, University of Oklahoma ... ..	20

Active chapters, 18; inactive chapters, 1. Total membership, 975.

The Columbia and New York University chapters own their houses. Total 2; total valuation \$55,000.

The Cornell chapter became inactive when as a result of the World War, every undergraduate in attendance at the University joined the military forces of one or another of the Allies. This left the chapter without an active man on the Campus on the cessation of hostilities.

To more closely knit out-of-town Brothers resident in various cities, with the goings on of the fraternity, Constitutional provision was made for the organization of Phi Beta Delta Clubs in residential centers, in the usual manner. To date two such clubs have been granted Charters, the Phi Beta Delta Club of New York City, and the Phi Beta Delta Club of Philadelphia. The former has a membership of 350, the latter of 40.

The fraternity is governed by a Constitution, with certain well defined powers vested in a governing board called the National Council. This Council is elected yearly at the National Conventions of the fraternity. The National Council is the supreme governing body of the fraternity. The detail of administration is carried out by various committees appointed by the National Council, and subject absolutely to the supervision and control of the National Council. At each National Convention the then governing National Council submits its report of activities and accomplishments for the year.

The fraternity issues a monthly journal called *What's*

*Doing in Phi Beta Delta.* This is a confidential paper devoted to the interests of the constituent membership. The fraternity also publishes an "Annual," and a directory listing the names and addresses of all the members.

The fraternity badge is diamond shaped, and is edged with pearls. In the center, which is slightly raised, are the letters, placed horizontally across the badge,  $\Phi$  B  $\Delta$ . The letters are in gold, on a blue background. Above the letters appears a five pointed star countersunk in gold into the badge. Below the letters appear two crossed keys in gold on a blue background. The fraternity colors are blue and gold.

# PHI BETA SIGMA

(Students of African Descent)



**T**HE Phi Beta Sigma Fraternity was founded January 9, 1914 by A. L. Taylor, L. F. Morse and C. I. Brown, at Howard University, Washington D. C.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1914. Alpha, Howard University, Washington, D. C. ....	255
1915. Beta, Wiley University .....	95
1916. Gamma, Morgan College, Baltimore .....	75
1917. Delta, Kansas State College .....	63
1919. Epsilon, Temple University .....	52
1919. Zeta, Morris Brown University, Atlanta, Ga. ....	55
1919. Eta, A. and T. College of N. C. ...	50
1920. Theta, Geo. R. Smith College .....	45
1920. Iota, Shaw University, Raleigh, N. C. ....	55
1920. Kappa, Meharry Medical College, Nashville, Tenn. ....	65
1921. Lambda, Virginia Union University, Richmond, Va. ....	35
1922. Mu, Lincoln University, Pa. ....	30
1922. Nu, Chicago University .....	25

Number of chapters, 13; membership, 900.

There are nine alumni chapters.

The Fraternity is governed by the annual convention. During the interim between the conventions the authority is vested in the General Board.

The Fraternity pin is a monogram made of the letters  $\Phi$  B  $\Sigma$  with twelve pearls surrounding the  $\Phi$ . The colors are

White and Blue. The flower is the white carnation. The official organ—*The Phi Beta Sigma Journal*—is published three times a year. The Fraternity maintains the Douglass Scholarship Fund from which an annual scholarship is granted to a member of the fraternity upon a competitive basis. Its sister sorority is the Zeta Phi Beta Sorority. The permanent headquarters of the fraternity is in Washington, D. C. with a salaried officer in charge.

## PHI DELTA THETA



THIS fraternity was founded at Miami University, Oxford, Ohio, December 26, 1848, by Robert Morrison, '49; John McMillan Wilson, '49; Robert Thompson Drake, '50; John Wolfe Lindley, '50; Ardivan Walker Rodgers, '51, and Andrew Watts Rogers, '51. Morrison first proposed the organization to Wilson, and they were joint authors of "The Bond of the Phi Delta Theta," which is a statement of the principles of the fraternity and has never been changed. Between them they decided on the name of the fraternity, and Morrison selected and arranged the secret Greek motto..

The founders of Phi Delta Theta intended that it should be extended to other institutions. Before its first anniversary it had been established at Indiana University, and before the expiration of the second year at Centre College, in Kentucky. Other chapters were soon established, and, though several suspended, the fraternity, at the beginning of the Civil War, had laid the foundation for substantial growth. The war checked further development, and caused the suspension of the chapters at Wisconsin, Lawrence, Northwestern, Ohio Wesleyan and Franklin. A charter

was granted for a chapter at Hanover in 1861, but it was not then organized.

At the close of the war the only active chapters were those at Indiana, Centre, Wabash, Butler and Michigan. The last, chartered in 1864, and the Chicago chapter, chartered in 1865, were the only chapters established from 1860 to 1868. During its third decade, 1869-79, the fraternity entered many Southern institutions and during its fourth decade, 1879-89, it established chapters in Eastern institutions, and made itself national in extent.

. The chapter list is as follows:

1848. Ohio Alpha, Miami University .....	448
1849 Ind. Alpha, Indiana University .....	598
1850. Ky. Alpha, Centre College .....	521
1850. Ind. Beta, Wabash College .....	492
1852. Ohio Beta, Miami University, united with Ohio Alpha...	
1852. Ohio Gamma, Wittenberg College (1854) .....	8
1853. Texas Alpha Prime, Austin College (1858) .....	8
1854. Ky. Beta, Kentucky Military Institute (1856) .....	43
1855. Ky. Gamma, Centre College, united with Ky. Alpha .....	
1857 Ky. Gamma, Georgetown College (1876) .....	16
1857. Wis. Alpha, University of Wisconsin .....	508
1859. Wis. Beta, Lawrence College (1861) .....	11
1859. Ill. Alpha, Northwestern University .....	320
1859 Ind. Gamma, Butler College .....	435
1860. Ohio Beta, Ohio Wesleyan University .	418
1860. Ind. Delta, Franklin College .....	468
1861. Ind. Epsilon, Hanover College .....	254
1864. Mich. Alpha, University of Michigan .....	348
1865. Ill. Beta, University of Chicago .....	264
1868. Ind. Zeta, De Pauw University .....	414
1868. Ohio Gamma, Ohio University .....	394
1869. Ind. Eta, Indiana State Normal School (1872) .....	13
1869. Va. Alpha, Roanoke College (1896) .....	149
1870. Mo. Alpha, University of Missouri .....	487
1871. Ill. Gamma, Monmouth College (1884) .....	59
1871. Ill. Delta, Knox College .....	399

1871. Ga. Alpha, Oglethorpe University (1872)	13
1871. Ga. Alpha, University of Georgia	490
1871. Ga. Beta, Emory University	492
1871. Iowa Alpha, Iowa Wesleyan College	342
1872. Ga. Gamma, Mercer University	443
1872. Ohio Delta, College of Wooster (1897)	161
1872. N. Y. Alpha, Cornell University	437
1873. Pa. Alpha, Lafayette College	398
1873. Cal. Alpha, University of California	360
1873. Mich. Beta, Michigan State College (1898)	161
1873. Va. Beta, University of Virginia	260
1874. Va. Gamma, Randolph-Macon College	195
1875. Ohio Epsilon, Buchtel College (1896)	95
1875. Neb. Alpha, University of Nebraska	338
1875. Va. Delta, Richmond College (1895)	83
1875. Pa. Beta, Gettysburg College	304
1875. Pa. Gamma, Washington and Jefferson College	332
1876. Tenn. Alpha, Vanderbilt University	516
1876. Pa. Eta, Lehigh University	248
1876. Mo. Beta, Central College (1878)	10
1877. Miss. Alpha, University of Mississippi (1913)	256
1877. Ala. Alpha, University of Alabama	392
1878. Va. Epsilon, Virginia Military Institute (1889)	35
1878. Ill. Epsilon, Illinois Wesleyan University (1897)	107
1878. Texas Alpha, Trinity University (1883)	41
1878. N. C. Alpha, Trinity College (1879)	24
1878. Ill. Zeta, Lombard College	364
1879. Ala. Beta, Alabama Polytechnic Institute	459
1879. S. C. Alpha, Wofford College (1884)	25
1879. Pa. Delta, Allegheny College	363
1879. Vt. Alpha, University of Vermont	403
1880. Pa. Epsilon, Dickinson College	320
1880. Mo. Beta, Westminster College	335
1881. Minn. Alpha, University of Minnesota	304
1882. Iowa Beta, University of Iowa	357
1882. S. C. Beta, University of South Carolina (1893)	40
1882. Kan. Alpha, University of Kansas	425
1882. Mich. Gamma, Hillsdale College (1898)	104
1883. Tenn. Beta, University of the South	315
1883. Ohio Zeta, Ohio State University	350
1883. Texas Beta, University of Texas	308

1883. Pa. Zeta, University of Pennsylvania .....	405
1883. N. Y. Beta, Union University .....	226
1884. N. Y. Gamma, College of the City of New York (1891) ..	55
1884. Maine Alpha, Colby College .....	374
1884. N. Y. Delta, Columbia University .....	354
1884. N. H. Alpha, Dartmouth College .....	502
1885. N. C. Beta, University of North Carolina .....	212
1885. Ky. Delta, Central University, united with Ky. Alpha ...	99
1886. Mass Alpha, Williams College ..	300
1886. Texas Gamma, Southwestern University .....	306
1887. N. Y. Epsilon, Syracuse University .....	410
1887. Va. Zeta, Washington and Lee University .....	202
1887. Ala. Gamma, Southern University (1896) .....	124
1888. Mass. Beta, Amherst College .....	360
1889. R. I. Alpha, Brown University .....	304
1889. La. Alpha, Tulane University ..	198
1891. Mo. Gamma, Washington University .....	257
1891. Cal. Beta, Stanford University .....	217
1893. Ind. Theta, Purdue University .....	340
1893. Ill. Eta, University of Illinois .....	338
1896. Ohio Eta, Case School of Applied Science .....	254
1898. Ohio Theta, University of Cincinnati .....	240
1900. Wash. Alpha, University of Washington .....	322
1901. Ky. Epsilon, University of Kentucky .....	190
1902. Quebec Alpha, McGill University .....	199
1902. Colo. Alpha, University of Colorado .....	224
1902. Ga. Delta, Georgia School of Technology .....	246
1904. Pa. Theta, Pennsylvania State College .....	203
1906. Ontario Alpha, University of Toronto .....	164
1906. S. D. Alpha, University of South Dakota .....	201
1908. Idaho Alpha, University of Idaho .....	267
1910. Kan. Beta, Washburn College .....	203
1912. Oreg. Alpha, University of Oregon .....	162
1913. Colo. Beta, Colorado College .....	174
1913. Iowa Gamma, Iowa State College .....	120
1913. N. D. Alpha, University of North Dakota .....	217
1915. Ohio Iota, Denison University .....	180
1915. Wash. Beta, Whitman College .....	179
1915. Utah Alpha, University of Utah .....	210
1918. Wash. Gamma, Washington State College .....	134
1918. Oreg. Beta, Oregon Agricultural College .....	167



1918. Okla. Alpha, University of Oklahoma .....	135
1918. Pa. Iota, University of Pittsburgh .....	145
1918. N. Y. Zeta, Colgate University .....	176
1918. Pa. Kappa, Swarthmore College .....	142
1920. Montana Alpha, University of Montana .....	102
1920. Colorado Gamma, Colorado State College .....	98
1920. Kansas Gamma, Kansas State College .....	77
1923. Arizona Alpha, University of Arizona .....	54
1923. Texas Gamma, Southern Methodist University .....	55

Active chapters, 90; inactive, 24. Total membership, 28,883.

All of the chapters own houses except Centre, Colby, De-Pauw, Georgia Tech., Hanover, Iowa, Kentucky, Knox, Mercer, Oregon State, Randolph-Macon, Southwestern, Washington, Washington and Lee. Total houses owned 76, total valuation \$2,216,000.

The first meeting of the founders of Phi Delta Theta was in Wilson's room, in the north dormitory, which still stands. At the semi-centennial celebration of the fraternity this room was marked with a granite tablet. Though the new fraternity had the support of members of the Miami faculty, the early members thought they could best accomplish their objects by remaining *sub rosa*. Meetings were usually held in the rooms of members, but when the active members numbered eleven, all could not assemble in any available room without attracting attention. Some of them, therefore, petitioned for a charter to establish a second chapter at Miami, and the petition was granted in April, 1852. At commencement in 1852, the members decided to make the fraternity's existence publicly known, and began wearing badges openly.

The chapter established at Indiana University in 1849 chose to remain *sub rosa*, and it did not publicly announce its existence until 1854.

Kentucky Alpha, established at Centre College in 1850, followed the example of the Miami chapter, and divided when its membership had reached nineteen. The charter of the second chapter at Centre was granted in 1855, and was surrendered in the same year. The members of the second chapters at Miami and Centre affiliated again with their original chapters. In no other fraternity has there been an instance of bicameral chapters in the same institution. Kentucky Delta was established at Central University in 1885. In 1901 Centre College and Central University were consolidated, under the former name, and the chapters at the two institutions were combined, under the name of Kentucky Alpha Delta.

During the first thirty-five years of the fraternity, anti-fraternity laws caused a number of chapters to be *sub rosa* for years, others to suspend temporarily and some to suspend permanently. The Wabash chapter was compelled to find means of circumventing a watchful faculty until 1862-63. In 1874 anti-fraternity laws were enacted at Ohio Wesleyan, and their enforcement was attempted for a year or two. The Nebraska chapter, chartered in 1875, found neither faculty nor students favorable to fraternities, and suspended in 1876; it was revived in 1883. The Vanderbilt chapter, chartered in 1876, was not fairly organized until 1877, on account of anti-fraternity laws, which rendered *sub rosa* existence necessary until 1883. In 1877, shortly after the organization of the chapter at the University of Alabama, it was forced by adverse regulations to suspend; it was revived in 1883, and the restrictions were removed two years later. Because of faculty opposition, the Georgia chapter was *sub rosa* 1875-78, the Missouri chapter 1881-84, and the chapter at Alabama Polytechnic Institute 1881-83. The Knox chapter suspended in 1878,

on account of anti-fraternity rules; these having been annulled, the chapter was revived in 1880.

The charter of the chapter at Georgetown, granted in 1857, was withdrawn the same year because of the faculty's hostility; the chapter was rechartered in 1875, but died the next year for the same reason. The chapters at Wittenberg, K. M. I., V. M. I., Monmouth, Central (Missouri), Trinity (Texas) and Trinity (North Carolina) were killed by anti-fraternity laws. The chapter at Wofford died in 1884, and the chapter at South Carolina in 1893, and subsequently fraternities were prohibited at each of those institutions. The isolated chapter at Austin College suspended in 1854, was revived in 1857, and died the next year. The Oglethorpe chapter died on account of the closing of the institution. The charters of the chapters at Indiana State Normal School, Roanoke, Hillsdale, Michigan State, C. C. N. Y., and Southern were withdrawn because the fraternity did not desire to continue at those institutions.

The Miami chapter suspended in 1857, was revived in 1865, suspended on account of the closing of the university in 1873, and was revived in 1885, when the university was reopened. The Chicago chapter suspended in 1871, and was reestablished in the new University of Chicago in 1897.

The Lombard chapter was formed from the parent, and then only surviving, chapter of Phi. Sigma. All the attendant members of the Centre chapter were graduated in 1879, but the chapter was continued by the absorption, in the fall, of the Centre chapter of one of the last chapters of Delta Kappa. In 1885 the active members of the W. W. W., or Rainbow, chapter, at the University of Texas, were initiated into the chapter of Phi Delta Theta there, and Phi Delta Theta was established at Southwestern University by initiating the members of the Southwestern chap-

ter of W. W. W. These two chapters had disagreed with the others in regard to the policy of uniting with Delta Tau Delta. In 1887 Kappa Sigma Kappa, a fraternity having chapters in Virginia, disintegrated. Its chapter at Washington and Lee joined Phi Delta Theta establishing a chapter there and its chapter at V. M. I. and members of it at Randolph-Macon and Richmond united with Phi Delta Theta.

The chapter at the University of the South, in 1884, the next year after its establishment, built the first house owned by Phi Delta Theta.

The original plan of government provided that the parent chapter at Miami should be the presiding chapter, and have the right to charter other chapters in Ohio and to charter the first chapter in each other State, and provided that the first chapter in each State should have the right to charter other chapters in that State. The presiding chapter was called the Grand Chapter until 1868.

An Executive Committee was established in 1868. It had a president, a secretary and a varying number of members until 1876. In 1872 its powers were enlarged, and a Grand Banker was added. In 1876 and 1878, its powers were again enlarged, and from 1876 to 1880 it was composed of a president, a secretary, a grand banker and one member chosen by the national grand chapter. Until 1878 the first chapter in each State was the presiding chapter in the State, and was called the State Grand Chapter, but in that year State Grand Chapters were abolished. In 1880, the Executive Committee was changed to a General Council, composed of a president, a secretary, a treasurer and a historian, and the fraternity was divided into provinces. Full executive powers were then conferred on the General Council. In 1902 a chapter house commission and an

alumni commission, each with two members, were created. The five councilors, two commissioners, the editor of the catalogue and the fraternity librarian constitute the board of trustees, which acts as a court of appeals in questions regarding membership. In 1881 the fraternity was incorporated under the laws of Ohio.

In 1865 an Indiana State Convention was held at Indianapolis. It was the first State convention with chapter representation held by any fraternity. Province associations, organized since 1880, meet annually or biennially in the years when the General Convention does not meet.

In 1876 an alumni chapter was organized at Franklin, Ind. Charters have been granted to alumni at many places. The number of alumni clubs chartered is 143.

There are alumni clubs at Harvard and Yale.

Eight editions of the fraternity catalogue have been issued, as follows: 1860, Louisville, Ky., 292 names; 1870, Cincinnati, Ohio, 556 names; 1872, Cincinnati, Ohio, 925 names; 1878, Indianapolis, Ind., 1,929 names; 1883, Nashville, Tenn., 3,460 names; 1894, New York, N. Y., 7,286 names; 1906, Evanston, Ill., 14,525 names; 1918, New York, N. Y., 21,777 names. Directories of the members residing in New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Indianapolis, Chicago, Denver, Portland, and other cities have been published by the alumni clubs of those cities. A Year Book containing a report and a list of the alumni and active members of each chapter was issued annually from 1905 to 1912.

A detailed and complete history of the fraternity from 1848 to 1906 by Walter B. Palmer was published in the latter year. It is an octavo volume of 966 pages, with 387 illustrations.

Two editions of "A Manual of Phi Delta Theta," containing an historical sketch of the fraternity, college statis-

tics and other matter, have been issued in 1886 and 1897. A third edition, a book of over 300 pages called the "Olympian" was issued in 1912.

A preliminary edition of the fraternity Songbook was issued in 1874. Seven editions of the Songbook have since been published in 1876, 1882, 1886, 1895, 1902, 1916, and 1922. Several pieces of sheet music inscribed to the fraternity have been published.

The fraternity journal, caled *The Scroll of Phi Delta Theta*, was first issued in January, 1875. During 1875 and 1876, it was a quarterly magazine, published at Indianapolis, Ind. During 1876-8 it was suspended. In 1878 it was revived as a monthly paper at Franklin, Ind., and in the same year it was moved to Gettysburg, Pa. In 1880 it was changed to magazine form again. In 1882 it was moved to Maysville, Ky.; in 1883 to Nashville, Tenn.; in 1884 to New York, N. Y.; in 1889, when it was changed to a bi-monthly, to Columbus, Ohio; in 1897 to Indianapolis, Ind.; in 1904 to Menasha, Wis. Until 1884 *The Scroll* was a *sub rosa* periodical. From 1889 to 1917 it was published five times a year, since 1917 quarterly. *The Palladium*, a quarterly bulletin, devoted to the private affairs of the fraternity, was established in 1884. Chapter journals have been published by a number of the chapters.

The badge, consisting of a shield with a scroll bearing the letters, "Φ Δ Θ" in the lower part of the field, and an eye in the upper part, was adopted in 1849. In 1866 an addition to it was made, of a sword attached to the shield by a chain. Argent and azure were selected as fraternity colors in 1871. A coat-of-arms was adopted in 1866, and the design was changed in 1898. A fraternity flag was adopted in 1889, and the design was changed in 1891 and 1896. The last (1906) design consists of three vertical bars of equal width; the outer bars blue and the middle

bar white; each of the outer bars charged with three white five-pointed stars; the middle bar charged with "Φ Δ Θ," the letters in blue, reading downward; the width of the whole being two-thirds of the length. In 1891 the white



carnation was adopted as the fraternity flower. A fraternity cheer was adopted in 1891 and a fraternity whistle in 1894. The colors of the pledge button are white and blue.

In 1880 Alumni Day was appointed as a day for universal observance throughout the fraternity, and in 1910 Founders' Day also was appointed to be celebrated annually. Founders' Day is March 15, the birthday of Robert Morrison, one of the founders, and Alumni Day is October 15. On these two days every year, it is customary for each alumni club to have a social and business meeting, a dinner, and a discussion of some topic of fraternity interest chosen by the General Council. The members of college chapters wear the colors and celebrate the occasion with ritualistic exercises, to which all resident alumni are invited.

Following are the names of some of the prominent members of Phi Delta Theta, with the positions which they hold or have held: Benjamin Harrison, President, and A. E. Stevenson, Vice-President of the United States; J. W. Foster, Secretary of State; W. F. Vilas, Postmaster General and Secretary of the Interior; J. C. McReynolds, Attorney General of the United States; D. F. Houston, United States Secretary of Agriculture and Secretary of the Treasury; Will H. Hays, Postmaster General; E. M. Underwood, Assistant Attorney General of the United States; G. M. Lambertson, and Jouett Shouse, Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury; C. C. McChord, Chairman Inter-State Commerce Commission; R. E. Cabell, Commissioner of Internal Revenue; T. J. Morgan, Commissioner of Indian Affairs; J. C. Black, President and M. A. Morrison, Commissioner, Civil

Service Commission; D. R. Crissinger, Comptroller of the Currency and Governor Federal Reserve Board; J. J. Tigert, Commissioner of Education; E. A. Conger, Minister to Brazil and China and Ambassador to Mexico; J. W. Foster, Minister to Mexico, Spain and Russia; A. C. Harris, Minister to Austria-Hungary; J. S. Ewing, Minister to Belgium; C. H. Lewis, Minister to Portugal.

United State Senators: Benjamin Harrison of Indiana; J. C. S. Blackburn of Kentucky; W. F. Vilas of Wisconsin; J. B. Allen of Washington; D. U. Fletcher of Florida; T. W. Hardwick of Georgia; X. P. Wilfley of Missouri.

Congressmen: C. L. Moses, J. M. Griggs, W. M. Howard, W. G. Brantley, T. W. Hardwick, J. G. Lee, J. W. Overstreet and J. S. Tribble of Georgia; A. E. Stevenson, J. C. Sherwin, E. H. Conger, J. C. Black, J. V. Gaff, G. W. Prince, L. Fitz Henry and A. F. Moore of Illinois; A. H. Hamilton, T. B. Ward, F. M. Griffith and M. A. Morrison of Indiana; J. C. S. Blackburn, J. W. Lewis, S. J. Pugh, C. R. Anderson and King Swope of Kentucky; T. M. Paschal, J. G. Russell, Rufus Hardy and Tom Connally of Texas; W. B. Oliver, O. L. Gray and W. B. Bankhead, of Alabama; L. J. Fenton, Emmett Tompkins and I. M. Foster of Ohio; W. S. Hill, W. W. Venable and R. A. Collins of Mississippi; J. A. Anderson and Jouett Shouse of Kansas; Willis Sweet and B. L. French of Idaho; J. B. Allen and L. H. Hadley of Washington; J. F. Philips of Missouri; J. L. Kennedy of Nebraska; P. D. Norton and O. B. Burtness of North Dakota; R. C. Johnson of South Dakota; M. R. Patterson of Tennessee; C. G. Bond of New York.

Governors: A. C. Mellette and S. H. Elrod of South Dakota; W. H. Ellerbe of South Carolina; M. R. Patterson of Tennessee; J. T. Morrison of Idaho; J. C. S. Blackburn and Chester Harding of Canal Zone. Lieutenant-Gov-



ernors: H. T. Miller of Indiana; W. J. Coyle of Washington.

Justices: J. C. McReynolds of the United States Supreme Court, W. A. Woods, J. M. Mayer and C. C. Kohlsaat of the United States Circuit Court; J. F. Philips, J. T. Dickinson, J. G. Russell, James H. Wilkerson, Francis A. Winslow and W. H. Thomas of the United States District Court; C. S. Hatfield of the U. S. Customs Court of Appeals; Chief Justices B. K. Elliott, W. A. Woods and J. V. Hadley of the Indiana Supreme Court; Chief Justice N. C. Young of the North Dakota Supreme Court; Justices A. A. Evans and W. H. Thomas of the Alabama Supreme Court; D. F. Simpson and Oscar Hallam of the Minnesota Supreme Court; M. W. Beck of the Georgia Supreme Court; H. F. Mason of the Kansas Supreme Court; H. A. Melvin and W. H. Waste of the California Supreme Court; Wallace McCamant of the Oregon Supreme Court; O. G. Ellis of the Washington Supreme Court; Norman Buck of the Idaho Supreme Court; W. B. Fleming of the New Mexico Supreme Court.

College Presidents: P. D. Pollock and W. L. Pickard of Mercer University; D. F. Houston of the University of Texas and Washington University; G. P. Benton of Miami University; University of Vermont and University of the Philippines; F. W. Hinitt of Washington and Jefferson College; Andrew Sledd of the University of Florida and Southern University; H. L. Smith of Davidson College and Washington and Lee University; J. N. Powers of the University of Mississippi; M. A. Brannon of the University of Idaho and Beloit College; W. E. Clark of the University of Nevada; Alston Ellis of Ohio University; J. V. Logan of Central University; A. J. Roberts of Colby College; J. P. Ashley of Albion College; W. A. Webb of Randolph-Macon Woman's College; F. S. Kedzie of Michigan

Agricultural; H. C. Parmlee, Colorado School of Mines.

Among clergymen: C. M. Beckwith, Bishop of Alabama; M. E. Fawcett, Bishop of Quincy; W. L. Gravatt, Bishop-Coadjutor of West Virginia; H. C. Mabie, Secretary, American Baptist Foreign Mission Society; T. J. Morgan, Secretary American Baptist Home Mission Society; M. F. Troxell, Secretary, Lutheran Board of Education; C. E. Nash, Field Secretary, Universalist Church; J. T. McFarland, Editor, Sunday School Publications, Methodist Episcopal Church; J. F. Heisse, Editor, *Baltimore Methodist*; David Swing, Founder of Central Church Chicago; F. P. Turner, General Secretary, Students Volunteer Movement; F. S. Brockman, General Secretary, Y. M. C. A. for China and Korea.

Literary men: Eugene Field, William Allen White, John R. Spears, John S. Phillips, Ray Stannard Baker, Frank S. Pixley, Edwin Emerson, Jr.

Scientists: O. W. Caldwell, M. A. Howe and O. F. Cook, Jr., botanists; T. J. J. See and Milton Updegraff, astronomers; V. L. Kellogg and C. F. Baker, zoologists; E. C. Franklin, chemist; W. S. Franklin, physicist; E. F. Smith, plant pathologist; L. H. Bailey, horticulturist; W. J. Spillman, agriculturist; A. W. Butler, ornithologist.

C. V. Van Anda, managing editor *New York Times*; H. U. Brown, managing editor *Indianapolis News*; H. R. Johnson, cartoonist *Saturday Evening Post*; E. L. Keen, European manager United Press; Major Generals Frederic Funston and Edgar Russell; Brigadier Generals H. V. N. Boynton and Edgar Jadwin; Rear Admirals Edward Simpson and Louis R. deSteigner. Actors: Robert T. Haines and Frank Crumit; Charles ("Chick") Evans, national amateur golfer; Grantland Rice sports writer; Richard Henry Little and Harvey Woodruff Column Conductors.

## PHI EPSILON PI



**T**HE Phi Epsilon Pi Fraternity was founded at the College of the City of New York on November 23, 1904 by Max Shlivek, Alvin Block, Adolph Hamburger, Siegfried Hartman, Arthur Hirschberg, William Hanning and Abraham E. Horn.

The following is the roll of chapters:

1904. Alpha, College of the City of New York .....	129
1905. Beta, Columbia University .....	70
1911. Epsilon, Cornell University .....	85
1913. Zeta, University of Pittsburgh .....	102
1914. Eta, University of Pennsylvania .....	120
1914. Theta, Pennsylvania State College .....	93
1914. Iota, Dickinson College .....	91
1914. Kappa, New York University (1922) .....	61
1915. Lambda, Rutgers College .....	81
1915. Mu, University of Georgia .....	61
1915. Nu, University of Virginia .....	53
1916. Xi, Georgia School of Technology .....	71
1916. Omicron, Tufts College (1922) .....	79
1916. Pi, University of Maine .....	75
1916. Rho, Rhode Island State College (1921) .....	24
1916. Sigma, Brown University (1918) .....	13
1916. Tau, Alabama Polytechnic Institute (1920) .....	42
1916. Upsilon, Connecticut State College .....	37
1916. Phi, Carnegie Institute of Technology (1922) .....	66
1917. Chi, Syracuse University .....	62

1920. Gamma, Northwestern University .....	38
1920. Psi, University of Illinois .....	52
1920. Omega, University of Cincinnati .....	13
1920. Delta, Washington & Lee University .....	15
1920. Alpha Alpha, Dartmouth College (1922) .....	10
1920. Alpha Beta, University of Iowa .....	24
1920. Alpha Epsilon, Johns Hopkins University .....	14
1921. Alpha Gamma, University of Michigan .....	37

Active chapters, 21; inactive chapters, 7. Total membership, 1618.

The following chapters own houses: Maine, Pennsylvania, Rutgers, Dickinson, Cornell, Syracuse and Pittsburgh. Total houses owned 7; total valuation, \$229,000.

The Alabama Polytechnic Institute chapter was expelled for violation of the constitution. The charter of New York University was withdrawn because it had become a professional school chapter. The Brown chapter was withdrawn because of its inability to secure faculty recognition.

Until 1912, there was no central form of administration, but during that year, due to the effort of a few alumni, a National Council was formed, consisting of five officers and one delegate from each active chapter. This body assumed complete jurisdiction over the chapters, adopted a revised National constitution, standardized the local constitutions and conducted the general business of the fraternity. This form of government was soon outgrown and in 1917, the constitution was amended to allow for the present governing bodies.

A Grand Council, consisting of five officers chosen annually at the general convention, was formed to which was given complete judicial and legislative powers between conventions. The chapters were divided into geographical districts presided over by a Province Council, which is an

advisory body. In 1921, the constitution was still further amended creating the office of travelling secretary and establishing a central office, located at present in Philadelphia.

The General Convention is the supreme legislative and judicial body of the fraternity. Conventions are held annually to which each active chapter and each alumni association is privileged to have representation.

The magazine of the fraternity is known as the *Phi Epsilon Pi Quarterly* and was established in 1915.

The chapters issue papers and news letters dealing with active and alumni matters, scholastic and personal doings. These are distributed to all chapters and alumni.

The alumni are organized into sectional associations and are given equal rights with chapters at conventions. Alumni Associations exist in fifteen of the large cities.

The first catalogue of members was issued in 1920. This was followed in 1921 by a more elaborate volume, giving the complete roll, and containing a history of the fraternity.

In 1920, an endowment fund was created through an insurance plan and this was supplemented in 1923 by the life membership plan of membership. The *Quarterly* was placed on a life subscription basis in 1920.

A silver loving cup is awarded each year to the chapter making the best record in scholarship, literary achievements and athletics.

The fraternity admits both associate and honorary members.

The badge of the fraternity is an oblong shield with concave sides and the four corners cut on the diagonal. Pearls are set in gold along the concave sides, the center displaying the letters  $\Phi$   $\epsilon$   $\Pi$  in gold on a black enamel background, the letters running from the upper left hand corner

diagonally across the field to the lower right hand corner.



The pledge button is an eight-sided shield, the sides of which curve inward. On a purple field, are displayed in gold, a crown pierced by a sword pointing down to an open eye.

The colors of the fraternity are purple and gold.

The flag displays the three Greek letters  $\Phi$   $\epsilon$   $\Pi$  in gold running diagonally across a purple field from the upper left hand corner to the lower right hand corner.

Phi Epsilon Pi Day is celebrated the first Saturday in August. Founders' Day is celebrated November 23rd. . On these two days, alumni and active chapters meet at a dinner and a discussion of the general welfare of the fraternity takes place. The active chapters celebrate Founders' Day by wearing a white carnation and conduct ritualistic exercises befitting the occasion.

The popular name of the fraternity is "Phiep."

Prominent members include: College professors, Dr. Calvin Coggins, Rhode Island State College; Dr. Albert Judd, University of Pittsburgh; Dr. Louis Wise, Syracuse University; Dr. William B. Otis, C. C. N. Y.; Theologians: Dr. William Rosenau, of Baltimore, Md.; Dr. Edward N. Calisch, of Richmond, Va.; Dr. Harry Levi of Brookline, Mass. Dr. Ferdinand K. Hirsch, Sumter, S. C. Physicians: Dr. K. I. Sanes, Pittsburgh, Pa. Jurists: Judge William Newcorn of Plainfield, N. J., Judge A. J. David, Elizabeth, N. J.; Harold Hirsch, Atlanta, Ga. Prominent citizen; Jules E. Mastbaum, Philadelphia.

## PHI GAMMA DELTA



THIS fraternity was founded in the room of John Templeton McCarty in "Fort Armstrong," a dormitory of Jefferson College, Canonsburg, Pennsylvania, on the night of April 22, 1848. A constitution was adopted on May 1, 1848, which is now recognized as "Founders' Day." John Templeton McCarty was a student in 1845 and 1846 at Miami University. He entered Jefferson in 1847. The founders were: John Templeton McCarty, '48, James Elliott, Jr., '48, Daniel Webster Crofts, '48, Samuel Beatty Wilson, '48, Ellis Bailey Gregg, '48, and Naaman Fletcher, '49. All were free Masons and law students. Fletcher had been admitted to the bar before entering Jefferson. The first meeting of the organization provided for the establishment of "Foreign Chapters." The patronage of Jefferson College being largely from southern states, it was natural that the establishment of new chapters should be in the South, and of the first sixteen chapters organized prior to the war, eleven were in southern states.

The chapter roll is as follows :

1848. Alpha and Beta, Washington and Jefferson College .....	606
1850. Gamma, University at Nashville (1850) .....	10
1851. Delta, Union University, Tenn. (1873) .....	83

1851. Epsilon, University of North Carolina (1898) .....	81
1852. Zeta, Washington College, Tenn. (1852) .....	7
1855. Eta, Marietta College (1897) .....	84
1855. Theta, University of Alabama .....	248
1856. Iota, Centre College (1856) .....	5
1856. Kappa, Baylor University (1886) .....	53
1856. Lambda, De Pauw University .....	593
1856. Mu, Howard College (1861) .....	26
1856. Nu, Bethel College (1912) .....	270
1858. Xi, Gettysburg College .....	377
1858. Omicron, University of Virginia .....	356
1860. Pi, Allegheny College .....	496
1860. Rho, Kentucky University (1862) .....	11
1863. Sigma, Western University of Pennsylvania ... (Revived 1916 at University of Pittsburgh as Pi Sigma)	221
1864. Tau, Hanover College .....	300
1865. Upsilon, College of the City of New York (1906) .....	284
1865. Phi, Baker University (1868) .....	20
1866. Chi, Monmouth College (1871) .....	17
1866. Psi, Wabash College .....	415
1866. Omega, Columbia University .....	522
1866. Alpha Deuteron, Illinois Wesleyan University .....	458
1866. Beta Deuteron, Roanoke College (1905) .....	225
1867. Gamma Deuteron, Knox College .....	335
1867. Epsilon Deuteron, Muhlenberg College (1894) .....	188
1868. Zeta Deuteron, Washington & Lee University .....	220
1868. Eta Deuteron, University of Mississippi (1879) .....	54
1868. Delta Deuteron, Northwestern University (1870) .....	20
1869. Theta Deuteron, Ohio Wesleyan University .....	465
1869. Iota Deuteron, Cumberland University (1878) .....	75
1870. Delta Deuteron, Hampden-Sidney College (1904) .....	123
1871. Kappa Deuteron, University of Georgia (1891) .....	72
1871. Zeta, Indiana University .....	443
1872. Lambda Deuteron, Thiel College (1873) .....	18
1873. Mu Deuteron, University of Iowa .....	120
1875. Nu Deuteron, Yale University .....	586
1876. Xi Deuteron, Western Reserve University .....	206
1878. Omicron Deuteron, Ohio State University .....	421
1879. Phi, University of Maryland (1883) .....	15
1880. Chi Racine College (1887) .....	15



1880. Iota, Williams College .....	207
1880. Beta, University of Pennsylvania .....	414
1881. Pi Deuteron, University of Kansas .....	409
1882. Delta, Bucknell University .....	362
1882. Rho Deuteron, Wooster College (1913) .....	223
1883. Sigma Deuteron, Lafayette College .....	337
1883. Tau Deuteron, University of Texas .....	280
1884. Sigma, Wittenberg College .....	254
1885. Alpha Phi, University of Michigan .....	370
1885. Lambda Deuteron, Denison University .....	352
1886. Delta Xi, University of California .....	300
1886. Zeta Phi, William Jewell College .....	356
1887. Beta Chi, Lehigh University .....	275
1887. Theta Psi, Colgate University .....	369
1888. Gamma Phi, Pennsylvania State College .....	338
1888. Kappa Nu, Cornell University .....	435
1889. Iota Mu, Massachusetts Institute of Technology .....	285
1890. Mu Sigma, University of Minnesota .....	328
1890. Rho Chi, University of Richmond .....	228
1890. Kappa Tau, University of Tennessee .....	261
1891. Pi Iota, Worcester Polytechnic Institute .....	365
1891. Beta Mu, Johns Hopkins University .....	230
1891. Lambda Sigma, Stanford University .....	221
1892. Nu Epsilon, New York University .....	312
1893. Alpha Chi, Amherst College .....	281
1893. Tau Alpha, Trinity College (1922) .....	200
1893. Chi, Union University (N. Y.) .....	221
1893. Mu, University of Wisconsin .....	417
1897. Chi Iota, University of Illinois .....	290
1898. Lambda Nu, University of Nebraska .....	280
1899. Omega Mu, University of Maine .....	431
1899. Chi Mu, University of Missouri .....	260
1900. Sigma Tau, Washington State University .....	334
1901. Delta Nu, Dartmouth College .....	385
1901. Sigma Nu, University of Syracuse .....	290
1902. Lambda Iota, Purdue University .....	226
1902. Pi Rho, Brown University .....	238
1902. Chi Upsilon, University of Chicago .....	208
1907. Alpha Iota, Iowa State College .....	223
1908. Chi Sigma, Colorado College .....	213

1911. Epsilon Omicron, University of Oregon .....	150
1912. Beta Kappa, University of Colorado .....	164
1916. Nu Omega, University of Oklahoma .....	155
1917. Nu Beta, Rutgers College .....	136
1919. Gamma Sigma, University of the South .....	51
1920. Mu Iota, University of Idaho .....	102
1921. Kappa Omicron, Oregon State College .....	69

Active chapters, 64; inactive, 25; membership, 21,970.

All of the chapters except the following own houses: Iowa, Johns Hopkins, New York, Oklahoma, Oregon State, Richmond, Washington and Lee. Total houses 57, total valuation \$1,254,000.

The Jefferson chapter maintained a high standing and enjoyed a prosperous existence until the union of Washington and Jefferson Colleges. It gradually declined, and became extinct in 1879. It was revived in 1880 by the absorption of the fraternity of  $\Phi \Delta K$ . The Beta, established the same year as the Alpha, at Washington College, became consolidated with that chapter when the colleges were united. The first Gamma chapter, located at the University of Nashville, lived but a year, and nearly the entire membership is now deceased. The first Delta at Union University, Tennessee, was killed by the war, but was revived in 1870, and continued to flourish until 1873, when the university was abandoned and the faculty removed to Jackson, Tenn.

Epsilon, at North Carolina, was killed by the war. It was revived in 1887 after the repeal of the anti-fraternity laws but surrendered its charter in 1898. Eta chapter was originally established at the University of Mississippi in 1853, but all record of this chapter, as well as of chapters established at Soule University, Chapel Hill, Texas, previous to the Civil War, has been lost. The chapter letter H

was given to the chapter at Marietta in 1855. The charter of this chapter was withdrawn in 1897.

The Theta, at the University of Alabama, after the passage of anti-fraternity laws in 1859, ran *sub rosa* until 1863, when it was killed by the war. In 1875, it was revived, but was again killed by anti-fraternity laws in 1878. It is now active. Iota, at Centre, was established by the founder of Theta, and it lived but one year. This letter was given in 1880 to a chapter established at Williams College. This chapter became inactive the next year but was revived in 1913 by the absorption of a local society called A Z A. Kappa, at Baylor University, killed by the war, was revived several years ago, and finally, its charter was withdrawn. Lambda, the next chapter, was established at Greencastle, Ind., and marked a new era in the extension of the fraternity, it being no longer confined to the South.

Mu, at Howard College, Alabama, was killed by the war. The name has been given to the Wisconsin chapter. The Gettysburg and Allegheny chapters had almost their entire membership in either army during the war. Rho, at Kentucky University, was killed by the war. Upsilon, at the College of the City of New York, and Omega, at Columbia, were for a long while the only Eastern chapters.

Phi chapter was at first established at Baker University, Kansas. In 1868 the members became dissatisfied with the condition of their college and moved in a body to Northwestern University where a chapter of the fraternity called Delta Delta was already in existence. The two chapters existed side by side for some time and finally the charter of Delta Delta was withdrawn. The Phi chapter finally became extinct. The name, Phi, was then given to the chap-

ter at the University of Maryland, but it met with misfortune, and the chapter is inactive.

The Monmouth, Georgia and Thiel College chapters were killed by anti-fraternity laws. The Georgia chapter after a prosperous career ceased to exist. The Yale chapter was first established as a Sheffield society in 1875, and for some years enjoyed great prosperity. The charter was withdrawn by the Grand Chapter. It was afterwards revived as a university chapter and so continued until 1909 when it again became a Sheffield society. The second Chi chapter, at Racine College, died with the college. The William Jewell chapter was formerly the Sigma chapter of the fraternity Zeta Phi, which disbanded, and the Iota Mu chapter at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology was formed from a local society called Alpha Delta Chi, organized in 1888.

The chapter at Bethel College surrendered its charter from lack of material. The chapter at Washington and Lee suffered at one time with the college, but with the revival of Southern colleges the fraternity re-established itself there. The charters, of the Hampden-Sidney, Roanoke, College of the City of New York, and Trinity chapters were surrendered because of the decline of fraternity material.

The Syracuse chapter was formed from a local called Alpha Gamma Delta, the Brown chapter from one called Pi Phi, the Maine chapter from a chapter of Q. T. V., the Washington State chapter from a local called Gamma Sigma, the Colorado College chapter from Chi Sigma Gamma, the Iowa chapter from "Noit Avrats"; the Oregon chapter from a local called the "Beavers"; the Colorado University chapter from Beta Kappa; the Oklahoma chapter from a local called Phi Kappa Pi; the Rutgers chapter from the Scarlet Club; the Sewanee chapter from a local called Alpha Gamma Sigma; the Idaho chapter from a local called Alpha

Kappa Epsilon, and the Oregon State chapter from a local called the "Beavers."

Graduate chapters exist in fifty-five of the principal cities.

Graduate associations exist in twenty-five cities, including Shanghai, China.

A fund of about \$15,000 is used in emergencies for making loans to chapters for house building.

The fraternity maintains graduate clubhouses in New York City and Detroit, Mich.

The convention, called the Ekklesia, meets annually. Section conventions are also held.

Until 1868 Alpha at Jefferson College was the grand chapter, and was the center of government during the recess of the conventions. When the faculty abolished secret fraternities the grand chapter was transferred to New York City. In 1898 the system of government was entirely changed. The fraternity is now governed by the three general officers, president, secretary and treasurer, and two others, the five constituting a body called the Archons. Since 1913 the fraternity has employed a field secretary who devotes his entire time to visiting the chapters and to the affairs of the fraternity. The national secretary, field secretary and editor of the magazine are located in the office of administration.

The McMillan Log Cabin, the first Jefferson College building at Canonsburg, is in the perpetual care of the fraternity and bears a bronze tablet in memory of the founders. In 1909 the graves of all the founders of the fraternity were marked by suitable memorials.

The latest catalogue of the fraternity was published in 1913. Previous to this edition, catalogues were issued in 1856, 1862, 1865, 1870, 1878, 1886, 1895, 1898 and 1907.

The Songbook was first issued in 1886 (Easton, Pa.) by Walter C. Stier. The second Songbook was published in

1898, the third in 1908, and the fourth in 1922. A general history of the fraternity in five volumes of 350 octavo pages each has been written by William F. Chamberlin of the Denison chapter. The first volume has been published under the name of *Tomos Alpha*.

The journal of the fraternity was first issued as a monthly in 1879, under the auspices of the Ohio Wesleyan chapter, and was called *Phi Gamma Delta*. It was a quarto in form. In 1884 it was removed to Greencastle, Ind., and reduced in size to an octavo. Here it remained for two years, when, in 1886, it was removed to New York, and the name was changed to the *Phi Gamma Delta Quarterly*. In the spring of 1889 its publication was placed under the direction of Frederic C. Howe, who was editor for eleven years. From 1901 it was published in Indianapolis and from 1909 to 1911 in Louisville by Leon P. Lewis. Its name was changed to *The Phi Gamma Delta* in 1889. It is published seven times a year. The editorial and publication office is now in Washington, D. C., where it is published by Cecil J. Wilkinson.

The badge of the fraternity is a diamond less than an inch in length having a black background and surrounded by a border of gold chain and displaying the letters "Φ Γ Δ," above which is a single star in white enamel, and below the letters "αωμη." The color is royal purple, and the flower is the heliotrope. The flag is pennant-shaped, bearing the Greek letters Φ Γ Δ across the face of the flag upon a white background. In the upper left hand corner is a purple square containing a white star. The pledge button is a five pointed star in white enamel.

The Ekklesia of 1910 adopted a recognition pin of diamond shape and black background with a star in the center, the size being five millimeters by three and one-half millimeters. It is worn on the left lapel of the coat. In 1884

individual coats of arms for each chapter were devised by Major Frank Keck. These were used secretly until the publication of the catalogue of 1890.

Among the prominent alumni of Phi Gamma Delta are the following: Vice-President of the United States, Calvin Coolidge; former Vice-President of the United States, Thomas R. Marshall; former Vice-President of the United States, Charles W. Fairbanks; Postmaster-General, Albert S. Burleson; United States Senators, E. F. Ladd, Henry S. Lane, Charles W. Fairbanks, Zebulon B. Vance, Thomas N. Patterson, George B. Wright and Thomas A. Sterling; George W. Guthrie, Ambassador to Japan; William C. Goodloe, Minister to Belgium; Thomas H. Nelson, Minister to Chili and Mexico; Thomas C. Dawson, Minister to Santo Domingo, Colombia and Chili; Samuel M. Taylor, Consul at Nottingham, England; E. L. Morey, Consul at Colombo, Ceylon; Alfred D. Jones, Consul at Shanghai; Julius D. Dreher, Consul at Toronto, Canada; Manual V. Domenech, Commissioner of the Interior of Porto Rico; Charles W. Dabney, Assistant Secretary of Agriculture; Robert J. Tracewell, Comptroller of the Treasury; O. H. Cheney, former Superintendent of Banks, State of New York; Generals, Jacob Klein, Lew Wallace, Albert G. Jenkins, J. Q. S. Chenoweth, Malvern Hill Barnum, Harry S. Symith, Percy P. Bishop and Wilder S. Metcalf.

Congressmen: Milton Shreve of Pennsylvania; John D. Clarke of New York; Adam Wyant of Pennsylvania; John McSweeney of Ohio, and Charles Brand of Ohio; former congressmen, John A. Sterling, John V. Leshner, Jeremiah D. Botkin, James T. Maffett, Fred E. Lewis, Milton W. Shreve, Harvey B. Fergusson, Albert S. Burleson, Albert T. Jenkins, John B. Penington, Eugene M. Wilson, Addison Oliver, James H. Hopkins, Haywood Y. Riddle, Zebulon B. Vance, George F. Kribbs, John P. C. Shanks, Morton C.

Hunter, John F. Follett, John M. Martin, Benjamin A. Enloe, Gilbert De Lamatyr, John J. Surley, Constantine J. Erdman, Robert J. Tracewell, William McClelland, Samuel W. Gould, Sain Welty, George J. Benner, George G. Wright, J. Stanyarne Wilson, James P. Woods.

Governors: Thos. R. Marshall and Henry S. Lane of Indiana; J. Calvin Coolidge of Massachusetts; S. R. Van Sant of Minnesota; Job A. Cooper of Colorado; Samuel G. Cosgrove of Washington; Zebulon B. Vance of North Carolina; Horace F. Graham of Vermont. Judges: Seth Shepard, C. J. of Court of Appeals of District of Columbia; Cyrus L. Pershing, John J. Henderson and Dimmer Beeber of Pennsylvania; Andrew A. Adams of Indiana; Matthew N. Neil of Tennessee; Thomas N. McClennan of Alabama; W. S. Tisdale and George G. Wright of Iowa; William Mitchell of Minnesota, James H. McLeary of Montana; W. S. Bonnifield and L. D. Birm of Nevada; Rodney J. Hudson of California; Herman D. Crow of Washington.

Among College Presidents are: James D. Moffat of Washington and Jefferson; Mitchell of the University of Delaware, McVey of Kentucky; Dabney of Cincinnati; McCormick of Pittsburgh; Williams of Allegheny, Andrus of De Pauw; Wilder of Illinois Wesleyan; Coulter of Lake Forest and Indiana; Black of Iowa; McDowell of Denver; Johnson of Wyoming; Bovard and Woodrow of Southern California; Tight of New Mexico; Hulley of Stetson; Dreher of Roanoke; Shields of Bethel; Currell of the University of South Carolina; Hoffman of Ohio Wesleyan; Clark W. Chamberlain of Denison; Cutten of Colgate; Kinley of Illinois; Coffman of Minnesota; Riley of McMillan.

Among railroad officials: John W. Thomas, president of N. C. & St. L. R. R.; James W. Wilson, president of W. N. C. R. R.; and Gabriel Morton, president of Mexican



R. R.; Elisha Lee, First Vice-President and Federal Manager of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Among divines: Bishop Wm. E. McLaren of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Chicago; Bishops Joseph C. Hartzell, William F. McDowell, Merriman C. Harris, N. Luccock, and W. F. Oldham of the Methodist Episcopal Church. The Reverends John H. Shedd, Arthur Judson Brown, J. Ross Stevenson, and J. Wilbur Chapman of the Presbyterian church.

Among notable men in civic work: Newton T. Baker, Ex-Mayor of Cleveland, Ohio, later Secretary of War; George W. Guthrie, first Mayor of Greater Pittsburgh; James G. Berryhill, originator of the Des Moines, Iowa, Commission Plan of City Government; and Frederic C. Howe, Commissioner of immigration at New York City.

Among scientists: John Brashear of Pittsburgh and Charles P. Steinmetz of the General Electric Company.

Among authors: John Clark Ridpath, Maurice Thompson, Edward Eggleston, David Kinley, Frederic C. Howe, Edward A. Ross, James M. Coulter, William Johnston, Clement Wood, Jack Crawford. Playwrights, Otto A. Hauerbach, Frederic Hatton, Ernest Neal Lyon, Frank Norris, Meredith Nicholson, Avery Hopwood, Lewis E. Theiss, J. Walker McSpadden, J. H. B. Scherer.

Other prominent alumni are: Ernest P. Bicknell, national director American Red Cross; Thomas H. Herndon, president American Cross of Honor; Union N. Bethel, president New York Telephone Co.; N. C. Kingsbury, vice-president American Telephone & Telegraph Co.; William R. Malone, president Postal Life Insurance Co.; O. H. Cheney, president of the Pacific Bank, New York; Harry F. Sinclair, president of the Sinclair Oil Company; John M. Coulter, president of the American Association for the

advancement of science; Andrew Fletcher, president of the American Locomotive Company and Ambrose Morrell, president of the International Nickel Company.

Among the many men who saw service in the recent war were: Brigadier Generals Harry A. Smith, Percy P. Bishop, Malvern Hill Barnum, Guy L. Eadie, Pard Benson Hough. Chester W. Cuthell was chief counsel to the Emergency Fleet Corporation and Frank G. Crowell was vice-president of the Hoover Food Commission.

## PHI KAPPA

(Roman Catholic Students)



**P**HI KAPPA was organized at Brown University in 1888 to afford social opportunity to the large class of students attending that University who professed the Roman Catholic faith. It was first designated as Phi Kappa Sigma.

The chapter roll is as follows :

1888. Alpha, Brown University .....	452
1912. Beta, University of Illinois .....	263
1913. Gamma, Pennsylvania State College .....	171
1914. Delta, University of Iowa .....	128
1915. Epsilon, University of Kansas .....	124
1918. Zeta, Purdue University .....	101
1918. Eta, Mass. Institute of Technology .....	82
1920. Tau, Ohio State University .....	218
1921. Iota, Kansas State College .....	71
1921. Kappa, University of Missouri .....	35
1922. Lambda, University of Wisconsin .....	40
1922. Mu, University of Pittsburgh .....	60

Active chapters, 12 ; inactive, 0 ; membership, 1745.

The Beta and Delta chapters were formed from Loyola Clubs, the Gamma chapter from Sigma Phi Delta.

The government is of usual form and conventions are held annually.

The badge is a square shield displaying a monogram of the letters "Φ Κ" arranged along one diagonal and having a jeweled border.

Among the more prominent alumni are: John Burke, Treasurer of the United States; James H. Higgins, Governor of Rhode Island; John. J. Fitzgerald, Mayor of Pawtucket, R. I.; Joseph H. Gainor, Mayor of Providence, R. I.; A. C. Martin, Architect; Ray Burkley, Professor at Ohio State; James Charles Monaghan, U. S. Consul to Jamaica.

## PHI KAPPA PSI



THE Phi Kappa Psi fraternity was founded at Jefferson College, February 19, 1852, by Charles P. T. Moore and William H. Letterman. At the time of its foundation there was an epidemic of typhoid fever in the college, and day after day those who were not prostrated by the disease sat at the bedsides of their afflicted friends, ministering to them. The warm friendship formed in such trying times ripened into the fraternal sentiment which led to the foundation of the fraternity.

Judge Moore entered the senior class at Union College in 1853, with a view to founding a chapter there.<sup>1</sup> Finding it impossible, he afterwards entered the law school at the University of Virginia, and there established the first branch of the fraternity, the Virginia Alpha. To his efforts, and those of Tom Campbell, the fraternity owes its wide extension during its early years. The chapter roll is as follows, the chapters being named on the State system:

1852. Pa. Alpha, Jefferson College .....	537
1853. Va. Alpha, University of Virginia .....	487
1855. Va. Beta, Washington and Lee University .....	322
1855. Pa. Beta, Allegheny College ....	571
1855. Pa. Gamma, Bucknell University .....	474

<sup>1</sup> While at Union he became a member of Delta Phi.

1855. Pa. Delta, Washington College (united with Jefferson) ..	78
1855. Pa. Epsilon, Gettysburg College .....	380
1855. Va. Gamma, Hampden-Sidney College (1900) .....	173
1857. S. C. Alpha, South Carolina University (1892) .....	114
1857. Miss. Alpha, University of Mississippi (1911) .....	196
1859. Va. Delta, Bethany College (1882) .....	162
1859. Tenn. Alpha, La Grange College (1860) .....	28
1859. Pa. Zeta, Dickinson College .....	448
1860. Pa. Eta, Franklin and Marshall College .....	348
1860. Tenn. Beta, Cumberland University (1879) .....	75
1860. Miss. Beta, Mississippi College (1861) .....	15
1861. Ohio Alpha, Ohio Wesleyan University ..	538
1864. Ill. Alpha, Northwestern University .....	416
1865. Ind. Alpha De Pauw University .....	554
1865. Ky. Alpha, Transylvania University (1866) ..	13
1865. Ill. Beta, University of Chicago .....	335
1866. Ohio Beta, Wittenberg College .....	406
1867. Iowa Alpha, University of Iowa .....	351
1868. D. C. Alpha, George Washington University (1899) .....	188
1868. Iowa Gamma, Cornell College (1871) .....	42
1869. N. Y. Alpha, Cornell University .....	473
1869. Pa. Theta, Lafayette College .....	410
1869. Ind. Beta, Indiana University .....	559
1869. Missouri Alpha, University of Missouri .....	247
1870. Va. Epsilon, Randolph-Macon College (1882) .....	37
1870. Tenn. Gamma, University of Nashville (1875) .....	18
1870. Gamma, Wabash College (1901) .....	174
1871. Ohio Gamma, Wooster University (1892) .....	137
1871. Ill. Gamma, Monmouth College (1884) .....	77
1872. N. Y. Gamma, Columbia University .....	368
1875. Wis. Alpha, University of Wisconsin .....	435
1876. Kans. Alpha, University of Kansas .....	421
1876. Mich. Alpha, University of Michigan .....	397
1876. Wis. Beta, Racine College (1877) .....	11
1877. Pa. Iota, University of Pennsylvania .....	458
1879. Md. Alpha, Johns Hopkins University .....	235
1880. Ohio Delta, Ohio State University .....	346
1881. Cal. Alpha, University of the Pacific (1892) .....	75
1881. N. Y. Delta, Hobart College (1892) .....	48
1881. Wis. Gamma, Beloit College .....	358

1882. Iowa Delta, Simpson College (1889) .....	63
1883. N. Y. Beta, Syracuse University .....	409
1883. Minn. Alpha, Carleton College (1888) .....	45
1887. N. Y. Epsilon, Colgate University .....	388
1888. Minn. Beta, University of Minnesota .....	289
1889. Penn. Kappa, Swarthmore College .....	264
1890. W. Va. Alpha, West Virginia University .....	254
1891. Cal. Beta, Stanford University .....	292
1893. N. Y. Zeta, Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute (1912) .....	130
1895. Neb. Alpha, University of Nebraska .....	282
1895. Mass. Alpha, Amherst College .....	296
1896. N. H. Alpha, Dartmouth College .....	345
1899. Cal. Gamma, University of California .....	271
1901. Ind. Delta, Purdue University .....	386
1901. Tenn. Delta, Vanderbilt University .....	187
1902. R. I. Alpha, Brown University .....	184
1904. Tex. Alpha, University of Texas .....	216
1904. Ill. Delta, University of Illinois .....	239
1906. Ohio Epsilon, Case School of Applied Science .....	214
1912. Pa. Lambda, Pennsylvania State College .....	178
1912. Iowa Beta, Iowa State College .....	117
1914. Col. Alpha, University of Colorado .....	132
1914. Wash. Alpha, University of Washington .....	131
1920. Okla. Alpha, University of Oklahoma .....	46

Active chapters, 47; inactive, 21; membership, 17,193.

All of the chapters own houses except Brown, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania State, Washington and Lee. Total houses 43; total valuation \$1,500,000.

The parent chapter nearly became extinct in 1863, owing to the enlistment of all but one member in the Federal army. It was united with Pennsylvania Delta at Washington, when the two colleges were consolidated. At the outbreak of the Civil War all the Southern chapters became extinct, but several were revived thereafter and are now prosperous. At the outbreak of the war the total membership of the fraternity was only about 600, and of this number 452 enlisted, and of these about 100 were

killed. During the war about 200 members were added to the rolls and about half of these were in the service either North or South.

Pennsylvania Beta was the first fraternity established at Allegheny College, and remained *sub rosa*, owing to the opposition of the faculty, until the fall of 1862. The Bucknell chapter was suspended from 1874 to 1879 by the enforcement of anti-fraternity laws. The Pennsylvania College chapter was the first chapter in the fraternity to own its own house, built in 1881. The Franklin and Marshall chapter was formed from a local society called Phi Beta Theta. The Cornell chapter was broken up in 1877 by internal dissensions. It was revived in 1885. The Columbia chapter was inactive for some twenty years. The Missouri chapter died from anti-fraternity action by the faculty, but was revived in 1908. The Mississippi College chapter was established in the spring of 1861. None but the charter members were initiated, and of these all but two were killed in the Civil War, and the chapter was never revived. The charter of the chapter at the University of Mississippi was surrendered in 1911 on account of anti-fraternity legislation in the state.

The Monmouth chapter was killed by anti-fraternity laws. The Simpson chapter found it impossible to maintain a chapter up to the standard of the fraternity, and in 1889 surrendered its charter, in accordance with the wishes of the executive council. The Carleton College chapter, after running *sub rosa* for a time, petitioned the faculty for recognition, which was refused, and the chapter was disbanded, nearly all of the members leaving the institution to become members of the chapter at the University of Minnesota.

The chapter at Iowa State College called Iowa Beta, was formed from a local society called the Ozarks in 1913.

The Chicago chapter died in 1884 with the university,



but was revived shortly after the new University of Chicago was opened. The chapters at Transylvania, Racine, and Cornell Colleges, were killed by anti-fraternity laws. The charters of the chapters at Wooster and Hobart Colleges were withdrawn. The South Carolina chapter surrendered its charter when the institution was changed for political purposes. The members of the chapter at the University of the Pacific moved to Stanford University when the latter institution was opened, and formed a chapter there, permitting the chapter of their origin to become inactive. The charters of the chapters at Hampden-Sidney, Brooklyn Polytechnic, George Washington University and Wabash were withdrawn. The Case chapter was formed from a local called Omega Psi. The Pennsylvania State chapter from Theta Psi, the University of Washington chapter from Phi Phi, and the University of Oklahoma from Kappa Psi.

Alumni associations are located at many of the important cities.

The original system of government was by means of a grand arch council, composed of three delegates from each chapter, one of whom was a graduate. The council met biennially, though for some years the meetings were held once in every three years. One of the college chapters, called the grand chapter, was appointed to act as executive during the recess of the G. A. C. This method became unsatisfactory, owing to the fact that students could not deal with matters of importance with the calmness and judgment required. It also lacked the concentration of power essential to a strong organization. In 1886 a new system was adopted. Its principal features were the continuance of the grand arch council to meet biennially; the establishment of an executive council, composed of five alumni and four undergraduates; the division of the frater-

nity into districts, each to be presided over by a presiding officer, called an archon; biennial district councils held in alternate years with the grand arch council; a rearrangement of the financial and judicial systems of the fraternity; and the granting to alumni associations of representation in the G. A. C. with the same powers as the delegates from the chapters. The alumni members of the executive council are elected by the grand arch council, the undergraduates by the district councils. By an amendment made in 1888 the number of alumni in the council was reduced to four (who are also the general officers of the fraternity) and the number of undergraduates increased to five. The executive council acts as the governing body of the fraternity between sessions of the grand arch council.

Conventions of the fraternity have been held biennially.

The catalogue of the fraternity was first published at Philadelphia, in 1860; the second edition was issued in 1870, a third in 1880. None of these contained more than mere lists of the names of the members, arranged by chapters. A new edition was issued in 1894, which contains all of the best features of modern catalogues, and is complete in every respect. In 1902 a pocket edition was issued bringing the membership lists up to date and giving the latest address. A large and complete edition was issued in 1910, giving the names, addresses, and biographies of the members. A pocket edition was issued in 1915 giving an alphabetical and geographical list of the members. A new complete edition was issued in 1922. A complete history of the fraternity was published in 1902. There have been several editions of the Songbook. A history of the Ohio Alpha chapter was published in 1885, and one of Indiana Gamma in 1886. A number of chapters have published small journals for circulation among their alumni.

The periodical of the fraternity was first called the *Phi*

*Kappa Psi Monthly*, and was published during a part of the year 1875 at Baltimore. The convention of 1876 made the journal official, and it was published as the *Phi Kappa Psi Quarterly* at Ashland, Ohio, in 1877, when it suspended from lack of support. In 1879 two members of the chapter in Philadelphia, at their own expense, began the publication of a monthly fraternity paper called the *Shield*. This was quarto in size, and was quite successful. It was reduced to the usual magazine form in its third volume, and soon afterwards suspended, in April, 1882. In 1883 the *Shield* was revived, made the official organ of the fraternity, and placed in the hands of the Ohio Beta chapter, and undergraduate subscription to it made compulsory. It was published by various chapters until 1886, when it was put in charge of one man as editor. This form of management has been maintained since that time. A private quarterly magazine called the *Mystic Friend* is issued to members only.

The original badge of the fraternity was a monogram of the letters "Φ Ψ." This was discarded in 1854, and the present style adopted. The latter is a shield of gold, displaying near its top an eye, on each side of which is a star. Across the center are the letters Φ K Ψ. In 1914 the badge without ornamentation was made standard and the undergraduates were required to wear no other while in college. The colors are cardinal red and hunter green, and the flower the Jacq rose. The pledge button is gold and black.



Among the prominent alumni are: President Woodrow Wilson; United States Senators: Joseph B. Foraker of Ohio, John I. Mitchell of Pennsylvania, George E. Chamberlain of Oregon, Ellison D. Smith of South Carolina, Charles J. Hughes, Jr., of Colorado, James E. Watson of Indiana, William S. Kenyon of Iowa, Charles B. Henderson

of Nevada, C. C. Dill of Washington, H. D. Stephens of Mississippi.

United States Congressmen: Addison S. McClure, George A. Jenks, Gen. H. H. Bingham, Welty McCullough, Ernest F. Acheson, Lloyd Lowndes, Arthur L. Bates, Simon P. Wolverton, William S. Shallenberger, John I. Mitchell, Frank E. Beltzhoover, Daniel B. Heiner, Seth H. Yocum, Joseph M. Belford, Thomas H. Dale, Laird H. Barber, A. Mitchell Palmer, Philip W. Dugro, James A. Walker, Boyd Winchester, Henry Page, Edward L. Martin, Dudley G. Wooten, Charles M. Busbee, D. O. Smart, William H. Perry, Hamilton G. Ewart, David E. Finley, George S. Legare, John S. Jones, Samuel R. Peters, John Beatty, Joseph Warren Keifer, Martin L. Smyser, Newton W. Gilbert, Henry T. Bannon, Charles L. Henry, George W. Faris, James E. Watson, William H. Calkins, R. W. Townshend, James R. Williams, Allen C. Durborro, Charles S. Hartman, Herschel M. Hogg, James McKinney, John A. Pickler, James Cooney, Hugh H. Price, James C. Needham. John W. Davis, H. D. Stephens, Clarence B. Miller, C. C. Dill, Edward C. Little, Hunter H. Moss, Frederick C. Hicks, Thomas J. Henderson.

United States Circuit Judges: Frank E. Baker, David D. Shelby and Channon C. Douglass; District Judges Albert A. Anderson, Alfred S. Moore, Edward R. Meek, John H. Burford, Frank D. Hutchings, James S. Young, Hamilton G. Ewart, Milton D. Purdy, Allison H. DeFrance, William S. Kenyon; Harry M. Clabaugh, chief justice of the District of Columbia.

Ambassadors and Ministers: John W. Davis to Great Britain, Edward P. C. Lewis to Portugal, Boyd Winchester to Switzerland, Bayliss W. Hanna to Argentine, Marshal J. Hanger to Barbadoes.

Governors: Joseph B. Foraker of Ohio, Lloyd Lowndes

of Maryland, George E. Chamberlain of Oregon, Herbert S. Hadley of Missouri, Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey, James P. Goodrich of Indiana, William C. Sproul of Pennsylvania.

Generals: General Tasker H. Bliss, Brigadier General Clinton B. Sears, General Robert H. Hall, General William T. Campbell, General Charles A. Ballou, General Henry M. Larey, General James A. Walker, Brigadier General William C. Langfitt, Brigadier General William Mitchell, Brigadier General William M. Black, Admiral David W. Taylor.

Chief Justices of Highest State Courts: C. P. T. Moore of Virginia, Wright Smith of Arkansas, J. H. Burford, Oklahoma, Joseph C. Helm of Colorado, John J. Campbell of Colorado.

Bishops: Chaplain C. McCabe, M. E. Church; John M. Walden, M. E. Church; William P. Eveland, Collins Denny, M. E. Church South; David H. Greer, P. E. Church; William X. Ninde, M. E. Church.

Presiding Church Executives: J. B. Remensnyder, president Lutheran General Synod of America; Samuel J. Nichols, moderator Presbyterian Church; Charles A. Dickey, moderator Presbyterian Church; R. F. Coyle, moderator Presbyterian Church; Harvey W. McKnight, president Lutheran General Synod of America.

Lawyers: S. C. T. Dodd, general counsel Standard Oil Co.; Ira C. Belden, general attorney Chicago & Northwestern Ry.; William S. Kenyon, general counsel Illinois Central Ry.; George D. Penniman, general counsel Baltimore & Ohio Ry.; Charles J. Hughes, mining lawyer; James W. McKinley and Joseph P. Blair, counsel for the Southern Pacific; Cyrus Crane, attorney for the A. T. & S. F. Ry.; Frank S. Monnett, attorney general of Ohio.

College Presidents: Edmund Janes James, Illinois;

Woodrow Wilson, Princeton; William H. Crawford, Allegheny; Lemuel H. Murlin, Boston; Henry H. Apple, Franklin and Marshall; Edwin A. Schell, Iowa Wesleyan; Joseph E. Stubbs, Nevada; William W. Guth, University of the Pacific and Goucher; Edgar F. Smith, University of Pennsylvania; Franklin B. Gault, University of South Dakota; George F. Bovard, University of Southern California; John M. McBryde, University of South Carolina; H. Tucker Graham, Hampden-Sidney College; Henry M. McKnight, Pennsylvania College; William P. Kane, Wabash College; William E. Boggs, University of Georgia; William C. Spangler, University of Kansas; Samuel A. Ort, Wittenberg College; Joshua C. Chilton, Texas State College; Edward L. Parks, Simpson College; John A. Simpson, Baker; James H. Morgan, Dickinson College; William G. Williams, Ohio Wesleyan; William O. Allen, Doane; Edward C. Elliot, Montana and Purdue; Reese E. Tulloss, Wittenberg.

Authors and newspaper men: Robert Lowrey, the hymnologist; Robert J. Burdette, Henry C. DeMille, Roswell M. Field, Herman Knickerbocker Viele, Nevin O. Winter, William P. Trent, Woodrow Wilson, Walter A. Dyer, Theodore Tilton, Frank Chapin Bray, editor of the *Chautauquan* and the *World Court*; Frank Moore Colby, editor the *Bookman*; James C. Bergstresser, editor the *Insurance World*; Alvin I. Findley, editor the *Iron Age*; George F. James, editor *University Extension Magazine*; George Smart, editor *Iron Age*; Stephen J. Herben, editor *Epworth Herald*; Francis S. Hoyt, editor *Western Christian Advocate*; Edwin House, editor *Western Christian Advocate*; A. J. Rowland, editor *Baptist Review*; George F. Speiker, editor *Lutheran Review*; Charles M. Stewart, editor *Northwestern Christian Advocate*.

Miscellaneous: Amos Dolbear, scientist; Col. Dudley Evans, president Wells Fargo Express Co.; Theodore P. Shonts, president New York Interborough Traction Co.

## PHI KAPPA SIGMA



THE fraternity of Phi Kappa Sigma was founded at the University of Pennsylvania on the 19th day of October, 1850, by Samuel Brown Wylie Mitchell, James Bayard Hodge, Alfred Victor du Pont, Charles Hare Hutchinson, John Thorn Stone, Duane Williams and Andrew Adams Ripka. It is the only national fraternity founded at the University of Pennsylvania. The following is the roll of chapters:

1850	Alpha, University of Pennsylvania .....	516
1853	Beta, Princeton University (1876) .....	114
1853	Gamma, Lafayette College (1883) .....	151
1854	Delta, Washington and Jefferson College .....	400
1854	Epsilon, Dickinson College .....	350
1854	Zeta, Franklin and Marshall College .....	322
1855	Eta, University of Virginia .....	405
1855	Theta, Centenary College of Louisiana (1861) .....	40
1855	Iota, Columbia University .....	239
1856	Kappa, Emory and Henry College (1861) .....	46
1856	Lambda, University of North Carolina (1895) .....	123
1858	Mu, Tulane University of Louisiana .....	183
1859	Nu, Cumberland University (1861) .....	34
1859	Xi, University of Mississippi (1861) .....	16
1860	Omicron, Centre College Ky. (1862) .....	16
1865	Pi, Harvard University (1867) .....	9
1865	Rho, Austin College (1865) .....	4
1870	Sigma, Lehigh University (1887) .....	51
1872	Tau, Randolph-Macon College .....	251

1872. Upsilon, Northwestern University .....	339
1873. Phi, University of Richmond .....	215
1873. Chi, Racine College (1875) .....	18
1876. Psi, Long Island Medical College (1878) .....	7
1884. Omega, Haverford College (1890) .....	35
1890. Psi, Pennsylvania State College .....	283
1892. Rho, University of Illinois .....	258
1893. Kappa, Lake Forest University (1894) .....	9
1894. Alpha Alpha, Washington and Lee University .....	186
1895. Alpha Beta, University of Toronto (1897) .....	11
1896. Alpha Gamma, West Virginia University .....	247
1898. Alpha Delta, University of Maine .....	302
1898. Alpha Epsilon, Armour Institute of Technology .....	272
1899. Alpha Zeta, University of Maryland .....	186
1901. Alpha Eta, College of Charleston (1905) .....	16
1901. Alpha Theta, University of Wisconsin .....	254
1902. Alpha Iota, Vanderbilt University .....	200
1903. Alpha Kappa, University of Alabama .....	167
1903. Alpha Lambda, University of California .....	213
1903. Alpha Mu, Massachusetts Institute of Technology .....	164
1904. Alpha Nu, Georgia School of Technology .....	183
1905. Alpha Xi, Purdue University .....	187
1905. Alpha Omicron, University of Michigan .....	211
1906. Alpha Pi, University of Chicago .....	183
1911. Alpha Rho, Cornell University .....	198
1915. Alpha Sigma, University of Minnesota .....	144
1915. Alpha Tau, Stanford University .....	108
1919. Alpha Upsilon, University of Washington .....	122
1920. Alpha Phi, University of Iowa .....	79

Active chapters, 31; inactive, 17, membership, 8067.

The following chapters own houses: Alabama, California, Chicago, Columbia, Cornell, Dickinson, Franklin and Marshall, Georgia Tech., Illinois, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts Tech., Michigan, Northwestern, Pennsylvania, Pennsylvania State, Purdue, Randolph-Macon, Virginia, Washington & Lee, West Virginia, Wisconsin. Total houses 22, total valuation \$650,000.

The original constitution of the parent chapter provided



for "branch societies" but it was not until two and a half years after the parent chapter was organized that the Beta at Princeton was established. There soon followed four other chapters, all in the State of Pennsylvania. The University of Pennsylvania at that time drew largely from the South, especially in its medical school, and the presence of many Southern members in the Alpha chapter was responsible for the establishment of eight chapters in the South between 1855 and 1860. These chapters were all in a flourishing condition when the outbreak of the Civil War almost instantaneously destroyed over one-half the strength of the fraternity. Of the eight Southern chapters but three were revived: at the University of Virginia in 1872, at the University of North Carolina in 1877 and at Tulane University in 1893. The charter of the North Carolina chapter was withdrawn in 1895. The Alpha at the University of Pennsylvania has always been a strong chapter and holds a high position socially in Philadelphia. In 1888 it established in the University a prize in honor of the founder of the fraternity, Samuel Brown Wylie Mitchell, to be given that member of the sophomore class who attains the highest mark in English literature. This was probably the first scholastic prize offered by a fraternity in any American college. The life of the Beta was threatened from the outset by anti-fraternity laws at Princeton to which it finally succumbed after existing for many years *sub rosa*. The Epsilon at Dickinson was dormant from 1879 to 1894 and was then revived by absorbing a local society Alpha Zeta Phi, which had existed for several years. The Columbia chapter was inactive from 1870 to 1905. The Harvard chapter was largely composed of graduates of other chapters in attendance at the Harvard Law School and during its brief life initiations were confined to students in that department. The Racine and Haverford chapters were killed by

anti-fraternity laws. All of the recent chapters of the fraternity were admitted only after they had existed for several years as local clubs, the fraternity requiring applicants to have had an organized local existence for at least two years.

Until 1856 new chapters were created by the action of Alpha chapter alone and until 1869 the direction of the fraternity's affairs was practically in its hands. Until that time conventions of delegates from the different chapters were called by the Alpha and met usually annually, but there was no permanent executive. Since 1869 the government of the fraternity has consisted of a convention of delegates from the different chapters held annually, which constitutes the supreme governing body. Throughout the year the administrative and executive work is in the hands of an executive board with headquarters in Philadelphia.

The election of honorary members is prohibited.

General catalogues of the fraternity, the volume being known as the "General Register," have been issued in 1872, 1882, 1894, 1900, 1910 and 1920, the fraternity's laws now providing for such publication every ten years. The last volume contained 1532 pages, consisting of a general history of the fraternity, chapter histories, biographical data of members, bibliography and various information tables, and was profusely illustrated. There is also published every two years a geographical directory of living members. In February, 1891 the publication of the *Phi Kappa Sigma Quarterly* began. The first number was published in New York and all subsequent numbers in Philadelphia until 1901, when it was discontinued and succeeded by the *Phi Kappa Sigma News Letter*, published by the executive board in Philadelphia four times a year and sent to all living members free of cost. In addition to this general fraternity

magazine, ten or twelve of the chapters issue regularly chapter periodicals. In 1906 an official Songbook was printed. Another edition was issued in 1912 containing 125 pages.

The badge is a gold Maltese cross with black enameled border, displaying a skull and crossed bones in the center. In the upper arm of the cross is a six pointed star and in the other arms are the letters "Φ Κ Σ." The fraternity's colors are old gold and black. The flag has a black background displaying at the left of the field the skull and crossed bones and in the center the letters "Φ Κ Σ" in old gold. The coat of arms is a shield displaying symbols of the fraternity on the four quarters, over all the badge, with a crest of the skull and crossed bones and



the motto *Stellis æquus durando*. Jeweling of the badge is prohibited, as is also its use except as the official sign of membership to be worn as a pin. The color on the pledge button is black.

Among the prominent alumni of the fraternity are: United States Senators Henry A. du Pont of Delaware and Claude A. Swanson of Virginia and the late Senators McEnery of Louisiana and McComas of Maryland. Among Federal Judges: Olin Wellborn of California, Harry T. Toulmin of Alabama, the late Charles A. Low of the Philippines and the late Andrew C. Bradley and Louis E. McComas of the District of Columbia. Among higher state officials: Governors McEnery of Louisiana, Swanson of Virginia, the late Chief Justice Beatty of California and President Judge Orlady of the Superior Court of Pennsylvania. In the Civil War: Generals Brownlow, Robeson, La Motte, Walker and Geisy of the Federal forces, and Vick, Douglas and Sears of the Confederate forces. In the Regular Army: Generals Charles I. Wilson, George H. Cameron and Robert N. Getty.

Among the clergy: Daniel S. Tuttle, Bishop of Missouri

and Presiding Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal church in America; Bishop Perry of Rhode Island, and the late Bishops Gallaher of Louisiana, and Strange of East Carolina. In the Methodist Episcopal Church: Bishops Bristol and Richardson. At the Bar: Holmes Conrad, former Solicitor General; the late William U. Hensel, former Attorney General of Pennsylvania; Francis I. Gowen, General Counsel of the Pennsylvania railroad; the late Samuel Dickson and Charles E. Morgan of the Philadelphia Bar, George Gordon Battle of New York; James S. Manning, Attorney General of North Carolina. Among educators: President Edwin A. Alderman of the University of Virginia, William Draper Lewis, Dean of the University of Pennsylvania Law School; William Trickett, Dean of the Dickinson Law School; Howard Edwards, President of Rhode Island State College; Henry J. Waters, President of Kansas State Agricultural College and David P. Barrows, President of the University of California.

Other prominent alumni are: Effingham B. Morris, president of the Girard Trust Company of Philadelphia; Samuel T. Bodine, president, and Randal Morgan, vice-president respectively, of the United Gas Improvement Company; the late George G. Crocker, chairman of the Boston Subway Commission; the late Col. William Jay of New York; the late General Horatio C. King of New York; the late John C. Sims, secretary of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; the late Alfred C. Lambdin, editor-in-chief of the Philadelphia *Public Ledger*, the late Francis G. du Pont; Thomas L. Montgomery, State Librarian of Pennsylvania, and Maxfield Parrish, the artist. Among physicians, Dr. Barton C. Hirst, Dr. Joseph S. Neff and the late Dr. Wharton Sinkler of Philadelphia, the late Dr. Frank Hartley of New York, and Dr. Stuart McGuire of Richmond, Virginia.

## PHI KAPPA TAU



THIS fraternity was founded at Miami University, March 17, 1906 by W. H. Shideler, T. A. Borradaile, C. T. Boyd, and D. I. Douglas. Douglas, who was the leader of the project, planned the organization as a non-fraternity association which was to co-operate with a local fraternity, now Delta Upsilon, and the chapter of Phi Delta Theta in order to break up the combination of the other fraternities which had a monopoly upon the student elections.

The national organization grew out of the friendly relations with the Ohio University Union, an organization of similar ideals at Ohio University. The Booster Club, at Ohio State University, soon after became the third chapter. For a number of years, the society entertained the hope that it was possible to maintain a national college organization with strong fraternal bonds without Greek letters, but the decision of the mother chapter to adopt them in 1916 was approved by the then five other chapters.

The first Greek letter local to successfully petition for a charter was Alpha Sigma of Muhlenberg College. Since then, however, all the chapters have been formed from previously existing Greek letter locals with the exception of two, Nu and Xi. Nu chapter was formed from the Orond Club of the University of California and Xi chap-

ter from the Marshall Club of Franklin and Marshall College, both old and prominent local fraternities at their respective institutions.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1906. Alpha, Miami University .....	220
1910. Beta, Ohio University .....	221
1912. Gamma, Ohio State University .....	199
1914. Delta, Centre College .....	139
1915. Epsilon, Mount Union College .....	150
1916. Zeta, University of Illinois .....	145
1918. Eta, Muhlenberg College .....	90
1919. Theta, Transylvania University .....	63
1920. Iota, Coe College .....	53
1920. Kappa, University of Kentucky .....	48
1920. Lambda, Purdue University .....	50
1920. Mu, Lawrence College .....	40
1921. Nu, University of California .....	80
1921. Xi, Franklin and Marshall College .....	85
1922. Omicron, Pennsylvania State College .....	70
1922. Pi, University of Southern California .....	55
1922. Rho, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute .....	51
1922. Sigma, Syracuse University .....	41
1923. Tau, University of Michigan .....	35
1923. Upsilon, Nebraska Wesleyan University .....	150

Active chapters, 20; inactive, 0; membership, 1996.

The following chapters own houses: Miami, Ohio, Ohio State, Mount Union, Illinois, Muhlenberg, Coe, California, Franklin and Marshall, and Syracuse. Total houses 10; total valuation \$175,000.

There are eleven alumni associations in large cities.

A convention composed of members of the Grand Chapter and delegates from the Resident Council and Graduate Council of each chapter meets annually. During the interim between conventions, the authority is vested in the Grand Chapter and the Grand Council. The latter is composed of five members, one elected each year for a term of five

years. This council directs the policies and administers, through its officers, the current business of the fraternity.

A central office was maintained at Alliance, Ohio, until January, 1923, when it was moved to Indianapolis, Indiana, where the administrative work is in charge of the Grand Secretary. The country is divided into 14 domains with a Domain Chief in charge of each under the supervision of the central office.

From 1906 to 1919 the fraternity published a magazine known as *Side Lights*. In 1919 *Side Lights* was made esoteric, and was continued under the name of *The Laurel*. It is published quarterly. The June 1922 issue of *The Laurel* was published as a directory of the fraternity. In 1920 a Songbook was published which was followed in 1922 by a supplement. A short resumé of the history was published in 1918.

The badge is an irregular elongated octagon. The center is a black enameled oval bearing a white star and the gold letters "Φ K T." A border of 16 pearls with a raised diamond in the center is the only combination of jewels permitted. The pledge button is a shield with a white border surrounding a gold field with a raised star in the center.



## PHI MU DELTA



THE fraternity of Phi Mu Delta was founded in March 1918, growing out of the National Organizations of the Commons Clubs, which was founded at Wesleyan University in Middletown, Conn., in 1899. The chapters at Connecticut, New Hampshire, and Vermont were the mother chapters of the present fraternity.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1918. Nu Alpha, Connecticut State College .....	188
1918. Nu Beta, New Hampshire State College .....	135
1918. Nu Gamma, University of Vermont .....	90
1921. Gamma Alpha, Northwestern University .....	35
1922. Nu Delta, Massachusetts Institute of Technology .....	20
1922. Gamma Beta, University of Michigan .....	24
1923. Gamma Gamma, University of Illinois .....	30
1923. Nu Epsilon, University of Maine .....	25
1923. Gamma Delta, University of Wisconsin .....	28

Active chapters, 9; inactive, 0; membership, 575.

The chapter at New Hampshire owns its own house worth \$10,000.

A national convention is held every year during the first part of March. Each chapter sends two undergraduate delegates and one alumni delegate. The work of the fraternity during the year is carried on by the executive committee which is made up of the alumni and active presidents, vice-



presidents, two secretaries, treasurer, master of ceremonies, and the editor of the national publication. The vice-presidents of the chapters are important officers as they carry on all relations with the alumni.

The fraternity publishes a monthly paper known as *The Phi Mu Delta Triangle*, which is being published in Burlington, Vermont.

The badge of the fraternity is shaped like the Greek letter Delta, black with gold margins upon which are displayed the letters  $\Phi$   $M$   $\Delta$  in gold, one letter in each angle of the badge; and in the center a sapphire in the triangular setting. The colors of the fraternity are black, white, and gold. The fraternity flower is the jonquil.

## PHI SIGMA DELTA

(Jewish Students)



**P**HI SIGMA DELTA founded November 10, 1910 by Alfred Iaason, Maxwell Hyman, Herbert L. Eisenberg, William L. Berk, Joseph Levy, Herbert Minsky, Robert Shapiro, Joseph Shalleck.

The following is the chapter roll:

1910. Alpha, Columbia University .....	118
1912. Beta, Cornell University .....	62
1913. Gamma, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute .....	84
1913. Delta, New York University .....	113
1914. Epsilon, Union University (N. Y.) .....	82
1915. Zeta, University of Pennsylvania .....	97
1915. Eta, University of Michigan .....	77
1919. Theta, University of Colorado .....	55
1920. Iota, University of Denver .....	47
1920. Kappa, Western Reserve University .....	41
1920. Lambda, University of Texas .....	49
1921. Omicron, Ohio State University .....	33
1921. Mu, University of Chicago .....	32
1921. Nu, Mass. Institute of Technology .....	29
1921. Xi, Boston University .....	35
1922. Pi, University of Wisconsin .....	47

Active chapters, 16; inactive, 0; membership, 1001.

The chapters at Columbia, Union, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Denver and Wisconsin own their houses. Total houses, 6; total valuation, \$130,000.

No charter has ever been withdrawn from any chapter.

The general government is vested in an Executive Committee of seven (7) men elected from the alumni of the fraternity. The government of the fraternity is divided into geographical provinces, whose councils have particular control of affairs within the province, subject to approval of the general council. National affairs are legislated for by the national executive council.

There is a periodical published called the *Phi Sigma Delta Annual*, also the *Central Councillor* published at irregular intervals. There is printed an annual directory list of members.

A cup is annually awarded to the chapter making the best record in scholarship and collegiate activity.

The badge is a monogram of the letters "Φ Σ Δ" obliquely joined. The colors are purple and white.

## PHI SIGMA KAPPA



**P**HI SIGMA KAPPA was founded at the Massachusetts Agricultural College, Amherst, March 15, 1873, by Jabez W. Clay, Joseph F. Barrett, Henry Hague, Xenos Y. Clark, Frederick G. Campbell and William P. Brooks. For five years it had no exoteric name and was generally known as The Three T's. Its chapters are as follows:

1873. Alpha, Massachusetts Agricultural College .....	450
1888. Beta, Union University .....	417
1889. Gamma, Cornell University .....	355
1891. Delta, West Virginia University .....	340
1893. Epsilon, Yale University .....	364
1896. Zeta, College of the City of New York .....	174
1897. Eta, University of Maryland .....	290
1897. Theta, Columbia University .....	266
1899. Iota, Stevens Institute of Technology .....	184
1899. Kappa, Pennsylvania State College .....	263
1899. Lambda, George Washington University .....	211
1900. Mu, University of Pennsylvania .....	221
1901. Nu, Lehigh University .....	160
1902. Xi, Saint Lawrence University .....	180
1902. Omicron, Massachusetts Institute of Technology .....	180
1903. Pi, Franklin and Marshall College .....	192
1903. Rho, Queen's University (Ontario) (1914) .....	62
1903. Sigma, Saint John's College (Maryland) .....	210
1905. Tau, Dartmouth College .....	285
1906. Upsilon, Brown University .....	137
1906. Phi, Swarthmore College .....	178
1906. Chi, Williams College .....	174


1907. Psi, University of Virginia .....	100
1909. Omega, University of California .....	232
1910. Alpha Deuteron, University of Illinois .....	196
1910. Beta Deuteron, University of Minnesota .....	167
1911. Gamma Deuteron, Iowa State College .....	125
1915. Delta Deuteron, University of Michigan .....	140
1915. Epsilon Deuteron, Worcester Polytechnic Institute .....	205
1917. Zeta Deuteron, University of Wisconsin .....	120
1917. Eta Deuteron, University of Nevada .....	108
1921. Theta Deuteron, Oregon State College .....	83
1923. Iota Deuteron, Kansas State College .....	40
1923. Kappa Deuteron, Georgia School of Technology .....	40
1923. Lambda Deuteron, University of Washington .....	60
1923. Mu Deuteron, University of Montana .....	70
1923. Nu Deuteron, Stanford University .....	30

Active chapters, 36; inactive, 1; membership, 7251.

All of the chapters except C. C. N. Y., Maryland, Penn State, George Washington, M. I. T., Saint John's, Brown, Swarthmore, Virginia, Iowa, Michigan, Nevada, Georgia Tech., Kansas State, Washington and Stanford own their houses. Total houses 20; total valuation \$605,000.

Phi Sigma Kappa became national in 1888, due to the activity of alumni members who went to the Albany Medical College for graduate study. For a little the parent chapter was designated as Pi and the Albany one as Alden March after the founder of the college. It was not until 1922 that the latter chapter was moved into Union proper, at Schenectady. Similarly it is of interest that Epsilon Chapter was first organized in the Yale Law School, later re-organized in the academic department, and still later transferred into Sheffield Scientific School. For a period the two New York chapters united to the extent of using a common chapter house. For much of the early expansion work of the fraternity credit belongs to Dr. John Ashburton Cutter.

Since 1894 the larger part of the Phi Sigma Kappa constitution has been non-secret and occasionally published. Under this constitution The Grand Chapter of the Fraternity is composed of graduates and former students whose class is graduated, and, together with the delegates of the active chapters (one to each ten members), it meets biennially in convention. This convention is the law-making body of the Fraternity. It also elects an executive body of six men, called The Council, and another of six, who must have served previously upon The Council, whose duties are judicial, and who constitute The Supreme Court. The active chapters may initiate former students of their institution upon concurrence of The Council and The Supreme Court, and honorary members after favorable action by Council, Court and Convention. Amendments to the constitution must be passed by the Convention and later by three-fourths of the chapters. Alumni clubs are organized in many cities, and about half of them have been formally chartered by The Council and The Supreme Court. Petitions for charter must be approved by Council, Court and Convention.

The official badge of the Fraternity is a pin, consisting of a crown set Phi of fifteen whole pearls superimposed  on a rose chased Sigma and Kappa in gold; the pledge button is a round magenta field surmounted by the three T's. The colors of the Fraternity are magenta and silver.

2600 members of Phi Sigma Kappa are known to have been enrolled in the Allied armies and navies during the Great War, of whom 1114 were commissioned, 73 decorated for bravery, and 60 gave up their lives.

The Fraternity has issued fourteen volumes of *The Signet*, a quarterly which has been published by The Council and distributed gratuitously to all the members. *The Sig-*

*net* is somewhat unique among Greek magazines in that for several years it has published no chapter letters, depending largely upon the little chapter pamphlets to disseminate personals among the alumni of the chapter concerned. The Fraternity has also published a Yearbook (1902), a song-book (1921), and a history (1922).

Among its more prominent alumni are the following: Emmet D. Boyle, governor of Nevada; Ben Olcott, governor of Oregon; William P. Brooks, director of agricultural research; Henry Seidel Canby, editor of *The Literary Review*; George Bruce Cortelyou, former Secretary of the Treasury; Thomas Fell, president of St. John's College; Edwin W. Higgins, former Congressman from Connecticut; Earl C. Michener, Congressman from Michigan; Matthew M. Neely, senator from West Virginia; Charles W. Needham, former president of George Washington University; Clement R. Jones, dean of engineering, West Virginia; Melville Davisson Post, author; Frank L. Packard, author; Thomas S. Martin, former senator from Virginia; Charles Sumner Howe, president Case School of Applied Science; Robert J. Shores, managing editor New York Editorial Service; Albert E. Jenks, anthropologist; Arthur L. Dean, president College of Hawaii; Herbert J. White, pastor First Church, Hartford; Daniel Willard, president of Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

## PI KAPPA ALPHA



THE Pi Kappa Alpha fraternity was founded on March 1, 1868, at the University of Virginia, by Frederick Southgate Taylor of Norfolk, Virginia. Closely associated with him in the conception of its plan and in its organization were, Littleton Waller Tazewell, Julian Edward Wood, James Benjamin Sclater, Robertson Howard, and William Alexander. These men had been devoted friends while students at the Virginia Military Institute and coming together again at the University crystallized their attachment into an enduring bond.

Like many other fraternities, Pi Kappa Alpha, experienced a hard and discouraging struggle for existence during its early career, on account of the disorganization of Southern Colleges due to the Civil War. With improved conditions in the South, the fraternity began to expand and after becoming well-established in the South, chapters have been established in the North and West.

Although Pi Kappa Alpha was not organized as a sectional fraternity, it became so by constitutional provision in 1889 and remained exclusively Southern until the New Orleans Convention in 1909.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1868. Alpha, University of Virginia .....	331
1869. Beta, Davidson College .....	187



1871. Gamma, College of William and Mary .....	177
1871. Delta, Birmingham—Southern University .....	133
1873. Epsilon, Virginia Polytechnic Institute (1880) .....	64
1874. Zeta, University of Tennessee .....	255
1878. Eta, Tulane University .....	110
1878. Theta, Southwestern Presbyterian University .....	205
1885. Iota, Hampden-Sidney College .....	182
1887. Kappa, Transylvania University .....	155
1889. Lambda, South Carolina Military Academy (1890) .....	13
1890. Mu, Presbyterian College of S. C. ....	95
1891. Nu, Wofford College (1906) .....	83
1891. Xi, University of South Carolina (1897) .....	28
1891. Omicron, Richmond College .....	119
1892. Pi, Washington and Lee University .....	163
1892. Rho, Cumberland University (1908) .....	163
1893. Sigma, Vanderbilt University .....	74
1895. Tau, University of North Carolina .....	143
1895. Upsilon, Alabama Polytechnic Institute .....	266
1896. Phi, Roanoke College (1909) .....	61
1898. Chi, University of the South (1910) .....	57
1900. Psi, North Georgia Agricultural College .....	188
1901. Omega, Kentucky University .....	172
1901. Alpha Alpha, Trinity College (N. C.) .....	111
1902. Alpha Beta, Centenary College (1905) .....	17
1903. Alpha Gamma, Louisiana State University .....	121
1904. Alpha Delta, Georgia School of Technology .....	201
1904. Alpha Epsilon, N. C. Agricultural & Mechanical College ..	106
1904. Alpha Zeta, University of Arkansas .....	157
1904. Alpha Eta, University of Florida .....	201
1904. Alpha Theta, University of West Virginia (1909) .....	44
1905. Alpha Iota, Millsaps College .....	164
1905. Alpha Kappa, Missouri School of Mines .....	133
1906. Alpha Lambda, Georgetown College (1921) .....	102
1908. Alpha Mu, University of Georgia (1915) .....	76
1909. Alpha Nu, University of Missouri .....	186
1910. Alpha Xi, University of Cincinnati .....	122
1910. Alpha Omicron, Southwestern University .....	110
1911. Alpha Pi, Howard College .....	109
1912. Alpha Rho, Ohio State University .....	179
1912. Alpha Sigma, University of California .....	157
1912. Alpha Tau, University of Utah .....	154
1912. Alpha Alpha, New York University .....	163

1913. Alpha Phi, Iowa State College .....	122
1913. Alpha Chi, Syracuse University .....	173
1913. Alpha Psi, Rutgers College .....	113
1913. Alpha Omega, Kansas State Agricultural College .....	128
1913. Beta Alpha, Pennsylvania State College .....	147
1914. Beta Beta, University of Washington .....	159
1915. Beta Gamma, University of Kansas .....	149
1915. Beta Delta, University of New Mexico .....	114
1915. Beta Epsilon, Western Reserve University .....	96
1916. Beta Zeta, Southern Methodist University .....	69
1917. Beta Eta, University of Illinois .....	120
1917. Beta Theta, Cornell University .....	135
1917. Beta Iota, Beloit College ... ..	84
1920. Beta Kappa, Emory University .....	40
1920. Beta Lambda, Washington University .....	53
1920. Beta Mu, University of Texas .....	33
1920. Beta Nu, Oregon Agricultural College .....	44
1920. Beta Xi, University of Wisconsin .....	70
1920. Beta Omicron, University of Oklahoma .....	62
1920. Beta Pi, University of Pennsylvania .....	77
1921. Beta Rho, Colorado College .....	40
1922. Beta Sigma, Carnegie Institute of Technology .....	31
1922. Beta Tau, University of Michigan .....	58
1922. Beta Upsilon, University of Colorado .....	41
1922. Beta Phi, Purdue University .....	41
1922. Beta Chi, University of Minnesota .....	32

Active chapters, 59; inactive, 11; membership 8268; alumni chapters, 61.

The following chapters own houses: Virginia, which is Founders Memorial Hall; Tennessee; Hampden-Sidney; Transylvania; Washington & Lee; North Carolina; Alabama Polytechnic; Kentucky; Louisiana State; Georgia Tech.; Missouri Mines; Cincinnati; Ohio State; California; Utah; Iowa State; Syracuse; Rutgers; Kansas State; Washington; Kansas; New Mexico; Illinois; Cornell; Beloit; Texas; Oregon Agricultural; Wisconsin; Oklahoma; Pennsylvania; Colorado College; Michigan; Colo-

rado; Purdue; Minnesota. Total houses, 35; total valuation \$477,000.

The adoption of hostile faculty regulations was responsible for the death of Nu, Epsilon, and Lambda chapters. Xi, and Alpha Lambda chapters were killed by anti-fraternity laws. The charters of Rho, Phi, Alpha Theta and Alpha Mu were withdrawn, and Alpha Beta became extinct from failure of members to return to college.


The following chapters have been inactive at times: Beta from 1870 to 1894 on account of anti-fraternity laws; Gamma from 1878 to 1894; Delta from 1873 to 1905; Zeta from 1887 to 1892; Eta from 1884 to 1903; Omega from 1889 to 1900; Omicron from 1893 to 1901; Pi from 1898 to 1901; Mu from 1909 to 1921; Sigma from 1906 to 1921.

The fraternity is governed between conventions by a Supreme Council consisting of the Grand Princeps, Grand Treasurer and Grand Secretary. For administrative purposes, the fraternity is divided into 14 districts, each presided over by a District Princeps. To further facilitate the workings of its organization, and to promote its general welfare, the plan was adopted in 1917 of having a Resident Alumnus Secretary in every town or community in which there was either an active chapter, an alumnus chapter or five or more alumni members.

The fraternity maintains a chapter house fund which is used in assisting its chapters to purchase and build chapter houses.

In 1891 Robert A. Smythe, of Lambda chapter undertook, on his own responsibility, the publication of a bi-monthly, known as the *Pi Kappa Alpha Journal*, which appeared throughout one year. In 1892 the Grand Council of the fraternity started *The Shield and Diamond* which has been regularly published ever since. It appears four times

a year. In 1898, the publication of a secret journal called the *Dagger and Key*, containing the minutes of the conventions and the reports of officers, was begun and has been maintained without interruption. In 1891 Robert A. Smythe compiled a catalogue of the fraternity and in 1916 John Graham Sale published "The Pi Kappa Alpha Fraternity Register," a book of 900 pages, containing complete and exhaustive lists of members, arranged according to chapters, alphabetically and geographically, together with a history of the fraternity. In 1921 the "Pi Kappa Alpha Songbook" was published. In 1922 a pocket "Directory" was issued.

The design of the badge is a shield of white surmounted by a diamond in black. Upon the diamond are the three capitals "Π K A" in gold. In the four corners of the shield are the small Greek letters, "φ. φ. κ. α."  The colors of the fraternity are garnet and old gold, and the flower, the lily-of-the-valley. The pledge button is white. Friday before the National Mother's Day, is celebrated by the fraternity, as Mother's Day, with appropriate ceremonies by each chapter. On March 1st of each year, suitable ceremonies commemorating the founding of the fraternity, are held at each chapter.

Among the prominent alumni of the fraternity are: Oscar W. Underwood, U. S. Senator from Alabama; James Alston-Alston Cabell, author; Franklin McNeil, Chairman of the Corporation Commission of North Carolina; United States Judge John A. Marshall of Utah; Judge James M. Ambler of Maryland; Goodrich Hatton, General Counsel for the Seaboard Air Line; William Alexander, former Secretary of the Equitable Life Insurance Society; Judge Robert O. Purdy of South Carolina; George Rust B. Michie and Robert Morton Hughes, writers on legal topics. Robert H. Downman of New Orleans, president Louisiana Cy-

press Association; Walter L. Fleming, professor and author; William Patton Kent, of Virginia, Consul to Ireland; Henry Dickson Bruns, eye specialist and writer; Very Rev. Robert K. Massie, Dean Christ Church Cathedral; Thomas Campbell Darst, Episcopal Bishop; William Henry Stevenson, professor and author; Henry Rutherford Houston, former speaker Virginia House of Delegates; James Robert Howerton, theologian and psychologist; Joseph Thompson McAllister, historian and author; James Gray McAllister, theologian, lecturer and author; Robert M. Bird, chemist; J. M. Wells, president Columbia Seminary; Thornwell Jacobs, president Oglethorpe University; C. B. Wilmer, theologian, lecturer and author; J. I. Armstrong, president Lewisburg Seminary; Dudley R. Cowles, author of textbooks; LeRoy Hodges, economist and Director of Budget of State of Virginia.

## PI KAPPA PHI



**P**I KAPPA PHI was founded at the College of Charleston, in Charleston, South Carolina, on 1904, by Andrew A. Kroeg, Jr., (deceased) and Lawrence Harry Mixson.

- 1904. Alpha, College of Charleston, Charleston, S. C.
- 1907. Beta, Presby. College of S. C., Clinton, S. C.
- 1908. Gamma, University of California, Berkeley, Cal.
- 1908. Delta, Furnam University, Greenville, N. C. (1912)
- 1910. Epsilon, Davidson College, North Carolina (1918)
- 1910. Sigma, University of So. Carolina, Columbia, S. C. (1913)
- 1911. Zeta, Wofford College, Spartanburg, S. C.
- 1912. Eta, Emory University, Atlanta, Ga.
- 1913. Theta, Cincinnati Conserv. of Music, Cincinnati, Ohio. (1915)
- 1913. Iota, Georgia School of Technology, Atlanta, Ga.
- 1914. Kappa, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, N. C.
- 1915. Lambda, University of Georgia, Athens, Ga.
- 1915. Mu, Trinity College, Durham, N. C.
- 1915. Nu, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, Nebr.
- 1916. Xi, Roanoke College, Salem, Va.
- 1917. Omicron, University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, Ala.
- 1918. Pi, Oglethorpe University, Atlanta, Ga.
- 1920. Rho, Washington & Lee University, Lexington, Va.
- 1920. Tau, North Carolina State College, Raleigh, N. C.
- 1921. Upsilon, University of Illinois, Urbana, Ill.
- 1921. Phi, University of Tulsa, Tulsa, Okla.
- 1921. Chi, John B. Stetson University, DeLand, Fla.

1921. Psi, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y.  
1922. Omega, Purdue University, Lafayette, Ind.  
1923. Alpha Alpha, Mercer University, Macon, Ga.  
1923. Alpha Beta, University of Oklahoma, Norman, Okla.

Active chapters, 22; inactive chapters, 4; approximate membership 2000.

The California and North Carolina chapters own houses. Total houses 2, total valuation \$35,000.

The Charleston chapter was inactive during 1914-15 and the Presbyterian College of S. C. inactive during 1912 to 1921 as the result of anti-fraternity legislation in South Carolina. The charters of the Davidson and Cincinnati Conservatory chapters were withdrawn.

There are alumni chapters in twelve of the important cities.

Prior to 1916 the chapters were designated by both the name of the state and the Greek letter indicating the order of chartering.

The government of the fraternity is vested in the Supreme chapter which meets biennially. During the recess the officers, of which there are five, administer its affairs aided by the recommendations of the permanent committees.

The badge is a diamond shaped emblem bearing a scroll with the Greek letters "Π Κ Φ" across the shortest diagonal, with a gold star in the black field above the scroll, and with a figure of a student's lamp in gold below the scroll. The pledge button is a white diamond with a gold scroll across the center. The colors are gold and white. The flower is the red rose.

The magazine of the fraternity *The Star and Lamp*, (prior to 1911 known as the *Pi Kappa Phi Journal*) is published five times a year. The life subscription plan is in force. A secret publication known as the *Fokromix* is issued at irregular intervals.

## PI LAMBDA PHI



**T**HIS fraternity was founded at Yale University, March 21, 1895, by Henry Mark Fisher, Louis Samter Levy, and Frederick Manfred Werner.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1895 Iota, Yale University .....	82
1896. Alpha, Columbia University .....	185
1896. Beta, College of the City of N. Y. (1902) .....	32
1896. Gamma, New York University .....	190
1896. Delta, Cornell University .....	170
1896. Delta Epsilon, Harvard University (1901) .....	74
1897. Delta Nu, Massachusetts Institute of Tech. (1901) .....	47
1897. Omicron, Chicago University .....	60
1897. Delta Phi, Union College (1900) .....	42
1912. Zeta, University of Pennsylvania .....	148
1913. Epsilon, University of Michigan .....	41
1914. Gamma Sigma, University of Pittsburgh .....	150
1915. Lambda, Lehigh University .....	80
1916. Theta, Stevens Institute of Technology .....	55
1921. Eta, McGill University .....	40
1922. Kappa, University of Toronto .....	25
1922. Mu, West Virginia University .....	15

Active chapters, 13 ; inactive, 4 ; membership, 1466.

The government of the fraternity is through a convention



with a recess administration by a National Executive Council and a National Executive Committee. The former is composed of one representative from each chapter, and as many alumni representatives as there are chapter representatives, these being elected at large by the Board of Federated Alumni. National officers are members (graduate) of the National Executive Council and are elected by that body. Conventions are held annually.

The purpose of the Founders in creating the organization, as expressed in the Founders' Bulletin, is: "We, students pursuing courses at American colleges, appreciating the need of a fraternity which shall eliminate all prejudice and sectarianism, and desirous of affiliating ourselves in spirit, in feeling, and in action, do hereby associate ourselves in this Pi Lambda Phi Fraternity."

The official publications are: *The Frater*, and *Official Directory*. The open motto is: "Nostros Amemus." The colors are: "Purple and Gold." The flower is the woodbine. The popular name of the fraternity is "Pilam."

Prominent members: Major John F. W. Meagher, noted surgeon; Arthur Garfield Hays, International Lawyer; Louis K. Anspacher, author and playwright; Dr. Alfred M. Hellman, noted physician; Colonel Harry T. Klein; Judge I. Wolfe of the Superior Court of Connecticut; Judge Josiah Cohen, of the Common Pleas Court of Allegheny County, Pa.; Colonel Isaac Ullman; Max Lowenthal; Sidney Herman, President of the Fifth Avenue Bank; Albert Ottinger, Assistant Attorney General.

## PSI UPSILON



THE Psi Upsilon fraternity was founded in November, 1833, at Union College by, Samuel Goodale, '36; Sterling G. Hadley, '36; Edward Martindale, '36; George W. Tuttle, '36; Robert Barnard, '37; Charles W. Harvey, '37, and Merwin H. Stewart, '37. The society grew out of an association formed among its members for election purposes. The letters "Ψ Υ" were first chosen, and a suitable motto was subsequently framed for them.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1833. Theta, Union University .....	643
1837. Delta, New York University .....	919
1839. Beta, Yale University .....	2952
1840. Sigma, Brown University .....	585
1841. Gamma, Amherst College .....	1013
1842. Zeta, Dartmouth College .....	1086
1842. Lambda, Columbia University .....	809
1843. Kappa, Bowdoin College .....	811
1843. Psi, Hamilton College .....	450
1843. Xi, Wesleyan University .....	945
1850. Alpha, Harvard University (1872) .....	191
1858. Upsilon, University of Rochester .....	518
1860. Iota, Kenyon College .....	301
1865. Phi, University of Michigan .....	670

1869. Omega, University of Chicago .....	376
1875. Pi, Syracuse University .....	512
1876. Chi, Cornell University .....	528
1880. Beta Beta, Trinity College .....	527
1884. Eta, Lehigh University .....	349
1891. Tau, University of Pennsylvania .....	350
1891. Mu, University of Minnesota .....	333
1896. Rho, University of Wisconsin .....	398
1902. Epsilon, University of California .....	235
1910. Omicron, University of Illinois .....	202
1913. Delta Delta, Williams College .....	140
1916. Theta Theta, University of Washington .....	153
1920. Nu, University of Toronto .....	127

Active chapters, 26; inactive, 1; membership, 16,123.

All of the chapters except Illinois and Washington own houses. Houses owned 24; total valuation \$1,124,000.

The name "Theta" was chosen for the Union chapter after the chapter at the New York University was formed. The Union chapter was probably the first one at that college to take members from all four undergraduate classes. Theretofore it had been the custom to confine the membership in the fraternities to upper classmen.

The Beta was founded by William E. Robinson, of the class of '41, who was initiated while on a visit to Union College during his sophomore year. He chose the charter members from among the students in the class above him, and kept his connection with the chapter a secret until elections were extended to members of his own class. The Yale chapter has always been prominent in the fraternity, and the first catalogue and first Songbook were published under its auspices. The Bowdoin chapter was formed from a local society called "Omega Phi," organized a year previous. The Hamilton chapter was formed from members of a larger organization called the "Iota Tau." The Wesleyan chapter was formed from the Kappa Delta Phi, a local

society which had originated in 1840, and accepted a charter from the Kappa Sigma Theta, a sophomore society at Yale, about a year and a half later. The Harvard chapter was formed as an upper class society, but suspended in 1857, at a time when the conflict between the local clubs at Harvard and the fraternity chapters culminated in a resolution of many of the students not to enter a fraternity. It was revived in 1870, but soon became inactive, owing to its unsatisfactory relations with the local organizations. All of the chapters in recent years have been formed from locals which have been in existence for a number of years.

Associations of alumni have been formed at a number of the large cities. A successful club is maintained at 28 East 39th St., New York City. The Chicago Club with a large membership is located at the Auditorium Hotel. .

The first convention of the fraternity was held in 1840, at New Haven. In 1869 an executive council of five members, residing in New York and vicinity, became the administrative head of the fraternity. The number of members in this Council has since been increased to ten.

Conventions have been held yearly.

Editions of the catalogue of the fraternity were issued in 1842, 1844, 1847, 1849, 1852, 1855, 1864, 1870, 1888, 1902 and 1917. The edition of 1879 was mentioned in the introduction as having made a great advance in the art of cataloguing. The edition of 1888 improved upon the high standard set by its predecessor. The society of Beta Beta issued a catalogue in 1874. Songbooks of the fraternity have been issued in 1849, 1853, 1857, 1861, 1866, 1870, 1876, 1878, 1881, 1891 and 1909. A history of the Upsilon chapter, by George A. Coe, was published in 1883, and a bibliography, by Professor Fiske, of Cornell, was issued in 1882. The *Epitome*, published in 1884, by Albert P. Jacobs, a

member of the Phi chapter, contains a full and interesting account of the history, organization, government, membership, social life and property of the fraternity down to that date. The *Diamond*, a journal of the fraternity, was first issued in January, 1878, in four-page newspaper style, and as a monthly, at Ithaca, N. Y., by private enterprise. In December of the same year it was surrendered to the executive council, who issued but one number in March, 1880. In March, 1881, it was revived by a member of the Union chapter, and in November, 1883, a brown cover was added. In November it was removed to New York City, and changed to the more usual magazine form. It then became a quarterly, edited by a committee of members. After a career of nearly three years it suspended publication with the first number of Volume VI (May, 1887), and was not resumed until 1920. In 1895 an unofficial journal, called the *Psi Upsilon Review*, was issued by an alumnus of the Michigan chapter. It was discontinued after the issue of six numbers, in June, 1896. In November 1920 (Vol. VII, No. 1) the "*Diamond*" was revived by the Psi Upsilon Club of Chicago, a quarterly which has been published continuously since.

The badge of the fraternity is a lozenge, displaying across its shorter diagonal the emblem of the clasped hands, with the " $\Psi$ " above and the " $\Upsilon$ " below. A monogram of the letters is sometimes worn as a graduate symbol.



The colors are garnet and gold. The colors of the pledge button are gold and red.

Among the prominent members of this fraternity are the following: Chief Justice of the U. S. Supreme Court, Wm. H. Taft, The Presidents, Arthur and Taft, U. S. Senators, Samuel G. Arnold, Charles H. Bell, Cornelius Cole, Chauncey M. Depew, Alfred B. Kittredge, Frank G. New-

lands, Orris S. Ferry, William P. Frye, Joseph R. Hawley, Anthony Higgins, George B. Wetmore, James W. Patterson, and George H. Moses.

Congressmen: William E. Barrett, William T. S. Barry, Lyman K. Bass, John R. Buck, Cornelius Cole, John Dalzell, Benjamin T. Eames, Constantine C. Esty, Orris S. Ferry, Walbridge A. Field, William P. Frye, Charles N. Fowler, Daniel L. D. Granger, Galusha A. Grow, Joseph R. Hawley, Waldo Hutchins, George B. Loring, Theodore Lyman, George W. Patterson, John U. Pettit, William Walter Phelps, Clarkson N. Potter, Alexander H. Rice, William W. Rice, William E. Robinson, Julius H. Seelye, James S. Havens, Charles Q. Tirrell, Francis B. Harrison, Amos L. Allen, and Eli Thayer.

Franklin Mac Veagh, secretary of the Treasury, Henry L. Stimson, secretary of War, Robert Lansing, Secretary of State, Frederick P. Keppel, Asst. Secretary of War; George B. Loring, Commissioner of Agriculture; Edgar M. Marble, Commissioner of Patents; Amos T. Akerman, Attorney-General; William C. Whitney, Secretary of the Navy; Gen. W. H. Fitzhugh Lee.

United States Ministers: James B. Angell, Turkey; Arthur S. Hardy, Spain; Herbert W. Bowen, Venezuela; G. H. Hollister, Hayti; William W. Phelps, Austria; Eugene Schuyler and Eben Alexander, Greece; Andrew D. White,<sup>1</sup> Germany; Gifford Pinchot of the Conservation Association and his successor Herbert S. Graves.

Governors: Charles B. Andrews, Simeon E. Baldwin and Henry Roberts, Connecticut; Charles H. Bell and Albert O. Brown, New Hampshire; Daniel H. Chamberlain, South Carolina; Joseph R. Hawley, Connecticut; Charles W. Lippitt, Rhode Island; Pendleton Murrah, Texas; Benjamin B.

<sup>1</sup> Also a member of Sigma Phi.

Odell, Jr.,<sup>1</sup> New York; Benjamin F. Prescott, New Hampshire; Alexander H. Rice, Massachusetts; and Gifford Pinchot, Pennsylvania.

Thomas Durfee, Chief Justice of Rhode Island; Charles Doe, of New Hampshire; Walbridge A. Field and John A. Aiken of Massachusetts; Charles P. Wisewell of Maine, and Simeon E. Baldwin and Charles B. Andrews of Connecticut; U. S. Judges: Hugh L. Bond, R. R. Nelson, Addison Brown, Le Baron B. Colt, William H. Taft, Asa W. Tenney, William K. Townsend, Elmer B. Adams, Augustus J. Ricks, Walter H. Sanborn, Robert W. Archibald, Joseph Buffington, Loyal E. Knappen and Henry C. McDowell; Francis N. Bangs, Isaac Dayton, George Bliss, Austin Abbott, Frederic R. Coudert, John B. Stanchfield and Daniel G. Rollins, of New York.

Bishops: Beckwith, Littlejohn, Whitaker, Niles, J. A. Paddock, B. H. Paddock, R. L. Paddock, Spalding, Scarborough, Brown, Perry, Seymour, Knickerbocker, Leonard, Nichols, Talbot, Nicholson, Mott-Williams, Davies, Lines, Mackay-Smith, Brewster, Elmsted, Van Buren, Partridge, and Darlington, of the Protestant Episcopal Church. Other eminent clergymen, the late Theodore T. Munger<sup>2</sup> of New Haven, Morton Dexter, Maltbie D. Babcock, L. Mason Clarke, Morgan Dix, Robert S. Mac Arthur and Charles H. Parkhurst. Presidents. White of Cornell; Seelye, of Amherst; Angell, of Michigan; Aiken, of Union; Reed of Dickinson; Tucker of Dartmouth; Bugbee of Allegheny; Butler of Columbia; Adams of Cornell and Wisconsin and Herbert Welch of Ohio Wesleyan.

Men eminent in other walks of life are: the movie actor, Richard S. Barthelmess; artists, H. Anthony Dyer, Oliver Dennett Grover, and Wm. Henry Walker; authors, Horatio

<sup>1</sup> Also a member of Beta Theta Pi.

<sup>2</sup> Also a member of Beta Theta Pi.

Alger Jr., John Kendrick Bangs, Poultney Bigelow, William Allen Butler, John G. Holland, Eugene Schuyler, Edmond C. Stedman, Henry Stevens, William G. Sumner, Albion W. Tourgee, Carl Van Vechten, Henry K. Webster, E. P. Whipple, Horatio S. White; banker, John Crosby Brown; engineer, Col. H. M. Byllesby; financier, Cornelius Vanderbilt; historians, Henry Martyn Dexter, James Hammond Trumbull; journalists, Raymond S. Carroll, Arthur Sears Henning, Edward Hungerford, Orange Judd, Paul B. Williams; manufacturers, Earl D. Babst, William Butterworth, Wm. G. Mather, Charles Piez, Frederick S. Fales; missionary, Herbert Welch; physicians, Christopher Graham, Frank K. Hallock, Samuel W. Lambert; poet, Richard Hovey; printer, Thomas E. Donnelley; professors, E. Hastings Moore of Chicago, John Ordronaux of Columbia, James M. Pierce and Alexander Agassiz of Harvard, Oscar Kuhns and Caleb T. Winchester of Wesleyan, William L. Phelps of Yale; publishers, Gilbert H. Grosvenor, Herbert S. Houston; sculptor, Wm. Ordway Partridge; transportation, Thomas Dewitt Cuyler, Albert H. Harris, Chauncey Depew, Sir Henry H. Thornton; vocalists, John Barnes Wells, Reinald Werrenrath. Herbert L. Bridgman, Secretary of the Peary Arctic Club, Price Collier, Timothy L. Woodruff, Dean C. Worcester. Baron Naibu Konda of Japan, Major Thain Wendell MacDowell, V.C.D.S.O. of the Canadian forces in the World War, and Edwin A. Grosvenor, national president of Phi Beta Kappa, founder and president of the National Geographic Society and Magazine.



## SIGMA ALPHA EPSILON



THE Sigma Alpha Epsilon fraternity was founded at the University of Alabama March 9, 1856. Eight students who had become hard and fast friends were the originators of the society. They were Noble Leslie De Votie, John B. Rudolph, John W. Kerr, Wade Foster, Nathan E. Cockrell, Abner Patton, Samuel Dennis and Thomas C. Cook. Chief of these was De Votie who had written the ritual, devised the grip and chosen the name of the new fraternity.

Twenty-two men were initiated in the mother chapter before the Civil War. At that time, less than five hundred had been initiated into the fraternity. Of these, one became a major-general, two brigadier-generals, seven adjutant-generals, one, an inspector-general, eighteen colonels, four lieutenant-colonels, and thirteen majors. Over sixty S.A.E.'s lost their lives in the War.

The fraternity was founded with the intention of becoming national and established six chapters the year after it was founded. It had fourteen chapters when the Civil War came.

The roll of chapters is as follows:

1856. Ala. Mu, University of Alabama .....	380
1857. Tenn. Nu, University of Nashville (1876) .....	37
1857. N. C. Xi, University of North Carolina .....	325
1857. Va. Omicron, University of Virginia .....	401
1857. Ga. Pi, Georgia Military Institute (1865) .....	40
1857. Tenn. Lambda, Union University .....	370
1857. Va. Kappa, College of William and Mary (1861) .....	16
1858. Ky. Iota, Bethel College (1920) ... ..	224
1858. Tex. Theta, Baylor University (1861) .....	17
1858. Ky. Chi, Kentucky Military Institute (1887) .....	159
1858. D. C. Rho, George Washington University .....	270
1859. Ga. Eta, Oglethorpe University (1863) .....	13
1860. Tenn. Lambda, Cumberland University .....	460
1860. Va. Upsilon, Hampden-Sydney College (1861) .....	11
1860. La. Tau, Centenary College (1861) .....	4
1866. Ga. Beta, University of Georgia .....	520
1866. Miss. Gamma, University of Mississippi (1920) .....	321
1867. La. Epsilon, Louisiana State University .....	250
1867. Va. Sigma, Washington and Lee University .....	302
1868. S. C. Phi, Furman University (1898) .....	120
1869. Miss. Zeta, Mississippi College (1876) .....	18
1870. Ga. Psi, Mercer University .....	398
1870. Ala. Beta Beta, Howard College (1876) .....	26
1874. Va. Theta, Virginia Military Institute (1911) .....	151
1876. N. C. Rho Rho, Carolina Military Institute (1877) .....	12
1877. Ky. Alpha, Forest Academy (1878) .....	9
1878. Ala. Alpha Mu, Alabama Polytechnic Institute .....	404
1878. Tenn. Nu, Vanderbilt University .....	415
1878. Ala. Iota, Southern University .....	336
1879. Tenn. Kappa, University of Tennessee .....	314
1879. Ga. Delta, No. Georgia Agricultural College (1888) .....	74
1881. S. C. Upsilon, College of Charleston (1882) .....	8
1881. Tenn. Omega, University of the South .....	290
1881. Ga. Epsilon, Emory University .....	331
1881. Tex. Rho, Marvin College (1884) .....	21
1882. S. C. Delta, South Carolina University (1920) .....	360
1882. Tenn. Zeta, Southwestern Presbyterian University .....	285
1882. Ky. Kappa Centre College .....	285
1883. N. C. Theta, Davidson College .....	275
1883. Pa. Delta, Gettysburg College .....	200
1883. S. C. Lambda, S. C. Military Academy (1895) .....	37

1884. Fla. Upsilon, University of Florida .....	145
1884. Va. Pi, Emory and Henry College (1895) .....	57
1884. Mo. Alpha, University of Missouri .....	375
1884. Va. Tau, Richmond College (1887) .....	10
1884. S. C. Mu, Erskine College (1894) .....	54
1884. Tex. Rho, University of Texas .....	348
1885. Ky. Epsilon, South Kentucky College (1887) .....	9
1885. Ohio Sigma, Mt. Union College .....	375
1885. S. C. Gamma, Wofford College .....	160
1886. La. Zeta, Thatcher Institute (1888) .....	19
1887. Mich. Alpha, Adrian College .....	260
1887. Pa. Omega, Allegheny College .....	324
1887. Miss Theta, Miss. Agricultural College (1892) .....	54
1887. Tex. Psi, Southwestern University (1888) .....	9
1888. Tex. Beta, Buffalo Gap College (1888) .....	6
1889. Ohio Delta, Ohio Wesleyan University .....	312
1889. Mich. Iota Beta, University of Michigan .....	420
1889. Ohio Epsilon, University of Cincinnati .....	326
1889. Iowa Sigma, Simpson College (1898) .....	151
1890. Ga. Phi, Georgia School of Technology .....	360
1890. Pa. Sigma Phi, Dickinson College .....	298
1891. Colo. Chi, University of Colorado .....	332
1891. N. Y. Alpha, Cornell University .....	440
1891. Colo. Zeta, University of Denver .....	326
1892. Ind. Alpha, Franklin College .....	290
1892. Cal. Alpha, Stanford University .....	300
1892. Pa. Alpha Zeta, Pennsylvania State College .....	330
1892. Mo. Beta, Washington University, Mo. ....	260
1892. Mass. Beta Upsilon, Boston University .....	425
1892. Ohio Theta, Ohio State University .....	340
1892. Conn. Alpha, Trinity College (1899) .....	33
1892. Mass. Iota Tau, Massachusetts Inst. of Technology .....	340
1893. Mass. Gamma, Harvard University .....	401
1893. Ind. Beta, Purdue University .....	344
1893. Neb. Lambda Pi, University of Nebraska .....	368
1893. Pa. Zeta, Bucknell University .....	240
1894. Mass. Delta, Worcester Polytechnic Institute .....	372
1894. Ark. Alpha Upsilon, University of Arkansas .....	328
1894. Ill. Psi Omega, Northwestern University .....	348
1894. Cal. Beta, University of California .....	246
1895. N. Y. Sigma Phi, St. Stephen's College .....	220

1895. N. Y. Mu, Columbia University .....	291
1897. La. Tau Upsilon, Tulane University .....	238
1899. Ill. Beta, University of Illinois .....	327
1900. Ky. Epsilon, University of Kentucky .....	310
1901. Pa. Theta, University of Pennsylvania .....	360
1901. Me. Alpha, University of Maine .....	346
1902. Minn. Alpha, University of Minnesota .....	252
1903. Colo. Lambda, Colorado School of Mines .....	220
1903. Wis. Alpha, University of Wisconsin .....	315
1903. Kans. Alpha, University of Kansas .....	304
1903. Ill. Theta, University of Chicago .....	245
1905. Iowa Beta, University of Iowa .....	228
1905. Ohio Rho, Case School of Applied Science .....	230
1905. Iowa Gamma, Iowa State College .....	241
1906. Wash. Alpha, University of Washington .....	271
1907. Ind. Gamma, University of Indiana .....	252
1907. N. Y. Delta, Syracuse University .....	320
1908. N. H. Alpha, Dartmouth College .....	284
1909. Okla. Kappa, University of Oklahoma .....	257
1911. Ill. Delta, Millikin University .....	202
1911. S. D. Sigma, University of South Dakota .....	198
1913. Pa. Chi Omicron, University of Pittsburgh .....	208
1913. Kans. Beta, Kansas State Agricultural College .....	214
1915. Wis. Phi, Beloit College .....	139
1915. Wash. Beta, Washington State College .....	172
1915. Ore. Alpha, Oregon State College .....	160
1917. Wyo. Alpha, University of Wyoming .....	149
1917. Colo. Delta, Colorado State College .....	138
1917. Ariz. Alpha, University of Arizona .....	130
1917. Nev. Alpha, University of Nevada .....	204
1917. N. H. Beta, New Hampshire State College .....	167
1919. N. Y. Rho, St. Lawrence University .....	129
1919. Ohio Mu, Denison University .....	104
1919. Ohio Tau, Miami University .....	164
1919. Pa. Phi, Carnegie Institute of Technology .....	165
1919. Pa. Gamma, Lafayette College .....	130
1919. Mont. Alpha, University of Montana .....	132
1919. Idaho Alpha, University of Idaho .....	104
1919. Ore. Beta, University of Oregon .....	129
1921. Iowa Delta, Drake University .....	128
1921. Cal. Gamma, University of So. California .....	145

1923. Texas Delta, Southern Methodist University .....	46
1923. No. Dak. Alpha, University of North Dakota .....	45

Active chapters, 94; inactive, 31; total membership, 27,638.

The following chapters own their houses: Alabama, Allegheny, Arizona, Arkansas, Beloit, Bucknell, California, Carnegie, Case, Cincinnati, Cornell, Colorado, Colorado Mines, Colorado State, Columbia, Dartmouth, Denison, Denver, Dickinson, Emory, Franklin, Georgia, Gettysburg, Harvard, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kansas State, Kentucky, Maine, Massachusetts Tech., Michigan, Millikin, Minnesota, Miami, Mount Union, Missouri, New Hampshire, Nebraska, North Carolina, North Dakota, North-western, Ohio Wesleyan, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon State, Oregon, Pennsylvania State, Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh, Purdue, University of the South, Southern Methodist, St. Lawrence, St. Stephens, Syracuse, Tennessee, Texas, Tulane, Vanderbilt, Virginia, Washington, Washington University, Wisconsin, Worcester Poly., Wyoming.

Total houses owned, 68; total valuation, \$1,300,000.

In 1904, the building at the mother chapter at Tuscaloosa, Ala., was built by the fraternity as a memorial building in honor of Noble Leslie De Votie, and his seven companions. Since then, a chapter house has been erected and attached to it, and the entire plant is used as a chapter home for the original chapter of the fraternity.

When the Civil War came, Sigma Alpha Epsilon had between four and five hundred members. Three hundred and seventy-six of them went into the War. Every member of the chapters at Hampden-Sidney, the Kentucky Military Institute, and Oglethorpe University went to war. Members of the Washington City Rho and Kentucky Iota chapters were in both armies. At the Virginia Kappa chapter at

old William and Mary college, some of the members of the chapter fought some of the early battles on their own campus. When the war ended, Georgia Pi, the chapter which went to war, disbanded in May, 1865. All the other chapters have disappeared with the exception of the one at Columbia (now George Washington) University.

The first National convention of the fraternity after the war was held at Nashville, Tenn. in 1867. By this time, a half dozen chapters had been re-established, and this convention laid plans for the further growth of the fraternity.

One of the interesting incidents in the fraternity's history which is much dwelt upon is the story of the woman member. In 1861, when the chapter at the Kentucky Military Institute disbanded, and its members all went to war, they left their ritual and other secret papers in the possession of a young Kentucky girl, named Miss Lucy Pattie. Miss Pattie kept the papers carefully through the war, and when at the end of the war, the chapter was re-organized delivered them to the proper party. For this, Miss Pattie was made a member of the fraternity, and was held in high regard by them, frequently being mentioned in their history, and at their special occasions. She died in 1922.

The chapters were not known by the name of states until after the Civil War. When the fraternity was founded, nothing was thought of or heard but the general name of Sigma Alpha Epsilon. With the coming of a second chapter, it became evident that some individual chapter name must be adopted. For a while, the chapters were called by the names of the towns in which they were located. When the first convention of the fraternity met in 1858 at Murfreesboro, Tenn., one of its tasks was to devise a system of nomenclature which would carry out the Greek idea. This convention gave the mother chapter the name of Mu. This letter was chosen because Mu is the equivalent of the

first initial of mother, and then the plan was that with the other chapters, their names should be the Greek letters which alternately precede and follow Mu. This was not exactly followed but generally so, and became a great convenience until all of the letters of the Greek alphabet were exhausted. This led to the present method of affixing the name of the state in which the chapter is situated to the Greek letter. The fraternity was over twenty years old before a chapter took the name of Alpha.

The first chapter of the fraternity to have a house of its own was at the University of the South. In order to get the funds to start this project, the members of the chapter carried the university mail all through one winter. The money they earned, they donated to the building.

The government of the fraternity was at first vested in one chapter, called the grand chapter, which was responsible only to the general conventions. In 1885 this system was replaced by a government by a supreme council of six, since reduced to five. The fraternity is divided for convenience of administration into provinces.

The grand chapters were Alabama Mu, 1856-58; North Carolina Xi, 1858-60; Virginia Kappa, 1860-61; Virginia Omicron, 1865-66; Georgia Beta, 1869-76; Virginia Sigma, 1877-88, and Tennessee Omega, 1883-85. The conventions are now biennial, province conventions being held in the alternate years.

Alumni associations exist in 90 of the principal cities.

The catalogue has been published seven times: First, in 1859, compiled by the North Carolina chapter and printed at Washington; second, in 1870, compiled by the Virginia chapter and printed at Baltimore; third, in 1877, compiled by the Kentucky Military Institute chapter, with a supplement in 1880; fourth, in 1887, compiled by the University of Georgia chapter; fifth, in 1892, compiled by Joseph D.

Clemens, and sixth, in 1904, compiled by William C. Levere. The seventh in 1918. In 1906 the publication of an annual series of letters from the chapters accompanied by chapter lists forming a catalogue was begun. A Manual of information concerning the fraternity was published at Los Angeles in 1904 edited by George H. Kress. It contains much valuable information. A very full and much detailed history of the fraternity by William C. Levere was published in 1911. It was in three large octavo volumes and is fully illustrated. It devotes much space to the life of Noble L. De Votie, the principal founder of the fraternity. A Songbook was issued in 1907. In 1912 William C. Levere published "Who's Who in S. A. E.," a series of biographical sketches of living men prominent in the fraternity. Among other books published by the fraternity is "A Paragraph History of Sigma Alpha Epsilon," "The A.B.C. of S. A. E.," "The Original Minutes," "The S. A. E. Chop Book," "The Memory Book of Sigma Alpha Epsilon" and "The S. A. E. Standard Scrap Book." Several editions of the national songbook have been issued.

The *Record*, the fraternity magazine was published in 1880. The founder of this magazine was Major Robert H. Wildberger of the Kentucky Chi chapter. A secret magazine called the *Hustler* was founded by Harry and George Bunting in 1891. Its name was changed to the *Phi Alpha* in 1894, and it is still published as a secondary magazine of the fraternity. The *Lion's Paw* is a magazine that has no regular time of issue, but appears generally before national conventions and is used for other special purposes of the fraternity.

The badge is diamond-shaped, a little less than an inch in diameter, and bears on a groundwork of black enamel the device of Minerva, with a lion crouching at her feet,



above which are the letters "Σ A Ε" in gold. Below are the letters "Φ Α" on a white ground in a wreath. The colors of the fraternity are purple and old gold. The flower is the violet. The colors of the pledge button are blue, white, and gold with Phi Alpha in letters.



The first Northern chapter of the fraternity was established at Pennsylvania College, now Gettysburg College, at Gettysburg, Pa., in 1883. There was a very considerable opposition in the fraternity to northern extension, there being many members who desired to confine the fraternity to the South. As early as 1868; a constitutional amendment had been passed which looked toward northern extension, but this was repealed by a convention which followed it soon after. The second northern chapter was not established until two years later at Mt. Union College. The third in 1887 at Adrian College. This opened the period for northern extension, and the fraternity from this time on spread rapidly through the northern and western universities and colleges.

Three of the alumni associations of the fraternity have been organized as Diomedian chapters, and are given the authority to initiate alumni into a second degree. It is the purpose of this Diomedian organization of Sigma Alpha Epsilon to maintain club-houses in the larger cities of the country. The New York City club has been successful for a number of years.

During the World War, the fraternity had organized as nearly as possible its various alumni who were with the American Expeditionary Force in Europe. Alumni associations were formed in France at Paris, Tours, Neufchateau, Grenoble, Bordeaux, Sumar, and at the university town of Beaune. When the Army of Occupation went into Ger-

many, the Army of Occupation S. A. E. Alumni Association was immediately formed with headquarters at Andernach, Germany. Here, in the ancient castle of the Palatinate on the Rhine, an initiation was held, of a young corporal who was pledged to the University of Wisconsin chapter of the fraternity. Before the Armistice, an initiation had been held in a chateau in Tours, of a pledge of the University of Nevada chapter of the fraternity. The national body had given the privilege of organizing these alumni associations, and of holding the initiations of pledged men who had been called away from the chapter suddenly by the war. Regular monthly dinners were held in Paris, and beginning with January, 1918, and on March 9, 1918, the anniversary of the fraternity, the Paris Alumni Association was organized. A number of the S. A. E.'s who attended this organization of the Paris Alumni chapter came in motorcycles and aëroplanes. Permission was obtained from the French government and a picture was taken in the French national museum, the Louvre of the officers of the A. E. F. Alumni Association of Sigma Alpha Epsilon with the famous statue of Minerva, the goddess of the fraternity which is housed at the Louvre.

Among the alumni are: William L. Wilson, Postmaster General; Philander C. Knox, Secretary of State; Daniel C. Roper, Commissioner of Internal Revenue; Jacob M. Dickinson, Secretary of War; Judge Charles B. Howry, U. S. Court of Claims; Major-General Henry Jervé of the U. S. Army. Senators: William A. Harris, Key Pittman, John N. Heiskill, William M. Kavanaugh, A. O. Stanley, John C. W. Beckham. Maxwell Blake, Consul-General to Morocco; Jefferson Caffery, diplomat; Commodore Dwight Dickinson, U. S. Navy; Charles M. Galloway, Civil Service Commission; John M. Glenn of Russell Sage Foundation;

Will L. Lowrie, Consul-General to Greece; Edward R. Stitt, Surgeon-General U. S. Navy.

Congressmen: W. W. Arnold; Charles H. Brand; Joseph Brown; Gilbert A. Currie; George K. Denton; Politte Elvins; William H. Fleming; Henry D. Flood; Byron P. Harrison; George P. Harrison; Victor Heintz; William N. Vaile; Oscar W. Swift.

Judges: Spencer R. Atkinson; James T. Blair, Andrew H. Boyd; George W. Connor; Sidney J. Everett; Samuel J. Graham; John T. Pendleton; Richard B. Russell; Arthur J. Tuttle.

Governors: William W. Brandon of Alabama; Albert W. Gilchrist of Florida; Clifford M. Walker of Georgia; Vaughan of Utah.

College Presidents: Charles M. Bishop of Southwestern University; Edwin G. Green of Oklahoma City College; George R. Grose of De Pauw University; Henry S. Hartzog of Washington University; William H. McMaster of Ohio Northern.

Bishops: Willaim T. Capers and William A. Guerry; Julius Krutt Schmidt, Railway official; Louis C. Fritch, Railway official; Floyd C. Furlow, president Otis Elevator Co.; Charles B. Ames, lawyer; Arthur J. Barton, Publicist; William F. Bigelow, editor; Robert B. Brinsneade, mining engineer; Charles E. Chambliss, entomologist; Frederick M. Feiker, editor; Robert A. Foster, mining engineer; Orson L. Hall, dramatic critic; Garrard Harris, editor; William C. Levere, author; James O'Neill, actor; William D. Steele, author; Merle Thorpe, editor; Evan E. Young, diplomat.

## SIGMA ALPHA MU

(Jewish Students)



THE Sigma Alpha Mu fraternity was founded at the College of the City of New York on Thanksgiving Eve, November 26, 1909. The eight founders were Hyman I. Jacobson, Lester Cohen, Jacob Kaplan, Ira H. Lind, David Levinson, Samuel Ginsburg, Abraham N. Kerner and Adolph I. Fabis. Founder's Day is celebrated annually throughout the fraternity. The inception of this fraternity was due principally to the desire of its founders to band together Jewish students of worthy character for the spreading of doctrines of fraternalism, for self-development and for activity for their Alma Mater. There was little thought of nationalization at first and there was no chapter extension outside New York City until 1913. The expansion since then has been steady and the chapter roll is now as follows:

1909. Alpha, College of the City of N. Y. ....	126
1911. Beta, Cornell University. ....	116
1911. Gamma, Columbia University. ....	120
1911. Delta, Long Island College Hospital. ....	95
1912. Epsilon, Columbia University—Medical. ....	80
1912. Zeta, Cornell University—Medical School (1915). ....	24
1913. Eta, Syracuse University. ....	88
1914. Theta, University of Pennsylvania. ....	115
1915. Iota, University of Kentucky. ....	60

1915. Kappa, University of Minnesota .....	48
1916. Lambda, Harvard University .....	65
1916. Nu, University of Buffalo .....	55
1917. Xi, Mass. Institute of Technology .....	43
1917. Omicron, University of Cincinnati .....	50
1917. Pi, Yale University .....	55
1918. Rho, University of Illinois .....	73
1919. Sigma, Dickinson University (1921) .....	12
1919. Tau, University of Alabama .....	24
1919. Upsilon, University of Utah .....	18
1919. Phi, Washington University .....	37
1919. Chi, McGill University .....	30
1919. Psi, University of Pittsburgh .....	28
1920. Omega, Toronto University .....	30
1920. Sigma Alpha, Oklahoma University .....	34
1920. Sigma Beta, Ohio State University .....	30
1920. Sigma Gamma, Tulane University .....	20
1921. Sigma Delta, Rutgers College (1922) .....	6
1922. Sigma Epsilon, Armour Institute of Technology .....	45
1922. Sigma Zeta, Indiana University .....	12
1922. Sigma Eta, Purdue University .....	12
1922. Sigma Theta, Texas University .....	25

Active chapters, 28; inactive, 3; membership, 1,576.

There are thirteen alumni clubs. A club house in New York is owned and maintained by the alumni.

The executive offices of the fraternity are at 15 Park Row, New York City. The executive body consists of eight alumni four of whom are elected annually for a two-year term.

As an aid for fraternity co-ordination the Regional Advisory System was introduced in 1920. The chapters are grouped geographically: in eight provinces. Each province is administered for local affairs by a Regional Advisor.

The annual convention is held about December 28 to January 1, at which time chapter delegates and alumni legislate for the fraternity and members of the executive board are elected.

The founders have presented a silver cup which is awarded annually at the convention to the chapter which has attained the best record for the previous year.

The fraternity publishes monthly a bulletin of strictly fraternity interest. A quarterly magazine, the *Octagonian* has also been published continuously under the direction of one of the governing board.

The colors are purple and white. The badge is octagonal, with  $\Sigma$  A M in gold letters on a black background, surrounded with sixteen pearls. The pledge button is octagonal with a silver  $\Sigma$  on a field of dark purple.

## SIGMA CHI



**S**IGMA CHI is one of the "Miami Triad," as the three societies originating at Miami are frequently called, the other members being Beta Theta Pi and Phi Delta Theta. It was established June 28, 1855, by Thomas C. Bell, James P. Caldwell, Daniel W. Cooper, Benjamin P. Runkle, Frank H. Scobey, Isaac M. Jordan and William L. Lockwood, who, with the exception of the last named, had been members of the Kappa chapter of Delta Kappa Epsilon. A disagreement arose in that chapter in reference to the election of one of its members to an office in a certain literary society. The above-named persons refused to cast their votes for their brother, alleging as their reason his incompetency to discharge the duties of the situation. The chapter being evenly divided on the subject, punishment could not be extended to the recalcitrants, and the trouble ended by the final voluntary withdrawal of the six persons named, who immediately organized another society under the name of Sigma Phi. No explanation of the adoption of that name has ever been offered, save that no significance attaches because of the identity of title with the fraternity of Sigma Phi which then existed at Union.

The standard with which the fraternity started at the

beginning was declared by Hon. Isaac M. Jordan to be that "of admitting no man to membership in it who was not believed to be a man of good character, of fair ability, of ambitious purposes, and of congenial disposition." It was established upon no narrow ideal of manhood, but upon the principle that true strength lies in a well-rounded and symmetrical development of individual character.

A secret organization was maintained for a short time, but its existence having become known it was not accorded a hearty welcome, and some of its rivals entered into a plan to steal its ritual and records, which was successfully done in January, 1856. Thereupon a new constitution and ritual were prepared, and the name Sigma Chi adopted. Previous to this time a charter had been granted to petitioners at the Ohio Wesleyan University, and on Christmas-eve, 1855, the new charter was instituted under the name Gamma. On June 12, 1857, the first biennial convention was held in Cincinnati. During the same year the Eta chapter was founded at the University of Mississippi, and in 1858, Iota was established at Jefferson College and Lambda at Indiana University.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1855. Alpha, Miami University .....	264
1855. Gamma, Ohio Wesleyan University .....	533
1856. Epsilon, University of Nashville (1857) .....	9
1857. Eta, University of Mississippi (1912) .....	369
1858. Iota, Jefferson College (1869) .....	71
1858. Lambda, Indiana University .....	601
1859. Nu, Washington College (1863) .....	29
1859. Xi, De Pauw University .....	502
1859. Omicron, Dickinson College .....	349
1860. Pi, Erskine College (1861) .....	38
1860. Sigma, LaGrange College (1861) .....	11
1860. Psi, University of Virginia .....	401
1863. Theta, Gettysburg College .....	265



1864. Kappa, Bucknell University .....	482
1864. Epsilon, George Washington University .....	324
1865. Rho, Butler College .....	317
1865. Upsilon, Polytechnic College of Penn'a (1876) .....	92
1866. Zeta, Washington and Lee University .....	293
1867. Phi, Lafayette College .....	301
1868. Mu, Denison University .....	297
1869. Omega, Northwestern University .....	430
1869. Sigma, Princeton University (1882) .....	49
1871. Chi, Hanover College (1918) .....	197
1872. Sigma Sigma, Hampden-Sidney College (1902) .....	107
1872. Tau, Roanoke College (1901) .....	143
1872. Pi, Howard College (1885) .....	74
1872. Delta, University of Georgia .....	225
1872. Nu, Cumberland University (1880) .....	54
1873. Beta, Wooster College (1913) .....	193
1873. Beta Beta, Mississippi College (1874) .....	25
1874. Gamma Gamma, Randolph-Macon College (1901) .....	88
1874. Epsilon Epsilon, Monmouth College (1878) .....	21
1875. Delta Delta, Purdue University .....	397
1875. Phi Phi, University of Pennsylvania .....	346
1876. Iota Iota, University of Alabama .....	130
1876. Zeta Zeta, Centre College .....	277
1877. Theta Theta, University of Michigan .....	547
1879. Chi Chi, Southern University (1882) .....	23
1880. Delta Chi, Wabash College .....	218
1880. Alpha Beta, Richmond College (1880) .....	3
1881. Kappa Kappa, University of Illinois .....	442
1882. Zeta Psi, University of Cincinnati .....	303
1882. Alpha Eta, University of Iowa .....	242
1882. Alpha Theta, Massachusetts Institute of Technology .....	398
1882. Alpha Gamma, Ohio State University .....	352
1882. Alpha Zeta, Beloit College .....	336
1882. Chi Psi, University of Louisiana (1882) .....	3
1883. Alpha Epsilon, University of Nebraska .....	324
1883. Alpha Delta, Stevens Institute of Technology (1891) .....	24
1883. Alpha Iota, Illinois Wesleyan University .....	295
1883. Alpha Kappa, Hillsdale College (1886) .....	25
1884. Alpha Lambda, University of Wisconsin .....	357
1884. Alpha Xi, University of Kansas .....	421
1884. Alpha Nu, University of Texas .....	272
1884. Alpha Mu, Virginia Military Institute (1885) .....	19

1886. Alpha Omicron, Tulane University .....	190
1886. Alpha Pi, Albion College .....	313
1886. Alpha Beta, University of California .....	296
1887. Alpha Rho, Lehigh University .....	218
1888. Alpha Sigma, University of Minnesota .....	294
1889. Alpha Tau, University of North Carolina .....	156
1889. Alpha Upsilon, University of Southern California .....	256
1890. Alpha Phi, Cornell University .....	363
1891. Alpha Chi, Pennsylvania State College .....	301
1891. Alpha Psi, Vanderbilt University .....	327
1891. Alpha Omega, Stanford University .....	230
1892. Alpha Alpha, Hobart College .....	177
1893. Eta Eta, Dartmouth College .....	480
1893. Lambda Lambda, Kentucky State University .....	188
1894. Nu Nu, Columbia University .....	314
1895. Mu, Mu, University of West Virginia .....	266
1896. Xi Xi, University of Missouri .....	325
1897. Omicron Omicron, University of Chicago .....	226
1902. Rho, Rho, University of Maine .....	320
1903. Tau Tau, Washington University .....	179
1903. Upsilon Upsilon, University of Washington .....	275
1904. Psi Psi, Syracuse University .....	212
1905. Beta Gamma, Colorado College .....	172
1905. Omega Omega, University of Arkansas .....	201
1906. Beta Delta, University of Montana .....	228
1908. Beta Epsilon, University of Utah .....	224
1909. Beta Zeta, University of North Dakota .....	178
1909. Beta Eta, Case and Western Reserve University .....	238
1909. Beta Theta, University of Pittsburgh .....	192
1910. Beta Iota, University of Oregon .....	191
1912. Beta Kappa, University of Oklahoma .....	199
1912. Beta Lambda, Trinity College (N. C.) .....	112
1914. Beta Mu, University of Colorado .....	152
1914. Beta Nu, Brown University .....	185
1916. Beta Xi, University of New Mexico .....	113
1916. Beta Omicron, Iowa State College .....	73
1916. Beta Pi, Oregon State College .....	123
1917. Beta Rho, Montana State College .....	126
1917. Beta Sigma, University of Tennessee .....	121
1919. Beta Tau, Colorado Agricultural College .....	90
1919. Beta Upsilon, Washington State College .....	94
1919. Beta Phi, University of Arizona .....	75

1921. Beta Chi, Emory University .....	47
1922. Beta Psi, Georgia School of Technology .....	52
1922. Beta Omega, University of Toronto .....	51

Active chapters, 77; inactive chapters, 22; membership, 22,051.

All the chapters own houses except the following: Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Butler, Centre, Colorado Agricultural, Emery, Georgia, Georgia Tech., Hobart, Iowa, Kentucky State, Mass. Inst. of Tech., Southern California, Stanford, Toronto, Trinity, Wabash, Washington University. Total houses owned 58; total valuation \$1,587,000.

The Miami house is a memorial to the founders of the fraternity. An endowment fund for the building of chapter houses was established in 1897.

All of the Southern chapters were killed by the war. Those at the Universities of Virginia and Mississippi were revived, the latter became inactive from anti-fraternity legislation. The Erskine chapter was *sub rosa* during its brief existence. The Nu chapter, at Washington College, lost most of its members by their enlistment in the army, and it was not revived after its extinction in 1863, in view of the approaching union of the college with Jefferson College. The chapters at Princeton, the University of Georgia, Howard College, Mississippi College, Monmouth College, the University of Alabama, V. M. I., Wooster and the University of Illinois were killed by anti-fraternity laws, the last named chapter being revived in 1891 and the Alabama chapter in 1914 (by the absorption of a local society called Phi Epsilon). The Princeton chapter was first established in 1869. About a year thereafter it was disbanded owing to a belief on the part of its members that its charter had been withdrawn. It was reorganized in 1875, and became inactive, owing to the prevalent hostility to the fraternities.

The chapter at the Polytechnic College of Pennsylvania was permitted by its charter to initiate students from the University of Pennsylvania. In 1875 these petitioned to be made a distinct chapter, and their withdrawal weakened the parent chapter to such an extent that it soon became inactive. The University of Pennsylvania chapter died also a few years later, but was revived in 1896. The Denison chapter was *sub rosa* for many years, owing to faculty opposition. The chapters at George Washington University, Hampden-Sidney College, Cumberland University and Richmond College became inactive from what the members of the chapter deemed lack of suitable material to carry them on. The first named has been revived. The Hampden-Sidney chapter was revived in 1890, but died in 1902. The North Carolina chapter became inactive in 1900 and was revived in 1914 by the absorption of a local Sigma Kappa Delta. The Tulane chapter is a continuation of the University of Louisiana chapter.

The Theta chapter in 1874 absorbed a chapter of Upsilon Beta, located at the Pennsylvania College, and indirectly caused the disruption of that entire fraternity. The Kappa chapter was formed from a local society called the Iota, the Wabash chapter from a similar organization called the "Athenæum," and the Beloit chapter from a local called Omega Sigma Theta. The Omega chapter was formerly a chapter of Kappa Phi Lambda, the Sigma Chi petitioners having first obtained a charter from that fraternity in order to maintain their organization. The Washington University, Albion and Chicago chapters were formed from local organizations not bearing Greek names. The Dartmouth chapter was formerly the society of Phi Zeta Mu, which had maintained a successful career since 1857 in the Chandler Scientific School. The Brown chapter from the old Kappa chapter of Chi Phi which had existed as a local

society from 1895 having been originally established in 1872. Many of the others were formed from locals.

The Purdue chapter was the means of bringing the question of faculty opposition to the fraternities to a judicial determination, and its long struggle with the college authorities and its final triumph form a most interesting chapter in the history of the fraternities.

The chapter at the Southern University became inactive by reason of the failure of any of its members to return to college after the close of a vacation, and the same reason may be assigned for the death of the chapters at Roanoke, Randolph-Macon and North Carolina. The charter of the Hillsdale chapter was withdrawn. The Miami, Georgia and Lehigh chapters have all been inactive for a period.

A unique feature in the history of Sigma Chi, and one which has no parallel in the records of other fraternities, was the existence, during the war, of a chapter in the Confederate army, composed of members serving under Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, in the Army of the Tennessee. It was called the "Constantine chapter," and was organized by several Sigma Chi comrades for the purpose of perpetuating the fraternity in the South during the most intense period of the war.

The alumni of the fraternity have formed graduate chapters in 70 important cities. There is an association known as the Harvard Group of the members of the fraternity connected with that University.

Previous to 1882, the executive government of the fraternity was vested in the parent chapter, subordinate to the decrees of the general convention, and to the votes of a majority of the chapters during the recess of that assembly. In 1882 the administration of the fraternity's affairs was placed in the hands of an executive council, composed of graduates, and the fraternity has been prosperous

under its guidance. In 1897 this system was somewhat modified in details. The present system of government is through a biennial convention called a Grand Chapter with ad interim government by a Grand Council made up of general officers and some others, and an executive committee of five. The officials are named by designations peculiar to Sigma Chi.

The fraternity was incorporated in 1899 under the laws of Illinois as "The Grand Council of the Sigma Chi Fraternity."

A preliminary catalogue was published in 1872, followed by the first regular edition in 1876. It contained a mere list of 1750 names. The next edition, after having been in preparation for several years, was issued in 1890. It contained a history of the fraternity and rather full data concerning each member.

In 1902 a residence directory was published containing chapter rolls, geographical and alphabetical indices and the history brought down to date. In 1908 a combined Manual and Directory, edited by Fred A. Perine was published at Chicago. Similar volumes were published at the same place in 1910, 1912, 1916, and 1922. A handbook, a manual of information for members only, appeared in 1905.

A Songbook was published in 1872 under the auspices of the Lafayette chapter. Later editions were issued in 1884, 1898, 1894, and 1909.

The journal of the fraternity, called at first, the *Sigma Chi*, was issued under the editorship of the Theta chapter, in 1881, as a bi-monthly. After the publication of three volumes at Gettysburg, it was transferred to Hanover, Ind., and in 1884 to Chicago, where it has since been published, except from 1898 to 1903, when it was issued at Albion, Mich., practically under the same management. In 1887

the name was changed to the *Sigma Chi Quarterly*. In 1887 the fraternity made a new departure in fraternity journalism by commencing the publication of a secret monthly journal called *The Bulletin*, printed on thin paper and sent to members in sealed envelopes, and which contained matters deemed too private for insertion in the quarterly journal. *The Bulletin* was a happy thought, and has been very successful.

The badge of the Sigma Chi is a cross of gold and white enamel. In the center is an elliptical plate of black enamel displaying the letters "Σ X" in gold. On the upper arm of the cross are two crossed keys; on the right arm a scroll, and on the left an eagle's head. On the lower arm is a pair of clasped hands above seven stars. Two small chains connect the upper arm of the cross with the horizontal bar.



The colors are blue and gold. The flower is the white rose. The flag consists of two bars, blue and gold, displaying the Sigma Chi cross. The colors of the pledge button are blue and white.

Among the prominent members of the fraternity are: Cabinet officers, Walter L. Fisher, Secretary of the Interior; George D. Meiklejohn, Assistant Secretary of War; George H. Gorman, Assistant Attorney General; Rush L. Holland, Assistant Attorney General.

U. S. Senators: Alpheus Felch, Johnson M. Camden, George L. Yapple, Davis Elkins, Harry S. New, T. Coleman du Pont. Congressmen, Isaac M. Jordan, William Allen, David H. Mercer, George D. Meiklejohn, Edmund H. Hinshaw, Patrick O. Hawes, John B. Storm, Lincoln Dixon, David K. Watson, James S. Smart, William G. Stahlnecker, Edward C. Venable, James F. Burke, Frank T. Shaw, Frank A. McLain, Thomas Reed Cobb, Thomas Stout, Harry S. New, Charles L. Faust, Joseph T. Himes, Cleve-

land A. Newton, Hubert F. Fisher, Tilman B. Parks, John J. Kindred, Fred B. Gerner, John R. Tyson, and Merrill Moores.

Robert S. McCormick, Ambassador to France, Russia and Austria; Luther Short, Minister to Turkey; Judson Kilpatrick, Minister to Chile; George W. Caruth, Minister to Portugal; Brand Whitlock, Minister to Belgium, and William Jennings Price, Minister to Panama.

Governors: John M. Hamilton of Illinois; Andrew H. Longino of Mississippi; Alpheus Felch of Michigan; William E. Glasscock of West Virginia; Charles H. Aldrich of Nebraska, Isaac P. Gray of Indiana, James Withycombe of Oregon, and E. Lee Trinkle of Virginia. Lieutenant Governors: James T. Ellyson of Virginia; Edmund B. Fairchild of Michigan; Harry L. Gordon of Ohio; Thomas Hanna of Indiana; James T. Harrison of Mississippi; Robert S. Robertson of Indiana; Francis G. Higgins of Montana.

Judges of State Supreme Courts: Richard W. Walker, and John R. Tyson, Alabama; James H. Price and Frank A. McLain, Mississippi; Michael W. Jacobs and John P. Elkins, Pennsylvania; George W. Caruth, Arkansas; William W. Chase, New Hampshire; Fletcher M. Doan, Arizona; Leander J. Monks, Oscar H. Montgomery, Cyrus F. McNutt and Quincy A. Myers, Indiana; Lawrence De Graff, Iowa; Chester H. Aldrich, Nebraska; Ira C. Batman, Indiana; William H. Sweetland, Rhode Island.

Among college presidents are: James H. Smart, Purdue; George H. Denny, Alabama; Richard H. Jesse, Missouri; John F. Goucher, Woman's College of Baltimore; Edmund B. Fairchild, Nebraska; John H. Harris, Bucknell; Oscar J. Craig, Montana; George L. Machintosh, Wabash; John G. Bowman, Iowa; Winfield S. Matthews, Southern California; J. M. Hamilton, Montana State Col-



lege; E. H. Lindley, University of Idaho; E. O. Holland, Washington State College; Rufus H. Von KleinSmid, Southern California; Walter W. Moore, Union Theol. Seminary; Charles R. Richards, Lehigh; Charles H. Clapp, Montana.

Authors, writers and journalists: George Ade, Booth Tarkington, Brand Whitlock, Walter Malone, John R. Scott, Robert S. MacKenzie, Edgar L. Wakeman, Benjamin G. Lovejoy, Edwin Lefevre, Thomas C. Shotwell of the *New York Journal*; Wythe Williams, war correspondent; John T. McCutcheon, cartoonist of *Chicago Tribune*; Fontaine T. Fox, Jr., cartoonist of *Chicago Evening Post*; Howard N. Thompson, head correspondent of the Associated Press during Spanish-American War; William L. McPherson of the *New York Tribune* and editor of its *Almanac*; Edward E. Purinton of the *Independent*; Colin Campbell Clements and Luther A. Reed, playwrights.

Publishers: William A. Harper, Charles W. Merrill of the Bobbs Merrill Co.; Sidney H. Putnam and Edmund W. Putnam of G. P. Putnam's Sons; George W. Childs of the *Philadelphia Public Ledger*, John N. Wheeler of *Wheeler's Magazine* and the Bell Syndicate; John C. Eastman of the *Chicago Journal*; Henry Wallace of *Wallace's Farmer*.

Among others: Burr McIntosh, the actor and publisher; James E. Deering, president of International Harvester Co.; John M. Studebaker, manufacturer, of South Bend, Ind.; Alfred I. DuPont, Maurice DuPont and Thomas C. DuPont of Delaware; John F. Miller, vice-president of the Westinghouse Air Brake Co.; John E. Watkins, superintendent of the U. S. National Museum; John J. Piatt, Librarian of Congress; William A. Stead, Attorney General of Illinois; Stephen T. Mather, Director of National Parks; Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads.

## SIGMA NU



SIGMA NU fraternity was founded January 1, 1869, at Virginia Military Institute. The fall of 1866, and the two years following, brought to the Institute a large body of students, who, although still boys in years were men of experience, many having been in the Confederate army. The times were still troubled, and a general feeling of restlessness pervaded the Institute. Numerous organizations were formed, and out of one of these grew the Sigma Nu fraternity. The immediate cause of the organization was opposition to a society known as the "Blackfeet," then in undisputed sway at V. M. I.

The founder of Sigma Nu was James Frank Hopkins, of Mablevale, Ark., assisted by J. W. Hopson, of Memphis, Tenn., Greenfield Quarles, of Helena, Ark., and J. M. Riley, of St. Louis, but a native of Kentucky. An organization was perfected, and a constitution, badge, signs and symbols were adopted, and vigorous measures for establishing of other chapters were undertaken. Success was not easily won owing to the fact that the chapters first established were *sub rosa*. In 1883 but three were active. The fraternity then took a firm grip on things and since then its growth has been steady and its progress consistent.

The roll of chapters is as follows:

1869. Alpha, Virginia Military Institute (1911) .....	201
1870. Beta, University of Virginia .....	254
1873. Mu, University of Georgia .....	427
1874. Theta, University of Alabama .....	490
1879. Iota, Howard College .....	335
1881. Kappa, North Georgia Agricultural College .....	376
1882. Lambda, Washington and Lee University .....	261
1883. Zeta, Central University (1901) .....	101
1883. Epsilon, Bethany College .....	217
1884. Eta, Mercer University .....	362
1884. Nu, University of Kansas .....	379
1884. Xi, Emory College .....	357
1884. Omicron, Bethel College (1904) .....	133
1885. Pi, Lehigh University .....	262
1886. Delta, South Carolina University (1921) .....	91
1886. Rho, University of Missouri .....	408
1886. Sigma, Vanderbilt University .....	313
1886. Tau, South Carolina Military Academy (1891) .....	36
1886. Upsilon, University of Texas .....	271
1887. Phi, Louisiana State University .....	233
1888. Chi, Cornell College, Iowa (1913) .....	156
1888. Psi, University of North Carolina .....	218
1888. Beta Phi, Tulane University .....	175
1889. Beta Alpha, Yale University (1892) .....	43
1889. Beta Omicron, University of the South .....	62
1890. Beta Beta, De Pauw University .....	289
1890. Beta Theta, Alabama Polytechnic Institute .....	324
1891. Beta Gamma, Missouri Valley College (1896) .....	16
1891. Beta Delta, Drake University (1894) .....	15
1891. Beta Epsilon, Upper Iowa University (1894) .....	9
1891. Beta Zeta, Purdue University .....	349
1891. Beta Nu, Ohio State University .....	302
1891. Beta Chi, Stanford University .....	270
1891. Delta Theta, Lombard College .....	234
1892. Beta Eta, Indiana University .....	347
1892. Beta Iota, Mt. Union College .....	351
1892. Beta Kappa, Southwest Kansas College (1897) .....	32
1892. Beta Lambda, Central College, Missouri (1902) .....	57
1892. Beta Psi, University of California .....	293
1893. Beta Mu, University of Iowa .....	296
1894. Beta Xi, William-Jewell College .....	220
1894. Beta Rho, University of Pennsylvania .....	305

1895. Gamma Rho, University of Chicago .....	226
1895. Beta Tau, North Carolina A. & M. College .....	186
1895. Beta Upsilon, Rose Polytechnic Institute .....	223
1895. Gamma Gamma, Albion College .....	287
1896. Gamma Alpha, Georgia School of Technology .....	330
1896. Gamma Chi, University of Washington .....	313
1898. Gamma Beta, Northwestern University .....	297
1898. Beta Sigma, University of Vermont .....	252
1900. Gamma Delta, Stevens Institute of Technology .....	201
1900. Gamma Epsilon, Lafayette College .....	222
1900. Gamma Zeta, University of Oregon .....	217
1901. Gamma Eta, Colorado School of Mines .....	187
1901. Gamma Theta, Cornell University .....	295
1902. Gamma Iota, Kentucky State University .....	198
1902. Gamma Kappa, University of Colorado .....	224
1902. Gamma Lambda, University of Wisconsin .....	280
1902. Gamma Mu, University of Illinois .....	302
1902. Gamma Nu, University of Michigan .....	282
1903. Gamma Xi, Missouri School of Mines .....	173
1903. Gamma Omicron, Washington University, Mo. ....	175
1904. Gamma Pi, West Virginia University .....	224
1904. Gamma Sigma, Iowa State College .....	165
1904. Gamma Tau, University of Minnesota .....	198
1904. Gamma Upsilon, University of Arkansas .....	198
1905. Gamma Phi, University of Montana .....	199
1906. Gamma Psi, Syracuse University .....	224
1907. Delta Alpha, Case School of Applied Science .....	152
1907. Delta Beta, Dartmouth College .....	234
1908. Delta Gamma, Columbia University .....	251
1909. Delta Delta, Pennsylvania State College .....	209
1909. Delta Upsilon, University of Oklahoma .....	217
1909. Delta Zeta, Western Reserve University .....	137
1909. Delta Eta, University of Nebraska .....	174
1910. Delta Iota, Washington State College .....	196
1910. Delta Kappa, Delaware State College .....	197
1912. Delta Lambda, Brown University .....	144
1913. Delta Mu, Stetson University .....	144
1913. Beta Kappa, Kansas State Agricultural College .....	184
1913. Delta Nu, University of Maine .....	209
1914. Delta Xi, University of Nevada .....	115
1915. Delta Omicron, University of Idaho .....	168
1915. Delta Pi, George Washington University .....	163

1915. Delta Rho, Colorado Agricultural College .....	145
1916. Delta Sigma, Carnegie Institute of Technology .....	150
1917. Delta Tau, Oregon Agricultural College .....	125
1917. Delta Upsilon, Colgate University .....	132
1917. Delta Phi, Maryland State College .....	96
1918. Delta Chi, Trinity College .....	94
1918. Delta Psi, Bowdoin College .....	104
1918. Epsilon Alpha, University of Arizona .....	92
1919. Epsilon Beta, Drury College .....	116
1920. Epsilon Gamma, Wesleyan University .....	86
1920. Epsilon Delta, University of Wyoming .....	77
1920. Epsilon Epsilon, Oklahoma Agricultural College .....	80
1920. Epsilon Zeta, University of Florida .....	65
1921. Epsilon Eta, University of Tennessee .....	61
1922. Epsilon Theta, Massachusetts Inst. of Technology .....	36
1922. Epsilon Iota, College of William and Mary .....	48

Deductions for names counted more than once 1155.

Active chapters, 88; inactive, 12; membership, 18,342.

The following chapters own houses: Alabama, Albion, Arizona, Bethany, Bowdoin, California, Carnegie Tech., Case, Chicago, Colgate, Colorado, Colorado Agr., Colorado Mines, Columbia, Cornell, Dartmouth, De Pauw, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Iowa State, Kansas, Kansas State, Kentucky, Lafayette, Lehigh, Lombard, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Missouri Mines, Mount Union, Nebraska, North Carolina, Northwestern, Ohio State, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Purdue, Stanford, Syracuse, Tennessee, Texas, Trinity, Vermont, Virginia, Washington State, University of the South, Vanderbilt, University of Washington, Wesleyan, West Virginia, William and Mary, William-Jewell, Wisconsin, Wyoming.

Total houses, 59; total valuation, \$825,000.

The chapters at first were not given Greek-letter names, but were designated by Roman numerals in the order of their establishment. The parent chapter granted a wide license to members to establish branches; and two chap-

ters, Gamma, at the Bailey Law School, and Delta, at Tarboro, N. C., the latter consisting of young business men of the town, were formed in a somewhat irregular way. Gamma admitted but one member. Delta was not considered as having a place in the fraternity roll at all. Both chapters were almost immediately withdrawn. In 1879 the Alpha chapter alone survived.

In 1881 with the establishing of Kappa chapter at Dahlo-nega, Ga., the fraternity improved its condition, and with the establishment of Lambda, at Washington and Lee, in 1882, and with but three chapters in existence, Alpha, Kappa, and Lambda, began the publication of a journal called *The Delta* of Sigma Nu, the triangular name being suggested by the trio of active chapters.

Alpha, at the Virginia Military Institute, was killed in 1888 by anti-fraternity laws; was revived in 1909 but is now inactive due to anti-fraternity rules. Mu, at the University of Georgia; Theta, at the University of Alabama, and Iota at Howard College were killed by anti-fraternity laws while Epsilon at Bethany College and Sigma at Vanderbilt University died from indifference but all these chapters have been revived.

Chi, at Cornell College, Iowa; Tau, at the South Carolina Military Academy; Delta, at the South Carolina University; Beta Lambda, at Central College, Mo.; Beta Gamma at Missouri Valley College; Beta Epsilon at Upper Iowa University, and Beta Delta, Drake University, were all killed by college or trustee opposition and have not been revived. Omicron, Bethel College, Ky., was withdrawn owing to the decline of the college; Beta Alpha at Yale, was withdrawn when it was discovered that the Yale customs were not compatible with the customs of Sigma Nu in opposition to becoming a class society. Beta Kappa at the Southwest Kansas College became dormant owing to faculty opposition

and the charter has been given to the Kansas State College at Manhattan, Kans., and the Southwest College men given alumni connection therein. Zeta, at Central University, Ky., disbanded upon the merging of the university with the Center College at Danville.

Alumni chapters have been established in many of the principal cities. The fraternity has a permanent endowment fund for the purposes of assisting chapters to own their houses and aiding worthy students to complete their education.

The early form of government in the fraternity, and which remained in force until 1884, was through a grand lodge, the executive officers of which were called the regent and vice-regent, elected every five years by state presidents, who were in turn chosen by the chapters. This system was changed in 1884 to the familiar one of an executive body called the High Council, with Division Inspectors, these latter being subordinate administrative officers having jurisdiction over the chapters within eighteen districts, into which the territory covered by the fraternity is divided.

This system is still in force, but in 1915 it was amended by the adoption of a business manager plan, placing the administration of the fraternity in the hands of a general secretary, appointed by the High Council, and establishing general offices in Indianapolis, Indiana.

The supreme governing body is the biennial Grand Chapter, consisting of delegates from all active and alumni chapters. In addition to this general convention, an annual meeting of the Inspectors has been held for the past five years.

The principal publication of the fraternity has been a periodical journal called *The Delta*. This was founded in April, 1883, by John Alexander Howard, at Dahlonga, Ga. In 1884 it was transferred to Lawrence, Kansas, in 1890

to Hiawatha, Kansas, in 1894 to Richmond, Ky., in 1911 to Deland, Fla., and in 1913 to Columbus, Ohio. The Alumni chapter in New York City publishes a paper called *The Fifth Point*; in Philadelphia, *The Quaker*; and in Los Angeles, *Southern California Sigma Nu*.

The catalogue of the fraternity has been published by Grant W. Harrington, of Hiawatha, Kansas, in 1890, and in 1894, by F. H. Heywood, of Columbus, Ohio, in 1902, by S. F. Pegues of Chicago in 1911, and the latest edition was issued through R. L. Polk & Co., New York, N. Y., in 1918. A Songbook has also been published by Dr. Isadore Dyer of New Orleans in 1910. Since that time, new songs have been issued in pamphlets of sheet music, including the "The White Star of Sigma Nu," which was adopted by the Nineteenth Grand Chapter as the official song of the fraternity.

The badge is from a design made by J. F. Hopkins. It is of gold, with five white arms meeting in a center of black enamel, on which is coiled a golden serpent; each arm displays a pair of crossed swords and a letter, forming the sequence "Σ N E T T." The colors of the pledge button are gold, black and white.

The color originally chosen for the fraternity was sky-blue, but it has since been superseded by black, white and gold. In 1892, the fraternity chose as a distinctive emblem the white rose. The Sunday in November immediately preceding Armistice Day in each year is observed as a Memorial Day.

The fraternity has no honorary members. Among its more prominent alumni are the following: U. S. Senators L. H. Ball of Delaware and Walter F. George of Georgia; Governors George A. Carlson of Colorado, Sidney J. Catts of Florida, Westmoreland Davis of Virginia and Jonathan Davis of Kansas; Congressmen H. D. Clayton (now U. S.



District Judge), J. P. Stallings and H. B. Steagall of Alabama, Col. Bertram F. Clayton of New York, Oscar Bland of Indiana, Tazewell Ellett of Virginia, Samuel Barney of Wisconsin, Harvey Helm of Kentucky, W. H. Heald of Delaware, George K. Favrot of Louisiana, Charles J. Edwards of Georgia, John M. Evans of Montana, and C. N. McArthur of Oregon; A. H. Alford of Idaho, Speaker of the House; Walter Murphy of North Carolina, Speaker of the House; M. L. Smith of South Carolina, Speaker of the House; Wade H. Ellis of Ohio; Harvey H. Hanna, Attorney General of Tennessee; Richard J. Hopkins, Attorney General of Kansas; J. Q. Smith, Attorney General of Alabama; Borden Burr of Alabama, Chairman State Democratic Committee and National Committeeman; W. P. Cobb, Secretary of the State of Alabama; Dr. Thomas M. Owen, State Historian of Alabama; L. O. Gardner and Ormond Somerville, Supreme Court Judges of Alabama; and John A. Graham, Chief Justice of the Court of Civil Appeals of Texas; Generals George S. Gibbs, Signal Corps; George Allen, Field Artillery, and Robert F. Steiner, Infantry.

Dr. Isadore Dyer of New Orleans, Leprologist; Archibald Henderson, Biographer of Bernard Shaw; Dr. E. S. Meany, Secretary of the American Historical Society; Lee Worsham of Georgia, President of the Natural Conservation Congress; Frank Aydelotte, President of Swarthmore College and Secretary of the Rhodes Scholarship Trust; Bruce R. Payne, President of Peabody Teachers' College, Nashville, Tenn.; Dr. Edwin W. Dunlavy, President of Iliff School of Theology; J. C. Woodward, President of Georgia Military Institute; Dr. George Harter, President of Delaware State College; Marion Letcher, U. S. Consul at Chihuahua, Mexico; C. C. Lyon, War Correspondent; Zane Grey, novelist; Maurice V. Samuels, playwright; Archie Austin Coates, poet; Rev. Paul Mansfield Spencer.

## SIGMA PHI



SIGMA PHI was founded at Union College, March 4, 1827, by Thomas F. Bowie, '27, John T. Bowie, '29, Thomas S. Witherspoon, '28, and Charles T. Cromwell, '27. It is next to the oldest of the modern Greek-letter fraternities, and was the first of them to establish a branch chapter in another college. The fraternity has grown very slowly, and in the matter of extension has heretofore exhibited an intense conservatism. The chapter roll is as follows:

1827. N. Y. Alpha, Union College .....	519
1831. N. Y. Beta, Hamilton College .....	510
1834. Mass. Alpha, Williams College .....	486
1835. N. Y. Gamma, New York University (1848) .....	77
1840. N. Y. Delta, Hobart College .....	407
1845. Vt. Alpha, University of Vermont .....	390
1853. N. J. Alpha, Princeton University (1858) .....	45
1858. Mich. Alpha, University of Michigan .....	361
1887. Pa. Alpha, Lehigh University .....	191
1890. N. Y. Epsilon, Cornell University .....	197
1908. Wis. Alpha, University of Wisconsin .....	79
1912. Cal. Alpha, University of California .....	96

Active chapters, 10; inactive, 2; membership, 3236.

All the chapters own houses. Total houses 10; total valuation \$325,000.

Each chapter is incorporated under the law of its own state, and the fraternity as a whole was originally incorporated under the laws of the State of New York in 1885, but was reincorporated in the same state in 1920. The house of the Williams chapter was, at the time of its erection, the first chapter house built of the modern style and comprising a dormitory. It contained a memorial of the deceased Princeton chapter. It was burned in 1893, and was replaced in 1895. The chapter at New York University surrendered its charter in the belief that a successful chapter could not be maintained in a city college, where the students met only at recitations. The Princeton chapter was killed by anti-fraternity laws. The Williams chapter was formed from a local society called the "Phi Alpha," the Lehigh chapter from a similar organization called the "Beta Beta," and the California chapter from a local club called "La Junta."

The government of the society as a whole is vested in an annual convention of delegates from the chapters, which meets with each chapter in turn at the time and place appointed by that chapter. During the interim between conventions the society's affairs are conducted by a Standing Committee composed of a chairman appointed by the convention and members appointed by each chapter. This Committee maintains a central office and a paid secretary in New York City. Prior to 1887 annual conventions were held at Schenectady, N. Y., on the 4th of March.

Reunions of the alumni are frequently held in New York, Detroit, Boston, Rochester, Philadelphia, Washington, Utica, Buffalo, San Francisco, Seattle, Los Angeles, Minneapolis, and Chicago. There are no alumni chapters.

While each fraternity claims for itself that its alumni are more than usually loyal, yet each would probably be glad to see an increase in the strength of the tie that unites its

graduate and undergraduate members, and Sigma Phi is really entitled to pre-eminence in this respect. There are no honorary members.

The catalogue of the society has been issued in 1834, 1837, 1841, 1844, 1846, 1850, 1853, 1856, 1859, 1862, 1865, 1870, 1876, 1880, 1884, 1892, and 1915. It was the first society to print a geographical distribution of its membership in its catalogue. Collections of songs, the last one published in Boston in 1909, with music as well as words, and an occasional reunion address, have been printed for private circulation. The society distributes annually to its members an address list. Beginning in 1887 it also published an annual pamphlet report. This gave place in 1920 to a magazine for members only called the *Sigma Phi Flame* which is issued three times a year.



The badge is a monogram of the letters made by placing the "Σ" over the "Φ." The former is usually jeweled. The colors are light blue and white.

The colors of the pledge buttons are light blue and white.

Among the prominent alumni of the fraternity are: Vice-President James S. Sherman; U. S. Senators J. J. Ingalls, and Elihu Root; Charles J. Folger, Secretary of the Treasury; Elihu Root, Secretary of War and of State; John J. Knox, Comptroller of the Currency; A. D. White, U. S. Minister to Germany; John Bigelow, to France.

Congressmen: Thomas F. Bowie, John Cochrane, C. B. Cochrane, C. P. Shaw, T. T. Davis, Charles B. Sedgwick, Andrew Oliver, G. C. Walker, A. B. Olin, A. H. Laffin, O. Cole, Samuel Knox, J. Mullen, W. W. Campbell, E. Einstein, T. A. Merriman, A. B. Darragh, James S. Sherman, C. A. Talcott, Norman J. Gould, Henry E. Barbour and F. G. Fleetwood.

Andrew D. White, President of Cornell; M. H. Buckham,

of the University of Vermont; G. W. Eaton, of Colgate University; John LeConte, of the University of California; M. W. Stryker, of Hamilton College; W. A. Shanklin, of Wesleyan University and Israel W. Andrews and Geo. W. Hinman of Marietta.

Governors: Beall of Wisconsin; Hoffman of New York; Hartranft of Pennsylvania; Walker of Virginia and Foss of Massachusetts. Generals, Daniel Butterfield, Lewis Benedict, William H. Ludlow and William S. Pierce. Admirals: Nicoll Ludlow and A. S. Kenny. Monsignor Thos. S. Preston; Bishops: Worthington of Nebraska, Wells of Spokane and Cheney of Chicago. General Emmons Clark, A. Oakey Hall, Joel B. Erhardt and John E. Parsons of New York City.

Professors William D. Whitney of Yale; A. C. Kendrick of Rochester; Elias Peissner, John Foster and Howard Opdyke of Union; Oren Root and Arthur P. Saunders of Hamilton; Jas. R. Wheeler of Columbia; Mortimer E. Cooley and C. S. Denison of the University of Michigan; Brainerd G. Smith and Geo. P. Bristol of Cornell; Theo. Sterling of Kenyon; Matthew Hale of the Albany Law School; Thos. S. Hastings and Geo. W. Knox of the Union Theological Seminary and Anson J. Upson, Chancellor of the Regents of the University of the State of New York.

Editors: Robt. W. Patterson of the *Chicago Tribune*; Chester S. Lord of the *New York Sun*; and G. W. Hinman of the *Chicago Inter-ocean*; Rev. Chas. A. Stoddard of the *New York Observer*; and Henry M. Field, editor of the *Evangelist* and author; Dr. Lewis A. Sayre, the surgeon; United States District Judges, C. P. Orr of Pennsylvania; and Charles H. Duell of the District of Columbia.

Chief Justices: Charles J. Folger and George F. Comstock of the New York Court of Appeals, Orsamus Cole of the Wisconsin Supreme Court and Judge John H. Denison.

## SIGMA PHI EPSILON



THIS fraternity was founded at Richmond College, (now the University of Richmond) Richmond, Va., in November, 1901, by Carter A. Jenkins, '02; Benjamin D. Gaw, '04; W. Hugh Carter, '02; William A. Wallace, '03; Thomas T. Wright, '04; and William L. Phillips, '03, the basis of the organization being a society called the "Saturday Night Club."

The chapter roll is as follows:

1901. Va. Alpha, Richmond College .....	150
1902. Va. Beta, University College of Medicine (1904) .....	3
1902. Pa. Alpha, Washington and Jefferson College (1906) .....	25
1903. W. Va. Alpha, Bethany College (1905) .....	10
1903. Va. Gamma, Roanoke College (1906) .....	13
1903. W. Va. Beta, University of West Virginia .....	215
1903. Pa. Beta, Jefferson Medical College (1911) .....	84
1903. Pa. Gamma, University of Pittsburgh (1911) .....	74
1903. Ill. Alpha, University of Illinois .....	236
1904. Colo. Alpha, University of Colorado .....	225
1904. Pa. Delta, University of Pennsylvania .....	272
1904. S. C. Alpha, University of South Carolina (1906) .....	13
1904. Va. Delta, College of William and Mary .....	140
1905. N. C. Beta, North Carolina State College .....	110
1905. Ohio Alpha, Ohio Northern University .....	395
1905. Ohio Beta, Wittenberg College (1907) .....	7
1905. Indiana Alpha, Purdue University .....	228
1905. N. Y. Alpha, Syracuse University .....	238
1906. Va. Epsilon, Washington and Lee University .....	130

1906. Va. Zeta, Randolph-Macon College .....	132
1907. Ga. Alpha, Georgia School of Technology .....	192
1907. Dela. Alpha, Delaware State College .....	189
1907. Va. Eta, University of Virginia .....	132
1907. Ark. Alpha, University of Arkansas .....	150
1907. Pa. Epsilon, Lehigh University .....	161
1908. Va. Theta, Virginia Military Institute (1911) .....	44
1908. Ohio Gamma, Ohio State University .....	187
1908. Vt. Alpha, Norwich University .....	194
1908. Pa. Zeta, Allegheny College (1908) .....	13
1908. Ala. Alpha, Alabama Polytechnic Institute .....	172
1909. N. C. Gamma, Trinity College, N. C. ....	100
1909. N. H. Alpha, Dartmouth College .....	206
1909. D. of C. Alpha, George Washington University .....	160
1910. Kan. Alpha, Baker University .....	175
1910. Cal. Alpha, University of California .....	175
1911. Neb. Alpha, University of Nebraska .....	206
1912. Wash. Alpha, The State College of Washington .....	179
1912. Mass. Alpha, Massachusetts Agricultural College .....	154
1912. Ohio Delta, College of Wooster (1913) .....	33
1912. N. Y. Beta, Cornell University .....	192
1912. R. I. Alpha, Brown University .....	43
1912. Mich. Alpha, University of Michigan .....	197
1913. Iowa Alpha, Iowa Wesleyan College .....	125
1913. Colo. Beta, University of Denver .....	195
1913. Tenn. Alpha, University of Tennessee .....	131
1914. Mo. Alpha, University of Missouri .....	150
1915. Wis. Alpha, Lawrence College .....	144
1915. Penn. Eta, Pennsylvania State College .....	145
1915. Ohio Epsilon, Ohio Wesleyan University .....	117
1915. Colo. Gamma, Colorado Agricultural College .....	138
1916. Minn. Alpha, University of Minnesota .....	119
1916. Iowa Beta, Iowa State College .....	93
1917. Iowa Gamma, University of Iowa .....	120
1918. Mont. Alpha, University of Montana .....	96
1918. Oreg. Alpha, Oregon Agricultural College .....	117
1918. Kan. Beta, Kansas Agricultural College .....	112
1920. Okla. Alpha, Oklahoma Agri. College .....	102
1920. Wis. Beta, University of Wisconsin .....	87
1921. N. C. Delta, University of North Carolina .....	32
1922. Wash. Beta, University of Washington .....	54

Active chapters, 49; inactive, 11; membership, 7991.

The following chapters own houses: Baker, Cornell, Dartmouth, Michigan, Norwich, Ohio Northern, Pennsylvania, Purdue, Syracuse, Washington State, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Ohio State, Kansas State, Colorado State, Oklahoma State, Delaware. California, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Ohio Wesleyan. Total houses, 23; total valuation \$615,000.

The Wooster chapter was killed by anti-fraternity laws. The South Carolina chapter was *sub rosa*. Its charter was withdrawn.

Originally the chapters were named by giving the state a Greek name and the chapters in the state a Greek name in the order of establishment. At the Chicago Conclave in April 1908, the Greek names for the states were discontinued and the state name given.

During the first two years of its existence the parent chapter met with much opposition even to attacks on its meeting rooms. At the time of its inception few, if any ministerial students were made fraternity men in Richmond. Sigma Phi Epsilon admitted several to membership. This departure coupled with the fact that the badge was heart-shaped caused them to be called the "Sacred Hearts."

The government of the fraternity was vested in the parent chapter until December, 1903, when the first convention or "Grand Council" assembled. As usual, this consisted of one delegate from each chapter. Until 1908, the matter of granting charters was in the hands of a committee of three, known as the Charter Committee, when the committee was increased to five and named the Executive Committee. In 1921 the number was increased to seven. This body governs the fraternity between Conclaves. The fraternity was incorporated in 1902. In October 1910, the fraternity



was divided into four districts, each to be in charge of a Deputy, in 1914 a redistricting increased the number to eleven. In 1919 a redistricting changed the number to ten.

Several of the early chapters were formed for the purpose of becoming chapters of Sigma Phi Epsilon, but most of the latter ones were local clubs or fraternities. Virginia Beta was a local called Phi Iota Sigma. Pennsylvania Delta was organized to form a chapter of Sigma Phi Epsilon, but when the chapter of Omega Pi Alpha resigned from that fraternity, twelve of its fifteen members were initiated into Sigma Phi Epsilon. The Pennsylvania Gamma chapter became a chapter of the medical fraternity Alpha Kappa Kappa. The Syracuse chapter was the local Adelpgian society and Randolph-Macon the Midnight Marauders. The Georgia "Tech." chapter was a local social club and the Delaware chapter a local called Delta Chi. The Arkansas chapter, as a local, was for a number of years called Alpha Zeta Phi and then Alpha Delta.

The Lehigh chapter was formed by the resigning members of Omega Pi Alpha. Most of the other chapters were formed by absorbing locals.

The Cornell chapter existed for five years as a chapter of Theta Lambda Phi. By mutual agreement the law students withdrew and the remaining members became the N. Y. Beta chapter. The chapter at Brown was formed from a society called Pi Delta Sigma organized in 1910. Later it affiliated with a local of the same name at Clark University and this union lasted until the Brown Society petitioned Sigma Phi Epsilon.

The fraternity has twelve alumni chapters and associations of alumni have been formed at eight large cities.

Conclaves have been held at Richmond, Va., 1904-1907, 1916; Pittsburgh, Pa., and Washington, Pa., 1905; Phila-

delphia, 1906; Chicago, 1908; Washington, D. C., 1910; Detroit, Mich., 1912; Atlanta, Ga., 1914; Indianapolis, 1919; Des Moines, 1920.

Since April 1908 a paid secretary giving his entire time to the work has been employed.

A traveling secretary was employed in 1922.

In 1916 the Purdue chapter surrendered all its property to the alumni who devised a plan of operation, since copyrighted by the fraternity as the "Purdue Plan." The financial affairs of the chapters under this plan are in the hands of the alumni entirely. The burden is removed from the inexperienced undergraduate which gives him all his time to devote to fraternal matters. The scheme has been tried out very successfully at Purdue, Illinois, Wisconsin, Kansas State and Michigan, all of which chapters showing a financial profit of at least 25% where they had been previously operated at a loss. It is being installed as rapidly as possible in the balance of the chapters.

A catalog of the fraternity was published in April, 1911, showing the date of initiation, full name and address, general and chapter numbers and whether or not a graduate of every initiate as well as the name, address and occupation of the alumni. A second edition was issued in 1915, the third in 1921.

A history of each chapter, as well as a history of the fraternity is now in preparation.

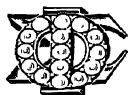
The fraternity issues a quarterly periodical called the *Sigma Phi Epsilon Journal*. It was published at Richmond, Va., until 1910, then removed to Menasha, Wis., for one year then returned to Richmond, from thence to Lawrence, Kans., and Columbia, Mo., returning to Richmond in 1918, remaining until 1920 when it was moved to O'Neill, Nebraska.

The badge is heart shaped, displaying the skull and crossbones and the letters "Σ Φ Ε" in gold on a background of black enamel. The colors are purple and red. The pledge button is red and gold.



Among the alumni of the fraternity are: Dr. Frank Speck, professor and author, University of Pa.; Dr. Charles Kelsey, professor, University of Pa.; Right Rev. Lloyd Graham, Asst. Rector of Grace Church, New York; U. S. Senator Frank B. Willis of Ohio; Congressman Albert Johnson.

## SIGMA PHI SIGMA



**T**HIS fraternity was founded at the University of Pennsylvania, April 13, 1908, by Bryce H. Long, Percy H. Wood, and Guy P. Needham.

The chapter roll is:

1908. Alpha, University of Pennsylvania .....	205
1910. Gamma, Cornell University .....	188
1916. Delta, University of Maryland .....	102
1916. Epsilon, University of California .....	153
1919. Zeta, University of Illinois .....	128
1919. Beta, Pennsylvania State College .....	87
1921. Eta, University of Maine .....	48
1922. Theta, University of Nevada .....	38
1923. Iota, Oregon Agricultural College .....	35

Active chapters, 9; inactive, 0; membership, 984.

The following chapters own houses: California, Cornell, Maryland, Pennsylvania. Total, four houses; total valuation, \$94,000.

The Gamma chapter was formed from a local society known as the Cayuga Club, the Delta chapter from Iota Sigma, the Epsilon chapter from a society called the Casimir Club, the Zeta chapter from an organization known as the Acanthus Fraternity, the Beta chapter from Iota Chi Delta, the Eta chapter from Lambda Delta, the Theta chapter from the local known as the Links and Shield Fraternity.

Alumni chapters have been chartered in the following

cities: New York, Philadelphia, San Francisco, Chicago, Stockton, Calif.

The government of the fraternity is vested in a Grand Chapter which is composed of ten Grand Officers and one delegate from each active and each alumni chapter. This body holds annual conventions which are called Grand Assemblies. During intervals between Grand Assemblies the governmental affairs are in the hands of a Governing Board, which is composed of five of the Grand Officers. Prior to 1920 the National Governing Body was known as the General Assembly and was composed of the past and present Potentates of the active chapters. When the change in organization and nomenclature was made, this body was continued under its old name as a purely honorary degree.

A fraternity paper known as the *Sigma Phi Sigma News* was published until 1915. It was then superseded by a quarterly publication known as the *Sigma Phi Sigma Monad*.

A catalogue of the fraternity was issued in 1916. New editions were issued in 1919 and 1921.

The colors of the fraternity are white and gold. The flowers are daffodils and lily-of-the-valley.

The badge is a monogram of the letters "Σ Φ Σ."



The pledge button is white surrounded by a line of gold and divided by the sign of the monad in gold.

The recognition button is a small gold monad.

## SIGMA PI



ON the 26th, day of February, 1897, there was established at Vincennes University, Vincennes, Indiana, an organization known as the Tau Phi Delta Society. The founders were James Thompson Kinsbury, '97, William Raper Kennedy, '97, George Morton Patterson, '97, and Rolin Rasco James, '00. During the year following the establishment of the Tau Phi Delta Society, the attendance at the university was nearly depleted when most of the male students enlisted as a unit, for service in the Spanish-American War. The society was kept alive throughout this period by Founder James who was accorded sympathetic support by the faculty.

For ten years Tau Phi Delta was the only men's Greek-letter organization at Vincennes. In 1905 seven members of the society, then attending Indiana University, organized a branch there which was known as Beta chapter. This chapter was not encouraged by the mother chapter and at the end of the year it was withdrawn.

At the annual meeting of the society, February 11, 1907, the name of the organization was changed to Alpha chapter of the Sigma Pi Fraternity of the United States. The following year charters were granted to the Sphinx Club at the University of Illinois and to Phi Kappa Phi, a local organization at Ohio State University.

The chapter roll is as follows :

1897. Alpha, Vincennes University (1910) .....	81
1905. Beta, Indiana University (1905) .....	7
1908. Phi, University of Illinois .....	235
1908. Gamma, Ohio State University .....	207
1909. Kappa, Temple University (1918) .....	101
1909. Delta, University of Pennsylvania .....	127
1910. Epsilon, Ohio University .....	157
1912. Zeta, Ohio Northern University .....	233
1912. Eta, Purdue University .....	209
1912. Theta, Pennsylvania State College .....	156
1913. Iota, University of California .....	177
1916. Lambda, Kenyon College .....	68
1917. Mu, Cornell University .....	146
1918. Nu, Franklin and Marshall College .....	93
1918. Xi, University of Iowa .....	91
1920. Omicron, Tulane University .....	54
1920. Pi, University of Utah .....	61
1921. Rho, North Carolina State College .....	34
1922. Sigma, Iowa State College .....	53
1922. Tau, University of Wisconsin .....	33

Active chapters, 17; inactive, 3; membership, 2,323.

The following chapters own chapters houses: Illinois. Purdue, Cornell, Penn. State, Franklin and Marshall, Ohio University, California, Tulane and Wisconsin. Total houses owned, 9; total valuation, \$256,000.

Alumni chapters have been established at a number of cities.

Alpha chapter, at Vincennes, became inactive in 1910 on account of the decline of the school. The chapter at Temple University was withdrawn because conditions there were not favorable.

The journal of the fraternity is a quarterly called the *Emerald*. It was first issued at Philadelphia in July, 1911, after which the place of publication was removed to Menasha, Wisconsin, where it has since remained. Each

chapter publishes a periodical for circulation, primarily, among their own alumni. Catalogues of the fraternity have been published in 1911, 1916, 1920, and 1922. A Songbook was published in 1920. Directories have been published in 1916 and 1922.

The conventions of the fraternity are called Convocations and are held biennially, during the Christmas holidays. Between Convocations the government of the fraternity is vested in an administrative committee, called the Grand Chapter, and a judiciary committee, called the Executive Council. The chapters are divided geographically into four provinces and for each province there is an advisor called an Archon. The office of Traveling Secretary was established in 1920, and provision for a permanent endowment fund was adopted in 1922.

The badge of the fraternity is in the form of a Greek cross, bearing an oval of blue with an emerald at its center, between the letters Σ and Π. The arms of the cross display respectively ten stars, a scroll, a balance, and a wreath.

The pledge button is lavender and white and its shape is the same as the shield of the coat-of-arms. The flag has a lavender field, with the Greek letters Σ Π and the coat-of-arms emblazoned, in white, thereon. The colors are lavender and white, with gold as an auxiliary. The flower is the lavender orchid, with lilac and the white rose together as alternates.





## SQUARE AND COMPASS

(Freemasons)



THIS fraternity, the membership of which is limited to those who are Master Masons, was organized at Washington and Lee University in 1917 by Edgar F. Grossman, Thos. J. Farrar, Carl A. Foss, Lacy L. Shirey, George T. Holbrook, Fred M. Davis, Ellis McD. Bristow, Malcolm L. McCrae, and W. Bucy Trigg. All of the founders were students with the exception of Thos. J. Farrar who was a member of the faculty at Washington and Lee.

The Masonic Club of which Square and Compass is the successor existed at least as far back as 1897. In the fall of 1916 the members of the club believed that affiliation with an intercollegiate organization would strengthen the club and secure the interest of the Masonic students in the University. As all of the members of the club were also members of Greek-letter fraternities they found themselves unable to affiliate with Acacia, the only existing Masonic intercollegiate organization. Accordingly, they planned a new organization which would accept members of Greek-letter fraternities and would also use the Masonic method of applying for membership rather than the Greek-letter system of "bidding." It was intended from the first that

the new organization should be extended to other institutions. Faculty members were placed on the same basis with student members and a distinguishing characteristic of the fraternity is that applicants must be accepted as members if they are Master Masons in good standing and not guilty of un-Masonic conduct.

The name of Square and Compass was adopted for the organization which was incorporated under the laws of the State of Virginia on May 12, 1917.

Two days later, two of the officers left to enter the First R.O.T.C., and before the end of the college year, all of the founders were in either army or navy. This necessarily postponed any extension of the fraternity. In the fall of 1919 Carl A. Foss, the secretary of the fraternity, returned to Washington and Lee to finish his education. With the help of Thos. J. Farrar and others he reorganized the fraternity. Since then it has had a very prosperous existence and has spread rapidly throughout the country.

Chapters are known as Squares and are designated with the name of the institution where established. Squares have been established as follows:

1917. Washington and Lee University .....	73
1920. Tulane University .....	139
1920. Colgate University .....	44
1920. Louisiana State University .....	64
1921. University of Arkansas .....	37
1921. North Carolina State College .....	36
1921. Howard College .....	20
1921. Saint Lawrence University .....	17
1921. Columbia University .....	213
1921. Alabama Polytechnic Institute .....	58
1921. Emory University .....	20
1921. Missouri School of Mines .....	74
1922. Vanderbilt University .....	43
1922. Medical College of Virginia .....	13
1922. University of Idaho .....	58

1922. Millsaps College .....	12
1922. Washington and Jefferson College .....	20
1922. Brown University .....	10
1922. Clarkson College of Technology .....	44
1922. University of Illinois .....	51
1922. State College of Washington .....	27
1922. University of Wisconsin .....	48

Active squares, 22, inactive, 0; membership, 1124.

The government of the fraternity is vested in a biennial convention made up of the national officers, one delegate from each square, and graduate members. The supreme executive body, the General Council, is made up of five national officers and one representative from each square, the General Council having legislative as well as executive power between conventions.

The official publication is *The College Mason*, established in 1920. It has appeared regularly four times during the college year and is edited by the National Secretary of the fraternity. A list of the members of Square and Compass has been published once each year.

The badge is a diamond shape with "M," "F," "C," and "E" at the four corners and two secret characters in the center of the badge. The pledge button is a circle divided equally in navy blue and silver gray, the colors of the fraternity.

Squares are permitted to have honorary members but these are not members of the national fraternity, are not given the secret work, and are not included in the list of members.

## TAU DELTA PHI

(Jewish Students)



THE Tau Delta Phi fraternity was founded on June 22, 1910, as a local fraternity in New York City. This organization was divided into two chapters in 1914—the Alpha chapter at the College of the City of New York and the Gamma chapter at New York University. As these two chapters grew, there arose opportunities for establishing other chapters by members of the fraternity who were leaving the local colleges to attend other institutions. In 1916 a policy of expansion was adopted and the fraternity became national.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1914. Alpha, College of the City of New York .....	71
1914. Gamma, New York University .....	59
1917. Epsilon, Boston University .....	64
1918. Zeta, Harvard University .....	49
1919. Eta, Mass. Institute of Technology .....	28
1920. Delta, Columbia University .....	17
1920. Theta, Armour Institute of Technology .....	17
1920. Kappa, University of Cincinnati .....	16
1921. Iota, University of Pennsylvania .....	19
1921. Lambda, University of Chicago .....	16
1921. Mu, Vanderbilt University .....	10
1922. Nu, University of Michigan .....	12

Active chapters, 12; inactive, 0; membership, 378.

The government of the fraternity is vested in the Grand Chapter, which is composed of the two delegates from each active chapter of the fraternity, the Past Grand Consuls and the incumbent Grand Officers of the fraternity. The Grand Chapter meets annually in convention. In the interim, the administration of the fraternity is entrusted to the Executive Council, composed of the Grand Officers, the Junior Past Grand Consul and the Editor of the fraternity magazine. The administration is facilitated through the division of the country into provinces holding certain chapters, each province being under the control of a Deputy Grand Officer directly responsible to the Executive Council.

The official publications are: *The Pyramid*, the fraternity magazine published quarterly; the Executive Council Bulletin issued monthly to the chapters only; the directory of the members of the fraternity published semi-annually. The colors are navy blue and white.

Tau Delta Phi Clubs, composed of alumni members of the fraternity only, have been formed in New York City and in Boston.

The College of the City of New York chapter awards a medal annually to the senior student who excels in the course of Public Speaking, in honor of a deceased member. The New York University chapter awards a medal annually to the senior student at the School of Commerce excelling in scholarship and influence.

## TAU EPSILON PHI

(Jewish Students)



THE Tau Epsilon Phi fraternity was founded on October 19, 1910, at Columbia University, being in the early stages of its life an organization of Jewish professional college men. The charter members were Israel Schwartz, Louis Freed, J. J. Slofkin, Harry Goldsmith, Julius Klauber, Robert Blume, Julius M. Breitenbach, Charles M. Oriesen, and Ephraim Freedman. Soon after the addition of the Delta chapter at Cornell, the policy of the fraternity was changed from professional to general collegiate. This policy has been consistently followed, and the founders have been well pleased with the progress made.

The chapter roll is as follows :

1910. Alpha, Columbia University .....	130
1912. Beta, New York College of Dentistry .....	115
1912. Gamma Zeta, New York University .....	162
1913. Delta, Cornell University .....	65
1913. Epsilon, Fordham University .....	66
1917. Eta, Tufts University .....	75
1917. Theta, Boston University .....	64
1918. Iota, Yale University .....	38
1919. Kappa, University of Vermont .....	36
1919. Lambda, Harvard University .....	40
1919. Mu, Emory University .....	11
1919. Nu, University of Georgia .....	22

1919. Xi, Massachusetts Institute of Technology .....	20
1920. Omicron, McGill University .....	25
1921. Pi, Georgetown University .....	20
1921. Rho, University of Pennsylvania .....	13
1922. Sigma, Syracuse University .....	9
1922. Tau, Dickinson College .....	16
1922. Upsilon, College of Charleston .....	10
1922. Phi, Georgia School of Technology .....	15

Active chapters 20; inactive 0; total membership. 952.

The Columbia chapter owns its house, value \$35,000.

The fraternity publishes a monthly periodical called the *Tau Epsilon Phi Bulletin*. The plan is to convert the publication into a quarterly. Most of the chapters issue periodicals or news letters.

In 1922 the second issue of the *Geographic* was published, listing the names of the members alphabetically, geographically, and by chapters.

Due to the change in policy and the revision of the Grand Constitution, the fraternity was very slow in admitting new chapters until 1917. Its progress as an undergraduate collegiate fraternity therefore really dates from 1917.

The government of the fraternity is vested in the Grand Chapter, which is composed of two delegates from each of the undergraduate and alumni chapters and which meets annually in a convention. The executive work of the fraternity between sessions of the Grand Chapter is carried on by the Grand Council, elected by the Grand Chapter.

The chapters are divided, for purposes of administration, into geographical districts, each presided over by a Praetorian Committee, which consists of representatives from the chapters in the district. The praetorian committees are the direct agents of the Grand Council in carrying on the administration.

The badge is oblong in shape, with a raised concentric

oblong enameled in black, with the Greek letters T E Φ in gold, placed vertically. The outer border of the badge is studded with emeralds and pearls. The recognition pin is a small gold Φ superimposed on three small gold plumes. The fraternity colors are lavender and white.

Two gold medals are awarded annually to the two members who are adjudged to have brought most honor to their fraternity in scholarship and in campus activities respectively.

Founders' Day is celebrated annually on October 19.



## TAU KAPPA EPSILON



ON January 10, 1899, in an upper room of a private residence at Bloomington, Illinois, Joseph L. Settles, Clarence A. Mayer, Owen I. Truitt, James C. McNutt and Charles R. Atkinson, students of Illinois Wesleyan University, met and established the society which subsequently became Tau Kappa Epsilon fraternity.

The constitution adopted at that time declared the purpose to be a union for aid to college men in mental, moral and social development. Mental development was emphasized by a study of Greek and Roman Classics. This accounts for the name Knights of Classic Lore, then selected.

In September, 1902, the society established the first fraternity house at Illinois Wesleyan and simultaneously assumed the name Tau Kappa Epsilon, based upon the Greek Motto, which is in keeping with the purposes of the founders.

As with similar organizations this fraternity encountered many obstacles during its early years.

On February 15, 1909, a new constitution was adopted which placed the organization upon a national basis. April 17, 1909 Chi Rho Sigma, a local at James Millikin University was installed as Beta Chapter. Since then the fraternity has pursued an expansion policy in keeping with

the development of its internal strength. It is incorporated under the laws of the state of Illinois.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1899. Alpha, Illinois Wesleyan University .....	218
1909. Beta, James Millikin University .....	151
1912. Gamma, University of Illinois .....	148
1912. Delta, Knox College ..	133
1915. Epsilon, Iowa State College .....	90
1916. Zeta, Coe College .....	73
1917. Eta, University of Chicago .....	68
1917. Theta, University of Minnesota .....	85
1917. Iota, Eureka College .....	100
1917. Kappa, Beloit College .....	108
1918. Lambda, University of Wisconsin .....	76
1919. Mu, Carroll College .....	78
1919. Nu, University of California .....	98
1920. Xi, Washington University .....	37
1921. Omicron, Ohio State University .....	58
1922. Pi, Pennsylvania State College .....	39
1922. Rho, University of West Virginia .....	29
1923. Sigma, Cornell University .....	50

Active, 18; inactive, 0; total membership, 1629.

The following chapters own houses: Illinois Wesleyan, James Millikin, Knox, Iowa State, Coe, Chicago, Minnesota, Beloit, Wisconsin, California and Ohio State. Total 11; valuation \$232,000.

There are alumni chapters in eight cities.

The government is through annual conclaves composed of all past Grand Presidents, the active Grand Officers, two delegates from each active chapter and one delegate from each alumnus chapter. During the interim between conclaves it is vested in a council composed of the seven Grand Officers. In April, 1921 a permanent office was established at Lombard, Illinois with a full time salaried administrative secretary in charge.

In January 1908 the publication of a journal known as *The Teke* was begun and has been issued quarterly since. In 1914 an illustrated history and manual was published. In 1922 a monthly bulletin known as *The Triangle*, devoted to news, business and criticism of an intimate character began its appearance. A membership directory has been repeatedly issued, and in 1922 a Songbook was compiled.

The badge of the fraternity, which has never been changed since its adoption, is a scroll surmounted by a triangle, displaying a skull and cross bones. In the angles of the triangles white pearls are mounted and on the scroll, in black enamel, are the letters T K E. The pledge button is a triangle, the sides of which are three-eighths of an inch in length, the outside edges beveled and covered with gray enamel. The center triangle, formed by the inside edges of the bevel, is covered with cherry enamel.

The flower is the red carnation; the colors are cherry and gray; the jewel is the white pearl; the chief symbol is the triangle and the tenets are established by a document known as the Declaration of Principles.

## THETA CHI



THE Theta Chi fraternity was organized at Norwich University then located at Norwich but now at Northfield, Vt., in 1856 by Arthur Chase, '56 and Frederick Norton Freeman, '57. It was incorporated in 1888. Although its constitution provided for more than one chapter, it remained a local society for forty-six years.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1856. Alpha, Norwich University .....	586
1902. Beta, Massachusetts Institute of Technology .....	209
1907. Gamma, University of Maine .....	312
1908. Delta, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute .....	187
1909. Epsilon, Worcester Polytechnic Institute .....	244
1910. Zeta, New Hampshire State College .....	211
1911. Eta, Rhode Island State College .....	178
1911. Theta, Massachusetts Agricultural College .....	175
1912. Iota, Colgate University .....	168
1912. Kappa, University of Pennsylvania .....	215
1912. Lambda, Cornell University .....	156
1913. Mu, University of California .....	207
1914. Nu, Hampden-Sidney College .....	102
1914. Xi, University of Virginia .....	92
1915. Omicron, Richmond College .....	79
1916. Pi, Dickinson College .....	148
1916. Rho, University of Illinois .....	133
1916. Sigma, Oregon Agricultural College .....	101

1916. Tau, University of Florida .....	146
1917. Upsilon, New York University .....	160
1917. Phi, North Dakota Agricultural College .....	156
1918. Chi, Alabama Polytechnic Institute .....	98
1918. Psi, University of Wisconsin .....	126
1919. Omega, Pennsylvania State College .....	82
1919. Alpha Beta, University of Pittsburgh .....	118
1919. Alpha Gamma, University of Michigan .....	136
1920. Alpha Delta, Purdue University .....	82
1920. Alpha Epsilon, Stanford University .....	73
1920. Alpha Zeta, University of Rochester .....	133
1920. Alpha Eta, University of North Carolina .....	69
1921. Alpha Theta, Dartmouth College .....	84
1921. Alpha Iota, Indiana University .....	86
1921. Alpha Kappa, West Virginia University .....	81
1921. Alpha Lambda, Ohio State University .....	94
1922. Alpha Mu, Iowa State College .....	52

Active chapters, 35; inactive, 0; membership, 5,452.

The following chapters own houses: Norwich, Massachusetts Inst. of Tech., Maine, Rensselaer Poly., Worcester Poly., New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Massachusetts Agricultural, Colgate, Pennsylvania, California, Hampden-Sidney, Illinois, Oregon, Florida, North Dakota, Wisconsin, Michigan, Rochester, Dartmouth, Indiana, West Virginia, and Iowa State. Total houses 23; total valuation \$575,000.

All of the chapters were formed from local societies.

There are 16 alumni chapters in Boston, New York, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Providence, and other cities. Since their establishment some of these chapters have held an almost unbroken record of monthly meetings.

Questions of government were referred to the parent chapter previous to the first national convention December 22, 1906, and after that date to the convention till the organization of the Grand Chapter, February 22, 1908. The Grand Chapter is composed of graduates and was incorporated under the laws of Massachusetts, June 16, 1908.

The legislative power is now vested in the convention; the administrative, executive and judicial in the Grand Chapter. The Constitution was revised in 1893 and again in 1909.

Five rosters of the fraternity have been published, two by Alpha chapter, one in 1894 and the other in 1906, on the occasion of the fiftieth anniversary of the organization of the fraternity, the third in 1910 a fourth in 1915, and a fifth in 1920 by the Grand Chapter. Lists of members were published in 1914, 1915 and 1920.

Collections of songs have been printed. In 1912 the publication of a quarterly periodical called the *Rattle* was commenced. A history of Alpha chapter appeared in 1911.

The original badge displays in gold a rattlesnake with ruby set eye coiled with tail crossed to form a "©," while swords crossed diagonally over the body form a "X." To-day the most commonly used badge consists of a reduction of this design raised on a diamond-shaped field of black enamel with a "©" above and a "X" below the emblem.

In the small pledge button used, the red oval is outlined and crossed diagonally with narrow white stripes, which design presents a close resemblance to the fraternity insignia.

The fraternity colors are military red and white; the flower is a red carnation, the flag, with its rectangular-shaped field of white, is mounted in the center with the red "© X."

Among the prominent alumni are Burleigh Franklin Spaulding, Chief Justice, North Dakota Supreme Court; Edward Bancroft Williston, Brigadier-General U. S. A. Staff and Governor of Soldiers' Home, Washington, D. C.; George Albert Converse, Rear Admiral U. S. N.; Julius Jacob Estey, Captain U. S. A. and bank president; Henry Moses Phillips, Captain U. S. A., Mayor, State Senator and State Treasurer of Massachusetts; Joseph Hiram Gould-

ing, Lieut. U. S. A. and Military Secretary of Vermont; Benjamin Kearney Roberts, Brigadier-General U. S. A. Staff, Washington, D. C.; Colonel Henry Blanchard Hersey, Meteorologist and aerial navigator; Edward Aiken Shuttleworth, Colonel U. S. A.; DeWitt Clinton Webb, Commander U. S. Navy, Charleston, S. C.; Harvey B. S. Burwell, Colonel U. S. Air Service; Ernest W. Gibson, Colonel, U. S. A.; Fred Barnes Thomas, Colonel U. S. A.; Burton William Sibley, Lieut. Col. U. S. Marine Corps; Robert B. Farquharson, Major U. S. Marine Corps; Holland Newton Stevenson, Chief Engineer, U. S. Navy; Charles Foster Sayles, engineer on construction of Hoosac Tunnel; William Henry Wentworth, Civil Engineer; Henry Elijah Alvord, College President and prominent agriculturist; Charles Horace Spooner, President of Norwich University; James Henry Curry Winston, Dean, Hampton-Sidney College; John Robert Benton, Dean of Engineering, University of Florida; Frederick Child Biggin, Dean of Architecture, Alabama Polytechnic Institute; Samuel W. Shattuck, Comptroller University of Illinois; William Richard Cutler, Librarian; George Brainard Blodgett, Genealogist and Historian; Walter Dole, Clergyman; Joseph Stedman, M.D., Boston; William Rutherford Mead, Architect; Oscar Nathaniel Solbert, Colonel U. S. A., Military Attaché U. S. Embassy, London, England; Horace Alonzo Clifford, Treasurer Northern Pacific Railway, John E. Foster, dean of men Iowa State College.

## THETA DELTA CHI



THIS fraternity was founded at Union College in the year 1847 by Abel Beach, Andrew H. Green, Theodore B. Brown, Wm. G. Aikin, Wm. Hyslop and Samuel F. Wile, of the class of 1849, of whom four were members of Φ B K. The fraternity has documentary evidence of its foundation in October, 1847. Andrew H. Green was the chief compiler of the constitution and ritual. He died at 91 years of age in 1918. While some changes have been made in the working parts of the constitution, owing to the growth of the fraternity, the ritual of initiation remains practically without change. Union College was at its zenith of prosperity in 1848, and the class of 1849 was the largest the college had known.

In this fraternity the word "charges" is used to designate the chapters. The list of charges is as follows:

1847. Alpha, Union College .....	170
1848. Beta, Ballston Law School (1849) .....	14
1852. Gamma, University of Vermont (1857) .....	24
1853. Delta, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute (1896) .....	163
1853. Epsilon, William and Mary College .....	200
1853. Zeta, Brown University .....	443
1854. Eta, Bowdoin College .....	521
1854. Theta, Kenyon College (1896) .....	118
1856. Iota, Harvard University (1916) .....	410



1856. Kappa, Tufts College .....	480
1857. Mu, University of North Carolina (1860) .....	27
1857. Nu, University of Virginia .....	129
1857. Xi, Hobart College .....	295
1857. Omicron, Wesleyan University (1863) .....	28
1858. Pi, Washington and Jefferson College (1872) .....	90
1861. Sigma, Dickinson College (1895) .....	116
1863. Tau, Princeton University (1867) .....	12
1865. Upsilon, Bucknell University (1871) .....	37
1867. Phi, Lafayette College .....	315
1867. Chi, University of Rochester .....	278
1868. Psi, Hamilton College .....	270
1869. Omicron Deuteron, Dartmouth College .....	655
1869. Rho, Washington and Lee University (1872) .....	19
1870. Beta, Cornell University .....	458
1877. Lambda, Boston University (1912) .....	313
1879. Upsilon Deuteron, Wabash College (1882) .....	11
1881. Pi Deuteron, College of the City of New York .....	203
1883. Rho Deuteron, Columbia University .....	330
1884. Nu Deuteron, Lehigh University .....	235
1885. Mu Deuteron, Amherst College .....	382
1887. Epsilon Deuteron, Sheffield Scientific School (1900) ....	99
1889. Gamma Deuteron, University of Michigan .....	275
1890. Theta Deuteron, Massachusetts Institute of Technology ..	214
1891. Iota Deuteron, Williams College .....	266
1892. Tau Deuteron, University of Minnesota .....	259
1895. Sigma Deuteron, University of Wisconsin .....	308
1896. Chi Deuteron, George Washington University .....	206
1900. Delta Deuteron, University of California .....	197
1901. Zeta Deuteron, McGill University .....	154
1903. Eta Deuteron, Stanford University .....	160
1908. Kappa Deuteron, University of Illinois .....	185
1912. Lambda Deuteron, University of Toronto .....	104
1913. Xi Deuteron, University of Washington .....	110
1915. Phi Deuteron, University of Pennsylvania .....	121
1919. Beta Deuteron, Iowa State College .....	80

Active charges, 30; inactive, 16; membership, 9,484.

All of the chapters own houses except Brown, C. C. of New York, George Washington, Illinois, Mass. Inst. of

Tech., McGill, Pennsylvania, Toronto and William and Mary. Total houses 21; total valuation \$673,000.

The charter of the Union charge was surrendered in 1867, owing to lack of suitable material. The charter of the Beta proteron, at the Ballston Law School, was withdrawn in 1849, and the members affiliated to Alpha. The Delta, at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, ceased to exist in 1870. It was revived November 2, 1883, and after a checkered existence, surrendered its charter in 1896. The Gamma, at the University of Vermont, died in 1857 from lack of interest and isolation. The Epsilon, at William and Mary, was killed by the Civil War. It was revived about 1870, but lived only a short time. It was again revived in 1904 by the active members of a chapter of the fraternity of Mu Pi Lambda, which disbanded. The Zeta, at Brown, was inactive between 1878 and 1887. It was originally formed by ex-members of Delta Psi, who had resigned because of a misunderstanding with their fraternity. The Rochester charge was inactive for a number of years. The Eta, at Bowdoin, died in 1866, but was re-established in 1872. The Iota retired with other Harvard societies in 1862. It was revived in 1880 and died in 1889, but was re-established June 8, 1892, and died in 1916. Kappa at Tufts, and Xi, at Hobart, are the only old charges which have enjoyed a continuous and prosperous existence. The Mu, at North Carolina, the Nu, at Virginia, were killed by the war, the latter was revived in 1910.

The Sigma, at Dickinson, became inactive in 1876, was re-established in 1881, and surrendered its charter in 1896. The Tau, at Princeton, and Upsilon, at Bucknell (then called Lewisburg University), were withdrawn on account of anti-fraternity laws. The Cornell charge was at first called the Alpha Delta, but received its present name in 1871. The Pi Deuteron, at the College of the City of New York,

was composed largely of ex-members of the extinct fraternity Delta Beta Phi; the Upsilon Deuteron, at Wabash College, of ex-members of Delta Tau Delta. There were no initiates made by this charge there being fewer students at Wabash in 1879-80 than at any time in its history. All of the recent chapters were formed from locals.

Theta Delta Chi has established a fund the interest of which is to go to that chapter the scholastic standing of which is highest for the year ending at each annual convention. If a chapter loses a member through poor scholarship such chapter is debarred from participating in the fund that year.

Permanent headquarters of the fraternity are at the Theta Delta Chi Club, New York City. The total membership of this club, resident and non-resident, exceeds 1500.

There are many alumni associations covering different sections of the country. Each of these associations holds an annual reunion and banquet and in fifteen of the larger cities the graduates meet once a week at a weekly luncheon.

The government of the fraternity was in the hands of the Alpha charge until the convention of 1867, when the Alpha surrendered its charter. A grand lodge was created in January, 1868, composed of one graduate and two undergraduate members, the graduate member being president thereof. In 1908 a graduate secretary and graduate treasurer were added. The members are elected annually by the convention of delegates from each chapter, and have supreme power in the interim. They also have sole power to call conventions, and act as officers of the same. It would seem that Theta Delta Chi was the first fraternity to thus form an executive governing body.

Since the administration of 1882, the visitation of charges and graduate associations by the president has become an up-building force of the fraternity. The presidents of re-

cent years also meet college executives to discuss complaints and criticisms.

There was incorporated under the laws of New York, in 1900, "The Association of Theta Delta Chi," the purpose of the same being "to advance the interests of the Theta Delta Chi fraternity," chiefly by the accumulation of money through gifts, bequests, etc. In 1912 this organization was merged with the Theta Delta Chi Founders' Corporation.

One manuscript and seven printed catalogs of the fraternity have been issued. The manuscript catalog, edited by John W. Little, appeared in 1859, and the first printed catalog was published in 1867, by Col. Wm. L. Stone, of New York. The second, in 1875, was in charge of Franklin Burdge, of New York, who illustrated it with a series of unique charge cuts, designed by himself, representing the Greek letter by which the charge was known. A more elaborate catalog was compiled and published in 1891 by Clay W. Holmes, of Elmira, N. Y., which embodied in addition to the regular charge lists an alphabetical list, and also a geographical index. In 1895 a revision of this catalog was compiled and issued by Clay W. Holmes. In 1901 a new catalog was compiled by Frederic Carter, which, in addition to the material of the catalog of 1895, contained a table of relationships and other interesting information. The seventh catalog edited by Carl Tombo, was published in 1917, and the eighth catalog, edited by Homer W. Flint appeared in 1922.

A Songbook was first issued in 1867. Since then several of the chapters have issued local books. Lately the *Songs of Theta Delta Chi* have been edited and published by S. E. Barrett. Sheet music specially compiled for and dedicated to Theta Delta Chi has been issued by A. Bushnell, Kansas City, and others.

The fraternity journal is called *The Shield*. The convention of 1868 directed the publication of a periodical by this name, and one number was published under date of June, 1869. As it failed to receive support it was not continued. In January, 1884, a periodical under the same name was started in Boston, and published there for two years. It was then removed to New York, where it was published till 1889, when the sole editorial and business control was given over by the convention to Clay W. Holmes, of Elmira, N. Y., who continued to edit and publish it until 1898. The volume for 1899 was published by Prof. E. W. Huffcut, of Cornell. For the next eighteen months it was edited at Williamstown, Mass., and since that time it has been edited in New York City, Rochester, N. Y., Ithaca, N. Y., Washington, D. C., Richmond, Va., and Philadelphia.

In 1898 Clay W. Holmes edited and published at Elmira, N. Y., a Memorial History of the fraternity. In 1900 the Cornell charge published a history and biographical catalogue, and the same year an album, containing portraits of all but six of its members. The Historical Quiz Book of the fraternity was published by the Grand Lodge in 1921.

The badge is a shield of gold with a face of black enamel displaying the letters © Δ X, surmounted by two five-pointed gold stars with diamond center; below are two arrows crossed. The border of the shield is studded with pearls. In 1891 the convention made the present badge official—in one size.



The pledge button is white, black and blue.

The colors of the fraternity are black, white and blue. The ruby is the emblematic gem, and the ruby red carnation, the flower of the fraternity. The fraternity flag is composed of three vertical stripes, black, white and blue, the total length being twice the width. In the center of the black stripe is the letter "©" in white,

in the white stripe "Δ" in black and in the blue stripe "X" in white. This flag was first displayed from the Astor House, in New York City, in February, 1870, having been adopted by the previous convention. It is probably the first time a flag was ever adopted or displayed by a college fraternity.

Among the prominent members of the fraternity may be mentioned the late John Hay, Ambassador to Great Britain and Secretary of State; Gonzalo de Quesada, Cuban Minister to Germany; W. W. Thomas, Minister to Norway and Sweden; H. L. Wilson, Ambassador to Mexico; G. H. Bridgman, Minister to Bolivia; W. H. Merriam, Minister to Siam; J. L. Rathbone, Consul General at Paris; John W. Griggs, Attorney-General of the United States, and Governor of New Jersey; W. D. Bloxham, Governor of Florida; the late U. S. Senator Nathan F. Dixon, Senator Joseph I. France, D. N. Lockwood, H. J. Spooner, Henry R. Gibson, J. D. Bellamy, T. B. Kyle, F. C. Stevens, J. C. Nicholls, and C. H. Sinnickson, members of Congress; S. F. Nixon, Speaker of the New York Legislature; E. W. Huffcut, Dean Cornell Law School; Hosea M. Knowlton, late Attorney-General of Massachusetts; Allen C. Beach, Lieutenant-Governor of New York; and Lieutenant-Governor Henry C. Brockmeyer of Missouri. Among federal judges, C. F. Templeton, and J. B. McPherson.

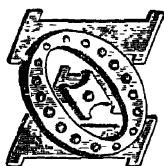
Rev. Elmer H. Capen, and Frederick W. Hamilton, Presidents of Tufts College; Rev. David Gregg, President of the Western Theological Seminary; Rev. Rufus S. Green, President of Elmira Collegé; Rev. John C. Ferguson, President of Nanyang University; Geo. Williamson Smith, President of Trinity College; Merrit C. Fernald, President of the University of Maine; Alexander Meikeljohn, President of Amherst; Frederic C. Ferry, President of Hamilton; Albert W. Smith, acting President of Cornell; Israel Platt

Pardee, President of the Trustees of Lafayette College; Hollis Godfrey, Drexel Institute; Arthur W. Peirce, Headmaster of Dean Academy; Wm. L. Stone, the historian; the late Alexander L. Holley, author and steel expert; Willis S. Paine, New York; Rt. Rev. J. D. H. Wingfield, Bishop of California; Rt. Rev. M. N. Gilbert, Assistant Bishop of Minnesota; Rt. Rev. A. M. Randolph, Bishop of Virginia; Rt. Rev. Cameron Mann, Bishop of Southern Florida; Rt. Rev. David Lincoln Ferris, D. D. Suffragan Bishop of Western New York; Rt. Rev. Mahlon Norris Gilbert, Bishop of Minnesota; Rt. Rev. Harry Tunis Moore, Bishop Coadjutor of Dallas, Texas; the late John Goforth, of Philadelphia; Gen. William Smith, Paymaster General, U. S. A.; Thos. E. Rogers of the U. S. Treasury Department; Thomas of Virginia, the hero of Fort Fisher; William M. Coleman. Attorney-General of North Carolina.

Charles Macdonald, President Union Bridge Co.; C. F. Nason, President Rhode Island Locomotive Works; Elbert S. Carman, editor of the *Rural New Yorker*; Oliver P. Baldwin, editor of the *Baltimore Sun*; Charles R. Miller, editor of the *New York Times*; G. P. Upton, editor of the *Chicago Tribune*; Rear Admiral B. P. Lamberton; Rev. Alexander Mann, D.D., rector of Trinity Church, Boston; Rev. James MacBride Sterrett, All Souls' Memorial Church, Washington; Orison Swett Marden, editor of *Success*; Floyd W. Parsons, writer and editor; actors—James Horatio Bradbury, Charles Dow Clark, Norman Honore Hackett, Alexander Woolcott, dramatic critic; Harvey Dow Gibson, president of the New York Trust Company; Eugene Grace, president of the Bethlehem Steel Company; S. Emory Thomason, publisher of the *Chicago Tribune*; John H. Bartlett, former governor of New Hampshire; John A. Dix, Governor of New York; Thomas O. Marvin, chairman of the U. S. Tariff Commission.

## THETA XI

(Students of Engineering and Science)



**W**AS founded at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute in 1864, and has confined its members to students of engineering and science. It is a rival of the chapters of the regular undergraduate fraternities at the different institutions where it is located, and does not admit their members to its ranks; in short, it has the same status as the general fraternities, with the one restriction that it is confined to technical students. The fraternity was an offspring from a local society at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute called Sigma Delta. Peter Henry Fox, Ralph Gooding Packard, Christopher Champlin Waite, George Bradford Brainerd, Samuel Beuel, Jr., Henry Harrison Farnum, Thomas Cole Raymond and Nathaniel Henry Starbuck were its founders.

Naturally the members of Theta Xi have in addition to their fraternal tie the bond of a mutual interest in a common pursuit.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1864. Alpha, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute .....	368
1865. Beta, Sheffield Scientific School, Yale .....	468
1874. Gamma, Stevens Institute of Technology .....	337



1885. Delta, Massachusetts Institute of Technology .....	305
1899. Epsilon, Columbia University .....	171
1903. Zeta, Cornell University .....	213
1904. Eta, Lehigh University .....	151
1905. Theta, Purdue University .....	174
1905. Iota, Washington University, Mo. ....	161
1907. Kappa, Rose Polytechnic Institute .....	105
1907. Lambda, Pennsylvania State College .....	167
1909. Mu, Iowa State College .....	137
1910. Nu, University of California .....	177
1912. Xi, University of Iowa .....	139
1912. Omicron, University of Pennsylvania .....	192
1912. Pi, Carnegie Institute of Technology .....	184
1913. Rho, University of Texas .....	109
1914. Sigma, University of Michigan .....	116
1914. Tau, Stanford University .....	108
1915. Psi, University of Washington .....	110
1917. Phi, University of Wisconsin .....	112
1920. Chi, Ohio State University .....	74
1920. Upsilon, University of Minnesota .....	178
1921. Omega, Washington State College .....	75
1921. Alpha Alpha, Louisiana State University .....	47
1922. Alpha Beta, University of Illinois .....	57
1922. Alpha Gamma, Armour Institute of Technology .....	84

Active chapters, 27; inactive, 0; membership, 4489;

The Yale chapter owns a house called Franklin Hall. The Cornell, Stevens, Purdue, Pennsylvania, Columbia, Penn. State and California chapters also own houses. Total houses 8; total valuation \$243,000.

There are 16 alumni clubs. The alumni of this fraternity are termed in its literature "honorarys." This term is not to be confused with the word "honorary" as applied to members of other fraternities.

The fraternity is governed by a Grand Lodge of seven elected by its Convention. It has held a Convention annually. Formerly this was with each chapter in turn, then for twenty years it was held in New York. Recently it has been held in different cities.

The catalogue was first published at Chicago in 1892. There have been five editions since. The last, a pocket edition, was published at New York in 1917.

The fraternity began the publication of the *Theta Xi Quarterly* in 1892. It was a small quarto in size. In 1902 its place of publication was changed to New Haven, Conn., where it was published until 1903. It was then removed to Troy, N. Y., and published there until 1911 when it was again transferred to New Haven, Conn. In 1912 it was transferred to N. Y. and has been published there ever since.



The badge consists of a monogram made by placing the © diagonally over the Ξ. The rim of the © is set with pearls and its bar with a ruby. The pledge button is light blue and white.

Among the prominent alumni are Congressman William H. Wiley of New Jersey; Butler Ames of Massachusetts, and William A. Thomas of Ohio, Admiral Mordecai Endicott, U. S. N., President Palmer C. Ricketts of the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Generals William L. Haskin and Wm. T. McKee, U. S. A.; Past presidents M. T. Endicott and Onuard Bates of the American Society of Civil Engineers; Charles F. Scott of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers and Frederick W. Taylor of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers. Arthur Holmes, Dean Pennsylvania State College; Frederick E. Turneure, Dean School of Engineering University of Wisconsin.

## TRIANGLE

(Engineering)



THE fraternity of Triangle was founded at the University of Illinois, April 15, 1907.

The chapter roll is as follows, the chapters being named after the institution in which they are located:

1907. University of Illinois .....	255
1910. Purdue University .....	213
1911. Ohio State University .....	225
1913. University of Wisconsin .....	165
1920. University of Kentucky .....	58
1921. University of Cincinnati .....	51
1922. University of Iowa .....	38
1922. University of Minnesota .....	25

Active chapters, 8; inactive, 0; membership, 1030.

The following chapters own houses; Illinois, Purdue, Ohio State, Wisconsin, Kentucky and Minnesota. Total houses 6; total valuation \$118,000.

As originally founded, membership was limited to men registered in courses leading to the Degree of Civil Engineering. A few years later Architectural and Ceramic Engineering students were admitted because of the similarity of their curriculum to that of the Civils. In 1921, by a referendum vote of the entire membership, the field was

broadened to make eligible undergraduates whose course of study leads to a degree in Engineering.

The policy of initiating only Sophomores has always been rigidly maintained. Members of social or similar organizations are not invited to membership. Provision is made for the selection of honorary and associate members.

Active Alumni Associations are located in eight cities.

Conventions are held annually at the chapter houses in rotation. Each chapter is represented by two active members and an alumnus. Convention is called and presided over by the National President, who is also Chairman of the National Council. This latter body consists of five (5) alumni members and is the governing body of the National Organization at times other than convention.

The office of Extension Manager was created at the 1921 Convention.

The official publication, *The Triangle Review*, is a bi-monthly.

## ZETA BETA TAU

(Jewish Students)



THE Zeta Beta Tau fraternity was founded December 29, 1898, at the Jewish Theological Seminary, being originally intended as an organization of Jewish college men designed to foster and encourage the spirit of Judaism. The charter members were David Lewine, Aaron Eiseman, David Liknoitz, Aaron Drucker, Menachim M. Eichler, Bernard C. Ehrenreich, Herman B. Sheffield, Isidor Delson, Louis Posner, Bernhard Bloch and Bernard Saxe.

For the first year and a half of its existence the organization flourished. Monthly meetings were held, at which addresses on different phases of Jewish endeavor work would be read, or an inspiring talk given by some Jewish scholar. The influence of members was felt at every Jewish gathering of any importance, and a committee on Press and Propaganda worked industriously to keep the fraternity before the Jewish public. The reaction soon came. The small group of earnest Jewish-endeavor men whose influence had been strongest in the beginning gradually became scattered throughout the country, and the society came into the control of those who saw the great possibilities of a Jewish college fraternity. However, it took several years more

for the ideas of this group to prevail. At a meeting in 1901, the object of the fraternity was written in its constitution as being to promote a fraternal union among Jewish college men. Efforts were then made to extend the fraternity, and from this period its activities centered about the colleges, the parent chapter becoming known as the "Home Fraternity."

Chapters are as follows:

1898. The Home Fraternity (1905) ..	40
1902. Alpha, College of City of New York .....	191
1903. Beta, Long Island College Hospital (1914) .....	89
1904. Gamma, University and Bellevue Med. College (1913) ...	71
1905. Delta, Columbia University .....	161
1906. Gamma, New York University .....	194
1907. Zeta, Jefferson Medical College (1908) .....	10
1907. Theta, University of Pennsylvania .....	171
1907. Kappa, Cornell University .....	119
1908. Mu, Boston University .....	85
1909. Lambda, Western Reserve University .....	102
1909. Zeta, Case School of Applied Science .....	68
1909. Sigma, Tulane University .....	93
1909. Eta, Union University, N. Y. ....	59
1910. Iota, Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn (1920) .....	49
1911. Nu, Ohio State University .....	110
1911. Xi, Massachusetts Institute of Technology .....	82
1911. Omicron, Syracuse University .....	93
1911. Pi, Louisiana State University .....	38
1911. Rho, University of Illinois .....	127
1912. Tau, Harvard University .....	86
1912. Phi, University of Michigan .....	133
1913. Upsilon, McGill University .....	76
1915. Chi, University of Virginia .....	55
1916. Psi, University of Alabama .....	55
1917. Omega, University of Missouri .....	63
1918. Alpha Beta, University of Chicago .....	52
1918. Alpha Gamma, Vanderbilt University .....	37
1918. Alpha Delta, University of Southern California .....	45
1920. Alpha Epsilon, Washington & Lee University .....	19
1920. Alpha Eta, University of California .....	32

1921. Alpha Lambda, Yale University .....	9
1921. Alpha Zeta, University of Florida .....	9
1922. Alpha Theta, University of Nebraska .....	17
1922. Alpha Kappa, University of Wisconsin .....	9

Active chapters, 31; inactive chapters, 3; total membership, 2649.

The following chapters own houses: Chicago, Cornell, Harvard, Michigan, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio State, Pennsylvania, Syracuse, Vanderbilt, Virginia, Washington and Lee. Total houses 12; total valuation \$300,000.

The C. C. N. Y. chapter, soon after its organization, was strengthened by the absorption of Omicron Epsilon Pi, a local fraternity, and has ever since enjoyed a prosperous career. The Case chapter suffered from a dearth of men to draw from soon after its installation, and in the early part of 1911 consisted of only one member, but it has since been revived. In addition to the undergraduate chapters, the constitution provides for the formation of Graduate Clubs in any city where there may be gathered together a large number of fraternity graduates. The Home Fraternity is now known as the Zeta Beta Tau Club of New York. It has a membership of 300. The Zeta Beta Tau Club of Cleveland has a membership of about 50.

Up to 1905 the government of the fraternity was wholly in the hands of the "Home Fraternity."

All the governing powers of the fraternity, including that of chartering new chapters, are vested in a Supreme Council, which meets at stated intervals during the year in New York City. Chapters were formerly represented by delegates or proxies. Now all administrative work is vested in the Supreme Council which consists of the National Officers and five members appointed at large. The actual work of the fraternity is accomplished by several standing committees, each delegated to a distinct department

of activity under general supervision of the Council. The activities of the Supreme Council are reported to the fraternity each year at the annual convention.

In 1910 the fraternity issued a catalogue of all its members arranged by chapters, including a short account of each chapter. In 1911 a similar, but more complete catalogue was published, in which the names of the members were arranged alphabetically, the names of undergraduate members also appearing by chapters. In 1912 a similar list was issued with a geographical distribution of the names. In 1913 the fraternity began the publication of a quarterly journal.

The badge is diamond shaped edged with pearls. In the center, which is slightly raised, are the letters Z B T in gold on a black background, running along the short diagonal. Above the letters a skull and cross-bones in white, and below is the six-pointed Star of David in light blue. The colors are light blue and white.



## ZETA PSI



THE Zeta Psi fraternity was founded at New York University in the Spring of 1847 by John B. Yates Sommers, William Henry Dayton and John M. Skillman, all of the class of 1849. These founders undertook to establish the organization with good fellowship as its principal characteristic and with more elaborate forms than other fraternities. While good fellowship has always remained prominent as a purpose of Zeta Psi, changing conditions have given opportunity for the addition of other purposes, particularly the cultivation of patriotism and the development of manly character.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1847. Phi, New York University .....	555
1848. Zeta, Williams College .....	370
1848. Delta, Rutgers College .....	431
1850. Omicron, Princeton University (1882) .....	139
1850. Sigma, University of Pennsylvania .....	498
1850. Chi, Colby College .....	543
1852. Epsilon, Brown University .....	423
1852. Rho, Harvard University (1892) .....	306
1852. Alpha, Dickinson College (1856) .....	32
1853. Psi Epsilon, Dartmouth College .....	156
1855. Kappa, Tufts College .....	492
1856. Theta, Union University (1871) .....	47

1857. Tau, Lafayette College .....	407
1858. Upsilon, University of North Carolina .....	292
1858. Xi, University of Michigan .....	442
1858. Pi, Amherst College (1859) .....	10
1861. Eta, Pennsylvania College (1872) .....	39
1864. Omega, University of Chicago (1887) .....	50
1865. Pi, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute (1893) .....	129
1867. Lambda, Bowdoin College .....	439
1868. Beta, University of Virginia .....	246
1868. Psi, Cornell University .....	465
1870. Iota, University of California .....	419
1875. Gamma, Syracuse University .....	282
1879. Theta Xi, University of Toronto .....	352
1879. Alpha, Columbia University .....	296
1883. Alpha Psi, McGill University .....	398
1884. Nu, Case School of Applied Science .....	266
1889. Eta, Yale University .....	1031
1890. Mu, Stanford University .....	222
1899. Alpha Beta, University of Minnesota .....	243
1909. Alpha Epsilon, University of Illinois .....	168
1910. Lambda Psi, University of Wisconsin .....	136
1920. Phi Lambda, University of Washington .....	69
1921. Pi Epsilon, University of Manitoba .....	43

Active chapters, 27; inactive, 8; membership, 10,436.

The following chapters own houses: Bowdoin, Brown, California, Case, Columbia, Cornell, Dartmouth, Illinois, Lafayette, McGill, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rutgers, Stanford, Syracuse, Toronto, Tufts, Virginia, Williams, Wisconsin, Yale. Total houses 24, total valuation \$1,070,000.

The Williams chapter died in 1852, but was revived in 1881. The Princeton chapter continued its existence for many years in spite of the anti-fraternity laws at Princeton, initiating its members at Rutgers and the University of Pennsylvania. The chapter was withdrawn in 1882. The Brown chapter was suspended in 1862, by the enlistment of the entire chapter, with one exception, in the First Rhode

Island Light Artillery. It was re-established in 1864 upon the return of some of its members to college, but was suspended from 1876 to 1888. The Harvard chapter became inactive through the operation of anti-fraternity laws, and remained dormant from 1856 to 1863; it was revived and again suspended in 1870. It was again revived in 1881, and was prosperous for a time, but the Harvard Club system seemed incompatible with its existence in harmony with the principles of the fraternity, and the charter was surrendered. Its members formed the Spee Club. The Dickinson chapter was killed by faculty opposition. The Dartmouth chapter was withdrawn in 1863 on account of the introduction into Dartmouth of the Yale system of limiting membership to the two upper classes. It was revived in 1871, but did not live long. It was revived again in 1919 and is now enjoying healthy prosperity. The Union chapter never recovered from the loss of its best men during the war, and resigned its charter in 1868. The North Carolina chapter was one of the few fraternity chapters in the South that survived the war. It initiated members down to the class of 1868, but died during the days of reconstruction in North Carolina. It was revived in 1885 by the absorption of a local society called Pi Tau Sigma.

The Amherst chapter surrendered its charter after a brief existence. The chapter at Rensselaer, which was organized from an existing local organization, voluntarily surrendered its charter in 1893. The Omega, at the old University of Chicago, was suspended from 1872 to 1878 and died with the University. The Virginia chapter was suspended from 1876 to 1893. The Cornell, Toronto, McGill, Tufts, Stanford, California and Manitoba chapters were the pioneers at their respective institutions. The Syracuse chapter became inactive in 1885, and was re-established in 1905. Gamma, at the Naval Academy, was obliged to suspend on

account of a regulation forbidding the existence of secret societies in the Naval Academy. Zeta Psi was the first fraternity to enter Canada and the first to establish a chapter on the Pacific Coast.

The alumni have organized associations in twenty of the important cities. In New York the alumni run a small but attractive club house which is also the headquarters of the fraternity.

The fraternity is governed by a Grand Chapter, consisting of delegates from each chapter and officers, past officers and trustees of the fraternity. The Grand Chapter meets annually. Routine matters and the affairs of the fraternity, between Grand Chapters, are administered by a Board of Trustees holding stated meetings chiefly in the City of New York. A permanent office is maintained in the City of New York with a general and assistant secretary who devote their time to visiting the chapters, issuing publications of the fraternity, including the monthly magazine, *The Circle*, and other general business of the organization. This office is supported by annual dues from members and by income from endowment funds.

The catalogue of the fraternity has been issued in 1859, 1867, 1874, 1883, and 1899. The last edition contained unusually full data concerning each member. It also contained a brief history of each chapter and views of the different chapters and some of the chapter houses. Directories of members were issued in 1889, 1893, 1912, 1913, 1916 and 1922.

A periodical called the *Zeta Psi Monthly* was first published at Toronto, in November, 1882. After the issue of four numbers it was removed to Newark, N. J., and suspended in 1883. In 1884 the first number of a *Quarterly* was issued from New York, but it suspended in April, 1886. A monthly called *The Circle* is now published from the

central office of the Fraternity. The first number was issued in June, 1909. There are several pieces of instrumental music dedicated to the fraternity. Songbooks were published in 1872, 1890, 1897, 1903 and 1914. A collection of the poems of Zeta Psi, with an account of the celebration of the semi-centennial of the fraternity in 1897, was published in 1903 under the title of "The Jubilee of Zeta Psi."

Conventions of the fraternity have been held generally annually. Sometimes two conventions were held in the same calendar year.

The badge is formed of a monogram of the two Greek letters "Z" and "Ψ," the "Z" over the "Ψ"; on the "Ψ" is a star and a Roman fasces, the "Z" is set with pearls. Above the lower bar of the "Z" is an "A," and below the upper bar the letter "O." The color of the fraternity is white. The flower is the white carnation. The flag is white with "Z" in solid color. The pledge button is a circular plain white button with a narrow gold rim.

Among the prominent alumni are: Senators: George Wharton Pepper of Pennsylvania, and Edward I. Edwards of New Jersey, and former Senator Phineas W. Hitchcock of Nebraska; Congressmen: Nicholas Longworth, Charles W. Stedman, William S. Kirkpatrick, John S. Henderson, Charles L. Bartlett, Horatio Bisbee, Benjamin T. Cable, Nelson Dingley, Jr., George I. Garrison, Samuel G. Hilborn, James I. Jones, John E. Leonard, Charles A. Sumner, Robert I. Thorp; Edmund J. Bristol, member of Canadian Parliament; Secretary of the Interior, Richard A. Ballinger; Assistant Secretary of War, Benedict Crowell; Governors F. T. Congdon of Yukon Territory, James Herbert Budd of California, Seldon Connor of Maine, William T. Cobb of Maine, Nelson Dingley, Jr., of

Maine, Elisha Dyer of Rhode Island, David H. Goodell of New Hampshire, George D. Robinson of Massachusetts, Edward I. Edwards of New Jersey; William Jefferson Buchanan, Minister to Denmark; Roland S. Morris, United States Ambassador to Japan; Ferdinand W. Peck, United States Commissioner General to Paris Exposition, 1900; J. E. Cramer, Minister to Denmark; Lawrence Townsend, Minister to Portugal and Belgium; Lloyd Griscom, Ambassadors to Brazil and Italy; Heromich Shugio, Japanese Imperial Commissioner; Joseph Nimmo, Chief of the United States Bureau of Statistics; Jose Custodio Alves De Lima, Consul General for Brazil; Federal Judges, Thomas Ives Chatfield of New York, George I. Garrison of Virginia, R. T. W. Duke, Jr., of Virginia, Andrew Kirkpatrick of New Jersey, Allen McC. Kimbrough of Mississippi, Henry Harrison Swan of Michigan, Noah B. K. Pettingill of San Juan, P. R.; Charles W. Cross, Attorney General for Alberta; Henry Suzzalo, president of University of Washington; Richard F. Scholz, president of Reed College, Portland, Ore.; Paul B. Barringer, former president of University of Virginia; William J. Battle, former president of University of Texas; Rev. Almon Gunnison, former president of St. Lawrence University; Charles C. Harrison, former provost of University of Pennsylvania; William Pepper, former provost of University of Pennsylvania; Professors Hans W. Zinnser, Maurice McMicken, and Henry M. Howe of Columbia University; Harry P. Jepson, Hollon A. Farr and J. C. Adams, of Yale University; Stephen S. Colvin and John Francis Greene of Brown University; Marshall S. Brown and Lawrence McLouth of New York University; George C. Edwards of the University of California; Rev. John H. Raven of Rutgers College; John M. Stillman of Stanford University; Leo R. Lewis of Tufts College; Herbert C. Bell

of Bowdoin College; Howard A. Kelly of Johns Hopkins University; Frank H. Neff, Case School; Herbert C. Libby, Colby College; Earl Gordon Bill, Dartmouth College; Ivy C. Lewis, University of Virginia; Louis Graves, University of North Carolina; Lawrence Pumpelly of Cornell; Max Garrett, University of Washington; Rev. Boyd Edwards, Headmaster, Hill School; Howard Bement of Hill School; H. Austin Tuttle of Brooklyn Polytechnic; Harry Lyman Koopman, Librarian of Brown University.

John McCrae, author of the immortal poem, "In Flanders Fields"; Alonzo Elliott and Stoddard King, writers of "The Long, Long Trail"; Stephen B. Leacock, well-known author and economist; George R. Pattullo, well-known writer; Irving E. Robertson, of Toronto, journalist; Charles K. Field, editor of *Sunset Magazine*, San Francisco; William B. Storey, president Santa Fé R. R.; Rush N. Harry, Treasurer Big Four R. R.; Dr. Lewellyn F. Barker of Johns Hopkins Medical College, Baltimore; Dr. Thomas McCrae, Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, Pa.; Austen G. Fox of New York; Henry T. Thomas of New York; Nicholas F. Brady of New York; Wilfred C. Leland of Detroit; Hon. William A. Comstock of Detroit; Marquis B. Eaton of Chicago; Ellis Ames Ballard, General Counsel Philadelphia Rapid Transit System, Philadelphia; Francis P. Garvin of New York; Warren J. Brodie of Cleveland; William B. Ittner of St. Louis, Mo.; Julius Gregory and Albert Buchman of New York, architects.

Brigadier Generals: Herbert S. Birkett and Alex MacDougall of Canada; Major Generals: James Parker and Edward L. Munson, U. S. A.; and Brigadier General Charles I. De Bevoise, U. S. A.

Dr. Lewis S. Pilcher of Brooklyn, N. Y., Commander, Grand Army of the Republic and General Julian S. Carr, Commander, United Confederate Veterans.

## WOMEN'S FRATERNITIES<sup>1</sup>

**I**N general it may be said that the women's organizations have closely copied those of the men, in criteria for membership, in external characteristics, in systems of government and administration and in all essential details. As they originated after the Civil War they were entirely free from the disturbance incident to that struggle and consequently they have had opportunity to develop progressively without serious interruption. The multiplication of educational facilities for women has also greatly increased their field of operation.

It may be said that every women's fraternity supports a journal and the doings of most of them are not attempted to be kept secret. They have been somewhat more practical than the men, and were able sooner than the men to form an inter-fraternity organization. Nearly every sorority is endeavoring to do some useful work or to accomplish some useful purpose.

The data concerning the sororities is arranged in the same manner as that relating to the men's fraternities.

### INTER-FRATERNITY RELATIONS

In 1891 a Panhellenic convention was held in Boston. In 1893 there were two meetings held in Chicago. Since which time there have been yearly meetings held in Chicago and much benefit has resulted.

<sup>1</sup> The word "sorority" has within the past ten years come into somewhat general use to denote an association of women similar to the "fraternities" among men. In this book the terms "sorority" and "women's fraternity" are used as synonyms.



The constitution of the National Panhellenic Congress which was adopted October, 1919, and ratified in October, 1921, is as follows:

## CONSTITUTION

### ARTICLE I—NAME

SECTION 1. The name of this organization shall be the National Panhellenic Congress.

### ARTICLE II—OBJECT

SECTION 1. To maintain on a high plane fraternity life and inter-fraternity relationship, to cooperate with college authorities in their effort to maintain high social scholarship standards throughout the whole college, and to be a forum for the discussion of questions of interest to the college and fraternity world.

### ARTICLE III—ORGANIZATION

SECTION 1. The Congress shall be composed of one delegate from each fraternity represented; and each fraternity shall be entitled to two alternate delegates.

### ARTICLE IV—ELIGIBILITY TO MEMBERSHIP

SECTION 1. To be represented in the Congress a fraternity must have at least five chapters in institutions of collegiate rank; a college of collegiate rank to be defined as one which requires fourteen entrance units; a unit to mean that in a given subject there have been three forty minute lecture periods a week for thirty-six consecutive weeks. In the science and art departments where laboratories have to be considered, three forty minute laboratory periods are the equivalent to one lecture period.

SECTION 2. Any fraternity meeting three Congress fraternities at any institution and not eligible to full membership in the Congress shall be admitted to associate membership, having a seat and a voice but not a vote.

SECTION 3. The application of any fraternity for membership in the National Panhellenic Congress shall be referred to a committee of three, which shall investigate the standing of the petitioning

body, and upon their recommendation said fraternity shall be admitted to the Congress upon a unanimous affirmative vote of the delegates present.

#### ARTICLE V—MEETINGS

SECTION 1. The Congress shall assemble bi-annually, the time and the place of the following meeting to be arranged each year, and shall be presided over by the fraternities in rotation.

SECTION 2. The official list shall be:

- |                      |                       |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. Pi Beta Phi       | 10. Chi Omega         |
| 2. Kappa Alpha Theta | 11. Sigma Kappa       |
| 3. Kappa Kappa Gamma | 12. Alpha Omicron Pi  |
| 4. Alpha Phi         | 13. Zeta Tau Alpha    |
| 5. Delta Gamma       | 14. Alpha Gamma Delta |
| 6. Gamma Phi Beta    | 15. Alpha Delta Phi   |
| 7. Alpha Chi Omega   | 16. Delta Zeta        |
| 8. Delta Delta Delta | 17. Phi Mu            |
| 9. Alpha Xi Delta    | 18. Kappa Delta       |

SECTION 3. Additions to the official list shall be made in the order of the election to membership.

#### ARTICLE VI—POWERS

SECTION 1. The powers of the Congress shall be five-fold. First, to make laws that pertain to its own government. Second, to admit at its own discretion petitioning fraternities. Third, to levy annual dues,—not to exceed \$15.00—to be paid by the fraternities within two weeks after the notification by the treasurer. Fourth, to have powers to make recommendations to Grand Presidents for legislation; and to refer to fraternities for discussion matters which are of interest to the college and fraternity world. Fifth, to act as a court of last resort in any local Panhellenic dispute appealed to it from the Executive Committee by a Grand President of a fraternity involved or referred to it by the Executive Committee.

SECTION 2. A five-sixths vote of official delegates present shall be necessary to carry out the powers stated in Article VI, Section 1, except as otherwise provided for in this constitution.

#### ARTICLE VII—GOVERNMENT

SECTION 1. The delegate from the fraternity calling the Congress shall act as chairman of the same, and the delegate from the frater-

nity next in order shall act as secretary of the Congress: and the treasurer shall be the delegate whose fraternity is next on the list after that of the secretary's.

SECTION 2. The Executive Committee shall consist of the Secretary of the last Congress as Chairman, the Secretary of the next Congress, and a Treasurer, whose duties shall be the usual duties of a Chairman, Secretary and Treasurer.

SECTION 3. The duties of the Executive Committee shall be (a) to send reports of the Congress promptly to members of the Congress, (b) to carry on the work of the Congress between sessions, (c) to appoint on application from a Grand President of any chapter involved in college Panhellenic difficulties, a member of the Congress whose fraternity interests are not involved in the question at issue to investigate and arbitrate any difficulty arising in the Panhellenic; the expenses of the one sent to be defrayed by the College Panhellenic, (d) on application of a Grand President to make settlement of college Panhellenic disputes, (e) subject to appeal by a Grand President to the National Panhellenic Congress, inflict penalties, if necessary, on any chapter which withdraws from local Panhellenic or refuses to arbitrate its violation of any Panhellenic contract, after the Grand President of the offending chapter has been duly informed by the Chairman of the Executive Committee. All appeals to the Executive Committee to settle said disputes or inflict said penalties to be made by the Grand President of the chapter involved and no penalty shall be inflicted until the Grand President of each of the fraternities involved has been given reasonable time to present the case of the fraternity to the Executive Committee.

#### ARTICLE VIII—METHOD OF PROCEDURE

SECTION 1. Recommendations of the Congress shall be submitted as soon as possible by the chairman of the Executive Committee, to all the Congress Grand Presidents of the fraternities, and the result of the vote announced by each Congress Grand President to the Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Congress within two months.

SECTION 2. The Chairman of the Executive Committee shall announce the result to all Congress delegates and chapters. The motions that have received the unanimous vote of all the fraternities shall at once become binding upon all chapters, the Grand Presidents being responsible for their observance.

SECTION 3. The operation of any legislation can be suspended by National Panhellenic Congress during the time between recommendation by the Congress to the fraternities for the repeal or the modification of such legislation and action thereon by the fraternities.

#### ARTICLE IX—AMENDMENTS

SECTION 1. This constitution can be amended by a unanimous vote of all the fraternities represented in the National Panhellenic Congress.

## ALPHA CHI OMEGA



THIS fraternity was founded at De Pauw University, October 15, 1885, with the assistance of Dr. James G. Campbell, Beta Theta Pi. The charter members were: Estella Leonard, Anna Allen, Amy R. DuBois, Bessie Grooms, Olive Burnett, Bertha Deniston, and Nellie Gamble. Since its establishment, the fraternity has had an unusual interest in musical education, and at one time certain musical qualifications were required for membership, in addition to literary qualifications. This æsthetic interest has developed into a musical tradition that has exerted a marked influence upon the moulding of the ideals of the fraternity.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1885. Alpha, De Pauw University .....	490
1887. Beta, Albion College .....	335
1890. Gamma, Northwestern University .....	364
1891. Delta, Allegheny College .....	275
1895. Epsilon, University of Southern California .....	196
1895. Zeta, New England Conservatory of Music .....	280
1898. Eta, Bucknell University .....	40
1898. Theta, University of Michigan .....	295
1899. Iota, University of Illinois .....	265
1903. Kappa, University of Wisconsin .....	207
1906. Lambda, Syracuse University .....	195
1907. Mu, Simpson College .....	200

1907. Nu, University of Colorado .....	175
1907. Xi, University of Nebraska .....	225
1907. Omicron, Baker University .....	235
1909. Pi, University of California .....	200
1910. Rho, University of Washington .....	195
1911. Sigma, University of Iowa .....	155
1911. Tau, Brenau College .....	150
1913. Upsilon, Millikin University .....	145
1914. Phi, University of Kansas .....	122
1915. Chi, Oregon State College .....	122
1916. Psi, University of Oklahoma .....	118
1916. Omega, Washington State College .....	118
1918. Alpha Beta, Purdue University .....	85
1918. Alpha Gamma, University of New Mexico .....	55
1919. Alpha Delta, University of Cincinnati .....	58
1919. Alpha Epsilon, University of Pennsylvania .....	53
1920. Alpha Zeta, Washington University (St. Louis) .....	57
1920. Alpha Eta, Mount Union College .....	68
1921. Alpha Theta, Drake University .....	58
1921. Alpha Iota, University of Vermont .....	40
1921. Alpha Kappa, University of Oregon .....	50
1921. Alpha Lambda, University of Minnesota .....	35
1922. Alpha Mu, University of Indiana .....	30
1922. Alpha Nu, University of Missouri .....	30
1922. Alpha Xi, University of Montana .....	25

Active chapters, 37; membership, 5,746.

The following chapters own houses: Albion, Baker, California, Drake, Illinois, Kansas, Michigan, Purdue, Syracuse, Wisconsin. Total houses, 10; total valuation, \$205,000.

The Southern California chapter was inactive from 1898 to 1905, and the Bucknell University chapter was inactive from 1898 to 1921. Many of the chapters were formed from locals.

Since the establishing of the second chapter, the supreme power of the fraternity has been vested in the convention. The De Pauw chapter acted as the governing body between

national assemblies until 1896. At that time the constitutional form was adopted whereby the convention became the National Chapter. It is composed of a delegate from each collegiate chapter, each alumnæ chapter, the province president, and the National Council. This latter body, which is composed of the national officers, meets annually. The National Panhellenic delegate is an ex officio member of the National Council and is the fraternity's representative at the Panhellenic Congress, the appointment continuing indefinitely. The national inspector arranges for a biennial inspection of each chapter. A central office, in charge of the national secretary-editor, was established in 1919.

Alumnæ chapters have been formed at a number of the principal cities and alumnæ clubs at many more. The alumnæ chapters have all the privileges of the active chapters excepting that of making initiations. The alumnæ clubs have no ritualistic privileges and are not entitled to voting representatives at conventions.

The conventions meet biennially.

*The Lyre*, the fraternity journal, was authorized by the annual convention at Evanston, Ill., in March, 1894, and the first number appeared in June of that year under the supervision of the chapter at Greencastle, which continued to be the place of publication until 1900. Since then it has been published at Providence, R. I. and Menasha, Wis. The numbers are printed in October, January, March, and May. The *Heraeum*, a secret annual publication, was first issued in 1911. The *Argolid*, a private bulletin, was first issued in 1911, and is published from two to four times during each college year. There is also an *Alumnæ Letter* sent biennially to all of the alumnæ, which was first issued in 1908. The *Convention Transcript* has been published daily at every convention since 1915.

The first edition of the Songbook was published in 1894. The fourth edition, containing 53 songs, 43 to original music, was issued in 1915.

A history of the fraternity was compiled by Mabel H. Siller and edited by Florence A. Armstrong in 1911. The history was revised and rewritten by Miss Armstrong in 1916, and the third edition, with further revisions, was written by Miss Armstrong in 1921. It contains a general discussion of the development of fraternities, the history of each chapter, the publications, insignia, etc., of the fraternity, and many statistical tables and illustrations. Seven issues of the directory, giving the fraternity membership, have been published.

A reserve fund of \$20,000 has been collected and loaned to the chapters chiefly for the purpose of enabling them to purchase houses, and a scholarship fund of \$9,000 has been raised in order to lend money to worthy members of the active chapters. The life subscriptions to *The Lyre* have been protected by a reserve fund of more than \$20,000.

In 1911 the fraternity erected the Star Studio at the MacDowell Memorial Association, Peterborough, N. H., and its use is awarded to a creative worker in literature, music or art, whether a member of the fraternity or not, by the Association. It was first awarded to a member of the fraternity in 1916 and again in 1920 and 1922.

An outgrowth of its altruistic work during the World War, consists of giving scholarships to children from fourteen to sixteen years of age in order to enable them to remain in high school or to train them in suitable vocations. In 1923 there were available ten scholarships, paying from \$3 to \$6 a week to the holders.

The fraternity awarded at its 1922 convention "Distinguished Service Medals" to twenty-seven overseas workers during the World War. These medals are to be awarded



in the future for distinguished service along civic and national lines.



The badge of the fraternity is a Greek lyre, jeweled and displaying the letters "A X Ω" on a scroll placed diagonally across the strings.

The colors are scarlet and olive. The flowers are scarlet carnation and smilax. A flag was adopted in 1910. The colors of the pledge button are red and green.

## ALPHA DELTA PI



ALPHA DELTA PI was founded at the Wesleyan Female College on May 15, 1851, by Octavia O. Andrew, Maria J. Esterling, Mary A. Evans, Oceana L. Goodall, Eugenia Tucker, and Elizabeth Williams, and was called the Adelphean Society.

It was not until August 1904 that the Adelphean Society became known as the Alpha chapter and the policy of expansion was adopted. At that time the organization was incorporated under the laws of Georgia as the "Adelphean Society," and in July 1905 amended its charter "by inserting after its names wherever it occurs in said charter, as a symbol for said name, the following Greek letters 'Α Δ Φ.'" In 1913 it changed its name to Alpha Delta Pi to avoid confusion with the men's fraternity of Alpha Delta Phi.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1851. Alpha, Wesleyan Female College (1915) .....	1080
1905. Beta, Winston Salem College (1909) .....	85
1906. Gamma, Mary Baldwin Seminary (1910) .....	42
1906. Delta, University of Texas .....	189
1906. Epsilon, Sophie Newcomb College (Tulane) .....	82
1907. Zeta, Southwestern University .....	150
1907. Eta, University of Alabama (1909) .....	18
1908. Theta, Lawrence College .....	143
1909. Iota, Florida State College for Women .....	134
1910. Kappa, Howard College (formerly Judson chapter) ....	99
1910. Lambda, Brenau College (Ga.) .....	173

1910. Mu, Women's College of Alabama (1913) .....	45
1910. Nu, Randolph-Macon Women's College .....	104
1911. Omicron, Trinity College (N. C.) .....	53
1911. Pi, Iowa State College .....	150
1911. Rho, Boston University .....	122
1912. Sigma, University of Illinois .....	113
1912. Tau, University of Kansas .....	132
1912. Upsilon, Washington State College .....	102
1913. Phi, Hanover College .....	61
1913. Chi, Wittenberg College .....	54
1913. Psi, University of California .....	150
1914. Omega, Louisiana State University .....	67
1914. Xi, Ohio University .....	79
1914. Alpha Alpha, University of Colorado .....	90
1915. Alpha Beta, Iowa State University .....	122
1915. Alpha Gamma, University of Missouri .....	83
1915. Alpha Delta, Colby College .....	67
1915. Alpha Epsilon, University of Nebraska .....	75
1915. Alpha Zeta, Southern Methodist University .....	54
1915. Alpha Eta, Kansas State College .....	86
1917. Alpha Theta, University of Washington .....	123
1920. Alpha Iota, University of Pittsburgh .....	40
1920. Alpha Kappa, University of Tennessee .....	47
1920. Alpha Lambda, University of Oregon .....	43
1920. Alpha Mu, University of Wisconsin .....	44
1920. Alpha Nu, University of New Mexico .....	25
1921. Alpha Xi, Ohio State University .....	45
1921. Alpha Omicron, Oklahoma A. & M. College .....	30
1922. Alpha Pi, George Washington University .....	23

Active chapters, 35; inactive, 5; membership, 4,314.

The following chapters own houses: Wittenberg, Colorado, Kansas State, Kansas University, Washington State, Iowa State, Wisconsin, California, Randolph-Macon. Total, 9; total valuation, \$105,000.

The Wesleyan, Winston-Salem and Mary Baldwin chapters were killed by anti-fraternity rulings of the faculty. The University of Alabama chapter was allowed to die.

Many of the chapters were formed from pre-existing locals.

Alumnæ organizations are of three types: state, chapter and city.

The alumnæ roll comprises thirty organizations.

The government is by biennial conventions with a National Council and Executive Committee acting between its sessions.

A quarterly journal called *The Adelphean* was begun in Macon, Ga., 1907. In 1910 it was moved to Menasha, Wis., and in 1921 to Des Moines, Iowa, where it has since been published. A secret magazine known as the *Adelphean Chronicle* was first issued in 1851 in the handwriting of various members. After a number of years it was discontinued, and was not revived until 1915. It is issued six times a year by the National Secretary, but during the years 1921-1923 it has been issued from the office of the national president. A Songbook was issued in 1916, and in 1918. A directory was published in 1917, revised 1919, and again in 1921. Great difficulty has been met by the national registrar in securing accurate addresses for those who were members of the chapters now inactive.

For a number of years local chapters have done altruistic work, this was adopted as a national work later and has been accomplished by co-operation with the National Child Welfare Association.

A student loan fund known as the Abigail Davis Fund is available to aid members in college. A Memorial Building and Loan Fund is also maintained by the organization, as well as an endowment fund for the magazine, *The Adelphean*.

The sorority is divided into five provinces, each province being presided over by a province president. Every chapter

is visited once in two years by its province president, and by the national inspector.

The 15th of May is observed by the chapters as "Founders' Day." The day is usually celebrated by a banquet of all the active and as many of the alumnæ as can be present. All alumnæ who cannot attend send their cards. Members send greetings to the one living Founder, Eugenia Tucker Fitzgerald.

The badge is a diamond of black enamel displaying along the longest diagonal, clasped hands on each side of which is a star and beneath the letters "A Δ Π." The pledge pin is a bar of gold bearing the Greek letters, "B Υ A," surmounted by the lion head. The recognition pin is a small black enameled diamond shape bearing two golden stars. The patroness pin, adopted 1921, is a circle of gold enclosing the letters "A Δ Π." The colors are pale blue and white. The flower is the single purple violet.



## ALPHA EPSILON PHI

(Jewish Students—Women)



**A** LPHA EPSILON PHI was founded at Barnard College October 24, 1909.

The chapter roll now reads as follows:

1909. Alpha, Barnard College, Columbia University (1915) .....	14
1909. Beta, Hunter College .....	84
1915. Gamma, Teachers College, Columbia University (1916) ...	20
1916. Delta, Adelphi College .....	55
1916. Epsilon, Newcomb College, Tulane University .....	72
1917. Zeta, New York University .....	61
1917. Eta, New York State College for Teachers .....	36
1917. Theta, University of Pennsylvania .....	48
1919. Iota, Syracuse University .....	56
1920. Kappa, Cornell University .....	32
1920. Lambda, University of Denver .....	21
1920. Mu, University of Illinois .....	40
1920. Nu, University of Pittsburgh .....	38
1921. Xi, University of Southern California .....	25
1921. Omicron, Northwestern University .....	30
1921. Pi, University of Michigan .....	31
1921. Rho, Ohio State University .....	21
1921. Sigma, University of Wisconsin .....	20

Active chapters, 16; inactive, 2; membership, 704.

No charter has ever been withdrawn from a chapter; the Barnard chapter is inactive due to the abolition of sororities in the college; the Teachers' College chapter is inactive due to the abolition of national sororities in the college.

The Syracuse chapter owns its house. Value \$20,000.

The sorority is governed nationally by a National Council composed of nine members who are elected at each triennial convention and hold office for three years. Three members of the National Council, usually chosen from one locality, comprise the Executive Board. There are nine supervisors for the various fields of sorority activity, which include social service, scholarship, inter-chapter activities and others.

## ALPHA GAMMA DELTA



ALPHA GAMMA DELTA was founded May 30, 1904, at Syracuse University by Jennie Clara Titus, Marguerite Shepard, Estelle Shepard, Ethel Evelyn Brown, Flora M. Knight, Georgia Otis, Emily Helen Butterfield, Georgia Dickover, Mary Louise Snider, Edith E. MacConnell and Grace Robertson Mosher.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1904. Alpha, Syracuse University .....	233
1905. Beta, University of Wisconsin .....	214
1906. Gamma, Wesleyan University (1912) .....	143
1908. Delta, University of Minnesota .....	230
1908. Epsilon, University of Kentucky .....	173
1908. Zeta, Ohio University .....	182
1908. Eta, De Pauw University (1919) .....	109
1909. Theta, Goucher College .....	125
1909. Iota, University of Washington .....	192
1912. Kappa, Allegheny College .....	140
1913. Lambda, Northwestern University .....	135
1913. Mu, Brenau College .....	128
1913. Nu, Boston University .....	134
1914. Xi, Illinois Wesleyan University .....	92
1915. Omicron, University of California .....	182
1917. Pi, Coe College .....	78
1917. Rho, Iowa State College .....	129
1918. Sigma, University of Illinois .....	102
1919. Tau, University of Toronto .....	76



1919. Upsilon, University of Oklahoma .....	89
1921. Phi, Oregon Agricultural College .....	53
1921. Chi, Michigan Agricultural College .....	25
1921. Psi, University of Alabama .....	30
1922. Omega, University of Akron .....	32
1922. Epsilon Alpha, University of Missouri .....	38
1922. Epsilon Beta, University of Kansas .....	46
1922. Alpha Alpha, University of Buffalo .....	24
1922. Alpha Beta, University of Michigan .....	40
1923. Delta Alpha, University of Southern California .....	12

Active chapters, 27; inactive, 2; membership, 3,186.

The following chapters own houses: Minnesota, Syracuse, Washington, Wisconsin, Oklahoma. Total, 5; total valuation, \$80,000.

Many of the chapters have been formed from locals, sometimes well organized for from six to twelve years. The Wesleyan chapter became inactive in 1912 when women ceased to attend the university and the De Pauw chapter in 1919.

Alumnæ chapters are located wherever there is or has been a chapter established long enough to have alumnæ members. These have all privileges except that of initiation. There are also alumnae clubs in Detroit, Los Angeles, New York City, Pittsburg.

The fraternity has established a camp at Jackson, Mich., where undernourished children are furnished food, clothing and maintenance, and it is planned to open other camps for similar work.

The badge is a monogram in gold of the three Greek letters which give the fraternity its name, with the "Δ" plain, the "Γ" chased and the "Α" which may be jeweled, superimposed upon the other two. The colors are red, buff and green; the flowers, red and buff roses, the flag suggested by the field of the armorial bearings, is red and buff with letters in green.



## ALPHA OMICRON PI



**A**LPHA OMICRON PI was founded at Barnard College, of Columbia University, January 2, 1897, by Jessie Wallace Hughan, Mrs. George V. Mullan, Mrs. George Hough Perry and Elizabeth Heywood Wyman, all of the class of 1898.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1897. Alpha, Barnard College (Columbia) (1915) .....	89
1898. Pi, Sophie Newcomb College (Tulane) .....	115
1900. Nu, New York University .....	102
1902. Omicron, University of Tennessee .....	111
1903. Kappa, Randolph-Macon Woman's College .....	150
1903. Zeta, University of Nebraska .....	240
1907. Sigma, University of California .....	243
1907. Theta, De Pauw University .....	203
1908. Beta, Brown University (1909) .....	12
1908. Delta, Tufts College .....	204
1908. Gamma, University of Maine .....	199
1908. Epsilon, Cornell University .....	139
1909. Rho, Northwestern University .....	160
1910. Lambda, Stanford University .....	130
1911. Iota, University of Illinois .....	147
1912. Tau, University of Minnesota .....	121
1914. Chi, Syracuse University .....	113
1915. Upsilon, University of Washington .....	145
1915. Nu Kappa, Southern Methodist University .....	41
1916. Beta Phi, Indiana University .....	99
1917. Eta, University of Wisconsin .....	99

1917. Alpha Phi, Montana State College .....	71
1917. Nu Omicron, Vanderbilt University .....	45
1918. Psi, University of Pennsylvania .....	47
1918. Phi, University of Kansas .....	66
1919. Omega, Miami University .....	99
1921. Omicron Pi, University of Michigan .....	42

Active chapters, 25; inactive, 2; membership, 3,232.

The California, Cornell, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana State, Randolph-Macon, Stanford, Vanderbilt, Washington and Wisconsin own houses. Total houses, 12; total valuation, \$260,000.

There are 24 *alumnæ* chapters in a number of cities.

The government of the fraternity is vested in a Grand Council. During the recess between its sessions the affairs of the fraternity are administered by an Executive Committee.

Until 1908, conventions were held in New York City. They then became biennial.

The fraternity has published a quarterly journal called *To Drama* since 1905 and two editions of a Songbook, also three directories.



The badge is a monogram of the letters "A O II," a ruby or garnet appearing on the apex of the "A." The fraternity color is cardinal and the flower is the jacqueminot rose. The jewel is the ruby. The pledge button is of gold bearing the letters "A O II."

## ALPHA PHI



ALPHA PHI was founded at the University of Syracuse October 20, 1872, by Rena Michaels, Clara Bradley, Martha Foote, Kate Hogoboom, Ida Gilbert, Louise Shepard, Jane S. Higham, Florence Chidester, Elizabeth Huddell and Clara Sittser. This was called the A'pha chapter, but it was nine years before a second chapter was established.

The following is the chapter roll:

- 1872. Alpha, University of Syracuse
- 1881. Beta, Northwestern University
- 1883. Eta, Boston University
- 1887. Gamma, De Pauw University
- 1889. Delta, Cornell University
- 1890. Epsilon, University of Minnesota
- 1891. Zeta, Goucher College
- 1892. Theta, University of Michigan
- 1896 Iota, University of Wisconsin
- 1899. Kappa, Stanford University
- 1901. Lambda, University of California
- 1903. Mu, Barnard College (Columbia) (1915)
- 1906. Nu, University of Nebraska
- 1906. Xi, University of Toronto
- 1910. Omicron, University of Missouri
- 1911. Pi, University of North Dakota
- 1912. Rho, Ohio State University
- 1914. Sigma, University of Washington
- 1915. Tau, University of Oregon

- 1917. Upsilon, Washburn College
- 1917. Phi, University of Oklahoma
- 1918. Chi, University of Montana
- 1920. Psi, University of South Dakota
- 1920. Omega, University of Texas
- 1922. Beta Alpha, University of Illinois
- 1922. Beta Beta, Michigan Agricultural College

Active chapters, 25; inactive, 1; membership, 5,009.

The chapters at Syracuse, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Michigan, Stanford, California, North Dakota, Washington, Oregon, Cornell, and De Pauw own houses. Total houses, 11; total valuation, \$235,000. The Syracuse chapter was the first chapter of a woman's fraternity to own or occupy a chapter house. This was built in 1886.

No charter has been withdrawn from a chapter; the Barnard chapter became inactive with the abolition of fraternities in the college.

Each alumnæ chapter is the outgrowth of a nearby collegiate chapter and has convention privilege of voting on all questions except granting of new chapters. There are 21 alumnæ chapters.

The general government of the fraternity is centralized in form since 1904, and is invested in a board of five officers, alumnæ of various chapters, who are elected at each biennial convention and hold office through the next convention. The present central office is at 6 North Michigan Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois.

Alpha Phi, in 1894, established the office of the Visiting Delegate. This inspector spends six months annually in the field under the supervision of the board, and at the succeeding convention becomes an officer of the incoming board.

A scholarship committee receives each semester from an alumna advisor of each chapter a report of the scholastic

work and standing of the initiates. The older chapters maintain scholarship funds.

Conventions of the fraternity are held biennially.

In 1908 the Convention adopted an official badge of uniform size. It is a plain gold monogram of the two Greek letters, "Α" and "Φ," with the letters "Α Ε Ο" in black. The pledge pin is a silver ivy leaf bearing the Greek letters "Α" and "Φ." A crest was adopted in 1922. The colors are silver gray and bordeaux.



The journal of the fraternity is the *Alpha Phi Quarterly*, first published in July, 1888. It was transferred in 1890 to Syracuse and from 1892 to 1897 it was edited and published by the Boston chapter; from 1897 to 1906 at Syracuse; from 1906 to 1912 at Ann Arbor; from 1912 to 1919 at Madison; and from 1919 in New York City. Thirty-six volumes have been completed. A catalogue of membership was issued annually from 1894 to 1910. Since 1910 it has been published biennially as a supplement to the January *Quarterly*. A Songbook of 96 pages was published in 1892 from Syracuse, N. Y., new and enlarged editions were issued from Syracuse in 1904, 1911, and in 1922 from Evanston, Ill.

Shortly after this Alpha Phi established an annual and uniform fraternity examination in order to incite among the chapters an increasing loyalty to *alma mater*, a keen sense of Panhellenic courtesy and co-operation and definite knowledge of Alpha Phi and its organization.

During the World War, Alpha Phi supported at Roanne, France, a foyer for women munition workers, consisting of a recreation room, café, and gymnasium.

At the Cornell convention in 1914, Alpha Phi presented "A Pageant of Womanhood," written by Mabel C. Northrup in honor of the six living founders who were present. This

was the first national pageant to be staged by a Greek letter women's fraternity. The second pageant was given at the Syracuse Jubilee Convention in 1922 and depicted Alpha Phi's fifty years.

At the Jubilee Convention at Syracuse in June, 1922, the historian, Olive Finley Singleton, presented a "History of Alpha Phi's Fifty Years, 1872-1922," which has been published by the Century Company. At this golden convention, Alpha Phi's goal of \$50,000 as an endowment fund was reached. This fund is securely invested and legally managed by a Trust Company and the interest thereon is used for educational purposes.

## ALPHA XI DELTA



THIS society was founded April 17, 1893, at Lombard College, Galesburg, Ill., by Mrs. Harriet McCollum, Frances Elizabeth Cheney, Almira Lowrey Cheney, Lucy W. Gilmer, Elizabeth Curtis Everton, Bertha Cook Evans, Julia Maude Foster, Cora Bollinger Block, and Alice Bartlett Brunner.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1893. Alpha, Lombard College .....	174
1902. Beta, Iowa Wesleyan College .....	212
1902. Gamma, Mt. Union College .....	304
1903. Delta, Bethany College .....	147
1903. Epsilon, University of South Dakota .....	153
1904. Zeta, Wittenberg College .....	155
1904. Eta, University of Syracuse .....	220
1905. Theta, University of Wisconsin .....	174
1905. Iota, University of West Virginia .....	135
1905. Kappa, University of Illinois .....	200
1907. Lambda, Jackson College (Tufts) .....	150
1907. Mu, University of Minnesota .....	190
1907. Nu, University of Washington .....	215
1908. Xi, Kentucky State University .....	110
1909. Omicron, University of California .....	200
1911. Pi, Ohio University .....	150
1912. Rho, University of Nebraska .....	140
1912. Sigma, Iowa State University .....	140
1914. Tau, N. H. Agricultural College .....	80
1915. Upsilon, University of Vermont .....	70
1915. Phi, Albion College .....	105
1916. Chi, University of Kansas .....	100



1916. Psi, Ohio State University .....	80
1917. Omega, Stetson University .....	70
1918. Alpha Alpha, University of Pittsburgh .....	60
1918. Alpha Beta, Cornell University .....	60
1918. Alpha Gamma, Coe College .....	75
1919. Alpha Delta, Oregon Agri. College .....	70
1919. Alpha Epsilon, Univ. of Michigan .....	55
1921. Alpha Zeta, Univ. of Oklahoma .....	56
1921. Alpha Eta, Purdue University .....	50
1921. Alpha Theta, Northwestern University .....	40
1912. Alpha Iota, Drake University .....	80
1922. Alpha Kappa, Kansas State College .....	40
1922. Alpha Lambda, University of Oregon .....	30

Active chapters, 35; membership, 4,340.

The following chapters own houses: Lombard, Mt. Union, Bethany, Wittenberg, Syracuse, Wisconsin, Minnesota, California, Albion, Kansas, Michigan, Oklahoma, Kansas State. Total houses, 13; total valuation, \$300,000.

The government is through a convention held biennially and a Grand Chapter made up of the National Council (comprising the national officers and the editor of the magazine) and representatives from each chapter.

Conventions have been held biennially.

A Songbook was published in 1908 and 1918 at Syracuse, N. Y. A quarterly journal called the *Alpha Xi Delta* was first published at Galesburg in 1904. It was then moved to Alliance, Ohio, in November, 1904, where it was published for a year. In 1905 it was moved to Syracuse but was again transferred to Alliance in 1908. In 1912 it was moved to Menasha, Wis.

The badge is a golden quill on the feathers of which are the letters "A  $\Xi$   $\Delta$ " in burnished gold. The flower is the pink rose. The colors are light and dark blue and gold. The pledge button is



black.

## CHI OMEGA



THIS fraternity was organized at the University of Arkansas, April 5, 1895, by Ina May Boles, Jobelle Holcomb, Alice Carey Simonds and Jeanne Marie Vincenheller. They were assisted in planning their organization by Dr. Charles Richardson, Kappa Sigma, who, in consideration of this service, was made the sole honorary member of the fraternity. The chapter roll is as follows:

1895. Psi, University of Arkansas .....	321
1898. Chi, Jessamine Female Institute, Ky. (1902) .....	23
1899. Phi, Hellmuth Woman's College, Can. (1900) .....	9
1899. Upsilon, Belmont College, Nashville, Tenn. (1903) .....	58
1899. Tau, University of Mississippi (1912) .....	82
1900. Sigma, Randolph-Macon Woman's College .....	220
1900. Rho, Sophie Newcomb College (Tulane) .....	152
1900. Pi, University of Tennessee .....	160
1900. Omicron, University of Illinois .....	263
1901. Xi, Northwestern University .....	260
1902. Nu, University of Wisconsin .....	285
1902. Mu, University of California .....	238
1902. Lambda, University of Kansas .....	260
1903. Kappa, University of Nebraska .....	244
1903. Phi Alpha, George Washington University .....	165
1903. Chi, Transylvania University .....	145
1903. Upsilon, Union University (Tenn.) (1911) .....	51
1904. Iota, University of Texas .....	226
1905. Eta, University of Michigan .....	214
1905. Theta, University of West Virginia .....	197

1906. Zeta, University of Colorado .....	230
1906. Epsilon, Barnard College (Columbia) (1915) .....	44
1906. Beta, Colby College .....	278
1907. Delta, Dickinson College .....	156
1908. Gamma, Florida State College for Women .....	168
1909. Alpha, University of Washington .....	200
1909. Psi Alpha, University of Oregon .....	173
1910. Chi Alpha, Jackson College (Tufts) .....	150
1911. Upsilon Alpha, University of Syracuse .....	220
1913. Tau Alpha, Ohio University .....	150
1913. Sigma Alpha, Miami University .....	140
1913. Rho Alpha, University of Missouri .....	155
1913. Pi Alpha, University of Cincinnati .....	94
1914. Omicron Alpha, Coe College .....	120
1914. Xi Alpha, University of Utah .....	184
1914. Lambda Alpha, Kentucky University .....	101
1915. Mu Alpha, New Hampshire College .....	120
1915. Nu Alpha, Stanford University .....	124
1915. Kappa Alpha, Kansas Agricultural College .....	112
1916. Iota Alpha, Southern Methodist University .....	73
1917. Theta Alpha, Cornell University .....	83
1917. Eta Alpha, Oregon Agricultural College .....	106
1919. Zeta Alpha, Ohio State University .....	80
1919. Delta Alpha, University of Chattanooga .....	44
1919. Tau Alpha, Swarthmore College .....	60
1919. Epsilon Alpha, University of Oklahoma .....	69
1919. Beta Alpha, University of Pennsylvania .....	75
1919. Psi Beta, Iowa University .....	109
1919. Chi Beta, Purdue University .....	84
1919. Phi Beta, University of Pittsburgh .....	55
1919. Psi Beta, Hollins College .....	60
1920. Tau Beta, Oklahoma State College .....	59
1920. Sigma Beta, Montana State College .....	55
1921. Rho Beta, Drake University .....	75
1921. Pi Beta, University of Minnesota .....	45
1921. Omicron Beta, College of William & Mary .....	32
1921. Xi Beta, University of Maine .....	45
1922. Nu Beta, University of Alabama .....	30
1922. Mu Beta, University of Georgia .....	36
1922. Lambda Beta, Rhode Island State College .....	45
1922. Kappa Beta, Southwestern Presbyterian University .....	20

1922. Iota Beta, Hunter College .....	55
1922. Theta Beta, University of Indiana .....	25
1922. Eta Beta, Iowa State College .....	50
1922. Zeta Beta, University of Arizona .....	30
1923. Epsilon Beta, Washington State College .....	35

Active chapters, 60; inactive, 6; membership, 8,027.

The following chapters own houses: California, Kansas, Michigan, Oregon State, Purdue, Randolph-Macon, Syracuse, Wisconsin. Total houses, 8; total valuation, \$116,000.

The chapters at Jesamine and Belmont were discontinued because of faculty opposition or civic interest such as operating in poorer sections of a city or providing hospital supplies, and the chapter at Hellmuth because of the lowering of the educational standard. The Barnard discontinued on account of the abolishment of fraternities.

Many of the chapters were formed from pre-existing local societies.

There are a number of alumnae chapters, each chapter taking up some social work. Definite programs in social and civic matters, scholarship and vocations have been in operation since 1910.

Each active chapter awards annually a prize, generally of \$25, to the woman student in its college who excels in the work of the department of economics or sociology.

The open declaration of the fraternity is "Hellenic Culture and Christian Ideals."

The government of the fraternity is vested in the convention, but during the intervals between conventions this power is delegated to the Council composed of six members.

In 1915 the routine and administrative work was centered in an Executive office in charge of the president. Up to the present the office has been in Lexington, Ky.

Conventions have been held biennially. Fixed features of conventions are round table discussions. A Greek play,

"The Earth Mother," specially written for the fraternity is produced at each convention.

The fraternity journal, the *Eleusis*, is issued quarterly. Its publication was begun in 1899 at Fayetteville, Ark. In 1904 it was transferred to Lynchburg, Va., in 1905 to Washington, D. C., and in 1911 to Menasha, Wis. Songbooks have been issued in 1905 and 1912. A Manual and Directory were issued in 1909 edited by Georgia M. Shattuck, and Mattie Craighill Nichols. A Directory was issued in 1917. Chi Omega was the first woman's fraternity to issue a strictly private magazine. It is called the *Mystagogue* and has been issued regularly since 1905.

The colors are cardinal and straw. The flower is the white carnation. The fraternity has an official flag and banner and an official seal.

The badge is a gold monogram of the letter "X" over the "Q" which letter displays on its arch the letters "P B Y H Σ," and skull and cross bones in black enamel. The "X" is set with pearls or diamonds, no other stones being allowed. The pledge button is in gold letters on a black background.

The fraternity numbers among its members 48 members of college faculties, and 6 deans of women.

## DELTA DELTA DELTA



**T**HIS fraternity was founded at Boston University, on Thanksgiving-eve, 1888, by four members of the class of '89, Sara Ida Shaw, Eleanor Dorcas Pond, Florence Isabelle Stewart and Isabel Morgan Breed. They associated with them seventeen members of the lower classes and with this as a nucleus the fraternity grew rapidly. The roll of chapters is as follows:

1888. Alpha, Boston University	284
1889. Omega Delta, Iowa State College	177
1889. Delta, Simpson College	291
1889. Epsilon, Knox College	302
1890. Gamma, Adrian College	190
1891. Beta, St. Lawrence University	201
1892. Zeta, University of Cincinnati	241
1893. Eta, University of Vermont	164
1894. Theta, University of Minnesota	232
1894. Iota, University of Michigan	139
1894. Kappa, University of Nebraska	304
1895. Lambda, Baker University	261
1895. Sigma, Wesleyan University (1912)	54
1895. Upsilon, Northwestern University	248
1896. Nu, Ohio State University	197
1896. Omicron, Syracuse University	280
1898. Mu, University of Wisconsin	254
1898. Xi, Goucher College	158
1900. Pi, University of California	229

1903. Rho, Barnard College (Columbia) (1915) .....	69
1904. Tau, Bucknell University .....	171
1904. Chi, University of Mississippi (1912) .....	51
1904. Phi, University of Iowa .....	198
1904. Psi, University of Pennsylvania .....	105
1905. Alpha Xi, Randolph-Macon Woman's College .....	191
1908. Beta Zeta, Transylvania University .....	123
1908. Alpha Upsilon, Colby College .....	165
1908. Delta Alpha, De Pauw University .....	196
1909. Omega, Stanford University .....	159
1909. Theta Alpha, University of Washington .....	184
1910. Theta Beta, University of Colorado .....	149
1910. Theta Gamma, University of Oklahoma .....	170
1910. Theta Delta, University of Oregon .....	147
1911. Delta Beta, Miami University .....	153
1911. Alpha Alpha, Adelphi College .....	92
1911. Delta Gamma, Vanderbilt University .....	128
1911. Theta Epsilon, Southwestern University .....	157
1912. Theta Zeta, University of Texas .....	125
1912. Delta Delta, Wooster College (1913) .....	49
1912. Delta Epsilon, Millikin University .....	162
1912. Delta Zeta, Franklin College .....	198
1912. Delta Eta, Coe College .....	132
1913. Theta Eta, University of Wyoming .....	105
1913. Theta Theta, University of Nevada .....	123
1913. Alpha Delta, Stetson University .....	121
1913. Alpha Gamma, Wesleyan College (1914) .....	31
1913. Delta Iota, University of Arkansas .....	118
1913. Delta Kappa, Drury College .....	112
1913. Alpha Beta, Cornell University .....	110
1913. Delta Theta, Judson College (1919) .....	80
1914. Delta Lambda, Butler College .....	117
1914. Alpha Epsilon, Brenau College .....	138
1914. Delta Mu, University of Alabama .....	63
1914. Alpha Zeta, Hollins College .....	79
1914. Delta Nu, Mt. Union College .....	162
1915. Delta Xi, University of Missouri .....	95
1915. Theta Iota, Kansas State Agricultural College .....	127
1916. Theta Kappa, Southern Methodist University .....	74
1916. Alpha Eta, Florida State Women's College .....	94
1916. Alpha Theta, University of Pittsburgh .....	93

1917. Alpha Iota, Middlebury College .....	63
1917. Theta Lambda, Colorado State College .....	76
1917. Alpha Kappa, University of Maine .....	72
1917. Delta Omicron, University of Indiana .....	96
1918. Theta Mu, Oregon State College .....	60
1918. Theta Nu, Washington State College . . . . .	89
1920. Delta Pi, University of Illinois .....	81
1921. Theta Xi, University of So. California .....	44
1923. Theta Omicron, Whitman College .....	30

Active chapters, 63; inactive, 6; membership, 9,943.

The following chapters own houses: Arkansas, Baker, Brenau, California, Colorado, Cornell, De Pauw, Illinois, Iowa, Iowa State, Michigan, Minnesota, Mt. Union, Nebraska, Pennsylvania, Randolph-Macon, St. Lawrence, Stanford, Syracuse, Vanderbilt, Vermont, Washington, Washington State, Wisconsin. Total houses owned, 24; total valuation, \$500,000.

In 1911 the Randolph-Macon chapter absorbed the local chapter of Sigma Sigma Sigma, honorably released from the latter when it became a normal fraternity. The chapter of Southwestern was one of the college chapters of Sigma Sigma Sigma, honorably released from the latter when it became a normal fraternity. The Iowa State chapter originally called the Delta chapter was killed in 1890 by anti-fraternity laws. It was revived in 1912 by the absorption of a local Omega Delta; the Michigan chapter was revived in 1915 by the absorption of Hilary sorority. Many of the chapters were formed by absorbing locals.

There are alumnæ chapters, located in all of the large cities of the United States.

The government of the fraternity is vested in a national council, composed of nine officers. The president, secretary and treasurer constitute the executive committee; the vice-president with three deputies presides over the three prov-



inces of the fraternity. The other officers are National Historian, National Marshal, Alumnæ Officer, Panhellenic Director and Editor of the *Trident*, and its allied publications.

Delta Delta Delta issues a quarterly journal, *The Trident*, the first issue of which appeared on the third anniversary of the founding of the fraternity, Thanksgiving, 1891. Volumes I to IX, inclusive, were published in Boston, Mass.; Volume X in Cincinnati, Ohio; Volumes XI to XIV inclusive, in Baltimore, Md., and Volumes XV to XX in Galve, Ill., and subsequent volumes in Menasha, Wis. *The Triton*, a private quarterly bulletin, was published first in 1906. It appears simultaneously with the *Trident* and is under the same editorial management. *The Trireme*, a Triennial private bulletin, was published first in 1908. Besides these periodicals, a history of Delta Delta Delta was published in 1907, and a second edition is in preparation. The fraternity has issued eleven catalogues, nine between 1894 and 1906, and in 1907, 1910 and 1915. In 1906 it issued a pamphlet entitled "Chapter House Ownership." It publishes uniform record books in sets of six, with model pages, for the use of the chapters. The first Songbook was published in 1905, the second, in 1912.

The official badges of the fraternity are: for the first degree, a silver trident; for the second degree, three jeweled stars within a crescent of gold of three hundred degrees, bearing three Deltas; for the third degree, a Delta in white enamel, supported by three Deltas of gold, and inscribed in a golden circle, surrounded by six spherical triangles in blue enamel. The pledge pin is an inverted delta surrounded by three Deltas all in green enamel.

The colors are silver, gold and blue (cerulean); the flower is the pansy; the tree, the pine; the jewel, the pearl.

## DELTA GAMMA



**D**ELTA GAMMA was founded at the Louis School (later called the Oxford Institute) at Oxford, Mississippi on January 2, 1874. The founders were Anna Boyd, Eva Webb and Mary Comfort. These three girls had stayed at the school, a "select school" for girls during the Christmas vacation and the idea came to them at that time. They organized after the school was in session again and that year they took in four other girls. The organization was known as the Delta Gamma Society. Without consulting anyone they chose their name and badge and wrote their constitution and ritual. The greater part of this first ritual is used to-day. Their first badge was a gold letter H with Δ Γ on the crossbar. When the first charter was granted to Water Valley the mother chapter took the name Psi. The chapter roll is as follows:

1874. Psi, The Louis School (1889) .....	
1877. Chi, Water Valley Seminary (1880) .....	
1877. Theta, Fairmount College (1880) .....	
1878. Upsilon Bolivar College (1881) .....	
1878. Phi, Franklin College, Ind. (1883) .....	
1879. Eta, University of Akron .....	
1880. Delta, Trinity University (Tex.) (1887) .....	
1880. Omega, University of Wisconsin .....	

1881.	Delta, Hanover College (1881)	.....
1882.	Pi, Fulton Synodical College, Mo. (1885)	.....
1882.	Alpha, Mt. Union College (1908)	.....
1882.	Lambda, University of Minnesota	.....
1882.	Sigma, Northwestern University	.....
1883.	Theta, Western Reserve University (1888)	.....
1883.	Zeta, Albion College	.....
1884.	Upsilon, St. Lawrence University (1887)	.....
1885.	Chi, Cornell University	.....
1885.	Xi, University of Michigan	.....
1885.	Phi, University of Colorado	.....
1887.	Tau, University of Iowa	.....
1887.	Delta, University of Southern California (1896)	.....
1888.	Kappa, University of Nebraska	.....
1892.	Psi, Goucher College	.....
1897.	Upsilon, Stanford University	.....
1898.	Theta, University of Indiana	.....
1901.	Rho, Syracuse University	.....
1903.	Beta, University of Washington	.....
1906.	Iota, University of Illinois	.....
1907.	Gamma, University of California	.....
1908.	Omicron, Adelphi College	.....
1909.	Mu, University of Missouri	.....
1911.	Epsilon, Ohio State University	.....
1911.	Nu, University of Idaho	.....
1911.	Pi, University of Montana	.....
1912.	Alpha Beta, Swarthmore College	.....
1913.	Alpha Gamma, University of Toronto	.....
1913.	Alpha Delta, University of Oregon	.....
1914.	Alpha Epsilon, Washington University, Mo.	.....
1915.	Alpha Zeta, Lawrence College, Appleton	.....
1916.	Alpha Eta, Whitman College	.....
1916.	Alpha Theta, University North Dakota	.....
1918.	Alpha Iota, University of Oklahoma	.....
1920.	Alpha Kappa, Washburn College	.....
1921.	Alpha Lambda, Drake University	.....
1922.	Alpha Mu, Beloit College	.....
1922.	Alpha Nu, University of Southern California	.....
1922.	Alpha Xi, University of West Virginia	.....

Active chapters, 35; inactive, 12; membership, 7,041.

The following chapters own houses, Albion, California, Colorado, Cornell, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Southern California, Stanford, Syracuse, Washburn, Washington, Wisconsin. Total houses 20; total valuation \$380,000.

The chapters at the Water Valley Seminary, Fairmount and Bolivar Colleges were surrendered and those at Franklin, Trinity, Hanover, Fulton, St. Lawrence, and Southern California were withdrawn.

Several of the chapters were formed from locals.

There are twenty three alumnæ chapters in the large cities.

The 15th of March of each year is observed by all the chapters as "Reunion Day," at which date the alumnæ try to visit the chapters, and where that is not possible, to at least send a communication to them. It is a pleasant custom, and has been universally observed.

The fraternity is governed by a convention and a Council. The convention is the supreme governing body and meets biennially. It is composed of one delegate from each collegiate chapter, and one delegate from each alumnæ chapter, the members of the council, the province secretaries and the secretary of the convention. The Council consists of seven members, the president, vice-president, secretary-editor, treasurer and Alumnæ Representative, Chairman Scholarship Advancement Committee, Installation Officer. The Council, when the convention is not in session, has the same powers as the latter, subject to its ultimate control. The province secretaries serve as chapter inspectors. The chapters are geographically divided into five provinces. Each province is under the supervision of a province secretary. Province secretaries are elected by Council in the years when convention is not held. Hold office for two years. Each chapter is visited at least once in a year.

Scholarship reports are required of each chapter twice a year. A national scholarship provides funds to assist worthy undergraduates to complete their college careers.

Conventions of the fraternity have been held biennially.

The catalogue of the fraternity was published in 1888, at Chicago, under the auspices of the Omega chapter. It contained the names of all of the members of the then living chapters. A second edition was published in 1901 under the care of the Baltimore chapter and a supplement to it was compiled by the Stanford chapter in 1904, and a third edition under the auspices of the Syracuse chapter in 1911. A fourth edition was prepared and published in 1914 by Ethel M. Tukey. A supplement was published in 1917. A fifth edition was published in 1922 edited by Mrs. E. W. Hawley.

The journal of the fraternity is called *The Anchora*. Its publication was begun in 1884, at Akron, Ohio, under the management of the Eta chapter, and continued until the end of the third volume, in 1887, when it was removed to Minneapolis, Minn., enlarged and improved, and placed under the control of the Lambda chapter, at Minnesota, where it remained until the end of the thirteenth volume, in 1897, when it was placed under the control of the chapter at the Woman's College of Baltimore. It was edited by the Nebraska chapter from 1905-1915 and is now being edited by the Minnesota chapter.

A Songbook was published in 1895, and a second edition, compiled by the Cornell chapter, was published in 1904 and a third edition in 1911, and a fourth in 1919, a fifth edition in 1922 by the Minnesota chapter.

A history was issued as a supplement to the catalogue of 1901 and a more elaborate history in 1915 as a number of *The Anchora*.

The badge of the fraternity was changed in 1878 to a

gold anchor, the crossbar of which displays the letters "T Δ H" in gold on white enamel, and above the flukes is a shield bearing the letters "Δ Γ." The colors are pink, blue and bronze. A cream-colored rose is the fraternity flower. The pledge button is white.



During the War \$28,000 was raised for the aid of Belgian refugee children in recognition of which an orphanage in Marchienne has been named by the Belgian Government, "The Delta Gamma Orphange."

## DELTA ZETA



THE Delta Zeta fraternity was founded October 24, 1902, at Miami University by Alfa Lloyd Hayes, Anna Simmons Friedline, Anna Keen Davis, Mabelle Minton Hageman, Mary Collins Galbreath, and Julia Bishop Coleman, who were students at that university. The Alpha chapter was inactive from 1904 to 1908, when it was reorganized, and about the same time the Beta chapter was established at Cornell.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1902. Alpha, Miami University .....	170
1908. Beta, Cornell University .....	172
1909. Delta, De Pauw University .....	169
1909. Epsilon, Indiana University .....	177
1910. Zeta, University of Nebraska .....	161
1910. Eta, Baker University .....	86
1911. Theta, Ohio State University .....	140
1913. Iota, Iowa State University .....	138
1914. Kappa, University of Washington .....	136
1915. Lambda, Kansas State Agricultural College .....	105
1915. Mu, University of California .....	117
1915. Nu, Lombard College .....	63
1916. Xi, University of Cincinnati .....	75
1916. Omicron, University of Pittsburgh .....	80
1917. Pi, Eureka College .....	70
1917. Rho, Denver University .....	92

1917. Sigma, Louisiana University .....	73
1918. Tau, University of Wisconsin .....	89
1919. Upsilon, University of North Dakota . . . . .	78
1919. Phi, State College of Washington .....	77
1919. Chi, Oregon Agricultural College .....	80
1920. Psi, Franklin College .....	90
1920. Omega, University of Oregon .....	46
1920. Alpha Alpha, Northwestern University .....	40
1921. Alpha Beta, University of Illinois .....	45
1922. Alpha Gamma, University of Alabama .....	21
1922. Alpha Delta, George Washington University .....	15
1922. Alpha Epsilon, Oklahoma State College .....	24
1922. Alpha Zeta, Adelphi College .....	24
1922. Alpha Eta, University of Michigan .....	27

Active chapters, 30; inactive, 0; membership, 2696.

The following chapters own houses: Cornell, De Pauw, Nebraska, Washington (U.), California, Denver, Wisconsin, Kansas State, Baker. Total houses, 9; total valuation, \$180,000.

There are alumnae chapters in twenty cities.

The Baker chapter was inactive from 1912 to 1918 when it was reorganized, making the entire chapter roll active.

Delta Zeta is governed by a Grand Council of nine members. Conventions are held biennially, but a meeting of the Grand Council may be called in the interim.

The chapters are divided into provinces with a president over each province. Each chapter has a "Big Sister" whose duty it is to keep in touch with the chapter and act as advisor. These chapter "Big Sisters" are responsible to the province presidents, who in turn are responsible to the National Big Sister, who is a member of the Grand Council.

The magazine of the fraternity is *The Lamp*. It was first published in 1910, and is now issued quarterly at Menasha, Wisconsin. A Songbook was published in 1913, and a second and larger one in 1921. Catalogues were published in



1914, 1917, and 1919. The last has been three times supplemented.

The badge is a Roman lamp resting on an Ionic column. At the base of the lamp are four pearls, while the lamp bears the letters "Δ Z." The colors are old rose and Nile green, the fraternity flower is the pink rose. The pledge pin is a diamond of black enamel bearing a Roman lamp in gold.



At the 1922 convention the office of executive secretary was established, and a central office is now maintained at Muncie, Indiana.

## GAMMA PHI BETA



**G**AMMA PHI BETA was founded Nov. 11, 1874, at the University of Syracuse, by Frances E. Haven, E. Adeline Curtis, Helen M. Dodge and Mary A. Bingham. The roll of the fraternity is as follows:

1874. Alpha, University of Syracuse .....	550
1882. Beta, University of Michigan .....	471
1885. Gamma, University of Wisconsin .....	401
1887. Delta, Boston University .....	240
1888. Epsilon, Northwestern University .....	416
1893. Zeta, Goucher College .....	212
1896. Eta, University of California .....	291
1897. Theta, University of Denver .....	262
1901. Iota, Barnard College (Columbia) (1915) .....	84
1902. Kappa, University of Minnesota .....	264
1903. Lambda, University of Washington .....	337
1905. Mu, Stanford University .....	157
1907. Nu, University of Oregon .....	165
1909. Xi, University of Idaho .....	198
1913. Omicron, University of Illinois .....	169
1914. Pi, University of Nebraska .....	96
1915. Rho, University of Iowa .....	129
1915. Sigma, University of Kansas .....	112
1915. Tau, Colorado Agricultural College .....	92
1916. Upsilon, Hollins College .....	64
1916. Phi, Washington University .....	73
1917. Chi, Oregon State Agricultural College .....	80
1918. Psi, University of Oklahoma .....	74

1919. Omega, Iowa State College .....	96
1919. University of Toronto .....	74
1920. University of North Dakota .....	67
1921. University of Nevada .....	61
1921. University of Missouri .....	46
1922. University of Arizona .....	31
1922. University of Texas .....	27

Active chapters, 29; inactive, 1; membership, 5,333.

The following chapters own houses: California, Denver, Idaho, Illinois, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, North Dakota, Oregon, Stanford, Syracuse, Washington, Wisconsin. Total houses, 13; total valuation, \$308,500.

Almost all of the chapters were formed from locals.

There are eighteen *alumnæ* chapters each of which has privileges of college chapters save that of initiation, and seventeen *alumnæ* associations which pay national dues are excused from national responsibilities. The *alumnæ* secretary is assisted in her work by twenty-five district secretaries who keep in touch with scattered *alumnæ*, inform them of sorority progress and file any change of address. The Endowment Fund is sponsored by the *alumnæ*.

The government of the sorority is vested in a Grand Council of five members (president, vice-president, secretary-treasurer, N. P. C. delegate and chairman of visiting delegates); the offices of president, vice-president and secretary-treasurer are salaried and the members holding these offices must be in the same district; there is a central office from which all sorority communications are issued. There are four districts—those of east, middle-west, southwest and west—each of which has its own national inspector; a biennial convention is held with each district in turn. The first convention was held at Syracuse in 1883 and the second at Ann Arbor in 1884. From 1884 until 1907 conventions were held annually with the chapters in order of founding

with one exception. This was when Alpha was allowed to celebrate the twenty-first anniversary of its founding. The twenty-eighth convention at Berkeley, California, was the first Greek letter convention held west of the Rockies and the second west of the Mississippi.

For its national social service, Gamma Phi Beta presents through the American Association of University Women to some graduate student whose interest and training is in social service, a Fellowship of five hundred dollars. During the War, the sorority gave through the Milk Bottle Campaign, approximately ten thousand dollars to Belgian babies and also subscribed five hundred dollars to a Hostess House. Since the War, an active campaign for Near East Relief has been in progress.

An examination upon all sorority history is given annually; a scholarship chairman issues scholarship books in which each chapter must keep a detailed record; November 11, Founders' Day, is observed by college and alumnae members and a card catalogue system keeps a permanent index of the members up to date.

The sorority published directories in 1894, 1913, 1917 and 1922. Songbooks were issued in 1887, 1909 and 1921. It issues a quarterly journal called *The Crescent*, which was first published in January, 1904, subsequently was issued by the Zeta chapter with Anna Morris Dimmick as editor and which has been edited since 1910 by Lindsey Barbee. In 1921 the first history of the organization, entitled "The Story of Gamma Phi Beta," and written by Lindsey Barbee was issued.

The badge is a monogram of three letters surrounded by a black enameled crescent displaying Hebrew characters. The colors are fawn and seal brown. The flower is the carnation. The colors of the pledge pin are light and dark brown.



## KAPPA ALPHA THETA



THIS fraternity was organized at Indiana Asbury University (now De Pauw University), Greencastle, Ind., January 27, 1870. The moving spirit was Bettie Locke, '71, and associated with her were Alice Allen, '71, Bettie Tipton, '71, and Hanna Fitch, '73. It was the first society of women organized with principles and methods akin to those of the Greek-letter fraternities, and the first to bear a Greek-letter name.

The strong doubts which then prevailed as to the advisability of higher education for women, the small number of colleges which were then admitting them to equal educational facilities with men, and the difficulties which those who availed themselves of this privilege encountered, rendered the establishment of such a society something of an experiment. Founded in a co-educational institution, where the same needs which led to the establishment of Greek-letter societies among men were felt by the women, the fraternity was not until 1896 extended to women's colleges, in which theretofore the conditions necessary for its success did not seem to exist.

The following is the roll of chapters:

1870. Alpha, De Pauw University	622
1870. Beta, Indiana University	605
1871. Gamma, Moore's Hill College (1875)	18
1874. Gamma, Butler College	299
1875. Delta, Illinois Wesleyan University (1895)	131
1875. Epsilon, Wooster College (1913)	233
1876. Zeta, Ohio University (1886)	35
1879. Eta, University of Michigan	296
1879. Theta, Simpson College (1891)	94
1881. Gamma, Ohio Wesleyan University (1881)	20
1881. Iota, Cornell University	294
1881. Kappa, University of Kansas	380
1881. Lambda, University of Vermont	299
1881. Mu, Allegheny College	287
1882. Nu, Hanover College (1899)	50
1883. Xi, Wesleyan University (1887)	20
1887. Omicron, University of Southern California	132
1887. Pi, Albion College (1908)	134
1887. Rho, University of Nebraska	271
1887. Sigma, University of Toronto	137
1887. Tau, Northwestern University	321
1889. Psi, University of Minnesota	300
1889. Phi, University of the Pacific (1890)	16
1889. Chi, University of Syracuse	389
1890. Psi, University of Wisconsin	340
1890. Omega, University of California	293
1890. Phi, Stanford University	258
1891. Alpha Beta, Swarthmore College	208
1892. Alpha Gamma, Ohio State University	209
1895. Delta, University of Illinois	279
1896. Alpha Delta, Goucher College	209
1897. Alpha Epsilon, Brown University (1912)	108
1898. Alpha Zeta, Barnard College (Columbia) (1915)	100
1904. Alpha Eta, Vanderbilt University	205
1904. Alpha Theta, University of Texas	224
1906. Alpha Iota, Washington University	194
1907. Alpha Kappa, Adelphi College	119
1908. Alpha Lambda, University of Washington	217
1909. Alpha Mu, University of Missouri	198
1909. Alpha Nu, University of Montana	106
1909. Alpha Xi, University of Oregon	182

1909. Alpha Theta, University of Oklahoma .....	204
1911. Alpha Pi, University of North Dakota .....	153
1912. Alpha Rho, University of South Dakota .....	140
1913. Alpha Sigma, Washington State College .....	164
1913. Alpha Tau, University of Cincinnati .....	133
1914. Alpha Upsilon, Washburn College .....	186
1914. Alpha Phi, Newcomb College .....	83
1915. Alpha Chi, Purdue University .....	135
1915. Alpha Omega, University of Pittsburgh .....	119
1915. Alpha Psi, Lawrence College .....	120
1916. Beta Beta, Randolph-Macon Woman's College .....	85
1917. Beta Gamma, Colorado State College .....	88
1917. Beta Delta, University of Arizona .....	86
1917. Beta Epsilon, Oregon State College .....	102
1919. Beta Zeta, Oklahoma Agricultural College .....	90
1919. Beta Eta, University of Pennsylvania .....	61
1920. Beta Theta, University of Idaho .....	76
1921. Beta Iota, University of Colorado .....	60
1921. Beta Kappa, Drake University .....	59
1922. Beta Lambda, William & Mary College .....	24
1922. Beta Mu, University of Nevada .....	25

Active chapters, 50; inactive, 12; membership, 11,026.

The following chapters own houses: Butler, California, Cornell, De Pauw, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Stanford, Syracuse, Montana, Purdue, Randolph-Macon, Vanderbilt, Vermont, Washburn, Wisconsin. Total houses, 20; total valuation, \$350,000.

There are alumnæ chapters at many of the larger cities.

The chapters were named upon the State system until 1881, when the present method was adopted. In the spring of 1870, a number of ladies from the State University of Indiana applied for a charter, and were admitted as the second chapter. The first Gamma, at Moore's Hill College, was extinguished by anti-fraternity laws. The present Gamma was inactive from 1886 to 1906 when it was re-established by the absorption of a local called Sigma Delta

Theta. Delta, at Illinois Wesleyan, was the first chapter established outside of Indiana. It succeeded for a while, but died in 1895. The charter was given to the University of Illinois. Eta, at Ann Arbor, after a career of seven years surrendered its charter. It was re-established in 1893. The Wooster, Brown, and Barnard chapters were killed by anti-fraternity laws.

Many of the chapters were formed from local societies. In 1890, Phi, of the University of the Pacific, was transferred to Stanford University, and in the same year Rho, of the University of Nebraska, gave up its charter, the charter was returned in 1896. In 1895 Omicron, of the University of Southern California resigned its charter. This chapter was re-established in 1917 by charter to Alpha Rho.

The conventions are held biennially.

Until 1883 the government of the fraternity was in the hands of the Alpha chapter. It was then vested in a grand chapter composed of one member from each college chapter, Alpha remaining permanent head of the order, and the secretaryship being held by the chapters in turn. In 1891 all legislative and judicial powers of the fraternity were vested in the biennial convention. A Grand Council, elected at each convention, administers the affairs of the fraternity until the next one assembles. In 1893 another change was made, certain powers of district legislation being granted to the district conventions. The fraternity was also divided into districts for purposes of administration. There are ten districts no one of which is to contain more than five college chapters. All routine work is concentrated in the office of the secretary who is also editress of the magazine and gives her undivided services to the fraternity.

In 1915 an alumnæ secretary was provided for who is directly responsible to the president. As assistants she has



a state chairman in each state. It is an important part of her work to keep the alumnæ in contact with the fraternity.

The fraternity has a scholarship fund to assist worthy undergraduates to complete their college careers.

There is a Service Board established in 1913 to study fraternity conditions and projects, such as housing conditions of the chapters, vocational and scholarship guidance of the undergraduates, the collection and compilation of historical material and the like.

The fraternity catalogue was published first in 1888 at Indianapolis; then in 1890 at Evanston, Ill.; in 1895 at Ithaca, N. Y.; in 1902 at Columbus, Ohio; in 1904 at Columbus, O.; in 1908 at Ann Arbor; in 1916 at Menasha, Wis., edited by L. Pearle Green; in 1922 at Menasha, Wis., edited by Eva R. Hall.

The magazine of the fraternity is called the *Kappa Alpha Theta*. It has been published usually as a quarterly, though in some years only three numbers have been issued. Its publication began, in 1885, under the direction of the Kansas chapter, at Lawrence, Kans. Since 1909 it has been published at Menasha, Wis. A Songbook has been published in 1884, 1890, 1902, 1908, 1912 and 1918. There are published annual reports and convention minutes, and a *Handbook of Kappa Alpha Theta* by L. Pearle Green (Menasha, Wis., 1911).

The badge is kite-shaped, having four sides. It is of black enamel, inlaid with a white chevron, on which are displayed the letters "K A Θ." Above this are two diamond stars, and below are the letters "α ω ο." The colors are black and gold. The flower is the black and gold pansy. The colors of the pledge button are black and gold.



## KAPPA DELTA



**K**APPA DELTA sorority was founded October 23, 1897, at the Virginia State Normal School, Farmville, Va., by Mary S. Sparks, Julia G. Tyler, Lenora D. Ashmore, and Sara Turner; and incorporated under the state laws of Virginia in 1902.

Chapters have been established as follows:

1897. Alpha, Virginia State Normal (1912) .....	101
1902. Beta, Chatham Episcopal Institute (Va.) (1904) .....	30
1902. Old Epsilon, Elizabeth College (1904) ( <i>sub-rosa</i> ) .....	9
1902. Gamma, Hollins College (Va.) .....	178
1903. Sigma, Gunston Hall (1912) .....	92
1903. Phi Psi, Fairmount Seminary (1912) .....	92
1903. Theta, Randolph-Macon Woman's College .....	156
1904. Zeta, University of Alabama .....	165
1904. Phi Delta, St. Mary's School (N. C.) (1911) .....	77
1904. Kappa Alpha, Florida State College for Women .....	159
1904. Rho Omega Phi, Judson College (Marion, Ala.) (1919) ..	165
1905. Delta, Presbyterian College for Women (1910) .....	34
1907. Iota, Caldwell College (Danville, Ky.) (1908) .....	9
1907. Lambda, Northwestern University .....	182
1908. Omicron, Illinois Wesleyan University .....	126
1908. Sigma Sigma, Iowa State College .....	188
1909. Epsilon, Louisiana State University .....	128
1909. Epsilon Omega, University of Kentucky .....	114
1911. Alpha Gamma, Coe College .....	146
1912. Sigma Delta, Trinity College, N. C. ....	49

1913. Kappa, Woman's College of Alabama (1913) .....	17
1913. Omega Xi, University of Cincinnati .....	74
1913. Eta, Hunter College .....	94
1914. Mu, Millsaps College .....	72
1914. Chi, University of Denver .....	140
1914. Rho, University of Wyoming .....	93
1915. Phi Tau, Bucknell University .....	84
1916. Phi Epsilon, Colorado Agricultural College .....	92
1916. Sigma Alpha, Southern Methodist University .....	74
1917. Omega Chi, Cornell University .....	71
1917. Theta Sigma, University of Southern California .....	89
1917. Phi, University of California .....	124
1918. Sigma Beta, University of Minnesota .....	136
1918. Psi, Lawrence College, Wis. ....	83
1919. Nu, Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College .....	77
1920. Xi, University of Pittsburgh .....	46
1920. Pi, University of Nebraska .....	95
1920. Tau, University of Wisconsin .....	53
1920. Upsilon, Beloit College .....	53
1920. Sigma Gamma, Kansas State College .....	71
1921. Sigma Epsilon, University of Texas .....	40
1921. Sigma Zeta, University of Michigan .....	91
1921. Sigma Eta, St. Lawrence University .....	48
1921. Sigma Theta, University of Pennsylvania .....	42
1922. Sigma Iota, University of Washington .....	72
1922. Sigma Kappa, Ohio State University .....	45
1922. Sigma Lambda, Alabama Polytechnic Institute .....	14
1922. Sigma Mu, George Washington University .....	48

Active chapters, 38; inactive, 10; membership, 4,238.

The following chapters own houses. Alabama, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Randolph-Macon, Wisconsin. Total houses, 6; total valuation, \$94,000.

Many of the chapters were formed from local societies.

The chapters at Virginia Normal, Fairmount Seminary, and Gunston Institute were placed upon the inactive list by order of the Panhellenic Congress when Kappa Delta joined same because these institutions were not of collegiate rank. The Chatham Episcopal, St. Mary's School, Presbyterian

College, Caldwell, Woman's College of Alabama, and Judson chapters became inactive when the faculties of those institutions abolished fraternities.

There are alumnæ associations at a large number of cities. These associations enjoy all privileges except that of initiating new members.

October 23 of each year is celebrated as Founders' Day by chapters and alumnæ associations.

Annual conventions were held 1904-1913. Since 1913 convention has been biennial. The convention of delegates from the chapters and alumnæ associations is the governing body of the sorority. Between its sessions the affairs of the sorority are administered by a National Council of six alumnæ.

Kappa Delta has created the permanent, salaried office of Inspector General, who spends the entire college year in the field.

The sorority maintains a fund to lend money to worthy members to enable them to finish their college work. Applications are made to a Student Loan Fund Committee. It also maintains a committee to supervise chapter houses and rooms, and to administer a House Loan Fund.

In addition to social service and philanthropic work carried on by individual chapters and members, the sorority has pledged its organized and permanent support to the Crippled Children's Hospital in Richmond, Va.

Since 1904 the sorority has published a quarterly journal, the *Angelos*. One number each year contains current additions to the official directory published in 1920. A secret publication, *Ta Takta*, is issued at the discretion of the National Council. *Katydid* is a daily paper published at convention. A Songbook, published first in 1914, is now in its third edition. In 1922, the Inspector General compiled and had printed a chapter officers' handbook.

The sorority is divided geographically into provinces, each having its president, who looks after much of the detail and routine work of the respective chapters, and is under direct supervision of the National Council.

The diamond-shaped badge displays a dagger, the sorority's initials, and the letters "A O T" in gold on a background of black enamel. The pledge pin of the first degree is a small shield of green and white enamel bearing



three gold stars. The pledge pin of the second degree is an open equilateral triangle of gold superimposed upon a dagger, straight lines connecting the center of the base with the center of each side. The recognition pin is a small gold dagger. The flag is a thrice-barred and dentate pennant, olive and white, displaying a white rose, dagger, and three gold stars. Colors:—olive green and pearl white. Flower:—white rose.

## KAPPA KAPPA GAMMA



**T**HIS fraternity was founded at Monmouth, Ill., October 13, 1870—the anniversary of which day is generally celebrated by the chapters. The founders were Anna Willits, Minnie Stewart, Jennie Boyd and Louise Bennett. A proposition to establish a chapter of another fraternity suggested the idea of creating this one. The idea seems to have occurred to the several founders simultaneously, and was at once put into concrete form. The following is the chapter roll:

1870. Alpha, Monmouth College (1878) .....	31
1871. Beta, Knox College (1874) .....	19
1872. Gamma, Smithson College (1875) .....	11
1873. Delta, Indiana University .....	533
1873. Epsilon, Illinois Wesleyan University .....	324
1874. Zeta, Rockford Seminary, Ill. (1876) .....	13
1875. Eta, University of Wisconsin .....	481
1875. Theta, University of Missouri .....	402
1875. Iota, De Pauw University .....	531
1876. Beta Gamma, University of Wooster (1913) .....	237
1877. Lambda, Municipal University of Akron .....	277
1878. Mu, Butler College .....	303
1879. Nu, Franklin College (1884) .....	42
1879. Beta Beta, St. Lawrence University .....	234
1879. Rho, Ohio Wesleyan University (1884) .....	28
1880. Pi, University of California .....	301
1880. Chi, University of Minnesota .....	403
1880. Kappa, Hillsdale College .....	265

1880. Tau, Lassell Seminary, Mass. (1882) .....	6
1881. Omicron, Simpson College (1890) .....	64
1882. Phi, Boston University .....	323
1882. Beta Zeta, University of Iowa* .....	341
1882. Upsilon, Northwestern University .....	368
1882. Xi, Adrian College .....	240
1883. Beta Tau, University of Syracuse .....	396
1883. Psi, Cornell University .....	263
1883. Omega, University of Kansas .....	402
1884. Sigma, University of Nebraska .....	357
1885. Beta Rho, University of Cincinnati .....	113
1888. Gamma Rho, Allegheny College .....	257
1888. Beta Nu, Ohio State University .....	240
1890. Beta Alpha, University of Pennsylvania .....	183
1890. Beta Delta, University of Michigan .....	327
1891. Beta Epsilon, Columbia University (Barnard) (1915) ....	124
1892. Beta Eta, Stanford University .....	240
1893. Beta Iota, Swarthmore College .....	183
1899. Beta Lambda, University of Illinois .....	264
1901. Beta Mu, University of Colorado .....	272
1902. Beta Xi, University of Texas .....	271
1904. Beta Omicron, Tulane University (Newcomb) .....	112
1905. Beta Sigma, Adelphi College .....	136
1905. Beta Pi, University of Washington .....	249
1906. Beta Upsilon, University of West Virginia .....	160
1909. Beta Phi, University of Montana .....	152
1910. Beta Chi, University of Kentucky .....	124
1911. Beta Psi, University of Toronto .....	101
1913. Beta Omega, University of Oregon .....	159
1914. Beta Theta, University of Oklahoma .....	147
1915. Beta Kappa, University of Idaho .....	117
1917. Gamma Alpha, Kansas State Agricultural College .....	116
1918. Gamma Beta, University of New Mexico .....	49
1918. Gamma Gamma, Whitman College .....	108
1919. Gamma Delta, Purdue University .....	86
1919. Gamma Epsilon, University of Pittsburgh .....	52
1920. Gamma Zeta, University of Arizona .....	54
1920. Gamma Eta, Washington State College .....	52
1921. Gamma Theta, Drake University .....	38
1921. Gamma Iota, Washington University .....	21

Active chapters, 48; inactive, 10; membership, 11,696.

The Wisconsin, Indiana, Michigan, St. Lawrence, Syracuse, California, Kansas, Missouri, Stanford, Minnesota, University of Washington, Cornell, Purdue chapters own their houses. Total houses 13; total valuation, \$200,000.

Alpha, at Monmouth, ceased to exist openly when anti-fraternity laws were passed. It died after a subsequent brief *sub rosa* existence. The first Beta shared the decline in the fortunes of Knox College during the early seventies, and has not been re-established. The chapters at Smithson College, Rockford Seminary, Simpson Centenary and Lassel Seminary were withdrawn on account of the low standard of the institutions in which they were placed. Theta, at the University of Missouri, was inactive from 1880 to 1884 on account of faculty opposition and Rho, at Ohio Wesleyan, became extinct from the same cause. The California chapter was inactive from 1885 to 1897, and the Cincinnati chapter from 1885 to 1914. It was revived by the absorption of Alpha Phi Psi. The Wooster and Barnard chapters were killed by anti-fraternity laws.

The St. Lawrence chapter was formed from a local society called the "Browning Society," the alumnae of which also became members. In 1898 an attempt was made to withdraw the charter of this chapter without complying with the legal requirements. The chapter began a suit to restrain the officers from acting and won the case in the New York courts. Its right to retain its charter having been vindicated and the grounds alleged for its withdrawal having been judicially declared to be unreasonable, the chapter withdrew from the fraternity and formed a local society called Zeta Phi. In 1915 Zeta Phi again became a chapter of the fraternity.

There are alumnae associations and clubs in sixty-eight cities.



From the foundation of the fraternity until 1878, the executive power was vested in the parent chapter, and for the succeeding three years in the chapter at Illinois Wesleyan. The convention of 1881 found this system inadequate and replaced it by a grand council, composed of four elective members, who manage the affairs of the fraternity in the interim between the conventions. In 1890 the number of this council was changed to five and in 1914 to six. In 1922 the office of executive secretary was established combining the duties of two council officers. This reduced the council to five members, at the same time it was changed to the national council.

In 1902 the offices of historian and catalogue director were created and filled by appointment for ten years. In 1920 the duties of the catalogue director were assumed by the registrar, to be combined in 1922 with the office of executive secretary. The fraternity is divided geographically into provinces, the officers in charge are the province presidents who visit their chapters during each administration, and the province vice-presidents, who are the alumnæ officers of the districts.

There is a system of chapter visitation by members of the council which is to be warmly commended. By the plan adopted every chapter receives at least one visit from a member of the council or the province president every two years.

There is a standing Scholarship Committee which ascertains the standing of each active member and through whose efforts their scholarship has been much improved.

The students' Aid Fund is open to all women in colleges where Kappa Kappa Gamma is established. The assets of this fund are now \$28,000.

Conventions of the fraternity have been held biennially.

The publication of a journal was authorized by the con-

vention in 1881, and the first number of a quarterly appeared in May, 1882, under the title of the *Golden Key*. It was published at Greencastle and Indianapolis, Ind., under the management of a member of Iota chapter, until the end of the third volume, in 1886, when it was enlarged and improved, transferred to Boston, placed under the control of the Phi chapter, and its name changed to *The Key*. It remained under this management until 1894, when it was transferred to the Cornell chapter. In 1900 its management was given to the Ohio State chapter. In 1904 it was decided that it should be placed under the control of an editor rather than a chapter. It was the first journal published by a woman's fraternity. The first edition of the songbook was published at Canton, N. Y., in 1886. It was edited by the St. Lawrence chapter. The second edition was published at Minneapolis in 1889, edited by Chi chapter. A third edition was published at Boston in 1897, edited by the Barnard chapter. This latter contained music and words, much of the music being original. The Songbook was published in 1916 by a committee, and again in 1922. An unique publication has been the Kappa Kappa Gamma calendar in chart form, and containing appropriate daily quotations. It has been published since 1888 with one or two interruptions.

The catalogue was compiled in 1888, a second edition in 1898, a third in 1913, and another in 1919.

The badge is a golden key an inch in length. On the stem are the letters "K K Γ," and on the ward the letters "Α Ω Ο." Each badge bears the chapter letters. It is unique and pretty. The colors are shades of light and dark blue. The flower is the fleur-de-lis. The colors of the pledge button are light and dark blue.



## PHI MU



**T**HIS society in its present form was organized June 24, 1904. It grew out of a local society called the Philomathean which was organized at Wesleyan College, Macon, Ga., in 1852, by Mary Dupont Lines, Mary Myrick Daniels and Martha Hardaway Redding.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1904. Alpha, Wesleyan College (1914) .....	<sup>1</sup> 1236
1904. Beta, Hollins College .....	194
1906. Gamma, Winston-Salem (1909) .....	45
1906. Delta, Sophie Newcomb (Tulane) .....	101
1906. Upsilon Delta, St. Mary's College (1910) .....	45
1907. Zeta, Chevy Chase College (1910) .....	61
1907. Theta, Belmont College (1911) .....	94
1907. Eta, Hardin College (1911) .....	60
1908. Xi Kappa, Southwestern University .....	109
1908. Kappa, University of Tennessee .....	91
1910. Lambda, Randolph-Macon Woman's College .....	107
1910. Mu, Brenau College .....	156
1911. Nu, Shorter College (1912) .....	34
1911. Xi, University of New Mexico .....	88
1912. Omicron, University of Akron .....	97
1912. Pi, University of Maine .....	114
1912. Sigma, Knox College .....	80
1913. Rho, Hanover College .....	61
1913. Upsilon, Ohio State University .....	108
1913. Phi, University of Texas .....	95

<sup>1</sup> This includes all of the members of the old local society.

1913. Chi, University of Missouri .....	116
1913. Tau, Whitman College .....	102
1913. Psi, Adelphi College .....	81
1914. Epsilon, Millsaps College .....	83
1914. Iota, Lawrence College .....	73
1914. Omega, Iowa Wesleyan .....	78
1915. Beta Alpha, George Washington University .....	74
1915. Iota Sigma, University of Southern California .....	89
1915. Epsilon Alpha, Southern Methodist University .....	80
1916. Zeta Alpha, Baker University .....	67
1916. Eta Alpha, University of California .....	114
1917. Eta Beta, University of Washington .....	95
1917. Beta Beta, Colby College .....	53
1919. Beta Gamma, New Hampshire State College .....	51
1919. Beta Delta, Dickinson College .....	39
1919. Zeta Beta, University of Wisconsin .....	54
1919. Beta Epsilon, Swarthmore College .....	45
1920. Delta Alpha, University of Indiana .....	44
1920. Beta Zeta, University of Syracuse .....	74
1920. Beta Theta, University of Pittsburgh .....	20
1921. Alpha Alpha, University of Georgia .....	14
1921. Zeta Gamma, University of Nebraska .....	37
1921. Delta Beta, University of Illinois .....	23
1922. Zeta Delta, Drake University .....	19
1922. Beta Kappa, Bucknell University .....	22

Active chapters, 38; inactive, 7; total membership, 4,523.

The following chapters own houses: California, Indiana, Missouri, New Mexico, Randolph-Macon, Syracuse, Washington, Wisconsin. Total houses, 8; total valuation, \$122,000.

The Wesleyan, Winston-Salem and Shorter chapters were killed by anti-fraternity laws. The charters of the St. Mary's, Chevy Chase, Hardin and Belmont chapters were withdrawn through N. P. C. rulings. The chapters at St. Mary's, Southwestern and Southern California were formed from local societies indicated by the chapter names. Since

1914 all chapters have been formed from locals which organized for the purpose of petitioning a National.

The government is in the hands of a National Council composed of eight officers elected at the convention. They are assisted by a general council composed of the presidents of the seven provinces into which the chapters are divided. A central office, through which the business of the fraternity passes, is maintained at New Orleans. At each convention, which is held biennially, a National Panhellenic delegate is elected. Each national officer is chairman of a standing board.

There are alumnæ chapters in nineteen cities in addition to five state alumnæ associations.

A brief history in connection with the last directory was published in 1921. The publication of an annual was begun in 1900. In 1907 a quarterly called the *Aglaia* was begun and has since been issued. In 1913 the issue of a secret annual called the *Philomathean* was commenced. In 1921 a Songbook was published. The *Aglaia* is published under the direction of four editors and a business manager.



The badge is a shield of black enamel displaying a hand holding a heart. Above is a band of gold bearing the letters "Φ M" and below is a band bearing three stars. The colors are rose and white. The flower is the Enchantress carnation.

## PHI OMEGA PI



**P**HI OMEGA PI, a fraternity limited to members of the Order of the Eastern Star, was founded at the University of Nebraska, March 5, 1910, by fifteen girls who were members of the Order of the Eastern Star. The moving spirits in the organization were Frances Chatburn, Florence Hill, Mabelle Long, Alice Humpe, and Etta Yont.

Originally, the fraternity, in accordance with the Masonic traditions, was called Achoth, a Hebrew name meaning sister, and the pin bore the Hebrew characters Shin, Nun, Aleph, the initial letters of the organization's motto, but in 1920 the letters were changed to Greek, and in October, 1922, the name was changed to correspond with the letters on the pin. The chapters formerly were named in the order of the Hebrew alphabet, but with the change of name, they automatically took the Greek alphabet. The roll is as follows:

1910. Alpha, University of Nebraska .....	150
1910. Beta, University of Iowa .....	120
1911. Gamma, University of Illinois .....	150
1912. Delta, University of Kansas .....	110
1913. Epsilon, Northwestern University .....	35
1915. Zeta, Agricultural College of North Dakota .....	43
1915. Eta, Iowa State Teachers' College .....	106

1915. Theta, University of Wisconsin .....	112
1917. Iota, University of Colorado (1919) .....	52
1917. Kappa, University of Minnesota .....	74
1919. Lambda, University of California .....	80
1920. Mu, Ohio State University .....	66
1921. Nu, Oklahoma University .....	40
1922. Xi, Indiana University .....	39

Active chapters, 13; inactive, 1; membership, 1,177.

The following chapters own houses: Wisconsin and California. Total houses, 2; valuation, \$40,000.

Alumnæ chapters have been formed at a number of places, and alumnæ clubs at others. The alumnæ chapters have all the privileges of the active chapters excepting that of making initiations. The alumnæ clubs have no ritualistic privileges, and are not entitled to voting representatives at conventions. In 1922, an alumnæ secretary was provided.

The government of the fraternity is vested in a convention called Conclave, and a Supreme Governing Council. The convention meets biennially. It is composed of one delegate from each collegiate chapter, the members of the Council, and one delegate from each alumnæ chapter. The Council consists of five members, the president, the vice-president, the secretary, the treasurer, and the editor. The Council, when the convention is not in session, has the same powers. A national inspector, one of the Council members, visits each chapter once a year. Scholarship reports are required of each chapter twice a year.

The journal of the fraternity is the *Pentagon*. It is published semi-annually, the first one being sponsored by the Kansas chapter in 1914. A new edition of the Songbook was edited by the Northwestern chapter in 1923.

The badge of the fraternity is an irregular pentagon, holding a five-pointed star set with a sapphire, and mounted

upon a black background, which is surrounded by an unbroken gold band and pearls. Below the star are the Greek letters "Φ Ω Π," engraved in gold. The colors are sapphire and white, and the flower is the lily-of-the-valley. The pledge pin is black bearing a gold star.





## PI BETA PHI



**P**I BETA PHI, recognized by the National Panhellenic Congress as being the first national fraternity for women, was founded at Monmouth College April 28, 1867, by Libbie Brook, Clara Brownlee, Emma Brownlee, Ada Bruen, Nancy Black, Jennie Horne, Ina Smith, Maggie Campbell, Fannie Whitenack, Rosetta Moore, Jennie Nicol and Fannie Thompson. The organization was originally called the I. C. Sorosis, and the first badge was a tiny golden arrow with the letters "I. C." engraved on the feather. The chapter roll is as follows:

1867. Ill. Alpha, Monmouth College (1884) .....	32
1868. Ia. Alpha, Iowa Wesleyan College .....	477
1870. Ind. Alpha, De Pauw University (1879) .....	11
1872. Ill. Beta, Lombard College .....	351
1873. Kans. Alpha, University of Kansas .....	459
1874. Ia. Beta, Simpson College .....	350
1877. Ia. Gamma, Iowa State College .....	326
1881. Ia. Epsilon, South Iowa Normal School (1887) .....	79
1882. Ill. Gamma, Carthage College (1888) .....	26
1882. Ia. Zeta University of Iowa .....	382
1884. Ill. Delta, Knox College .....	337
1884. Neb. Lambda, York College (1888) .....	58
1884. Col. Alpha, University of Colorado .....	355
1885. Col. Beta, University of Denver .....	317
1886. Ia. Lambda, Callanan College (1889) .....	15
1887. Neb. Beta, Hastings College (1887) .....	8

1887. Mich. Alpha, Hillsdale College .....	277
1888. Ind. Alpha, Franklin College .....	301
1888. Mich. Beta, University of Michigan .....	319
1880. D. C. Alpha, George Washington University .....	226
1889. Ohio Alpha, Ohio University .....	255
1890. Minn. Alpha, University of Minnesota .....	255
1891. La. Alpha, Sophie Newcomb College (Tulane) .....	235
1892. Pa. Alpha, Swarthmore College .....	213
1893. Vt. Alpha, Middlebury College .....	217
1893. Ind. Beta, University of Indiana .....	366
1893. Cal. Alpha, Stanford University .....	187
1894. Ohio Beta, Ohio State University .....	193
1894. Ill. Epsilon, Northwestern University .....	274
1894. Wis. Alpha, University of Wisconsin .....	357
1895. Neb. Beta, University of Nebraska .....	303
1895. Pa. Beta, Bucknell University .....	247
1895. Ill. Zeta, University of Illinois .....	295
1896. N. Y. Alpha, Syracuse University .....	349
1896. Mass. Alpha, Boston University .....	216
1897. Md. Alpha, Goucher College, Baltimore .....	237
1897. Ind. Gamma, Butler College .....	242
1898. Vt. Beta, University of Vermont .....	159
1899. Mo. Alpha, University of Missouri .....	283
1900. Cal. Beta, University of California .....	259
1902. Texas Alpha, University of Texas .....	244
1903. Penn. Gamma, Dickinson College .....	143
1904. N. Y. Beta, Barnard College (Columbia) (1915) .....	96
1907. Wash. Alpha, University of Washington .....	243
1907. Mo. Beta, Washington University .....	179
1908. Ont. Alpha, University of Toronto .....	133
1909. Ark. Alpha, University of Arkansas .....	153
1910. Ohio Gamma, College of Wooster (1913) .....	37
1910. Wyo. Alpha, University of Wyoming .....	146
1910. Okla. Alpha, University of Oklahoma .....	215
1912. Ill. Eta, Millikin University .....	161
1912. Wash. Beta, Washington State College ..	147
1913. Fla. Alpha, Stetson University .....	125
1913. Va. Alpha, Randolph-Macon Women's College .....	112
1914. Mo. Gamma, Drury College .....	175
1914. N. Y. Gamma, St. Lawrence University .....	126
1915. Kans. Beta, Kansas State College .....	126

1915. Ore. Alpha, University of Oregon .....	156
1915. Nev. Alpha, University of Nevada .....	105
1916. Tex. Beta, Southern Methodist University .....	65
1917. Ariz. Alpha, University of Arizona .....	64
1917. Cal. Gamma, University of Southern California .....	116
1917. Ore. Beta, Oregon State Agricultural College .....	98
1917. Va. Beta, Hollins College .....	71
1918. Pa. Delta, University of Pittsburgh .....	57
1918. W. Va. Alpha, University of West Virginia .....	69
1919. N. Y. Delta, Cornell University .....	83
1919. Okla. Beta, Oklahoma Agricultural College .....	44
1919. Wis. Beta, Beloit College .....	30
1920. Me. Alpha, University of Maine .....	71
1921. Ind. Delta, Purdue University .....	69
1921. Mont. Alpha, Montana State College .....	59
1921. N. D. Alpha, University of North Dakota .....	49
1921. Fla. Beta, Florida State College .....	39

Active chapters, 65; inactive, 9; membership, 13,655.

The following chapters own houses: Beloit, California, Colorado, Denver, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa State, Kansas, Kansas State, Lombard, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Oregon Agricultural, Randolph-Macon, St. Lawrence, Southern California, Stanford, Syracuse, Wisconsin. Total houses, 21; total valuation, \$400,000.

The fraternity, though now confined to collegiate institutions, was not always so. Under the first form of government, chapters were of three kinds: collegiate, associate and alumnæ. Associate chapters were established in towns where no colleges were located, but where members could be obtained possessing the same educational attainments as those possessed by members of the collegiate chapters. No such chapters have been established since 1884, and those formerly active, viz.: Iowa Delta, at Burlington, Ia.; Iowa Eta, at Fairfield, Ia.; Iowa Theta, at Ottumwa, Ia.; Iowa Iota, at Mt. Pleasant, Ia.; and Iowa Kappa, at Iowa City, are all now inactive. Alumnæ chapters had all the privi-

leges of active chapters, except that of making initiations.

The chapters at Monmouth, Wooster and Barnard were killed by anti-fraternity laws. The chapters at Carthage College and De Pauw University died from indifference. The charters of the remaining inactive chapters were withdrawn, with the exception of that of Nebraska Alpha. The chapter of this college was very prosperous, and undertook the work of establishing a library in the college town. Before this was completely accomplished, the college was removed, but the young ladies, feeling that their honor was at stake, by great effort completed their task, and provided the library as they had undertaken to do. By the convention of 1890 they were permitted to become an associate chapter. The Iowa State College chapter was inactive from 1891 to 1906, the Minnesota chapter from 1897 to 1905 and the Stanford chapter from 1897 to 1905.

Many of the chapters were formed from local societies.

Kansas Alpha has maintained a scholarship in the State University for some years. The fraternity established in 1906, three scholarships aggregating \$1000 per year, for undergraduate use. Later, half of the amount was converted into an annual fellowship for post-graduate study. Since 1910, the fraternity has set apart \$200 each year for use as a permanent undergraduate loan fund. Since 1915, the alumnae department has supplemented this fund by an additional annual payment of \$250.

In 1920 and in 1921 the fraternity identified itself with a project of advanced scholarship for women by making two annual subscriptions of three hundred dollars each to the American School of Classical Studies at Athens, Greece.

About the year 1883, the members of the fraternity, feeling that they were placed at a disadvantage in competition with their rivals by reason of the fact that they had no Greek name, adopted for the Sorosis the subtitle Pi Beta

Phi, which was carried for about five years, when the title "I. C." was dropped, and the Greek name alone retained.

Until the death of the Monmouth chapter, in 1884, it was known as the Grand Chapter, and exercised a parental authority over the other chapters. In that year a convention was called at Iowa City, and a representative scheme of government was planned and put into operation. The supreme power is vested in conventions held biennially, usually during the summer vacations, and during their recess the administration of the fraternity's affairs is carried on by a Grand Council, consisting of five members elected by the convention. Originally the Council consisted of the president, vice-president, secretary and treasurer, with a fifth officer known as a "guide," the latter being chosen from the chapter nearest which the ensuing convention was to meet. In 1899 the "guide" was made a convention officer, appointed by the president, and the editor of the fraternity journal was made the fifth member of the council. An important standing committee of the fraternity was a literary bureau, first organized in 1890. Its work consisted in keeping the chapters informed concerning matters of general interest in the fraternity world, preparing a yearly course of instruction on such subjects, suggesting courses of reading upon matters of interest to fraternity women, and once a year in preparing an examination on these subjects. In 1901 the bureau was abolished and its work turned over to the province presidents and to various standing committees.

For convenience of administration, the fraternity is divided geographically into ten provinces, each having its president, who is consulted in all matters affecting the active chapters of the fraternity within her province, and a vice-president who has charge of the *alumnæ* work of her province.

Conventions are held biennially: in a few instances a three year interval has occurred.

April 28 in each year is known as Founders' Day, and is appropriately celebrated.

In 1892 an alumnæ department was organized under a permanent constitution. Fully one hundred alumnæ clubs have been chartered, and they exist in practically all of the large cities.

In 1889 the fraternity was incorporated under the laws of Illinois.

A preliminary catalogue was published in September, 1887, and a complete catalogue was issued in 1901. Since then annual supplements have been published, as have been revised editions of the catalogue in 1906, 1911, 1918, and 1923. In 1893 a small collection of songs without music was compiled and published by the Michigan chapter, and in 1899, a complete Songbook was published. In 1904 a second edition was issued, in 1914 a third, and in 1923 a fourth. An historical sketch of the fraternity was published in 1893, another in 1910, and a complete history by Elizabeth Allen Clarke-Helmick was published in 1915. In 1919 a "Manual for Chapter Development" was prepared and authorized by the Grand Council. In the same year the national committees on fraternity study and examinations issued a "Handbook of Pi Beta Phi" for fraternity study, and a "Study for Pledges."

The periodical journal of the fraternity is called *The Arrow*. It was first issued in May, 1885, under the management of the Kansas chapter, and published at Lawrence, Kans. In December, 1886, it was removed to Iowa City, and placed under control of the chapter located at that place. It was printed there also for two years, and then was printed at Davenport, Ia., until the fall of 1892. It was then placed under charge of the Michigan chapter, and published at Ann

Arbor, Mich., until October, 1895. The November number for that year was published by the Swarthmore chapter. In 1896 the control of the magazine was removed to Madison, Wis., where for twelve years it was published by the Wisconsin Alpha chapter. Mary Bartol Theiss, of New York, was the editor from 1908 till 1912; and Sarah Gertrude Pomeroy-Rugg from 1912 until 1921, since which latter date *The Arrow* has been edited by Agnes Wright Spring.

The fraternity maintains, in the Appalachian Mountains, a Settlement School, established in 1912 in Gatlinburg, Tennessee, an isolated mountain village, the school has just commenced the second decade of its history with five well-equipped buildings located on a tract of one hundred acres of land in the heart of the community. Since the War, a resident nurse and a teacher of vocational agriculture have been added to the staff which now numbers nine. A small hospital, has also been opened. The fraternity conducts a magazine agency, the proceeds of which are contributed to the support of the Settlement School.

The fraternity in 1919 inaugurated a system of national health programs which is observed by all active chapters and alumnae clubs.

Since the summer of 1921, a party composed of fraternity members has, each year, gone abroad. The Pi Beta Phi European Tour has become an annual institution.

The badge of the fraternity is a tiny gold arrow bearing the letters "Π Β Φ" transversely on the feather, with a loop chain pendant from the shaft. The colors are wine red and silver blue. The fraternity flower is the dark red carnation. The pledge button is a golden arrow head.



## SIGMA KAPPA



THE Sigma Kappa sorority was founded at Colby College, Waterville, Maine, in 1874 by Mary C. Lowe, Louise H. Colburn, Elizabeth G. Hoag, Frances E. Mann and Ida M. Fuller.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1874. Alpha, Colby College .....	424
1904. Delta, Boston University .....	180
1905. Epsilon, Syracuse University .....	214
1906. Zeta, George Washington University .....	149
1906. Eta, Illinois Wesleyan University .....	163
1906. Theta, University of Illinois .....	187
1908. Iota, University of Denver .....	176
1908. Kappa, Brown University (1912) .....	47
1910. Lambda, University of California .....	204
1910. Mu, University of Washington .....	181
1911. Nu, Middlebury College .....	120
1913. Xi, University of Kansas .....	139
1913. Omicron, Jackson College (Tufts) .....	105
1915. Pi, Stanford University .....	92
1917. Rho, Randolph-Macon Woman's College .....	45
1917. Sigma, Southern Methodist University .....	77
1918. Tau, University of Indiana .....	110
1918. Upsilon, Oregon Agricultural College .....	91
1919. Phi, Rhode Island State College .....	83
1919. Chi, Ohio State University .....	74
1919. Psi, University of Wisconsin .....	64



1920. Omega, Florida State College for Women .....	47
1920. Alpha Beta, University of Buffalo .....	51
1921. Alpha Gamma, Washington State College .....	39
1921. Alpha Delta, University of Tennessee .....	30
1921. Alpha Epsilon, Iowa State College .....	66
1921. Alpha Zeta, Cornell University .....	41
1921. Alpha Eta, University of Minnesota .....	47
1922. Alpha Theta, University of Louisville .....	27
1922. Alpha Iota, Miami University .....	33
1923. Alpha Kappa, University of Nebraska .....	30

Active chapters, 30; inactive, 1; membership, 3,340.

The following chapters own houses: California, Denver, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Minnesota, Randolph-Macon, Syracuse, Washington, Wisconsin. Total houses, 10; total valuation, \$178,000.

The government of the fraternity is vested in a Grand Council consisting of five officers. Conventions are held biennially.

There are 16 alumnae chapters.

At the convention of 1918 a national philanthropy was adopted—that of caring for the education of the lonely light-house girls of the Maine Coast.

The fraternity published a Songbook in 1907 and 1921 and in 1907 began the publication of a quarterly journal called the *Triangle*.

In 1922, a Scholarship Loan Fund was established. The purpose of this fund is to help Sigma Kappas to remain in college.

The badge is a gold triangle displaying the letters "Σ Κ" on a ground of maroon enamel. The pledge pin is of gold, a "Kappa," with a serpent entwined through it in the form of a "Sigma." The colors are maroon and lavender. The flower is

the violet.



## THETA PHI ALPHA

(Catholic Students)



THETA PHI ALPHA was founded at the University of Michigan, August 30, 1912, by Amelia McSweeney, Selma Gilday, and Mildred Connely.

This sorority confines its membership to Catholic students.  
The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1912. Alpha, University of Michigan
- 1919. Beta, University of Illinois
- 1919. Gamma, Ohio State University
- 1919. Delta, Ohio University
- 1919. Epsilon, University of Cincinnati
- 1920. Zeta, Indiana University
- 1921. Eta, Boston University
- 1921. Theta, University of Kansas
- 1921. Iota, University of Missouri
- 1922. Kappa, University of Pittsburgh

Active chapters, 10; membership, 450.

Some of the chapters have been formed from local Greek letter societies.

There are ten alumnae chapters.

The government is through a convention held annually and a Grand Council made up of the grand president, grand secretary, grand treasurer, and grand organizer.

Conventions have been held annually.

A quarterly journal called *The Compass of Theta Phi Alpha* was first published at Athens, Ohio, in 1921. In 1922 it was moved to Champaign, Ill.

The badge is a monogram in gold of the three Greek letters, which give the fraternity its name, with the "Φ" and "Α" plain and the "Θ" which may be jeweled in sapphires or pearls, superimposed upon the other two. The colors are silver and gold; the flower is the white rose.

April 30 in each year is known as Founders' Day, and is appropriately celebrated.

## ZETA TAU ALPHA



**Z**ETA TAU ALPHA was founded October 25, 1898, at the Virginia State Normal School, Farmville, Va., by Alice Coleman, Ethel Coleman, Helen Crafford, Mary C. Jones, Alice M. Jones, Della E. Lewis, Ruby B. Leigh, Alice Welsh and Frances Y. Smith.

The chapter roll is:

1898. Alpha, Virginia State Normal School (1906) .....	60
1900. Gamma, Hannah Moore Academy (1904) .....	15
1902. Delta, Randolph-Macon Woman's College .....	150
1903. Epsilon, University of Arkansas .....	215
1904. Zeta, University of Tennessee .....	130
1904. Eta, Mary Baldwin Seminary, Va. (1906) .....	20
1905. Iota, Richmond College (1908) .....	15
1905. Beta, Judson College (1919) .....	150
1905. Theta, Bethany College .....	140
1906. Kappa, University of Texas .....	168
1906. Lambda, Southwestern University .....	160
1909. Mu, Drury College .....	158
1910. Nu, University of Alabama .....	95
1911. Xi, University of Southern California .....	125
1911. Omicron, Brenau College .....	165
1911. Pi, Wesleyan College, Macon, Ga. (1914) .....	60
1912. Rho, Boston University .....	135
1912. Sigma, Baker University .....	140
1912. Tau, Milliken University .....	144

1915. Upsilon, University of California .....	150
1915. Phi, Trinity College .....	45
1915. Chi, University of Pittsburgh .....	88
1916. Omega, Southern Methodist University .....	89
1917. Psi, University of Washington .....	85
1918. Alpha Alpha, Iowa Wesleyan College .....	60
1918. Alpha Beta, University of Pennsylvania .....	50
1919. Alpha Gamma, University of Michigan .....	55
1919. Alpha Delta, Butler College .....	45
1920. Alpha Epsilon, University of Denver .....	50
1920. Alpha Zeta, Ohio State University .....	30
1920. Alpha Eta, University of Cincinnati .....	30
1921. Alpha Theta, Purdue University .....	40
1921. Alpha Iota, Lawrence College .....	34
1921. Alpha Kappa, University of Illinois .....	40
1921. Alpha Lambda, Hollins College .....	38
1922. Alpha Mu, Washburn College .....	50
1922. Alpha Nu, Birmingham Southern College .....	20
1922. Alpha Omicron, University of Iowa .....	40
1922. Alpha Pi, Ohio University .....	50
1923. Alpha Rho, Syracuse University .....	35
1923. Alpha Sigma, Oregon Agr. College .....	35
1923. Alpha Tau, Oklahoma A. & M. College .....	45

Active chapters, 36; inactive, 6; membership, 3,449.

Randolph-Macon, Brenau, Pennsylvania, Alabama, own bungalows. Total valuation, \$15,000. Pittsburgh owns a house valued at \$18,000.

Charters of the inactive chapters have been withdrawn except in the case of Wesleyan and Judson where anti-fraternity laws by the college authorities made the chapters there die. Most of the chapters have been formed from locals, the Purdue and University of Indiana chapters were both known as Phi Zeta when a local.

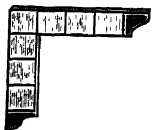
Alumnæ chapters are organized in most of the large cities of the country.

The government is in the hands of a Grand Chapter con-

sisting of seven officers during the recesses between conventions. Conventions are held triennially.

A book of songs was published in 1908, another in 1920. A directory was published in 1910, 1915, 1919 and 1923.

The journal is a quarterly called *Themis* and was first published in 1903.



The badge is a shield displaying a crown, the letters "Z T A" and the word "Themis" in Greek. The pledge pin is a carpenter's square of turquoise and silver. The colors are turquoise blue and steel gray. The flower is the white violet.

## PROFESSIONAL FRATERNITIES

THERE are included under this classification all of the fraternities which confine their membership to students in professional schools. Some of these schools are undergraduate in character and in the nature of the course pursued but most of them are post-graduate. Almost without exception the professional fraternities admit to membership members of the regular undergraduate college fraternities and they have largely been built up by the efforts of such members with prior administrative experience. Some of them have well managed systems of government and some have not; some devote much time and attention to professional work inside of their chapters and some do not, some occupy houses and some do not.

The multiplication of fraternities of this class has been the striking feature of the development of the fraternity system in recent years.

An endeavor has been made to secure a complete list of the fraternities of this class and adequate information about them, and it may be that some fraternities of this class have not been listed.

The men's fraternities composing students of Medicine organized an Intermedical Fraternity Conference at Chicago, February 27, 1915, and holds meetings biennially at Chicago on Decoration Day. There are now fourteen fraternities which are members of this Conference.

It has been thought best to arrange the professional fraternities in alphabetical order and they appear so in this

edition. It is hoped that this will be found to be better than grouping them as has formerly been done.

The largest group of these fraternities is that devoted to the medical profession—these are: Alpha Epsilon Iota (Women), Alpha Kappa Kappa, Alpha Mu Pi Omega; Alpha Sigma, Chi Zeta Chi, Kappa Psi, Nu Sigma Nu, Nu Sigma Phi (Women), Omega Upsilon Phi, Phi Alpha Gamma, Phi Alpha Sigma, Phi Beta Pi, Phi Chi, Phi Delta Epsilon, Phi Lambda Kappa, Phi Rho Sigma, Pi Upsilon Rho, and Zeta Phi (Women).

The second largest group is that of the legal profession, the fraternities of which are: Delta Theta Phi; Gamma Eta Gamma, Kappa Beta Pi (Women), Phi Alpha Delta, Phi Delta Delta (Women), Phi Delta Phi, Sigma Delta Kappa and Sigma Nu Phi.

The other groups are much smaller, the total number of professional fraternities listed is 66.



## ALPHA CHI SIGMA

(Chemical)



**T**HIS fraternity was founded at the University of Wisconsin in December, 1902, by J. Howard Mathews, Joseph G. Holty, Frank J. Petura, Alfred Kundert, Harold E. Eggers, James C. Silverthorn, E. G. Mattke and R. T. Conger. Its membership is drawn from students of chemistry and chemical engineering who intend to make some phase of chemistry their life work and from chemists or chemical engineers of note. Members of the undergraduate fraternities are admitted. There are two grades of membership, active collegiate and active professional.

The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1902. Alpha, University of Wisconsin
- 1904. Beta, University of Minnesota
- 1906. Gamma, Case School of Applied Science
- 1907. Delta, University of Missouri
- 1908. Epsilon, University of Indiana
- 1908. Zeta, University of Illinois
- 1908. Eta, University of Colorado
- 1909. Theta, University of Nebraska
- 1909. Iota, Rose Polytechnic Institute
- 1909. Kappa, University of Kansas
- 1910. Lambda, Ohio State University
- 1911. Mu, New Hampshire College
- 1911. Nu, Pennsylvania State College

- 1911. Xi, University of Maine
- 1912. Omicron, Harvard University
- 1912. Pi, Syracuse University
- 1912. Rho, University of North Carolina
- 1913. Sigma, University of California
- 1913. Tau, Cornell University
- 1913. Upsilon, Northwestern University
- 1913. Phi, Allegheny College
- 1914. Chi, Yale University
- 1914. Psi, Louisiana State University
- 1915. Omega, University of Pittsburgh
- 1916. Alpha Alpha, Stanford University
- 1916. Alpha Beta, University of Michigan
- 1917. Alpha Gamma, University of Kentucky
- 1917. Alpha Delta, University of Cincinnati
- 1917. Alpha Epsilon, Washington University
- 1919. Alpha Zeta, Massachusetts Institute of Technology
- 1919. Alpha Eta, University of Oklahoma
- 1921. Alpha Theta, Iowa State University
- 1921. Alpha Iota, University of Pennsylvania
- 1922. Alpha Kappa, University of Virginia

Active collegiate chapters, 34; professional chapters, 12; membership, 4,200.

The fraternity publishes a monthly called the *Hexagon*, the first number of which was issued in 1910.

The government of the fraternity is vested in a supreme Council of five. Conventions are held biennially in the even years.

The badge is a gold hexagon display in gold on a field of black enamel the letters "A X Σ," skull and bones, two stars and clasped hands. The flower is the dark red carnation.

## ALPHA DELTA SIGMA

(Journalistic)



WHILE the editorial side of journalism is well taken care of by both honorary and professional organizations, there was not, until the organization of Alpha Delta Sigma, any fraternity devoted to the business side of journalism. It was to fill this long-felt need that Alpha Delta Sigma was founded in 1913 at the University of Missouri.

The organization has grown conservatively but steadily until recognized by the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World as being the strongest student organization in that sphere. In its expansion the fraternity has been careful to accept only representative schools, that all chapters may be up to the same high standard. The chapter roll is:

University of Missouri  
University of Illinois  
University of Kentucky  
Georgetown College  
Dartmouth College  
University of Michigan  
University of Washington  
Stanford University

The membership is 618.

It is customary for each chapter to be named after some prominent journalist.

The supreme legislative power of the fraternity is vested in a Grand Chapter, which holds regular sessions every two years.

Special sessions of the Grand Chapter may be called upon 30 days' notice by a three-fourths vote of the Executive Committee supplemented by a three-fourths vote of the active and alumni chapters voting upon the call, the purpose of which must be stated. Each active and alumni chapter elects a delegate and alternate (to act in the absence of the delegate) as its representative to the Grand Chapter.

During the recess of the Grand Chapter the affairs of the fraternity are vested in the Executive Committee, which has the power to grant charters upon the approval of a petition by all the active chapters.

The objects of the fraternity are TRUTH in publicity and advertising; to encourage and aid the teaching of journalism and advertising in colleges and universities; to provide a means whereby students interested in the profession may be assisted by one another, and by men having practical experience in the field; to form a connecting link between the college and professional world.

The badge is an outline of the world with the Greek letters "Α Δ Σ" upon a black background.

Alpha Delta Sigma is sponsored by the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World and is the only fraternity pertaining to the business side of journalism, especially advertising. It is, therefore, both professional and honorary, its members being automatically members of the Associated Advertising Clubs. The publications received by its members include the regular organ of the A. A. C. W. *Associated Advertising* and a quarterly, the *Alpha Delta Sigma Quarterly*. A booklet containing the constitution, by-laws and chapter roll was published in 1922.

## ALPHA EPSILON IOTA

(Medical—Women)

**T**HIS fraternity was founded at the University of Michigan, February 3, 1890, by Lotta Ruth Arwine, May Belle Stuckey, Ada Fenimore Bock, Anna Ward Croacher and Lily MacGowan.

The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1890. Alpha, University of Michigan
- 1898. Beta, Rush Medical College, Chicago
- 1899. Gamma, Miami Medical College, Cincinnati (1910)
- 1899. Delta, University of Illinois, Chicago, Ill.
- 1901. Epsilon, University of Minnesota
- 1902. Zeta, Stanford University, San Francisco
- 1902. Eta, Cornell University, Ithaca (1913)
- 1902. Theta, Woman's Medical College, Philadelphia
- 1905. Iota, University of California (San Francisco)
- 1906. Kappa, University of California (Los Angeles)
- 1909. Lambda, Medical Department, University of Syracuse
- 1919. Mu, Tulane University
- 1921. Nu, University of Oklahoma
- 1922. Xi, University of Oregon
- 1922. Omicron, University of Kansas

Active chapters, 13; inactive, 2; membership, 903.

The conventions (called the Grand Chapter) are held biennially. The directory of the fraternity is issued biennially and the journal is issued in the alternate years.

The badge is a five pointed star displaying in gold on a black background a serpent's head and the letters "A E I." The flower is the white carnation. The colors are black, white and green.

# ALPHA KAPPA KAPPA

(Medical—Regular)



**T**HIS fraternity was founded at the medical department of Dartmouth College, September 28, 1888. In 1889 it was incorporated under the laws of the State of New Hampshire. Honorary members are provided for, but they must be graduates in medicine.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1888. Alpha, Medical Department, Dartmouth College .....	393
1893. Gamma, Tufts Medical School .....	433
1894. Delta, University of Vermont .....	331
1896. Zeta, L. I. Coll Hospital Medical School .....	309
1897. Theta, Maine Medical School (Bowdoin) .....	247
1898. Psi, University of Minnesota .....	285
1899. Beta, Coll. P. & S., San Francisco (1918) .....	239
1899. Sigma, University of California .....	144
1899. Eta, Coll. P. & S., Chicago (Univ. of Ill.) .....	299
1899. Iota, University of Syracuse .....	260
1900. Epsilon, Jefferson Medical College .....	385
1900. Kappa, Marquette University .....	244
1901. Lambda, Medical Department, Cornell Univ., N. Y. ....	102
1901. Mu, University of Pennsylvania .....	299
1901. Nu, Rush Medical College .....	326
1901. Xi, Northwestern University .....	212
1901. Omicron, University of Cincinnati .....	259
1902. Pi, Starling-Ohio Medical College .....	261

1903. Rho, University of Colorado .....	157
1903. Upsilon, University of Oregon .....	158
1903. Phi, University of Nashville (1911) .....	166
1903. Chi, Vanderbilt University .....	204
1903. Omega, University of Tennessee (Memphis) .....	187
1903. Tau, University of the South (1909) .....	129
1903. Alpha Beta, Tulane University .....	205
1904. Alpha Gamma, University of Georgia .....	141
1904. Alpha Delta, McGill University .....	196
1905. Alpha Epsilon, University of Toronto .....	183
1905. Alpha Zeta, George Washington University .....	134
1906. Alpha Eta, Yale Medical School .....	122
1906. Alpha Theta, University of Texas (Galveston) .....	148
1906. Alpha Iota, University of Michigan .....	153
1906. Alpha Kappa, Medical College of Virginia .....	185
1908. Alpha Lambda, Medical College of South Carolina (1912) .....	73
1908. Alpha Mu, St. Louis University .....	166
1909. Alpha Nu, University of Louisville .....	102
1909. Alpha Xi, Western Reserve University .....	150
1911. Alpha Omicron, University Med. Coll. Kansas City (1913) .....	52
1911. Alpha Pi, University of Pittsburgh .....	97
1912. Alpha Rho, Harvard University (Boston) .....	127
1913. Alpha Sigma, University of Southern California .....	72
1914. Alpha Tau, Atlanta Medical College (Emory Univ.) .....	100
1917. Alpha Upsilon, Johns Hopkins University .....	74
1917. Alpha Phi, University of Missouri .....	62
1920. Alpha Xi, University of Oklahoma .....	30
1921. Alpha Psi, University of Iowa .....	31
1921. Beta Gamma, University of Nebraska .....	23
1922. Beta Delta, University of Virginia .....	19
1922. Beta Epsilon, Boston University .....	14
1922. Beta Zeta, University of Wisconsin .....	30

Active chapters, 45; inactive, 5; membership, 8,718.

The Michigan, Minnesota, Jefferson, Syracuse, McGill and Texas chapters own houses. Total houses, 6; total valuation, \$87,000.

The chapter at Pittsburg was formed from a chapter of Sigma Phi Epsilon. The South Carolina chapter was killed by anti-fraternity laws. The other inactive chapters ceased

to exist with the schools in which they were located.

The government of the fraternity is vested in a board of six officers known as the Council. A biennial convention is held, at which each chapter is entitled to be represented by two delegates.

In the fall of 1903 the publication of a quarterly, called *The Centaur*, was begun. Its first volume was numbered "X." A memorabilia catalogue compiled by Edward Louis Heintz was published at Chicago in 1909. Dr. Harry G. Irvine published a directory, June, 1921.

The badge is a crescent, between the horns of which is held a book. On the crescent is displayed the letters "A K K," and two serpents are coiled around the crescent facing each other. The colors are dark green and white.



## ALPHA KAPPA PSI

(Schools of Commerce)



**A** LPHA KAPPA PSI was founded Oct. 5, 1904, at the School of Commerce, Accounts and Finance of New York University by Nathan Lane, Jr., Daniel V. Duff, George L. Bergen, Wm. O. Tremaine, Morris S. Rachmie, Frederick R. Leach, Irving L. Camp, Robert S. Douglas, Herbert M. Wright, and Howard M. Jefferson.

The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1904. Alpha, New York University
- 1910. Beta, University of Denver
- 1911. Gamma, Northwestern University
- 1912. Delta, University of Pittsburgh
- 1913. Epsilon, University of Illinois
- 1914. Zeta, University of Nebraska
- 1914. Eta, University of Cincinnati
- 1914. Theta, Oregon Agricultural College
- 1914. Iota, University of Texas
- 1915. Kappa, University of Oregon
- 1915. Lambda, University of Oklahoma
- 1915. Mu, Ohio State University
- 1916. Nu, Boston University
- 1916. Xi, Harvard University (1918)
- 1917. Omicron, University of Montana
- 1918. Pi, Georgia School of Technology
- 1919. Rho, University of Washington (Seattle)
- 1919. Sigma, Colorado College
- 1919. Tau, Oklahoma A. & M. College

- 1920. Upsilon, University of Missouri
- 1920. Phi, University of Michigan
- 1920. Chi, Columbia University
- 1921. Psi, University of Kansas
- 1921. Omega, College of William & Mary
- 1921. Alpha Beta, University of California
- 1922. Alpha Tau, University of Virginia
- 1922. Alpha Delta, Washington & Lee University
- 1922. Alpha Epsilon, University of Georgia
- 1922. Alpha Zeta, University of Southern California
- 1922. Alpha Eta, University of Minnesota
- 1922. Alpha Theta, Agricultural College of Utah
- 1922. Alpha Iota, University of Utah
- 1923. Alpha Kappa, University of Idaho
- 1923. Alpha Lambda, Washington University (St. Louis) .
- 1923. Alpha Mu, University of Wisconsin
- 1923. Alpha Nu, University of Arizona
- 1923. Alpha Xi, University of Iowa

Active chapters, 36; inactive, 1; membership, 4,485.

The badge is a monogram of the three letters "A K Ψ."

The colors are blue and gold. The flower is the chrysanthemum.

The conventions are held annually.

A periodical is issued called the *Alpha Kappa Psi Diary*.

## ALPHA MU PI OMEGA

(Medical-Regular)

THIS fraternity was founded at the University of Pennsylvania, January 7, 1891, at the suggestion of Dr. Roland G. Curtin.

There are three classes of chapters, viz. : undergraduate, undergraduate and graduate and graduate (listed below in *Italics*).

The chapter roll is as follows :

1891. University of Pennsylvania .....	
1893. Columbia University ... ..	
1895. <i>Milwaukee, Wis.</i> .....	
1898. University of Texas .....	
1900. Ohio Medical College, Columbus, Ohio .....	
1901. <i>Denver, Colo.</i> .....	
1908. <i>New York, N. Y.</i> .....	
1909. Tulane University (1915) .....	
1912. <i>Portland, Oregon</i> .....	
1915. University of Pittsburgh .....	

Collegiate chapters, 5; inactive, 1, membership, 1,200.

The chapters in Milwaukee, Denver, Portland and New York are not connected with any medical school, but are composed of graduate physicians.

The Texas chapter owns a house (\$8,000).

The government of the fraternity is vested in a Grand Chapter or convention which meets triennially.

The fraternity issues a monthly publication called the *Bulletin* and has issued catalogues.

The badge is a shield displaying a skull in front of rays of lightning, two stars and the letters A M Π Ω. The shield is encircled by a serpent with its tail in its mouth. The colors are blue and gold.

## ALPHA OMEGA

(Dental)



**T**HIS fraternity in its present form was organized in Philadelphia, Pa., and incorporated under the laws of Maryland in 1909. It was formed by the union of the Ramach fraternity founded at the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery in 1906 and the Alpha Omega Dental fraternity founded at the University of Maryland in 1907.

The chapter roll is as follows:

Alpha, University of Buffalo  
Beta, University of Pennsylvania  
Gamma, Tufts College  
Delta, Harvard University  
Epsilon, Georgetown University  
Zeta, University of Maryland  
Eta, College of Dental and Oral Surgery of New York  
Theta-Ramach, Philadelphia Dental College  
Iota, New York College of Dentistry  
Kappa, College of Physicians and Surgeons of San Francisco  
Lambda, North Pacific College  
Mu, Baltimore College of Dental Surgery  
Nu, University of California  
Xi, University of Denver  
Omicron, University of Pittsburgh

Pi, Royal College of Dental Surgeons  
Rho, University of Minnesota

Active chapters, 17; membership, about 2,500.

The chapter at the Philadelphia Dental College owns its house valued at \$12,000.

There are seven alumni associations. The conventions are held annually.

## ALPHA PSI

(Medical—Veterinary)



**A**LPHA PSI was founded at the College of Veterinary Medicine of the Ohio State University, January 18, 1907, by twenty-two students of that college. The stated purpose of the organization is "To promote a stronger bond between the veterinary colleges of the United States and Canada, to create a better feeling among the students of all veterinary colleges, and to infuse a deeper interest in the study of veterinary science."

The chapter roll is as follows:

1907. Alpha, Ohio State University .....	281
1907. Beta, Cornell University .....	206
1907. Gamma, Chicago Veterinary College (1920) .....	363
1908. Delta, Kansas City Veterinary College (1918) .....	337
1908. Epsilon, University of Pennsylvania .....	215
1910. Zeta, Colorado State Agricultural College .....	125
1912. Eta, Kansas State Agricultural College .....	98
1912. Theta, Alabama Polytechnic Institute .....	79
1915. Iota, Michigan Agricultural College .....	40
1915. Kappa, Washington State College .....	64

Active chapters, 8; inactive, 2; membership, 1809.

Delta chapter became inactive with the closing of the Kansas City Veterinary College. Gamma chapter became

inactive with the closing of the Chicago Veterinary College.

The fraternity is governed by a National Council, whose members control the affairs and direct the policies of the fraternity during the recesses of bi-annual conventions.

A directory of the members was issued in 1912. In 1915 the publication was begun of the *Alpha Psi Quarterly*.

The badge is diamond shaped, with the letters "A Ψ" arranged along the shorter diagonal. Below is a horseshoe and above is a star. The colors are dark blue and bright gold. The flower is the red carnation.

## ALPHA RHO CHI

(Architecture)



**T**HIS fraternity is a professional one comprising students of architecture and architectural engineering. It was formed in 1914 by the union of Sigma Upsilon at the University of Michigan and the Arcus Club of the University of Illinois.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1914. Anthemios, University of Illinois .....	111
1914. Iktinos, University of Michigan .....	128
1915. Demetrios, Ohio State University .....	96
1916. Mnesicles, University of Minnesota .....	98
1922. Kallikrates, University of Virginia .....	16
1922. Andronicus, University of Southern California .....	22
1923. Paeonios, Kansas State Agricultural College .....	22

Active chapters, 7; inactive, 0; membership, 493.

Almost all the chapters were formed from local societies.

The government is of usual form.

A publication called the *Archi* is issued monthly during the school year. The badge is an inverted triangle supporting an Ionic column and capital, displaying sundry architectural elements and the letters "A P X." The colors are maroon and navy blue.



## ALPHA SIGMA

(Medical-Homeopathic)

**A**LPHA SIGMA is a professional fraternity among homeopathic medical students and was founded at the New York Homeopathic Medical College and Flower Hospital in 1893 by George Everett Noble, Lucius L. Button, Walter G. Crump, J. I. Dowling, Edwin R. Fiske, Verner S. Gaggin, Frederick K. Hollister, Oscar N. Meyer, Howard S. Neilson and Thomas Parsons.

Its chapter roll is :

1893. Alpha, N. Y. Homeopathic Medical College .....	273
1897. Beta, Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia .....	281
1897. Gamma, Atlantic Medical College, Baltimore (1910) ....	47
1898. Delta, Boston University School of Medicine .....	227
1898. Epsilon, Cleveland, Pulte Medical School (1920) .....	97
1900. Mu Sigma Alpha, Homeopathic Med. Coll., Univ. of Mich.	180
1900. Phi, Hahnemann Medical College of the Pacific (1920) ..	92
1902. Theta, Detroit Homeopathic Medical College (1912) ....	22
1903 Iota, Hering Medical College (Chicago) .....	90
1905. Kappa, Hahnemann Medical College (Chicago) .....	124

Active chapters, 5 ; inactive, 5 ; membership, 1433.

The Gamma chapter became inactive when the Atlantic Medical College closed its doors. (This institution was originally called the Southern Homeopathic College, but changed its name in 1908.)

The fraternity published in 1912 a catalog called the *Register*.

The badge is a skull displacing the letters of the fraternity name on its forehead.

## ALPHA SIGMA ALPHA

(Educational—Women)

ALPHA SIGMA ALPHA was founded in 1901 at the Virginia State Normal School, Farmville, Va., by Virginia Boyd, Juliette Hundley, May Hundley, Louise Cox, Ursula Boyd and Calva Watson.

The chapter roll after a time consisted of thirteen chapters in Normal and other colleges. In 1914 nearly all of these chapters had died. At a convention then held it was determined to change the character of the organization and the fraternity started anew.

The chapter roll was as follows:

- 1914. Alpha Alpha, Miami University
- 1914. Alpha Beta, Mo. State Teachers' College, Kirksville
- 1916. Beta Beta, Colorado State Teachers' College
- 1916. Gamma Gamma, Oklahoma State Teachers' College
- 1917. Delta Delta, Ohio University, Athens, Ohio
- 1918. Epsilon Epsilon, Kansas State Teachers' College, Emporia
- 1919. Zeta Zeta, Missouri State Teachers' College, Warrensburg
- 1920. Eta Eta, Kansas State Teachers' College, Pittsburgh
- 1921. Theta Theta, Boston University
- 1922. Iota Iota, Drake University
- 1922. Kappa Kappa, Temple University

Active chapters, 11; membership, 1200.

The government is by a Central Board consisting of the general officers. Conventions have been held biennially.

There are alumnæ associations at a number of cities.

A catalogue was published in Boston, 1915. A song-book was published in 1910 at Columbia, S. C. A journal

called the *Aegis* was commenced in 1906 and continued until 1912 when it was succeeded by the *Phoenix*, a four page weekly, now a thirty-five page monthly.

The badge is a concave square of black enamel displaying in gold the letters "A Σ A," a crown and a star. This is surrounded by sixteen pearls. The colors are pearl white, crimson, palm green and gold.

## BETA PHI SIGMA

(Pharmaceutical)



**A** FRATERNITY founded in the Department of Pharmacy at the University of Buffalo December 15, 1888 by Dr. Henry G. Bentz, S. Hobart Dorr and Frederick S. Marsh.

The chapter roll is :

1888. Alpha, Department of Pharmacy, University of Buffalo	.854
1900. Beta, University of Pittsburgh (1914)	.....462
1911. Gamma, Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, Science	.....427
1919. Delta, Department of Pharmacy, Tulane University	.... 68
1923. Epsilon, Department of Pharmacy, University of Iowa	.. 32
1923. Eta, Dept. of Pharmacy, University of Texas, Galveston	38
1923. Theta, Dept. of Pharmacy, Baylor University, Dallas, Tex.	18
1923. Iota, Atlanta College of Pharmacy, Atlanta, Ga.	..... 20

Active chapters, 8; inactive, 1; membership, 1,953.

There are alumni chapters at Buffalo and Philadelphia.

The badge has BΦΣ in gold on a black enamel background.  
The colors are white and blue.

## BETA PI OMEGA

(Musical—Women)

**T**HE Beta Pi Omega musical fraternity was founded at the College of Music of Cincinnati, O., Feb. 3, 1914.

The chapters are:

1914. Alpha, College of Music (Cincinnati) .....	150
1918. Beta, Louisville Conservatory of Music .....	40
1919. Gamma, Ohio University .....	50
1921. Delta, Alice Becker-Miller School, Dayton, O. ....	20

Active chapters, 4; membership, 260.

## CHI ZETA CHI

(Medical—Regular)



THE Fraternity was founded at the Medical Department of the University of Georgia, in October, 1903 by J. Ainsley Griffin.

The chapters were originally named after distinguished physicians, who were in past relationship with the institution at which the chapter is located but the alphabetical system was adopted in 1907.

The active chapter roll is as follows:

Alpha, Med. Dept. Univ. Ga., Augusta, Ga.  
Delta, Med. Dept. Univ. Md., Baltimore, Md.  
Lambda, Med. Dept. Univ. Tenn. Memphis, Tenn.  
Mu, Med. Dept. Tulane Univ., New Orleans, La.  
Nu, Med. Dept. Univ. Arkansas, Little Rock, Ark.  
Omicron, Med. Dept. Washington Univ., St. Louis, Mo.  
Psi, Medical College of Va., Richmond, Va.  
Tau, Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, Pa.  
Xi, Med. Dept. St. Louis Univ., St. Louis, Mo.  
Alpha Alpha, Med. Dept. Emory Univ., Atlanta, Ga.  
Beta-Beta, Med. Dept. Univ. Okla., Norman, Okla.  
Upsilon, Med. Dept. Baylor Univ., Dallas, Texas

Active chapters, 12; inactive chapters, 7; Medical Colleges passing out of existence where chapters located 8. Total membership 2500.

Membership is limited to bonfide matriculated first year medical students, caucasian race. Males only.

## DELTA KAPPA PHI

(Textile)



THIS fraternity was organized Nov. 16, 1899, at the Philadelphia Textile School by J. Paul Jones, Charles E. Washburn, Harris A. Solomon and Leon H. Buck. It was incorporated under the laws of the State of Pa. in 1905.

Membership is confined in Textile Schools or universities or colleges having a mechanical or textile department. The fraternity has no honorary membership.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1899. Alpha, Philadelphia Textile School .....	207
1902. Beta, Lowell Textile School .....	286
1917. Gamma, Rhode Island School of Design (1917) .....	10
1917. Delta, New Bedford Textile School .....	116

Active chapters, 3; inactive, 1; total membership, 619.

The Lowell Textile School chapter owns a house, value \$18,000.

The government is through a convention of delegates from the chapters with an interim control by the officers elected at the National Convention. These officers so elected are called the Supreme Council.

The fraternity publishes a directory of all its members, and also a "Bulletin" semi-annually.

The fraternity pin is diamond in shape, having a gold border and displaying the letters  $\Delta$   $\kappa$   $\Phi$ , a shield and a star.

The colors of the fraternity are Royal Purple and white.

The recognition pin of the fraternity is the Greek letter

## DELTA OMEGA

(Osteopathic—Women)

**A** SORORITY organized at the American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo., Oct. 15, 1904.

The chapters are:

1904. Alpha, American School of Osteopathy .....	275
1913. Beta, Des Moines College of Osteopathy .....	75
1914. Lambda, Los Angeles College of Physicians & Surgeons	85
1921. Delta, Chicago College of Osteopathy .....	25

Active chapters, 4; inactive, 0; membership, 460.

The badge is a kite shaped shield displaying a skull and cross bones on a green field and the fraternity letters on a white chevron. The colors are olive green and gold.



## DELTA OMICRON

(Musical—Women)

THE Delta Omicron Sorority was organized September 6, 1909 at the Cincinnati Conservatory of Music, for the purpose of encouraging the appreciation and performance of good music.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1909. Alpha, Cincinnati Conservatory of Music .....	178
1910. Beta, Detroit Institute of Musical Art .....	104
1911. Gamma, Southern Conserv., Buena Vista, Va. (1915) ....	21
1915. Delta, Denison University, Granville, Ohio .....	100
1917. Epsilon, Morey School of Music, Columbus, Ohio .....	60
1918. Zeta, Louisville Conservatory of Music .....	65
1921. Omicron, Fine Arts College, Univ. of Nebraska .....	70
1922. Iota, Gulf Park School for Girls, Gulfport, Miss. ....	40
1922. Kappa, Des Moines University, Des Moines, Iowa .....	20
1922. Lambda, Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill. ....	17

Active chapters, 10; inactive, 1; membership 692 (includes Honorary)

Gamma, Delta, Kappa and Lambda were organized from local musical clubs.

The government is of usual form, the affairs of the Sorority being administered by a National Board of Directors during the recess between annual Conventions.

The publications of a journal called the *Wheel*, was begun in 1915, a national editor being elected annually. The first collection of Sorority Songs was published by the National Board 1918.

The official badge is a golden lyre, with the raised gold letters and O on a band across the strings, which are hand carved. The colors are old rose and silver. The lily-of-the-valley is the flower.

## DELTA PHI DELTA

(Art)



**D**ELTA PHI DELTA was founded May 28, 1912, at the University of Kansas, Lawrence, Kansas.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1912. Alpha, University of Kansas .....	103
1918. Beta, State University of Montana .....	36
1918. Gamma, University of Minnesota .....	27
1920. Delta, Bethany College, Lindsborg, Kansas .....	14
1920. Epsilon, Washburn College, Topeka, Kansas .....	45
1921. Zeta, Art Institute, Chicago, Ill. ....	54
1921. Eta, University of Wisconsin .....	31
1922. Theta, Ohio Wesleyan University .....	10
1922. Iota, Ohio University .....	18
1922. Kappa, University of North Dakota .....	12
1922. Lambda, Drake University .....	25

Active chapters, 10; inactive, 1; membership 384.

At the second National Convention in 1922, legislation was enacted whereby Delta Phi Delta is open to artists, both men and women. About one third of the membership are men.

The fraternity endeavors to stimulate artistic interests in the community and state, and co-operates in artistic organizations and movements. It conducts an annual traveling art exhibition. The publication is the *Palette*.

## DELTA SIGMA DELTA

(Dental)



**D**ELTA SIGMA DELTA was founded at the University of Michigan on March 5, 1883, by Louis M. James, Charles W. Howard, Louis J. Mitchell, Clarence J. Hand and E. L. Kern, and designed to be confined to schools of dentistry. It was the first in this field.

The chapter roll is as follows, the chapter being in each case in the dental department of the institution referred to:

1883. Alpha, University of Michigan .....	627
1885. Beta, Chicago College of Dental Surgery .....	1022
1891. Gamma, Harvard University .....	442
1891. Epsilon, University of Pennsylvania .....	589
1891. Zeta, University of California .....	377
1893. Eta, Northwestern University .....	853
1894. Theta, University of Minnesota .....	460
1895. Iota, Detroit College of Medicine (1909) .....	139
1897. Kappa, Vanderbilt University .....	311
1897. Lambda, Western Reserve University .....	314
1897. Mu, Tufts College (Boston) .....	546
1898. Nu, Kansas City Dental College .....	334
1900. Xi, Indiana Dental College .....	329
1901. Omicron, St. Louis University .....	396
1901. Pi, University of Buffalo .....	377
1901. Rho, University of Illinois .....	370
1903. Sigma, University of Pittsburgh .....	577
1904. Tau, Ohio College of Dental Surgery (1908) .....	68
1904. Upsilon, Washington University, Mo. ....	230

1906. Phi, Colorado College of Dental Surgery .....	256
1906. Chi, University of Southern California .....	249
1907. Psi, North Pacific Dental College .....	297
1910. Omega, Creighton University .....	213
1911. Alpha Alpha, Georgetown (D. C.) University .....	138
1913. Beta Beta, Lincoln University (Neb.) .....	192
1914. Gamma Gamma, University of Iowa .....	186
1915. Epsilon Epsilon, Louisville Dental College .....	195
1916. Zeta Zeta, Loyola University (1919) .....	41
1917. Eta Eta, Marquette University (Wis.) .....	151
1921. Theta Theta, Atlanta Southern Dental College .....	42
1921. Iota Iota, University of Tennessee .....	52
1922. Kappa Kappa, Baylor University Dental College, Dallas ..	22

Active chapters, 29; inactive, 3. Membership, 10,395.

The following chapters own houses: Minnesota, Michigan, Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh. Total houses, 4; total valuation, \$95,000.

The Iota-Tau and Zeta Zeta chapters surrendered their charters for lack of material.

In addition to the above there are alumni chapters (called in the nomenclature of the fraternity "auxiliaries") in large cities and some states. These chapters have power to initiate practicing dentists who receive a unanimous vote of the chapter and of the supreme council.

The organization of this fraternity differs from all others. The alumni constitute the "supreme chapter," with its own ritual and body of law, and governed by a supreme council. The active chapters are termed "subordinate" chapters and have their own organization.

The fraternity publishes a quarterly journal called the *Desmos*, which was commenced in October, 1894, and is now in its twenty-eighth volume.

The badge of the fraternity is a monogram of the letters of the name, the "Σ" being superimposed over the two crossed "A's." The colors are turquoise blue and garnet.

## DELTA SIGMA EPSILON

(Normal—Women)

**D**ELTA SIGMA EPSILON was founded at Miami University in 1914 and is incorporated under the laws of Ohio. The chapter roll is as follows:

Alpha, Miami University, Oxford, Ohio  
Beta, Normal School, Indiana, Pa. (Inactive)  
Gamma, Teachers' College, Greeley, Colo.  
Delta, Oklahoma State Normal, Alva, Okla.  
Epsilon, Kansas State Normal, Emporia, Kansas  
Zeta, New Mexico Normal University, E. Las Vegas, N. Mex.  
Eta, Teachers' College, Ypsilanti, Mich.  
Theta, Kansas Manual Training School, Pittsburg, Kansas  
Iota, Teachers' College, Kirksville, Mo.  
Kappa, Temple University, Philadelphia, Pa.  
Lambda, Teachers' College, Huntington, W. Va.  
Mu, Teachers' College, Warren, Ohio

Active chapters, 11; inactive, 1; membership, 325.

The fraternity issues a magazine, the *Shield* published quarterly.

## DELTA SIGMA PI

(Commerce)



A fraternity organized to foster the study of business in universities; to encourage scholarship and the association of students for their mutual advancement by research and practice; to promote closer affiliation between the commercial world and students of commerce and to further a higher standard of commercial ethics and culture and the civic and commercial welfare of the community.

This fraternity was founded at the New York University School of Commerce, Accounts and Finance, on November 7, 1907, by Alexander F. Makay and three other students. The growth was very slow at first, as the fraternity realized it must strengthen its few chapters and make them strong. This was accomplished by 1919 and the fraternity then began to branch out. The chapter roll is as follows:

1907. Alpha, New York University .....	412
1913. Beta, Northwestern University (Chicago) .....	193
1916. Gamma, Boston University .....	125
1920. Delta, Marquette University .....	88
1920. Epsilon, University of Iowa .....	75
1920. Zeta, Northwestern University (Evanston) .....	40
1920. Eta, University of Kentucky .....	42
1921. Theta, University of Detroit .....	83
1921. Iota, University of Kansas .....	80
1921. Kappa, Georgia School of Technology .....	52

1921. Lambda, University of Pittsburgh .....	79
1921. Mu, Georgetown University .....	84
1921. Nu, Ohio State University .....	76
1921. Xi, University of Michigan .....	69
1922. Omicron, Vanderbilt University .....	48
1922. Pi, University of Georgia .....	42
1922. Rho, University of California .....	38
1922. Sigma, University of Utah .....	44
1922. Tau, McGill University .....	47
1922. Upsilon, University of Illinois .....	53
1922. Phi, University of Southern California .....	42
1922. Chi, University of Maryland .....	36
1923. Psi, University of Wisconsin .....	54
1923. Omega, Temple University .....	30

Active chapters, 24; membership, 1931.

The Marquette and Wisconsin chapters own houses, value \$51,000.

There are a number of alumni clubs in the larger cities. The government of the fraternity is vested in a board of directors comprised of 7 members, all of whom must be alumni; also a court of appeals, comprising 3 members all of whom must have served one term as a member of the board of directors. No honorary members are permitted to hold national office.

Conventions are held bi-annually and each chapter is required to send at least one delegate. The fraternity publishes a quarterly magazine, *The Deltasig*. A directory of the membership is published annually, in October. All chapters publish chapter letters at least twice a month throughout the collegiate year. A fraternity songbook was published in 1922.

Membership is restricted, to those students pursuing commerce work exclusively. Provision is made for the granting of honorary membership to prominent educators.

The fraternity gives a gold key each year at each uni-

versity where it maintains a chapter, which is awarded by the faculty to that student who, upon graduation, ranks highest in scholarship for the entire course in commerce.

The badge of the fraternity is a skull and cross bone, mounted on a wreath, with the letters  $\Delta \Sigma \Pi$  on the skull and cross bones.

The colors are old gold and royal purple. The flower is the red rose. The pledge button is a Greek letter of gold, with a field of red, containing a crowd of gold.





## DELTA THETA PHI

(Legal)



**T**HIS fraternity was established by the consolidation or union of three previously existing professional fraternities, viz.: Delta Phi Delta, founded in 1900; Alpha Kappa Phi, founded in 1902 and Theta Lambda Phi, founded in 1903. The Consolidation was completed September 26, 1913 at Hotel La Salle, Chicago as The Delta Theta Phi Law Fraternity.

Delta Phi Delta was founded at the Cleveland Law School of Baldwin University, September, 1900, by Eugene Quigley, C. E. Schmick, F. W. Sinram, J. L. Barrett, W. F. Mackay, John H. Orgill, Arthur Born and J. H. Redhead.

Alpha Kappa Phi was founded on October 6, 1902, at the Northwestern University Law School, Chicago, Illinois, by Charles G. Rose; Jesse Eschbach; Manfred S. Block; Joseph L. Shaw; Harry A. Swiggert and Frank B. Schaefer.

Theta Lambda Phi was founded February 18, 1903, at the Law School of Dickinson College, Carlisle, Pa., by Thomas S. Lanard and Walter P. Bishop.

Former editions of Baird's Manual have contained some reference to the fact that Delta Theta Phi claimed its origin as of the date of the founding of the old southern general fraternity, known as Alpha Kappa Phi, founded at Centre College, Ky., in 1858. At the last national convention of

the Delta Theta Phi Law Fraternity held in Chicago in 1921, a special committee was appointed to investigate and report upon the early history and founding of Alpha Kappa Phi. This committee, after an exhaustive investigation, concluded its report with the following:

"The committee recommends to the Chancellor and to the Supreme Senate of The Delta Theta Phi Law Fraternity that the publisher of Baird's Manual be notified that The Delta Theta Phi Law Fraternity dates its founding to the founding of the three law fraternities that were merged into the Delta Theta Phi, and that no claim is made by the Delta Theta Phi Law Fraternity that the Alpha Kappa Phi Law Fraternity was a continuation of the Alpha Kappa Phi Undergraduate Fraternity."

The charters of the Delta Theta Phi Law Fraternity bear the following wording relative to the founding of the fraternity:

"Founded A. D., 1900 as Delta Phi Delta; founded A. D., 1902 as Alpha Kappa Phi; founded A. D., 1903 as Theta Lambda Phi."

The World War resulted in the suspension of the active life of a number of senates, most of which have since been revived. Since 1919, the fraternity has installed fourteen new chapters, called senates. The complete list of active senates is as follows:

- 1900. *Ranney*, Cleveland Law School
- 1902. *Wigmore*, Northwestern University
- 1903. *Holmes*, Dickinson College
- 1903. *Cooley*, Detroit College of Law
- 1900. *Finch*, Cornell University
- 1904. *Warvelle*, De Paul University
- 1904. *Harlan*, University of South Dakota
- 1904. *Mitchell*, University of Minnesota
- 1907. *Day*, Western Reserve University
- 1907. *Kent*, New York Law School
- 1907. *Lurton*, Chattanooga College of Law

1912. *Christiancy*, University of Michigan  
1910. *Ramsey*, St. Paul College of Law  
1910. *Marshall*, Ohio Northern University  
1911. *Von Moschzisker*, University of Pennsylvania  
1911. *White*, Georgetown University  
1911. *Jefferson*, Richmond College  
1912. *Field*, University of Southern California  
1912. *Fuller*, Fordham (N. Y.) Law School  
1912. *Bryan*, Creighton University  
1912. *Benton*, Washington University (St. Louis)  
1913. *Deady*, University of Oregon  
1913. *Chase*, Ohio State University  
1914. *Wayne*, Atlanta, Ga., Law School  
1914. *Dwight*, Columbia University  
1915. *Webster*, Webster College of Law (Chicago)  
1915. *Snyder*, Kansas City Law School  
1915. *John Adams*, Boston University  
1915. *Howat*, University of Utah  
1915. *Pitney*, New Jersey Law School  
1916. *Hosmer*, University of Detroit  
1916. *Gibson*, University of Pittsburgh  
1916. *Brewer*, University of Kansas  
1916. *Wilson*, George Washington University  
1916. *Houston*, University of Texas  
1919. *McKinley*, John Marshall School of Law, Cleveland, O.  
1919. *Lee*, University of Virginia  
1920. *Cole*, Drake University  
1920. *Williams*, Northwestern College of Law, Portland, Ore.  
1921. *Eschweiler*, Marquette University  
1921. *Dillon*, University of Iowa  
1921. *Jackson*, University of Memphis Law School  
1921. *Bliss*, University of Missouri  
1922. *Alexander Hamilton*, Brooklyn Law School (St. Lawrence)  
1922. *Taney*, University of Maryland  
1922. *Maxwell*, University of Nebraska  
1922. *Root*, Stanford University  
1922. *Keeble*, Vanderbilt University  
1922. *McEnerney*, University of California

In addition to the above there are fourteen Alumni Senates.

The fraternity has ten inactive senates which have been inactive since the World War, as follows: 1908, University of Arkansas; 1909, *Douglas*, John Marshall Law School of Chicago; 1909, *Lincoln*, University of Chicago; 1909, *Magruder*, Chicago Kent College of Law; 1912, *Ingells*, Washburn College; 1904, *Bleckley*, University of Georgia; 1904, *Freeman*, University of Tennessee; 1908, *Burks*, Washington and Lee; 1911, *Parker*, Union College (N. Y.); 1916, *Russell*, New York University.

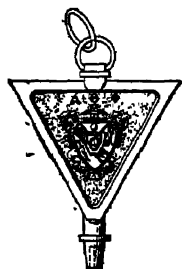
Active senates, 49; inactive, 10; membership, 6,143.

The fraternity publishes its official organ known as *The Paper Book*, five times a year. A Songbook and two directories, one in 1917 and one in 1922, have been published. The official colors are green and white, and the white carnation with a background of green leaves is its official flower.

The Delta Theta Phi Scholarship Key is awarded to each member of the fraternity who obtains his juristic degree, and a scholarship standing in his classes among the first highest 15 per cent. thereof. In addition to the scholarship key, the fraternity has a scholarship cup which is contested for annually by the various senates. Delta Theta Phi claims to be the first fraternity to have established a scholarship key within its own membership.

The official badge is in the shape of a triangle, whose three sides are interrupted by a circle in the center of which are the letters  $\Delta \Theta \Phi$ . Above the letters is a scales of Justice while below them is an open book.

The badges are uniformly restricted. Undergraduates are permitted to wear the plain badge only. Alumni obtaining their Juristic degree or admission to the bar are permitted to crown the badge with pearls. Members attaining fraternal distinction are awarded the diamond crowned



badge by act of the National Senate. In its entire history, but three diamond crowned badges have been awarded, viz: to the late chief Justice White, Hon. Newton, D. Baker and Past Chancellor Eugene Quigley.

The official pledge button is a geometric shield with the dexter and sinister corners erased, while across the shield is a bend dexter. The bend dexter is green and the remainder of the shield is white.

The chief governing body of the fraternity is called the National Senate, comprised of representatives of each active senate. The National Senate holds conventions biennially and is legislative in capacity. The judicial functions of the fraternity are exercised by a duly elected Supreme Court.

The executive functions are exercised by a Supreme Senate comprised of the six national officers of the fraternity.

The fraternity claims among its prominent members, the late Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court, Edward D. White; former Secretary of War, the Honorable Newton D. Baker; Ex-Senator Theodore E. Burton; Ex-Governor W. T. Harding of Iowa; Chief Justice of the Ohio State Supreme Court, C. T. Marshall; Governor Alexander J. Grosboeck, of Michigan; Cyrus Northrup, President Emeritus of the University of Minnesota; the Honorable Elihu Root; the Honorable Frank B. Willis, United States Senator, and many others.

## GAMMA ALPHA

(Graduate-Scientific)



**T**HIS fraternity had a double origin. In March 1899, six students in the various scientific departments of Cornell University organized with the object of bringing together men who were engaged in scientific work. In the fall of 1905 ten students at John Hopkins University organized a similar society as Alpha Delta Epsilon.

The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1899. Cornell University
- 1905. Johns Hopkins University
- 1906. Dartmouth College
- 1908. University of Chicago
- 1908. University of Illinois
- 1910. University of Wisconsin
- 1914. University of Michigan
- 1914. University of Missouri
- 1915. Yale University
- 1916. University of Minnesota
- 1920. University of Iowa
- 1922. Ohio State University
- 1923. University of California

## GAMMA ETA GAMMA

(Legal)



**T**HIS fraternity was founded at the law school of the University of Maine on February 25, 1901, by Charles Vey Holman, Harold Dudley Greeley, and Charles Hickson Reid, Jr. Founders' Day has been more generally celebrated by the chapters on June 7 by the holding of the Prandium Cancellarii, in observance of the banquet thus designated which was tendered on that date in 1901 to the then fourteen members of the fraternity by Holman, who was the natural leader of the embryo fraternity.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1901. Alpha, University of Maine (1910) .....	74
1902. Beta, Boston University (1917) .....	195
1904. Gamma, Albany Law School (Union University) .....	187
1908. Alpha, Syracuse University .....	236
1909. Epsilon, Cornell University (1918) .....	91
1911. Zeta, University of Michigan .....	154
1911. Eta, Indiana University .....	120
1912. Theta, Creighton University .....	123
1914. Iota, Georgetown University (D. C.) .....	153
1915. Kappa, University of Oregon (1917) .....	25
1919. Lambda, Northwestern University .....	38
1919. Mu, University of Detroit .....	53
1920. Nu, University of Chicago .....	39
1920. Xi, Fordham University .....	61

1920. Omicron, University of Maryland .....	67
1921. Pi, University of Illinois .....	25
1922. Rho, Ohio State University .....	14
1922. Sigma, University of Southern California .....	17
1922. Tau, Vanderbilt University .....	9
1923. Upsilon, University of Wisconsin .....	18

Active chapters, 16; inactive, 4; membership, 1,887.

The Syracuse and Michigan chapters own houses. Total valuation \$90,000.

The charter of Alpha chapter was withdrawn because of the small enrollment of the Maine law school, state support of which was discontinued. Beta, Epsilon, and Kappa chapters became inactive during the World War and have not been revived. Epsilon's chapter home was foreclosed while the members were in the service.

The convention, called the "Witan," was held annually for sixteen years but is now held biennially. During the interim between sessions of the Witan the fraternity is governed by a council called the "Curia" composed of twelve members, including the executive officers, at least eight of whom must be alumni. The first Witan was held on May 29, 1901.

The badge is a shield displaying a lamp, a star, and a fleur-de-lis above the motto and a triangle enclosing the letter "H." On two sides of the triangle are the letters "T," "T." Beneath the triangle is a balance. The pledge button is round, a gold triangle being enclosed on a black background, the triangle enclosing the letters "T," "H," "T" on a red field. The colors are red and black.

The quarterly magazine, called *The Rescript*, was started as an annual in 1912, was later made a semi-annual, and in 1920, was put on a quarterly basis. The first separate edition of the directory, was published in 1922. Song-books were published in 1909 and 1915.



## IOTA TAU SIGMA

(Medical—Osteopathic)

THIS fraternity was founded December 3, 1902, at the American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Missouri, by Lamar K. Tuttle, William C. Hall, O. S. Miller, Fred R. Graham, R. L. Starkweather, Harry Gifford, Louis A. Myers, Robert Switzer and Alexander F. McWilliams.

The chapters are as follows:

1902. Alpha, Amer. Sch. of Osteopathy (Kirksville, Mo.)	465
1903. Beta, Des Moines College of Osteopathy	196
1908. Gamma, Los Angeles School of Osteopathy	180
1909. Delta, Philadelphia College of Osteopathy	174
1910. Epsilon, Massachusetts College of Osteopathy	135
1911. Zeta, Chicago College of Osteopathy	130
1911. Theta, Cen. Col. of Osteopathy (Kans. City) (1918)	46
1920. Eta, Kansas City College of Osteo. P. & S.	56

Active chapters, 7; inactive, 1; membership, 1382.

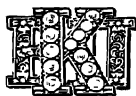
Beta chapter, which is at Des Moines, Iowa, was inactive from 1905, until 1908. Delta was formerly the Humerus Club of the Philadelphia College.

The government is vested in a grand chapter of one member of each active chapter which administers the affairs of the national organization.

The badge is a black enameled diamond with gold bevels displaying clasped hands. The letters "I T Σ" and nine stars in gold. The colors are emerald green and white.

## KAPPA BETA PI

(Legal—Women)



**T**HIS sorority was founded at Chicago-Kent College of Law, Chicago, Illinois, April 15, 1908.

The chapter roll is as follows :

Alpha, Chicago-Kent College of Law, (Chicago, Ill.)  
Beta, Northwestern University, (Chicago, Ill.)  
Gamma, De Paul University, (Chicago, Ill.)  
Delta, University of Chicago, (Chicago, Ill.)  
Epsilon, Washington College of Law, (Washington, D. C.)  
Zeta, John Marshall Law School, (Chicago, Ill.)  
Eta, University of Texas, (Austin, Tex.)  
Theta, Kansas City College of Law, (Kansas City, Mo.)  
Iota, University of California, (Berkeley, Cal.)  
Kappa, Yale University, (New Haven, Conn.)  
Lambda, University of Detroit, (Detroit, Mich.)  
Mu, Detroit College of Law, (Detroit, Mich.)  
Nu, George Washington University, (Washington, D. C.)  
Xi, University of Michigan, (Ann Arbor, Mich.)  
Omicron, National University of Law, (Washington, D. C.)  
Pi, Washington University, (St. Louis, Mo.)  
Rho, University of Iowa, (Iowa City, Ia.)  
Sigma, Cornell University, (Ithaca, N. Y.)  
Tau, Boston University, (Boston, Mass.)  
Upsilon, Syracuse University, (Syracuse, N. Y.)  
Phi, University of Illinois, (Urbana, Ill.)  
Chi, University of Oregon, (Eugene, Ore.)  
Psi, University of Wisconsin, (Madison, Wis.)

Active chapters, 23; membership, 450.

## KAPPA PHI KAPPA

(Educational)



**K**APPA PHI KAPPA was incorporated April 25, 1922, under the laws of New Hampshire, by Riverda H. Jordan, Arthur D. Wright, Adam R. Gilliland, James G. Stevens, Wesley R. Jones, and Thomas J. Byrne. The incorporation of the national body preceded the organization of local chapters, a situation unique among fraternities. It is a professional education fraternity, confining its activity to academic colleges with well developed departments of education. It admits to membership persons belonging to the undergraduate Greek letter fraternities, and does not bar its members from belonging to honorary or graduate organizations. Membership is limited to white male students who are taking, or have taken, courses in the Department of Education, and includes graduate students and faculty members. Provision is made for alumni and for honorary memberships.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1922. Alpha, Dartmouth College .....	29
1922. Beta, Lafayette College .....	31
1923. Gamma, University of Maine .....	28

1923. Delta, Colby College .....	10
1922. Epsilon, Gettysburg College .....	29
1923. Zeta, Allegheny College .....	15

Active chapters, 6; inactive, 0; membership, 142.

The government of the fraternity is through a national assembly of delegates from active and alumni chapters; during the interim between assemblies, the affairs of the order are cared for by the Executive Committee, made up of the five national officers.

The organ of the fraternity is a magazine called *The Book of Kappa Phi Kappa*.

The badge is a charm in the form of a key displaying an open book, in dull gold, with the letters "K Φ K" done in black enamel in relief across the pages of the book. The colors of the fraternity are green and white, and the flower is the white carnation.

## KAPPA PSI

(Medical—Regular)



**K**APPA PSI was founded at the Medical College of Virginia, Richmond, Va., in the fall of 1879 by F. Harvey Smith. On Nov. 17, 1917, the Delta Omicron Alpha Medical Fraternity, founded in the College of Medicine of Tulane University in 1907, was merged with Kappa Psi; and on January 26, 1918 the Phi Delta Medical Fraternity, founded at the Long Island Hospital Medical College in 1901, was also merged with Kappa Psi. There are two classes of chapters: collegiate, limited to Class A colleges only, and graduate, composed of graduates. Both classes of chapters have the same and equal rights and privileges in all matters. The governing body, called "Alpha Chapter," occupies the first place on the chapter roll.

1879. Alpha, Grand Council .....	5
1879. Beta, Medical College of Virginia .....	213
1888. Gamma, Columbia University .....	551
1898. Delta, University of Maryland .....	494
1901. Epsilon, Maryland Medical College (merged with Delta, 1914) .....	178
1902. Zeta, Georgetown University (1906) .....	94
1903. Eta, Philadelphia College of P. & S. ....	551
1904. Theta, Medical College of Virginia (formerly located in	

University College of Medicine.) .....	75
1905. Iota, University of Alabama .....	419
1906. Kappa, Birmingham Medical College (now Graduate Sch. of Med., Univ. of Ala., 1915) .....	269
1907. Lambda, Vanderbilt University .....	225
1907. Mu, Massachusetts C. of P. ....	350
1907. Nu, Medical College of South Carolina .....	145
1908. Xi, West Virginia University .....	136
1908. Omicron, University of Nashville (School discontinued. Merged with Lambda, 1912) .....	86
1908. Pi, Tulane University .....	520
1909. Rho, Emory University .....	314
1909. Sigma, Baltimore C. of P. & S. (School merged with Univ. of Md.; merged with Delta, 1915) .....	187
1909. Tau, University of Southern California .....	40
1909. Upsilon, Louisville C. of P. ....	213
1910. Phi, Northwestern University .....	299
1910. Chi, University of Illinois .....	357
1910. Psi, Baylor University .....	109
1910. Omega, Southwestern University (School merged with Baylor Univ.; merged with Psi, 1915) .....	200
1910. Beta Beta, Western Reserve University .....	208
1910. Beta Gamma, University of California .....	293
1910. Beta Delta, Union University (Albany, N. Y.) .....	473
1911. Beta Epsilon, Rhode Island College of P. & S. ....	245
1911. Beta Zeta, Oregon State College .....	222
1912. Beta Eta, Jefferson Medical College .....	256
1913. Beta Theta, University of Tennessee .....	370
1913. Beta Iota, North Pacific College .....	144
1913. Beta Kappa, University of Pittsburgh .....	765
1914. Beta Lambda, George Washington University .....	122
1914. Beta Mu, University of Louisville .....	179
1914. Beta Nu, Creighton University .....	145
1915. Beta Xi, University of North Carolina .....	165
1916. Beta Omicron, University of Washington .....	142
1916. Beta Pi, Washington State College .....	125
1917. Beta Rho, Loyola University (Chicago) .....	464
1917. Beta Sigma, Ft. Worth School of Medicine (School dis- continued; merged with Psi, 1919) .....	157
1917. Beta Tau, Marquette University .....	34
1918. Beta Upsilon, Long Island Hospital Medical College .....	278

1918. Beta Phi, University of Texas .....	68
1919. Beta Chi, University of Cincinnati .....	30
1919. Beta Psi, University of Wisconsin .....	96
1920. Beta Omega, Johns Hopkins University .....	31
1920. Gamma Gamma, College of P. & S., New York .....	136
1920. Gamma Delta, Ohio Northern University .....	85
1920. Gamma Epsilon, University of Nebraska .....	45
1920. Gamma Zeta, University of Toronto .....	97
1920. Gamma Eta, University of Montana .....	51
1920. Gamma Theta, Tufts Medical College .....	45
1920. Gamma Iota, University of Buffalo .....	91
1920. Gamma Kappa, University of Georgia .....	32
1921. Gamma Lambda, University of Pennsylvania .....	28
1921. Gamma Mu, University of Oregon .....	25
1921. Gamma Nu, Harvard University .....	25
1922. Gamma Xi, St. Louis University .....	117

59 college chapters, 11,815 members; 29 graduate chapters, 2322 members; total membership 14,137.

The Delta Omicron Alpha Medical Fraternity, merged with Kappa Psi in 1917, was founded in the College of Medicine of Tulane University in 1907 and established the following chapter roll:

1907. Alpha, Tulane University .....	216
1908. Beta, Columbia University .....	84
1910. Gamma, University of Tennessee .....	129
1910. Delta, Southwestern University (1915) .....	98
1911. Epsilon, University of Alabama .....	169
1912. Zeta, Birmingham Medical College (1915) .....	77
1912. Eta, Fort Worth School of Medicine .....	128
1914. Theta, Chicago College of Med. & Surg. ....	162

Total Delta Omicron Alpha chapters, 8. Total membership, 1,063.

The Delta Omicron Alpha badge was a triangle of gold and black enamel, with the Greek letters "Δ O Α" in the center of a black enamel field with a star above and a serpent below; the margin was jeweled.

The Phi Delta Medical Fraternity, merged with Kappa Psi in 1918, was founded at the Long Island Hospital Medical College in 1901. The chapter roll was as follows:

1901. Alpha Alpha, Long Island Hospital Medical College .....	205
1902. Alpha Beta, Ohio State University .....	102
1902. Alpha Gamma, Union University (Albany, N. Y.) .....	128
1903. Alpha Delta, Wisconsin College of P. & S. ....	78
1903. Alpha Epsilon, Kansas University Medical College (1910) ..	54
1903. Alpha Zeta, Washington University .....	106
1903. Alpha Eta, Michigan College of Med. & Surg. ....	89
1904. Alpha Theta, Sioux City Medical College (1909) .....	41
1904. Alpha Iota, Toronto University (1910) .....	31
1904. Alpha Kappa, Columbia University (1911) .....	23
1904. Alpha Lambda, Dearborn Medical College (1908) .....	35
1904. Alpha Mu, University of Minnesota .....	88
1905. Alpha Nu, Chicago College of Med. & Surg. ....	140
1905. Alpha Xi, St. Louis University .....	92
1906. Alpha Omicron, University of Illinois .....	84
1912. Alpha Pi, Loyola University .....	75

Total Phi Delta chapters, 16. Total membership 1,371.

The Phi Delta yearbook was called "Black and Gold," and the badge was a monogram of the fraternity letters "Φ" and "Δ," with the former superimposed over the latter and the chapter letters inserted in the ring of the letter "Φ."

The following chapters of Kappa Psi were formed from local organizations: *Eta* from Delta Gamma Phi; *Theta* from Pi Theta Sigma; *Upsilon* from Pi Mu; *Phi* and *Chi* from the Alpha and Beta chapters of Phi Gamma; *Omega* from Kappa Lambda; *Beta-Epsilon* from Psi Beta; *Beta-Kappa* from the Beta chapter of Beta Phi Sigma; *Beta-Omicron* from Beta Psi; *Beta-Pi* from Sigma Gamma; *Beta-Rho* and *Beta-Sigma* from the Eta and Theta chapters of D O A and the Alpha-Nu and Alpha-Pi chapters of Phi Delta; *Beta-Upsilon* from A-A of Phi Delta; *Gamma-Xi*



from Alpha-Xi of Phi Delta; the *Phi Zeta Delta* fraternity was merged with *Eta* in 1917.

The fraternity is divided into five provinces. It publishes its constitution and by-laws; *The Agora*, an esoteric publication which contains the directory and which was published annually from 1903 to 1910 and since then every three years; *The Mask*, a periodical, issued every month during the college year from 1903 to 1910, and since then issued as a quarterly.

The fraternity is governed by "Alpha Chapter" or the Grand Council which has met in annual conventions from 1886 to 1908, and since then biennially. During the interim between sessions, the administration of the fraternity affairs is in the hands of the Grand Officers. The provinces meet in biennial conventions on the alternate years to the national conventions.

The fraternity colors are scarlet and cadet gray. The flower is the red carnation. The badge is a diamond displaying a mask raised from the face of the black enamel center. The Greek letters "K" and "Ψ" appear one above and one below the mask. The eyes of the mask and the border of the badge may be jeweled.

## LAMBA PHI DELTA

(Women—Fine Arts)

**T**HIS is a professional Fine Arts sorority. (Oratory, Music, Physical Education.) This sorority was organized in 1917 at Northwestern University.

The chapters are:

- 1917. Alpha, Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois
- 1920. Beta, State College, Pittsburgh, Kansas
- 1921. Gamma, Horner Institute of Fine Arts, Kansas City, Kan.
- 1921. Delta, State Teachers' College, Emporia, Kansas
- 1922. Epsilon, Lombard College, Galesburg, Illinois

Active chapters, 5; membership, 250.

Conventions held annually.

The badge is a bevel-edged triangle of gold on which is enameled a black "Δ"; within the "Δ" is a raised "Λ" of pearls, and within the arms of the "Λ" is a slightly raised "Φ." The colors are blue, gold and bronze.

## NU SIGMA NU

(Medical—Regular)



**T**HIS is a fraternity composed of medical students and physicians. It was organized at the University of Michigan, in the regular medical department, March 2, 1882, by B. G. Strong, F. C. Bailey, R. D. Stephens, W. J. Mayo, C. M. Frye and John L. Gish.

The roll of chapters is as follows:

1882. Alpha, University of Michigan .....	293
1889. Beta, Detroit College of Medicine .....	274
1891. Delta, University of Pittsburgh .....	282
1891. Epsilon, University of Minnesota .....	379
1891. Zeta, Northwestern University .....	340
1892. Eta, University of Illinois (Chicago) .....	335
1892. Theta, University of Cincinnati .....	252
1893. Iota, Columbia University .....	231
1893. Kappa, University of Chicago .....	432
1897. Lambda, University of Pennsylvania .....	262
1897. Mu, University of Syracuse .....	284
1896. Nu, University of Southern California (1910) .....	237
1897. Xi, New York University .....	184
1899. Omicron, Union University, N. Y. (Albany) .....	263
1900. Alpha Kappa Phi, Washington University, Mo. ....	263
1900. Rho, Jefferson Medical College .....	223
1900. Sigma, Western Reserve University .....	207
1900. Tau, Cornell University, N. Y. ....	242

1900. Upsilon, Cooper Medical College (Stanford Univ.)	180
1900. Phi, University of California	217
1902. Chi, University of Toronto	196
1904. Pi Mu, University of Virginia	152
1904. Beta Alpha, University of Maryland	144
1905. Beta Beta, Johns Hopkins University	228
1905. I. C. I., University of Buffalo	282
1906. Beta Delta, University of Iowa	168
1906. Beta Epsilon, University of Nebraska	179
1907. Delta Epsilon Iota, Yale University	182
1908. Beta Eta, University of Indiana	153
1909. Beta Theta, University of Kansas	151
1910. Beta Iota, Tulane University	104
1913. Beta Kappa, Harvard University	112
1915. Beta Lambda, University of Texas	58
1918. Beta Mu, McGill University	62
1919. Beta Nu, University of Oregon	67

Active chapters, 34; inactive, 1; membership, 7,348.

Houses are owned by the Harvard, Yale, Johns Hopkins, Syracuse, Pittsburgh, Washington, Michigan, Nebraska, Iowa and California chapters. Total houses, 10; total valuation, \$215,000.

Chapters are located only in class "A" medical schools. For many years extension has been characterized by marked conservatism, although the policy of the fraternity is in favor of eventual representation in all leading medical schools. Only two chapters have ever become inactive. The chapter at the University of Southern California was suspended when that school went into a decline. The chapters at Washington University, Virginia, Buffalo and Yale took the names of the local societies from which they were formed.

The government of the fraternity is vested in a Grand Council, consisting of the chapters and of the Executive Council. The Grand Council transacts most of its business in a biennial convention of chapter delegates. Be-

tween these conventions the business of the fraternity is administered by the Executive Council of six national officers. Conventions have been held biennially.

The publications include the *Nu Sigma Nu Bulletin*, which consists chiefly of a compilation of chapter letters. Each chapter letter is sent out in pamphlet form from the Council Secretary's office to the alumni of the respective chapters. Bound and illustrated copies of all *Bulletins* are distributed to all chapters and subscribers.

A catalog was compiled in 1894, with geographical distribution of membership. In 1897 a directory was published in Chicago, containing an appendix of seven songs. In 1899 a complete catalog was published. In 1903 and 1907 directories were published. Since 1911 geographic directories have been published, the last one in 1922 being unusually complete.

The badge of the fraternity is a jeweled monogram of the letters "N  $\Sigma$  N," the " $\Sigma$ " being between the two "N's" superimposed.

## NU SIGMA PHI

(Medical—Women)



**T**HIS sorority was founded at the College of Physicians and Surgeons (University of Illinois) March 9, 1898, by Clara Kellogg-Morse, Jennie Lind Phillips, H. Luella Hukill, J. Irene Robinson Pratt and Nina D. Polson-Merritt.

Roll of chapters:

1898. Alpha, University of Illinois .....	145
1903. Beta, University of Chicago (Rush) (N.W. Univ. Woman's Med. Col., 1901) .....	60
1909. Gamma, Indiana University .....	38
1912. Delta, University of Nebraska .....	31
1912. Epsilon, Loyola University (Valparaiso) .....	34
1914. Zeta, University of Southern California (1918) .....	18
1919. Eta, University of Iowa .....	12
1920. Theta, Western Reserve University .....	19
1922. Iota, Boston University .....	10
1922. Kappa, University of California .....	7
1922. Lambda, Washington University .....	8

Active chapters, 10; inactive, 1; membership, 382.

The government of the sorority was vested in Alpha chapter from 1898 to 1913. Since 1913 Grand Chapter is the ruling body.

The badge is a monogram of the letters of the sorority name. The colors are green and white. The flower is the rose. The official publication is the *News*.

## OMEGA TAU SIGMA

(Medical—Veterinary)



OMEGA TAU SIGMA was founded at the University of Pennsylvania in 1907 by Frank A. Lentz, George A. Schwartz, Edward A. Parker, Jr., Howard H. Custes, William G. Haines and Gerrett P. Judd. Membership is limited to students of veterinary medicine.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1907. Alpha, University of Pennsylvania .....	201
1911. Beta, Cornell University .....	215
1911. Gamma, Ohio State University .....	135
1913. Delta, University of Toronto .....	220
1915. Epsilon, George Washington University (1918) .....	33

Active chapters, 4; inactive, 1; membership, 804.

The Cornell chapter owns a house, value, \$30,000.

Conventions have been held at infrequent intervals.

The badge is a diamond on which in black enamel is displayed a square panel enclosing the letter "Ω" above the letters "T Σ." Above and below the square are stones in colors corresponding to the college colors of the institution at which the wearer of the badge was initiated.

## OMEGA UPSILON

(Women)

(Schools of Oratory and Physical Education)

**T**HIS society was organized in 1904 at Northwestern University. Members of the Undergraduate Sororities are admitted.

Following is the chapter roll:

1904. Alpha, Northwestern University .....	197
1909. Beta, Chicago Normal School of Physical Education ....	178
1912. Gamma, Dr. Savage's Normal School (N. Y.) .....	99
1918. Delta, Chaffee Noble School of Expression, Detroit .....	51
1920. Epsilon, Schuster-Martin School of Oratory, Cincinnati ..	25

Active chapters, 5; membership, 550.

The badge is a triangle displaying a monogram of the letters which form the society's name.



## OMEGA UPSILON PHI

(Medical—Regular)



**T**HIS fraternity was founded at the University of Buffalo, Nov. 15, 1894, by Amos T. Baker, John M. Garratt, Frank O. Garrison, Lawrence Hendee, Elbert W. LaWall, Geo. H. Minard, Geo. S. Staniland, Edward A. Southall, Townsend Walker, Henry Joslyn, and Ross G. Loop.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1894. Alpha, University of Buffalo .....	550
1896. Beta, Niagara University (transferred to Alpha) .....	
1897. Gamma, Union University (Albany, N. Y.) .....	159
1898. Delta, University of Colorado (Denver) .....	260
1899. Epsilon, University & Bellevue Hospital Med. Coll. ....	320
1899. Zeta, University of Toronto (1903) .....	181
1900. Eta, University of Colorado (Boulder) (1918) .....	122
1900. Beta, University of Cincinnati .....	340
1901. Theta, Cornell University (N. Y.) .....	210
1901. Iota, Stanford University .....	390
1902. Theta Deuteron, Cornell University (Ithaca) (1910) ....	20
1902. Kappa, Columbia University (1913) .....	82
1903. Lambda, Miami Medical College (1906) .....	38
1904. Mu, Northwestern University (1912) .....	112
1905. Nu, Medical College of Virginia .....	410
1905. Xi, Univ. Col. of Medicine (transferred to Nu) .....	59
1907. Omicron, University of North Carolina (1913) .....	52

1908. Pi, University of Pennsylvania .....	290
1908. Rho, Jefferson Medical College .....	405
1908. Sigma, University of Minnesota (1912) .....	35
1908. Tau, N. C. Medical College (transferred to Nu) .....	34
1909. Upsilon, Medico-Chirurgical College (trans. to Pi) .....	75
1911. Phi, Vanderbilt University (1916) .....	88
1912. Chi, Fordham University (1917) .....	71
1913. Psi, University of Maryland .....	41
1914. Omega, University of California .....	101
1918. Upsilon, Temple University Medical School .....	75
1921. Lambda, Georgetown Univ. Medical School .....	35
1922. Alpha Alpha, St. Louis Univ. Medical School .....	15

Active chapters, 15; inactive, 12; membership, 4570.

In 1899 the Medical Department of Niagara University was absorbed by the University of Buffalo and the members of Beta chapter were transferred to Alpha. Gamma chapter was inactive from 1897 to 1903. Theta Deuteron chapter at Cornell University became inactive 1910 when the medical work at Ithaca was largely transferred to New York City. With the union of the medical department of the University of Cincinnati and Miami Medical College, Lambda chapter became inactive.

In 1918 Pi and Upsilon were made one chapter with the union of the two schools.

The Cincinnati chapter was formed from a local society called Theta Nu Epsilon. The Stanford chapter was a local called Pi Gamma Epsilon. The Pi, Rho and Tau chapters were derived from the Kappa Phi fraternity. The chapter at the University of Minnesota was a local Kappa Delta Phi existing in the medical department of Hamline University when it was consolidated with the medical department of the University of Minnesota. The Phi chapter was organized from a local Delta Mu.

The government is through the usual system of conventions called the Grand Chapter and composed of three dele-

gates from each chapter together with the officers and past officers of the said Grand Chapter. Conventions are held annually.

Directories of the fraternity have been published in 1901, 1912 and 1915. The Omega Upsilon Phi *Quarterly* was first issued in 1901; and an annual in 1912.

The badge is a shield displaying a monogram of the letters "Ω Υ Φ" below an eye. The colors of the fraternity are crimson and gold. The flower is the red carnation.

There are four degrees in the ritualistic work of the fraternity, three secret undergraduate degrees and one open honorary degree, known as the Hippocratic Degree, which is conferred by vote of the Grand Chapter.

## PHI ALPHA DELTA

(Legal)



**T**HIS fraternity was organized in 1897 by students at several of the Chicago Law Schools. It was known as Lambda Epsilon until 1902 when it was reorganized and the present name selected. The first four chapters below constituted the Lambda Epsilon organization. The chapters are named after eminent lawyers.

The chapter roll is as follows :

1897. Blackstone, Kent College of Law .....	321
1897. Story, De Paul University .....	251
1900. Fuller, Northwestern University .....	128
1901. Webster, Chicago Law School .....	309
1902. Marshall, University of Chicago .....	191
1903. Ryan, University of Wisconsin .....	260
1903. Magruder, University of Illinois .....	173
1905. Campbell, University of Michigan .....	252
1906. Hay, Western Reserve University .....	187
1907. Garland, University of Arkansas (1919) .....	125
1908. Benton, Kansas City Law School .....	375
1908. Capen, Illinois Wesleyan University .....	144
1908. Chase, University of Cincinnati .....	192
1908. Williams, University of Oregon (1919) .....	97
1908. Hammond, University of Iowa .....	215
1909. Lawson, University of Missouri .....	162
1909. Rapallo, New York University .....	165

1909. Taft, Georgetown University .....	352
1909. Calhoun, Yale University .....	258
1909. Green, University of Kansas .....	225
1910. Jefferson, University of Virginia .....	126
1910. Gunter, University of Colorado .....	192
1910. Hamlin, University of Maine (1919) .....	125
1911. Corliss, University of North Dakota .....	151
1911. Ross, University of Southern California .....	152
1911. Holmes, Law Department, Stanford University .....	168
1911. Temple, University of California (S. F.) .....	196
1912. Staples, Washington & Lee University .....	124
1913. Hughes, Denver University .....	131
1914. Clay, University of Kentucky .....	118
1914. Kent, University of Idaho .....	127
1914. Dunbar, University of Washington .....	116
1915. Reese, University of Nebraska .....	218
1915. Brewer, Stetson University .....	123
1916. Harlan, University of Oklahoma .....	156
1916. McReynolds, University of Tennessee .....	83
1916. Livingston, Columbia University .....	82
1920. Jay, George Washington University .....	92
1921. Benson, Washburn College .....	61
1921. Cole, Drake University .....	49
1921. Lurton, Vanderbilt University .....	29
1921. McKinley, Ohio State University .....	32
1921. Ruffin, University of North Carolina .....	52
1922. Champ Clark, Washington University .....	39
1922. Mitchell, University of Minnesota .....	32
1922. Morgan, University of Alabama .....	33

• Active chapters, 43; inactive, 3; membership, 7191.

There are sixteen alumni associations in large cities.

Most of the chapters own or rent chapter houses.

The fraternity is governed by the usual convention with an ad interim government by a board of National Officers. Conventions are held biennially on the odd numbered years. There is also a district organization composed of five districts. Assemblies are held in the districts on the even numbered years.

Directories have been published in 1901, 1906, 1910, 1913 and 1917. In these the names have appeared alphabetically, geographically and by chapters. The alumni use the directory as a means for facilitating the exchange of business. A publication called the *Phi Alpha Delta Quarterly* was begun in 1906 and has since continued uninterruptedly.

The badge is an oblong hexagonal shield with concave sides displaying in vertical order a balance and the letters "Φ Α Δ." The alumni key is hexagon shaped with the balance above the letters "Φ Α Δ." The pledge pin is a key stone with the balance superimposed in gold upon a purple field. The colors are old gold and purple and the flower is the red carnation.

## PHI ALPHA GAMMA

(Medical—Homeopathic)



**P**HI ALPHA GAMMA was founded at the New York Homeopathic Medical College, March 25, 1894, by Thomas D. Buchanan, Thomas F. Davies, Edmund M. De Vol, Robert M. Jones, Brooks DeF. Norwood, Arthur B. Smith and Harry S. Willard. The Minnesota and Iowa chapters were formed from the two chapters of a fraternity called Pi Kappa Tau.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1894. Alpha, New York Homeopathic Medical College .....	437
1896. Beta, Boston University School of Medicine .....	239
1897. Gamma, Hahnemann Medical Coll. of Philadelphia .....	315
1897. Delta, University of Minnesota (1909) .....	67
1897. Epsilon, University of Iowa (1920) .....	117
1897. Zeta Theta, Ohio State University .....	220
1897. Eta, Chicago Homeopathic Med. (United with Lambda) .....	123
1899. Theta, Pulte Medical College of Cincinnati (1901) .....	18
1899. Iota, Homeopathic Med. Coll. of Missouri (1909) .....	46
1900. Kappa, University of Michigan .....	186
1900. Eta Lambda, Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago .....	195
1906. Mu, Hahnemann Med. Coll. of the Pacific .....	131
1906. Iota Nu, Kansas City Hahnemann Med. College .....	169

Active chapters, 8; inactive, 4; membership, 2,263.

The Alpha chapter owns its house (\$25,000).

The Delta, Iota, Mu, and Nu chapters were killed by the closing of the schools in which they were located. Zeta and Theta joined forces and were thereafter known as Zeta-Theta. The Eta and Lambda chapters were united when the schools in which they were located were united. The charters of the Epsilon and Beta were revoked. The Epsilon was revived in 1906, but later became inactive due to the closing of the college.

There are a number of alumni chapters.

The catalogue was issued by the authority of the grand chapter in 1899. A directory of the fraternity was published in 1905 and 1920, and a history in 1912.

The *Phi Alpha Gamma Quarterly* is also published under the authority of the grand chapter. It was founded in 1902, and is now published in Menasha, Wis.

The government of the fraternity is through a Grand Chapter composed of two undergraduate delegates, and one graduate delegate from each active chapter. It elects its own officers and meets annually in November.

Conventions have been held yearly. Between the sessions of the conventions the fraternity's affairs are administered by an Executive Council composed of the three general officers.

The badge of the fraternity is the middle phalanx of the little finger of the human hand, mounted in gold, with the letters "Φ Α Γ" in gold upon a field of black enamel. The color of the fraternity is violet, and its flower is the violet.



## PHI ALPHA SIGMA

(Medical—Regular)



**P**HI ALPHA SIGMA was founded April 9, 1888 at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College. It was established on the basis of an older organization called Kappa Delta Phi.

The chapter roll is as follows :

1888. Alpha, Bellevue Hospital Medical College .....	330
1890. Beta, University of Pennsylvania .....	356
1899. Gamma, Cornell University (N. Y. City) .....	168
1899. Delta, Jefferson Medical College .....	289
1903. Epsilon, University of Texas .....	145
1910. Zeta, Northwestern University (1912) .....	26
1917. Eta, Tulane University .....	19
1921. Theta, Baylor University—Medical .....	44

Active chapters, 7 ; inactive, 1 ; membership, 1377.

The fraternity is incorporated under the general law of New York. The fraternity published a preliminary catalogue in 1908, a directory in 1910 and a combined manual, catalogue and directory in 1912 (Philadelphia) the last named edited by Dr. E. J. G. Beardsley.

The badge is a caduceus of gold with two winged serpents, the letters "Φ Α Σ" in platinum being arranged vertically along the rod.

## PHI ALPHA TAU

(Public Speakers and Actors)



PHI ALPHA TAU was organized at the Emerson College of Oratory, Boston, Mass., in 1902. It is a fraternity of persons professionally engaged in all forms of the "Speech Arts."

The chapter roll is as follows :

- 1902. Alpha, Emerson College of Oratory
- 1904. Gamma, University of Nebraska
- 1912. Zeta, Carroll College
- 1914. Eta, University of Puget Sound
- 1915. Theta, Northwestern College
- 1915. Iota, University of Kansas
- 1915. Kappa, Syracuse University
- 1915. Lambda, University of Texas
- 1916. Mu, University of Oklahoma
- 1916. Nu, Pacific University
- 1916. Xi, University of Michigan
- 1916. Omicron, Kansas State Agricultural College
- 1917. Pi, University of Arkansas
- 1922. Rho, University of Montana

Active chapters, 14; membership, 1200.

At a convention held at Chicago in 1910 a constitution was drafted. At a meeting held at Des Moines, Iowa, in 1911 it was adopted and a National Council provided for.

The badge is a large "Φ" displaying the letters "A" and "T" on its vertical bar.

## PHI BETA

(Music and Oratory)

THE organization was founded May 5, 1912, at Northwestern University School of Speech.

The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1912. Alpha, Northwestern University
- 1916. Beta, Chicago Musical College
- 1917. Gamma, American Conservatory of Music, Chicago
- 1918. Delta, Cincinnati Conservatory of Music
- 1920. Epsilon, New Orleans Conservatory of Music
- 1920. Zeta, Cosmopolitan School of Music and Dramatic Art, Chicago
- 1921. Eta, Stetson University, De Land, Florida

Active chapters, 7; membership, 500.

The Cincinnati chapter was formed from a local Alpha Gamma Chi. The Chicago Musical College chapter was formed from a local, Mu Kappa Phi.

The government is through national conventions, which are held annually. The board of national officers act as a governing body between conventions.

The official publication is *The Baton*.

The badge is a monogram of the two Greek letters which give the sorority its name. The "Φ" is set with pearls. The bar may be set with diamonds.

The pledge pin is a small gold "Φ." The colors are lavender and gold. The flowers are the Ward rose and the violet.

# PHI BETA PI

(Medical—Regular)



**P**HI BETA PI was founded at the West Pennsylvania Medical College, now a department of the University of Pittsburgh, March 10, 1891, by a number of students who organized themselves into an anti-fraternity society, in order to limit the influence of the fraternities existing in the institution. It was at first called Pi Beta Phi but changed its name out of deference to the prior existing sorority of that name. After a while finding that the society prospered and was inculcating the same fraternal spirit as its rivals, it dropped its anti-fraternity character and became a fraternity.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1891. Alpha, University of Pittsburgh .....	434
1898. Beta, University of Michigan .....	283
1900. Gamma, Starling-Ohio Medical College (1905) .....	63
1901. Delta, Rush Medical College (Univ. of Chicago) .....	348
1901. Epsilon, McGill University (1908) .....	22
1901. Zeta, Baltimore Coll. Physicians and Surgeons .....	311
1902. Eta, Jefferson Medical College .....	269
1902. Theta, Northwestern University (Chicago) .....	274
1902. Iota, University of Illinois (Chicago) .....	290
1903. Kappa, Detroit College of Medicine .....	226

1903. Lambda, St. Louis University .....	255
1903. Mu, Washington University, Mo. ....	240
1904. Nu, Kansas City University Med. Coll. (1913) .....	149
1904. Xi, University of Minnesota .....	244
1905. Omicron, University of Indiana (Indianapolis) .....	163
1905. Pi, University of Iowa .....	186
1906. Rho, Vanderbilt University .....	160
1906. Sigma, University of Alabama .....	124
1906. Tau, University of Missouri .....	235
1906. Upsilon, Western Reserve University (1911) .....	43
1906. Phi, Univ. Coll. of Med. (now Phi Psi) .....	
1906. Chi, Georgetown University .....	137
1906. Phi Psi, Medical College of Virginia .....	169
1906. Omega, Cooper Medical College (1912) .....	67
1907. Alpha Alpha, Creighton Medical College .....	126
1907. Alpha Beta, Tulane University .....	154
1907. Alpha Gamma, Syracuse University (1918) .....	119
1907. Alpha Delta, Medico-Chirurgical College (Alpha Sigma) .....	
1907. Alpha Epsilon, Marquette University .....	164
1908. Alpha Zeta, University of Indiana (Bloomington) .....	200
1909. Alpha Eta, University of Virginia .....	119
1909. Alpha Sigma, University of Pennsylvania .....	234
1910. Alpha Iota, University of Kansas .....	216
1910. Alpha Kappa, University of Texas (Galveston) .....	188
1912. Alpha Lambda, University of Oklahoma .....	131
1913. Alpha Mu, University of Louisville .....	102
1913. Alpha Nu, University of Utah .....	130
1913. Alpha Xi, Harvard University .....	129
1913. Alpha Omicron, Johns Hopkins University .....	73
1915. Alpha Pi, University of Wisconsin .....	176
1916. Alpha Rho, Oakland Medical College (1919) .....	64
1919. Alpha Tau, University of California .....	45
1920. Alpha Upsilon, University of Kansas (Rosedale) .....	40
1920. Alpha Phi, Baylor University .....	21
1920. Alpha Chi, University of Colorado .....	19
1920. Alpha Psi, University of Nebraska .....	42
1921. Alpha Omega, Loyola University .....	41
1922. Beta Alpha, University of West Virginia .....	23

Active chapters, 39; inactive, 7; membership, 7,248.

The following chapters own houses: Indiana, Jefferson

Medical, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Texas, Wisconsin, Nebraska. Total houses, 8; total valuation, \$119,000.

The University Medical School chapter merged with the Medical College of Virginia in 1913 and the Medico-Chirurgical College chapter merged with the University of Pennsylvania chapter forming the Alpha Sigma chapter.

The fraternity issues a quarterly journal now in its fifteenth volume called the *Phi Beta Pi Quarterly*. It published a directory in 1909 (Chicago) intended to be reissued every four years. A new directory was issued in 1920, and a supplement in 1921.

The government is through the conventions held biennially, and in the interim by a supreme council of officers. The latter meets two or three times a year. The fraternity maintains a central office with a full time secretary to conduct the administrative work of the fraternity. Provincial assemblies alternate with the general assembly.

The badge is a diamond of gold with emerald corners and pearl sides. The center is a black enamel displaying in gold the skull and pelvis and the letters "Φ Β Π." The colors are green and white and the flower is the white chrysanthemum.

# PHI CHI

(Medical—Regular)



Patented U. S.

**P**HI CHI, as at present constituted, is due to the union of two fraternities of the same name, a Northern and a Southern society.

The Northern society was organized at the University of Vermont in 1889, and built up the following chapter roll:

1889. Alpha, University of Vermont .....	802
1893. Beta Beta, University of Maryland (Beta Delta) .....	
1900. Gamma Gamma, Bowdoin College Medical (1921) .....	371
1902. Delta Delta, Baltimore College of P. & S. (Beta Delta)	
1903. Theta Theta, Maryland Medical College (Beta Delta) ..	

The Southern society was organized at the Louisville Medical College in 1894, and established the following chapters:

1894. Alpha Alpha, University of Louisville .....	1042
1896. Beta, Kentucky School of Medicine (Alpha Alpha) .....	
1896. Gamma, University of Louisville (Alpha Alpha) .....	
1897. Delta, Hospital College of Medicine (Ky.) (Alpha Alpha)	
1899. Theta, Univ. Coll. of Med., Va. (Theta Eta) .....	
1900. Epsilon, Kentucky University (Alpha Alpha) .....	
1902. Kappa, Georgetown University Medical School .....	299
1903. Theta Eta, Medical College of Virginia .....	259
1903. Omicron, Tulane University .....	286
1903. Mu, Indiana University (Indianapolis) .....	275
1903. Nu, Birmingham, Ala., Med. College (1912) .....	106

1903. Zeta, University of Texas .....	162
1903. Chi, Jefferson Medical College .....	313
1904. Phi, George Washington University .....	220
1904. Iota, University of Alabama .....	185
1905. Pi, Vanderbilt University .....	226

The two societies consolidated, making concessions and compromises concerning many details and the following additional chapters have been established.

1905. Lambda, University of Pittsburgh (1912) .....	111
1905. Sigma, Emory University .....	307
1905. Rho, University of Chicago .....	282
1905. Sigma Theta, University of North Carolina .....	200
1905. Psi, University of Michigan .....	181
1906. Alpha Theta, Western Reserve University .....	132
1906. Pi Sigma, University of Maryland (Beta Delta) .....	
1906. Sigma Mu Chi, Chattanooga Medical College (1910) ....	82
1906. Tau, Medical College of South Carolina (1912) .....	112
1907. Xi, Baylor Medical College .....	186
1907. Upsilon, Atlanta, Ga., Medical College (Sigma) .....	
1907. Phi Sigma, Loyola University (Chicago) .....	353
1907. Chi Theta, Medico-Chirurgical College, Phila. (Upsilon Pi)	
1908. Kappa Psi, Coll. of P. & S., St. Louis, Mo. (Phi Rho)	
1908. Pi Delta Phi, Univ. of California .....	161
1908. Upsilon Pi, University of Pennsylvania .....	245
1909. Iota Pi, University of So. California .....	85
1909. Theta Upsilon, Temple University .....	165
1910. Kappa Delta, Johns Hopkins University .....	187
1910. Alpha Mu, Indiana University, Bloomington (Mu) .....	
1910. Phi Beta, University of Illinois (Upsilon Iota) .....	
1911. Sigma Upsilon, Stanford University .....	64
1911. Phi Rho, St. Louis University .....	262
1913. Delta, Tufts College .....	378
1914. Beta, University of Oregon .....	38
1914. Gamma, Ohio State University .....	104
1914. Epsilon, Detroit College of Med. & Surg. ....	42
1914. Alpha Beta, University of Tennessee .....	63
1915. Kappa Upsilon, University of Kansas .....	142
1915. Lambda Rho, University of Arkansas .....	32
1916. Chi Upsilon, Creighton University .....	101



1916. Upsilon Nu, University of Nebraska .....	97
1918. Upsilon Zeta, University of Cincinnati .....	51
1918. Upsilon Iota, University of Illinois .....	136
1920. Kappa Rho, Northwestern University .....	78
1920. Delta Pi, University of Utah .....	37
1920. Kappa Chi, University of Minnesota .....	49
1920. Upsilon Sigma, Columbia University .....	37
1921. Epsilon Chi, Marquette University .....	34
1921. Beta Chi, University of Colorado .....	17
1921. Tau Beta, University of Wisconsin .....	20
1921. Sigma Delta, University of South Dakota .....	20
1921. Rho Delta, Cornell University (N. Y.) .....	16
1921. Eta Upsilon, Harvard University, Medical .....	29
1921. Beta Upsilon, Boston University .....	49
1922. Beta Mu, McGill University .....	12
1922. Epsilon Delta, Washington University (St. Louis) .....	10
1922. Gamma Sigma, Yale Medical College .....	12
1922. Pi Mu, University of Virginia .....	36
1922. Omicron Kappa, University of Oklahoma .....	22
1922. Tau Omicron, University of Toronto .....	18

Active chapters, 53; inactive, 4; membership, 9,792.

There have been numerous mergers and reorganizations of medical schools which can be noticed in the list of the chapters. The University of Virginia chapter was the Alpha of the Pi Mu Medical fraternity, established in 1892, which united with Phi Chi in 1922. This merger gave Phi Chi its Virginia chapter and the alumni of Pi Mu. This membership has not yet been added to the Phi Chi total on account of incomplete returns.

The government of the fraternity is the usual one of a convention, called the "Grand Chapter," the sessions being held biennially. An Executive Committee, composed of the officers of the Grand Chapter, constitute an administrative board during the interim between the conventions.

The fraternity journal is called the *Phi Chi Quarterly* and it was first published in 1904 by the Southern society.

In 1915 "The Phi Chi Directory" was issued.

In 1919 the central office of Phi Chi was established and in 1921 the Grand Secretary was made an "all-time" officer and chief of the central office of Phi Chi.

The fraternity maintains a biennial inspection of all its chapters and a compulsory system of uniform chapter accounting.

The badge consists of a skull and cross-bones resting upon the Greek letters "Φ" and "Χ" in the form of a monogram, the "Φ" nuggeted gold, the "Χ" polished gold. The eyes of the skull are rubies and the letters "E Φ A" are on the forehead of the skull. The badge is patented as to design. The fraternity coat of arms is copyrighted. The colors are olive green and white. The flower is the lily-of-the-valley with leaves.

# PHI DELTA CHI

(Pharmaceutical—Chemical)



**P**HI DELTA CHI was founded in the department of Pharmacy, at the University of Michigan, November 2, 1883, by Charles E. Bond, F. H. Frazee, Llewellyn H. Gardner, Charles P. Godfrey, Arthur G. Hoffman, A. G. Hopper, G. P. Leamon, A. S. Rogers, Azor Thurston, A. T. Waggoner, and Charles F. Hueber. At this time it was known as the Phi Chi Society and was sponsored from the beginning by Dr. A. B. Prescott who was then the Dean of the College of Pharmacy, and who was made the first honorary member of the newly organized society.

On the night of the second meeting of this society a motion was made and lost to change the name to Phi Delta Chi. This was reconsidered in March, 1909, and the change of name then made. The society was reorganized into a Greek letter fraternity in the year 1887, at which time symbols, signs, ritual and regalia were adopted.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1887. Alpha, University of Michigan .....	404
1896. Beta, Northwestern University (1917) .....	338
1898. Gamma, Columbia University .....	318
1900. Delta, University of Wisconsin (1905) .....	54
1901. Epsilon, Philadelphia College of Pharmacy .....	283
1902. Zeta, University of California .....	290
1902. Eta, Massachusetts College of Pharmacy .....	279

1904. Theta, University of Minnesota .....	257
1905. Iota, University of Maryland (1907) .....	33
1905. Kappa, University of Washington (1912) .....	46
1905. Lambda, University of Texas .....	184
1907. Mu, University of Pittsburgh .....	299
1907. Nu, University of Iowa .....	150
1908. Xi, Ohio State University .....	182
1909. Omicron, University of Southern California .....	161
1912. Pi, University of Nebraska .....	126
1913. Rho, University of Oklahoma .....	142
1914. Sigma, University of Colorado (1917) .....	79
1916. Tau, Purdue University .....	81
1917. Upsilon, University of Kansas .....	75
1920. Phi, Creighton University .....	34
1921. Chi, Alabama Polytechnic Institute .....	42
1921. Psi, Des Moines University .....	54
1922. Omega, University of Tennessee .....	36

Active chapters, 19; inactive, 5; membership, 3947.

The fraternity is governed by a representative body called the Grand Council consisting of one alumnus and one active member from each chapter who meet once each year. Between the sessions of the convention an Executive Council administers the affairs of the fraternity.

The fraternity publishes a quarterly known as the *Phi Delta Chi Communicator*. A history and directory were published in 1912.

The badge is a plain gold triangle with the point at the bottom, displaying the letters "Φ Δ Χ." The flower is the red carnation. The colors are old gold and dregs of wine.

# PHI DELTA DELTA

(Legal—Women)



**P**HI DELTA DELTA Women's Legal Fraternity was founded at the University of Southern California, College of Law, November 11, 1911, by Sarah Patten, Vere Radir-Norton, Gladys Moore, Georgia Bullock and Annette Hunley. On October 28, 1912, the fraternity was incorporated under the laws of the State of California. This fraternity was organized to promote a high standard of scholarship, and professional ethics and culture among women in law schools and in the legal profession.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1911. Alpha, Univ. of Southern California, College of Law .....	55
1913. Beta, Washington College of Law, Washington, D. C. ....	19
1913. Gamma, Chicago-Kent College of Law, Chicago (1917) ..	10
1914. Delta, University of Oregon School of Law, Eugene, Ore. ..	16
1916. Epsilon, Univ. of Washington, School of Law, Seattle ....	43
1918. Zeta, George Washington Univ., College of Law .....	37
1919. Eta, Portia School of Law, Boston, Mass. ....	35
1920. Theta, University of Kansas, Lawrence, Kansas .....	20
1921. Iota, Vanderbilt University, College of Law, Nashville ....	16
1921. Kappa, Washburn College, Law School, Topeka, Kansas ...	15
1921. Lambda, University of Pittsburgh, College of Law .....	7
1921. Mu, University of Missouri, College of Law, Columbus ...	9
1922. Nu, Brooklyn School of Law, Brooklyn, N. Y. ....	8
1922. Xi, Northwestern College of Law, Portland, Oregon .....	10
1922. Omicron, Western Reserve University, College of Law .....	6

## PHI DELTA EPSILON

Active chapters, 14; inactive, 1; membership, 306.

The legislative and judicial powers of the fraternity are vested in a biennial convention. In the interim, the affairs of the fraternity are administered by a national executive committee elected at each convention. This board consists of five members, the national president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer and recorder. For administrative purposes the fraternity is divided geographically into five provinces.

The official organ of the fraternity is *The Phi Delta Delta*, which is issued semi-annually. November 11th of each year is observed by all the chapters as Founders' Day. The fraternity colors are old rose and lavender, flowers: violets and roses.

## PHI DELTA EPSILON

(Medical—Regular)



**P**HI DELTA EPSILON was founded October 13, 1904 at the Cornell University Medical College.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1904. Alpha, Cornell University Medical College .....	168
1905. Beta, University and Bellevue Hosp. Med. Coll. ....	164
1905. Gamma, College of P. & S. of Columbia University .....	187
1906. Delta Epsilon, University of Maryland Medical College ..	249

1906. Zeta, Long Island College Hospital .....	140
1907. Theta, Fordham University .....	139
1907. Iota, College of P. & S. of Baltimore .....	132
1907. Kappa Pi, University of Pennsylvania .....	128
1909. Delta, Johns Hopkins Medical School .....	134
1916. Mu, Jefferson Medical College .....	117
1911. Nu, University of Pittsburgh .....	108
1913. Xi, Loyola University Medical School .....	110
1913. Omicron, N. Y. Homeopathic Medical College .....	97
1916. Rho, Harvard Medical School .....	109
1916. Sigma, Temple University of Philadelphia .....	106
1918. Alpha Alpha, University of Illinois, College of Medicine ..	130
1918. Alpha Beta, Northwestern University Medical School ....	121
1918. Alpha Gamma, Rush Medical College .....	118
1918. Alpha Delta, Detroit College of Medicine and Surgery ...	105
1918. Alpha Eta, University of Southern California .....	108
1918. Alpha Theta, Tufts Medical School .....	90
1918. Alpha Iota, Tulane University School of Medicine .....	61
1919. Tau, University of Syracuse .....	45
1920. Upsilon, Western Reserve .....	40
1920. Psi, George Washington University .....	36
1921. Phi, University of Louisville .....	29
1921. Chi, Ohio State University .....	24
1921. Omega, University of Michigan .....	26
1922. Alpha Kappa, University of St. Louis .....	13

Active chapters, 29; inactive, 0; membership, 3,034.

Seven chapters were added by amalgamation with the Alpha Phi Sigma fraternity, in 1918.

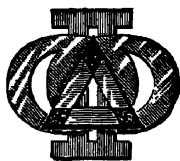
The government of the fraternity is vested in the Senate and the Board of Trustees. The Senate is composed of three representatives from each chapter and club, and the Board of Trustees consists of the Past Grand Consuls.

There are seven graduate clubs located in large cities.

The fraternity publishes a "Year Book," and a monthly, called *The News*. The colors are royal purple and cream of white.

## PHI DELTA PHI

(Legal)



THE fraternity of Phi Delta Phi was founded at the law department of Michigan University in 1869, by John M. Howard, of the law class of '71, a graduate of Monmouth College and a member of Phi Gamma Delta. There had been a local society called the Alpha Phi, and having its membership confined exclusively to law students at Ann Arbor for a year or two previous to this time, but none of the original members of Phi Delta Phi seemed to have known about it, or designed to imitate it. The first meeting was held November 22, 1869, and the new fraternity called Phi Delta Phi. Honorary members were provided for, from members of the legal profession, elected and initiated in the usual way. Members of the college fraternities were encouraged to join the new organization; as the fraternity does not resemble the regular Greek brotherhoods except in name, there is little conflict of allegiance. The chapters are named after distinguished lawyers.

The chapter roll is as follows :

- 1869. Kent, University of Michigan
- 1878. Benjamin, Law School, Bloomington, Ill.
- 1880. Booth, Union College of Law, Chicago



- 1881. Story, Columbia University
- 1882. Cooley, Washington University
- 1883. Pomeroy, Hastings Law School, Cal. Univ. (S. F.)
- 1884. Marshall, George Washington University
- 1884. Jay, Albany Law School, Union Univ. (1912)
- 1885. Webster, Boston University
- 1886. Hamilton, Cincinnati Law School
- 1886. Gibson, University of Pennsylvania
- 1887. Choate, Harvard University (1909)
- 1887. Waite, Yale University
- 1888. Field, New York University
- 1888. Conkling, Cornell Law School University
- 1890. Tiedemann, University of Missouri
- 1890. Minor, University of Virginia
- 1891. Dillon, University of Minnesota
- 1891. Daniels, Buffalo Law School
- 1891. Chase, University of Oregon
- 1891. Harlan, University of Wisconsin
- 1893. Swan, Ohio State University
- 1893. McClain, University of Iowa
- 1895. Lincoln, University of Nebraska
- 1896. Osgoode, Law School of Upper Canada
- 1896. Fuller, Chicago-Kent College of Law
- 1897. Miller, Stanford University
- 1897. Green, University of Kansas
- 1899. Comstock, Syracuse University
- 1899. Dwight, New York Law School
- 1900. Foster, University of Indiana
- 1901. Ranney, Western Reserve University
- 1901. Langdell, University of Illinois
- 1902. Brewer, University of Denver
- 1903. Douglas, University of Chicago
- 1907. Ballinger, University of Washington
- 1907. Malone, Vanderbilt University
- 1907. Evarts, Brooklyn Law School. (St. Lawrence Univ.)
- 1907. Thomas, University of Colorado
- 1907. Beatty, University of Southern Cal.
- 1908. Reed, University of Maine (1919)
- 1908. Tucker, Washington and Lee University
- 1909. Roberts, University of Texas
- 1909. Shiras, University of Pittsburgh

- 1911. Holmes, University of Oklahoma
- 1911. Ames, University of South Dakota
- 1911. Bruce, University of North Dakota
- 1911 White, Tulane University
- 1913. Jones, University of California (Berkeley)
- 1919. Cockrell, University of Florida
- 1919. Roosevelt, University of Tennessee
- 1919. Vance, University of North Carolina
- 1922. Brooke, University of West Virginia
- 1922. Clayburg, University of Montana
- 1922. De Graffenried, University of Alabama
- 1922. Wilson, University of Georgia

Active chapters, 53; inactive, 3; membership, 15,480.

The Michigan, Wisconsin and Yale chapters own houses; total, 3; valuation, \$60,000.

The government of the fraternity is through the conventions, and a council acting during the time between its sessions. The fraternity is now divided into provinces for administrative purposes, and they hold conventions between the sessions of the general conventions.

The Osgoode chapter was inactive from 1899 to 1909, and the Story chapter from 1913 to 1922. The charters of the Jay and Choate chapters were withdrawn. The Reed chapter went out of existence with the Law School of Maine University during the World War.

The exercises of the chapters vary. Each chapter, before its establishment, is required to frame such a schedule of work as will supplement the regular course of instruction in its law school.

There are alumni chapters in a number of the large cities.

After graduation, the members form a widespread exchange for the interchange of business and information. This feature is facilitated by the catalogue of the fraternity, of which ten editions have been published. During 1887-88 a periodical called *The Brief* was issued by the sec-

retary of the fraternity council, but it was suspended after the publication of one volume. It was revived in 1900 as a quarterly, and has been continued ever since. The badge adopted in 1882, and now in use, is a monogram. The fraternity colors are wine color and pearl blue. The flower is the jacqueminot rose.

The flag is a pennant with three diagonal panels, the upper and lower ones are plain and wine red in color, the middle one is pearl blue in color and displays the letters "Φ Δ Φ" in wine red.

Among the prominent alumni of the fraternity, and exclusive of honorary members are the following: President Roosevelt; John B. Jackson, Minister to Roumania; Irving B. Dudley, Ambassador to Brazil; Frank H. Hitchcock, late Postmaster General; Elliott Northcott, Envoy to Nicaragua; Beekman Winthrop, formerly Assistant Secretary of Navy; William B. Gilbert, U. S. Circuit Judge; Arnold Shanklin, late Consul General in Mexico; W. F. Frear, formerly Chief Justice of Hawaii; Ashley M. Gould, Judge Supreme Court of the District of Columbia; Charles S. Thomas, Governor and now Senator from Colorado; Richard Yates, Governor of Illinois; John L. Bates, Governor of Massachusetts; Herbert S. Hadley, Governor of Missouri; Charles E. Hughes, formerly Governor of New York, later Secretary of State; Wilder S. Metcalf, Brigadier General; Colonel Edwin F. Glenn, U. S. Army; Norman Hapgood, editor of *Collier's Weekly*; Harry A. Garfield, president of Williams College; Arthur C. Denison, U. S. Circuit Judge.

Ex-Senator Luke Lea, of Tennessee; Chief Justice Andrew A. Bruce, of North Dakota; William Raymond Baird; Frank O. Loveland, author in bankruptcy practice; George R. Greary, mayor of Toronto; Paul D. Cravath, one of leaders of N. Y. bar; Chief Justice Arthur P. Rugg.

## PHI DELTA PI

(Women—Physical Education)

**T**HIS fraternity was founded at the Normal College of the American Gymnastic Union at Indianapolis, on February 2, 1917, and has the following chapters:

Alpha, Normal College of A. G. U., Indianapolis

Beta, Temple University, Philadelphia

Gamma, Northwestern University

Delta, American College of Phys. Education, Chicago

Epsilon, Battle Creek Normal School, Battle Creek, Mich.

Zeta, Chicago Normal School of Phys. Education

Eta, University of Utah

Theta, Ithaca School of Physical Education, Ithaca, N. Y.

Active chapters, 8; membership, 440.

The conventions are held annually. A periodical is issued called the *Cadat*. The flower is the purple violet.

## PHI LAMBA KAPPA

(Medical)



**T**HE Phi Lambda Kappa fraternity was founded at the University of Pennsylvania in 1907.

The organization was divided into three divisions, the Eastern functioning as the Aleph Yodh He fraternity, and now completely merged with the Phi Lambda Kappa fraternity, the Western division as Phi Lambda Kappa, and the Middle West as Zeta Mu Phi. On December 1921, at a convention held in Chicago, Ill., the entire organization was combined under the name of the Phi Lambda Kappa Fraternity, Inc.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1907. Alpha, University of Pennsylvania .....	135
1908. Alpha Alpha, University of Illinois .....	75
1909. Beta, Jefferson Medical College .....	106
1912. Gamma, Loyola University .....	95
1912. Delta, Rush Medical School .....	86
1914. Epsilon, Northwestern University .....	72
1919. Zeta, Columbia University College of P. & S. ....	44
1919. Eta, University and Bellevue Medical School .....	53
1919. Theta, Long Island College Hospital .....	52
1920. Iota, Tufts Medical College .....	25
1920. Kappa, Wisconsin College of P. & S. ....	52

1920. Lambda, Buffalo University .....	35
1922. Mu, Pittsburgh University .....	10
1922. Nu, Boston University .....	12
1922. Xi, University of Maryland .....	18
1922. Omicron, Cornell University .....	8

Active chapters, 16; inactive, 0; membership 878.

Previous to the merger in December, 1921, the fraternity functioned under two separate boards composed of members from the Alpha chapter at the University of Pennsylvania and Alpha Alpha chapter at the University of Illinois. At the last convention of the organization held in Pittsburgh, June, 1922, a new constitution was drawn up and the government of the fraternity was vested in a National Directorate composed of officers elected by the two delegate representatives from each of the active chapters, and a Board of Trustees consisting of members of the graduate alumnæ.

Conventions are held annually alternating one year in the East, the next year in the Middle West and the following year in the West.

The fraternity owns and maintains fraternity houses in Philadelphia, Chicago, New York, Buffalo, and Pittsburgh, the total valuation of which is \$46,350.

The badge is diamond shaped with a blue field. On the upper corner of this field is a skull and cross-bones. The name of the fraternity is in the middle and situated below this is a six pointed star. The corners of the badge are set with rubies and four pearls intervene between each ruby. The colors of the fraternity are blue and white.

## PHI MU ALPHA SINFONIA

(Musical)



THIS fraternity, which is commonly called Sinfonia, was organized October 6, 1898, at the New England Conservatory of Music by Ossian E. Mills and thirteen associates. Its organization at first was that of a club, but in 1900 it was determined to expand and form a regular college fraternity, in musical schools of approved excellence.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1898. Alpha, New England Conservatory of Music, Boston	261
1900. Beta, Broad St. Conservatory of Music, Philadelphia	134
1900. Gamma, American Institute of Applied Music (1900)	16
1901. Delta, Ithaca Conservatory of Music, Ithaca, N. Y.	123
1904. Gamma, Detroit Conservatory of Music (1912)	43
1902. Epsilon, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich.	230
1902. Zeta, Chicago Auditorium Conservatory (1904)	18
1903. Eta, Cincinnati College of Music, Cincinnati, Ohio	138
1904. Theta, Syracuse University (1915)	114
1907. Zeta, University of Missouri, Columbia, Missouri	88
1910. Iota, Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill.	74
1911. Kappa, Peabody Conservatory of Music (1915)	26
1911. Lambda, De Pauw University (1913)	17
1912. Mu, University of Oklahoma, Norman, Okla.	113
1912. Nu, Denison University, Granville, Ohio	65
1914. Omicron, Cincinnati Conservatory of Music, Cincinnati	102
1914. Xi, University of Kansas, Lawrence, Kansas	115
1915. Pi, Simpson College, Indianola, Iowa	49

1920. Rho, American Conservatory—Chicago Musical College ..	66
1921. Phi, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis. ....	42
1921. Sigma, University of Washington, Seattle, Washington ...	34
1921. Tau, Kansas State Agricultural College, Manhattan, Kans.	59
1921. Upsilon, University School of Music, Lincoln, Nebr. ....	44
1921. Chi, State College, Pullman, Washington .....	29
1921. Psi, University of Oregon, Eugene, Oregon .....	29
1922. Omega, Ohio Wesleyan University, Delaware, Ohio .....	20
1922. Alpha Beta, Drake University, Des Moines, Iowa .....	17
1922. Alpha Delta, Iowa State College, Ames, Iowa .....	29
1922. Alpha Gamma, University of Kentucky, Lexington, Ky. ..	11
1923. Alpha Zeta, State College, Pennsylvania .....	16
1923. Alpha Epsilon, University of Southern California .....	22

Active chapters, 25; inactive, 6; membership, 2,240.

The Michigan chapter owns a house, value \$20,000.

The government of the fraternity is in the hands of a board of Supreme officers constituting with a member of each chapter a Supreme Council. Conventions are held every two years. The fraternity admits honorary members.

The fraternity issued an annual from 1901 to 1914. This contained chapter letters, portraits of the members, lists of initiates and the like. It also issues twice a year a periodical called the *Sinfonian*. It has issued three Songbooks, the words and music being by the members.

The badge is a triangle with the point at the top. It displays an antique letter "S" with one of the letters "M A" at each point of the triangle. The colors are red and black and gold.



## PHI PSI

(Textile)

**T**HIS fraternity was founded March 18, 1903, at the Philadelphia Textile School by Harold H. Hart of Racine, Wis., with the following charter members: J. Ellsworth Fite, Philadelphia, Pa.; J. A. Claypool, Worthington, Pa.; Robert L. Dawson, New York City; and Paul Benninghofen, Hamilton, Ohio. It was incorporated under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania on April 14, 1905.

Membership is confined to students in textile schools or colleges with textile departments. They also admit to honorary membership men eminent in the textile industry.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1903. Alpha, Philadelphia Textile School .....	280
1904. Beta, New Bedford Textile School .....	139
1904. Gamma, Lowell Textile School .....	245
1909. Delta, Bradford-Durfee Textile School .....	92
1916. Epsilon, North Carolina State College (1921) .....	35
1917. Zeta, Georgia School of Technology (1921) .....	28

Active chapters, 4; inactive, 2; membership, 819.

The Lowell Textile School chapter owns its own house (\$10,500).

The government is by "Grand Council," which meets annually in convention in the city in which the active chapters are located.

The official publication is *The Phi Psi Quarterly*, founded in 1913 and issued four times each college year.

The official pin of this fraternity is a diamond shape with a gold border and four perpendicular gold bars on a black face containing the Greek letters "Φ Ψ" in gold.

## PHI RHO SIGMA

(Medical—Regular)



**P**HI RHO SIGMA was founded at the Northwestern Medical School, then the Chicago Medical College, October 31, 1890, by Milbank Johnson assisted by T. J. Robeson, H. H. Forline and J. A. Poling.

The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1890. Alpha, Northwestern University
- 1894. Beta, University of Illinois
- 1895. Gamma, University of Chicago (Rush Medical)
- 1896. Delta, University of Southern California (1919)
- 1897. Epsilon, Detroit College of Medicine and Surgery
- 1897. Zeta, University of Michigan
- 1900. Eta, Creighton University
- 1900. Theta, Hamline Medical College (united with Tau)
- 1901. Iota, University of Nebraska
- 1901. Kappa, Western Reserve University
- 1901. Lambda, Medico-Chir. College of Phila. (united with Phi)
- 1902. Mu, University of Iowa
- 1902. Nu, Harvard University
- 1903. Xi, Johns Hopkins University (1904)
- 1903. Omicron, Marquette University (1918)
- 1903. Pi, Indiana University (Indianapolis)
- 1904. Rho, Jefferson Medical College
- 1904. Sigma, University of Virginia
- 1905. Theta Tau, University of Minnesota
- 1906. Upsilon, Medical College of Virginia

- 1906. Phi, University of Pennsylvania
- 1907. S & S, Yale University (1919)
- 1908. Chi, University of Pittsburgh
- 1909. Psi, University of Colorado
- 1911. Alpha Omicron Delta, University of Buffalo
- 1913. Omega, Ohio State University
- 1913. Alpha Beta, Columbia University
- 1913. Alpha Gamma, McGill University
- 1918. Delta Omicron Alpha, Tulane University
- 1921. Alpha Delta, Washington University
- 1922. Alpha Epsilon, University of Toronto

Active chapters, 25; inactive, 4; membership, 5,298.

The Nebraska and Michigan chapters own houses. Total valuation, \$60,000.

There are 13 alumni chapters. In 1921 there was established a chapter national in which all graduates automatically become members. Their dues go to form a Research and Scholarship Fund, also a building fund.

Many of the chapters have been formed from prior existing organizations. The Buffalo chapter from the parent and sole surviving chapter of Alpha Omicron Delta, the name of which has been retained as a chapter name. The Yale chapter was formed from a local society called the Skull and Sceptre, which had been founded in 1894. It was allowed to retain its name. The Hamline Medical College, where the Theta chapter was located, united with the Medical department of the University of Minnesota, where the Tau chapter was located, and the two chapters united under the name of Theta Tau. In 1902, the Omaha Medical College, where Iota is located, became the medical department of the University of Nebraska, all of the medical course is now given at the State University and chapter is now consolidated. The Upsilon was originally at the University College of Medicine, which was merged into the Medical College of Virginia. Omicron was originally at

the Wisconsin College of Physicians and Surgeons, which was merged into Marquette University.

The Alpha chapter granted charters to Beta and Gamma chapters and was the head of the fraternity until early in 1896, when three members from each of the then existing chapters were appointed to take charge of the affairs of the general fraternity. These nine representatives were elected yearly and the body was known as the grand chapter. They elected their own officers and had full power to grant charters, enact laws, and perform other duties devolving upon them. By this body charters were granted to Delta, Epsilon and Zeta. A revised constitution was adopted March 20, 1899, which specifies that the grand chapter shall consist of two delegates from each chapter, and that it shall hold its meetings biennially. In accordance with this act the first general convention was called to Chicago in 1899. In the interim between conventions the executive power of the fraternity is vested in a Grand Council composed of seven members. In 1921 a central office was created at Detroit.

Conventions have been held recently biennially.

The fraternity issues a periodical called the *Phi Rho Sigma Journal*. Its publication was begun in 1901. After some little irregularity in issue it became a quarterly in 1910. At present it is published twice a year. In 1912 a history and directory edited by Dr. D. E. W. Wenstrand of Milwaukee was published. This is a large octavo volume with many illustrations.

The official badge consists of a gold monogram outline of the letters "Φ, P and Σ," the "Φ" being placed on a separate plane above the other two letters and its face set with pearls. The change was adopted in 1895. The colors of the fraternity are scarlet and gold.

## PHI SIGMA GAMMA

(Medical—Osteopathic)

**T**HIS fraternity was founded April 28, 1915, by the union of the Phi Sigma Beta and the Phi Omicron Gamma, each having chapters in different osteopathic schools. Two new chapters have been established since the founding of this fraternity.

The chapters are as follows :

- 1915. Alpha, American School of Osteopathy
- 1915. Beta, College of Osteopathic P. & S., Los Angeles, Cal.
- 1915. Gamma, Chicago College of Osteopathy
- 1915. Delta, Still College of Osteopathy, Des Moines, Ia.
- 1915. Epsilon, Kansas City College of Osteopathy
- 1917 Zeta, Philadelphia College of Osteopathy
- 1917. Eta, Boston College of Osteopathy

Active chapters, 7 ; membership, 578.

The fraternity pin is triangular in shape with a double bevel which slopes from a raised center on which is a cross section of the spinal cord in white enamel. The second bevel is black enameled around the letters "Φ, Ξ and Γ," which are at the corners of the triangle.

The colors are navy blue and white; the flower is white carnation and the annual publication is *The Speculum*.

# PHI Upsilon Omicron .

(Home-Economics—Women)



**T**HIS professional Home Economics fraternity was established at the University of Minnesota in 1909. Election of members is based upon scholarship, professional attitude, personality and leadership.

The chapter roll is :

1909. Alpha, University of Minnesota, Agricultural Dept. ....	179
1914. Beta, North Dakota Agricultural College .....	95
1915. Gamma, Ohio State University .....	107
1915. Delta, University of Wyoming, Laramie .....	48
1917. Epsilon, Agricultural College of Montana .....	45
1918. Zeta, University of Idaho .....	47
1920. Eta, Pittsburg State Normal, Pittsburg, Kans. ....	41
1921. Theta, Ohio University .....	28
1922. Iota, University of Kentucky .....	17

Total chapter, 9; membership, 607.

The governing body, called the National Council, is made up of one member from each chapter and two members elected at large.

Besides undergraduate members, honorary members are admitted.

The official publication is *The Candle*.

## PI KAPPA SIGMA

(Normal)

THIS fraternity was organized November 17, 1894, at Ypsilanti, Michigan.

The active chapter roll is as follows:

Alpha, Michigan Normal, Ypsilanti, Mich.

Beta, Northwestern Normal, Alva, Okla.

Eta, Miami University, Oxford, Ohio

Iota, Kansas State Normal, Emporia, Kan.

Lambda, Central Mo. State Teachers' College, Warrensburg, Mo.

Mu, Colorado State Teachers' College, Greeley, Colo.

Nu, East Central Teachers' College, Ada, Okla.

Active chapters, 7; inactive, 2; membership, 975.

The badge is a modified triangle, shield form, of black enamel displaying the letters "Π K Σ" and a lamp, carrying a diamond surrounded by thirteen gold rays. The colors are turquoise and blue; flowers, forget-me-not and jonquil. A book, *The Laurel*, is published twice a year.

## PI UPSILON RHO

(Medical—Homeopathic)

THIS fraternity was founded at the Hahnemann Medical College, Chicago, Ill., in 1876, by Dr. A. E. Rockey. The chapters are called "Vertebrae" and are named after the Latin numerals. The fraternity was originally called the "Ustion" but its name was changed to the present one in 1909.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1876. Prima, Hahnemann Med. Coll., Chicago .....	634
1893. Tertia, Ohio State University .....	192
1901. Quarta, Hahnemann Med. Coll., Phila. ....	287
1902. Quinta, Denver Homeopathic Med. Coll. (1906) .....	23
1903. Sexta, Detroit Homeopathic Med. Coll. (combined with the Michigan chapter) .....	
1905. Septa, New York Homeopathic Med. Coll. ....	91
1906. Octa, University of Michigan .....	169

Active chapters, 5; inactive, 1; membership, 1,246.

The government of the fraternity is through a convention called the Supreme Corpus. It meets yearly at the same time and place as the American Institute of Homeopathy.

A periodical called *The Torch* is issued quarterly.

The badge is a diamond displaying the letters "Π Υ Ρ" along the shortest diagonal. Above these are three torches and below two crossed bones.



## PSI ÒMEGA

(Dental)



THIS fraternity was organized at the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery in 1892. The fraternity aims to maintain the standards of the profession and to encourage scientific investigation and literary culture.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1892. Alpha, Baltimore College of Dental Surgery .....	681
1893. Beta, New York College of Dentistry .....	554
1894. Gamma, Penn'a College of Dental Surgery (1910) .....	428
1895. Delta, Tufts Dental College .....	569
1896. Epsilon, Western Reserve University .....	353
1896. Zeta, University of Pennsylvania .....	463
1896. Eta, Philadelphia Dental College .....	458
1896. Iota, Northwestern University .....	541
1896. Kappa, Chicago College of Dental Surgery .....	619
1896. Lambda, University of Minnesota (1903) .....	56
1897. Mu, University of Denver .....	266
1897. Nu, University of Pittsburgh .....	676
1897. Xi, Marquette University .....	452
1897. Omicron, Louisville College of Dental Surgery .....	487
1897. Mu Delta, Harvard University Dental School .....	204
1898. Pi, Baltimore Medical College (1913) .....	238
1898. Beta Sigma, San Francisco College of P. and S. ....	407
1899. Rho, Ohio College of Dental Surgery .....	524
1899. Sigma, Medico-Chirurgical College of Phila. (1917) .....	230
1900. Tau, Atlanta Dental College (1918) .....	361
1900. Upsilon, University of Southern California .....	311

1900. Phi, University of Maryland .....	480
1900. Chi, North Pacific Dental College .....	345
1901. Theta, University of Buffalo (1912) .....	68
1901. Psi, Ohio State University .....	392
1903. Omega, Indiana Dental College .....	239
1903. Beta Alpha, University of Illinois (Chicago) .....	201
1903. Beta Gamma, George Washington University (1919) .....	155
1903. Beta Delta, University of California .....	257
1903. Beta Epsilon, New Orleans College of Dentistry .....	216
1903. Beta Zeta, St. Louis Dental College .....	341
1904. Beta Eta, Keokuk Dental College (1909) .....	55
1904. Beta Theta, Georgetown University .....	233
1904. Gamma Iota, Southern Dental College, Atlanta (1918) .....	238
1905. Gamma Kappa, University of Michigan .....	301
1906. Gamma Lambda, Coll. of Dental and Oral Surgery, N. Y. ....	287
1906. Gamma Mu, University of Iowa .....	205
1906. Gamma Nu, Vanderbilt University .....	247
1907. Gamma Xi, University Coll. of Med. (Va.) (1913) .....	12
1908. Gamma Omicron, Medical College of Virginia .....	129
1909. Gamma Pi, Washington University, St. Louis (1912) ....	8
1910. Delta Rho, Kansas City Dental College .....	261
1912. Delta Tau, Wis. Coll. Physicians and Surgeons (1912) ...	16
1913. Delta Upsilon, Texas Dental College .....	159
1914. Delta Phi, Western Dental College (Kansas City) (1920) ..	111
1918. Gamma Tau, Atlanta-Southern Dental Col., Atlanta, Ga. ...	208
1918. Zeta Kappa, Univ. of Minnesota, Minneapolis .....	172
1919. Delta Chi, Royal College of Dental Surgeons .....	97
1920. Delta Psi, Baylor University Dental College, Dallas, Texas	52
1921. Delta Omega, Loyola University, New Orleans, La. ....	24
1921. Psi Alpha, Creighton University, Omaha, Nebraska .....	37
1921. Psi Beta, McGill University, Montreal .....	35

Active chapters, 39; inactive, 13; membership, 14,459.

The Psi chapter was formerly at the Ohio-Starling Medical College which institution was taken over by the Ohio State University. The Delta Tau chapter was merged into the Xi chapter when the institutions were consolidated. In the same way Gamma Xi was merged into Gamma Omicron. Gamma chapter was absorbed by Zeta, Sigma by Eta, and Pi by Phi. Gamma-Tau is a combination of Tau and

Gamma Iota. Zeta Kappa was formed from a local by the same name. Delta Phi merged with Delta Rho in 1920, becoming Phi Rho when the two colleges combined under the name of Kansas City-Western Dental College.

There are 47 alumni chapters and 16 state associations. There is also a National Alumni Chapter, which convenes at the yearly meetings of the National Dental Association.

The government of the fraternity is through a triennial convention called the Grand Chapter with a recess administration by a board of officers called a Supreme Council. The fraternity maintains a central office in Pittsburgh.

The journal of the fraternity is a quarterly called the *Frater*, the publication of which was begun in 1900.

The badge is an heraldic shield of gold with a slightly curved field of black enamel, on which is displayed a caduceus, the letters "Ψ Ω," and three ivy leaves. The colors are blue and white.

## SCARAB

(Architectural)



**T**HIS fraternity is a professional fraternity of architects and architectural students, founded at the University of Illinois in 1909.

It has the following chapters or temples :

- 1909. Karnak, University of Illinois
- 1914. Ipsamboul, Washington University
- 1915. Edfou, Armour Institute of Technology
- 1916. Thebes, Pennsylvania State College
- 1920. Philae, Carnegie Institute of Technology
- 1921. Luxor, Mass. Institute of Technology
- 1921. Abydos, Kansas University

Temples, 7; membership, 425.

## SIGMA ALPHA IOTA

(Musical—Women)



THE Sigma Alpha Iota sorority was organized June 12, 1903, at the School of Music of the University of Michigan, by Elizabeth Campbell, Frances Caspari, Minnie Davis, Leila Farlin, Nora Hunt, Georgia Potts and Mary Storrs. It was incorporated in 1904. Annual conventions have been held since 1907.

The object of this sorority is to give moral and material aid to its members; to promote and dignify the musical profession; to establish and maintain friendly relations between musicians and music schools, and to further the development of music in America.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1903. Alpha, University of Michigan .....	170
1904. Beta, Northwestern University .....	200
1906. Gamma, American Conservatory of Music, Chicago .....	132
1907. Delta, Detroit Conservatory of Music .....	104
1909. Epsilon, Ithaca Conservatory of Music .....	243
1911. Zeta, Indiana College of Music and Fine Arts .....	78
1914. Eta, College of Music, Cincinnati, Ohio .....	135
1914. Theta, Washburn College of Music, Topeka, Kans. ....	100
1915. Iota, Cincinnati Conservatory of Music .....	115
1915. Kappa, University School of Music, Lincoln, Nebr. ....	105
1915. Lambda, New England Conservatory of Music, Boston ...	110
1917. Mu, Wesley College Conservatory, Grand Forks, N. Dakota	76

1917. Nu, Millikin Conservatory of Music, Decatur, Ill. ....	55
1917. Xi, Lawrence Conservatory of Music, Appleton, Wis. ....	67
1920. Omicron, Fargo College, Con. of Music, Fargo, N. Dakota	33
1920. Pi, Drake University, Con. of Music, Des Moines, Iowa ..	44
1921. Rho, University of Wis., School of Music, Madison, Wis.	24
1921. Sigma, Detroit Institute of Musical Art, Detroit, Mich. ..	20
1922. Tau, Horner Institute, Kansas City, Mo. ....	23

Active chapters, 19; inactive, 0; membership, 1855.

The government of the organization is through National Conventions, the officers chosen at such conventions serving as a governing board between sessions. Conventions are held yearly.

The organization publishes a magazine called *Pan-pipes*, also an annual "The Year Book."

The badge is seven Roman gold pan-pipes encircled by a jeweled ellipse bearing the letters "Σ A I" in gold on black enamel. The pledge pin is the Pan-pipes alone. The colors are crimson and white, the flower the red rose and the jewel the pearl. The open motto is "Vita Brevis, Ars Longa."

## SIGMA DELTA CHI

(Journalistic)



**A** PROFESSIONAL society organized at De Pauw University, April 17, 1909, by Roy Millikan, Edward Lockwood, Aldis Hutchens, Marion Hedges, Paul Riddick, Eldie Troxell, Charles Fisher, Eugene Pulliam, William M. Glenn and Laurence H. Sloan. Its members are chosen from the senior and junior classes, and from sophomores during the latter half of the sophomore year, and must have given evidence of intellectual ability in the field of journalism and have a definite intention of following journalism as a profession. National honorary and associate members are admitted.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1909. De Pauw University .....	112
1910. University of Kansas .....	165
1910. University of Michigan .....	80
1910. Denver University .....	64
1910. University of Virginia (1922) .....	40
1911. University of Washington .....	134

1911. Purdue University .....	126
1911. Ohio State University .....	122
1911. University of Wisconsin .....	163
1912. University of Iowa .....	86
1912. University of Illinois .....	104
1912. University of Pennsylvania (1914) .....	20
1913. University of Missouri .....	142
1913. University of Texas .....	74
1913. University of Oregon .....	95
1913. University of Oklahoma .....	80
1914. Indiana University .....	87
1914. University of Nebraska .....	94
1914. Iowa State College .....	129
1915. Stanford University .....	45
1915. University of Montana .....	26
1915. Louisiana State University .....	50
1915. Kansas State College .....	49
1915. University of Maine .....	46
1915. University of Chicago (1917) .....	8
1915. Beloit College .....	57
1916. University of Minnesota .....	70
1916. Miami University .....	65
1917. Knox College .....	42
1917. Western Reserve University .....	47
1919. Grinnell College .....	55
1920. University of Pittsburgh .....	24
1920. Columbia University .....	90
1920. Colorado University .....	38
1920. Cornell University .....	69
1920. University of North Carolina (1922) .....	15
1921. Oregon State College .....	29
1921. Marquette University .....	25
1922. University of North Dakota .....	17
1922. Northwestern University .....	17

Active chapters, 36; inactive chapters, 4; membership, 2,801.

The government of the society is through an annual convention of delegates with a recess government by an Executive Committee of four national officers.



The *Quill* is the name of a quarterly journal now in its eleventh volume and published at Chicago, Illinois.

The badge is a shield with concave sides displaying a scroll inscribed with the letters "Σ Δ Χ." The scroll is pierced with a quill. To the left is a Greek lamp and to the right a five pointed star. The colors are black and white.

## SIGMA DELTA KAPPA

(Legal)



THE Intercollegiate Law Fraternity of Sigma Delta Kappa was founded by six students at the University of Michigan. Its fundamental requirements are scholarship and high character.

Although the fraternity has grown rapidly, it has taken great care in admitting new chapters to prevent any lowering of the standards. This is shown in the courageous action of the Grand Chapter at the 1922 convention in Chicago in withdrawing three charters because it was believed that they were not up to the standard of the other chapters. The fraternity admits law students only.

The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1914. Alpha, University of Michigan
- 1914. Beta, Chicago Law School (1922)
- 1915. Gamma, Benjamin Harrison Law School, Indianapolis
- 1915. Delta, Hamilton College of Law, Chicago (1922)
- 1915. Epsilon, Benton College of Law, St. Louis (1922)
- 1916. Zeta, Valparaiso University
- 1917. Eta, University of Indianapolis
- 1917. Theta, Chattanooga College of Law
- 1920. Iota, Washington and Lee University
- 1921. Kappa, Atlanta Law School
- 1921. Lambda, Detroit College of Law, University of Detroit
- 1921. Mu, National University
- 1921. Nu, Northwestern University

- 1922. Xi, University of Georgia
- 1922. Omicron, Ohio State University
- 1922. Pi, University of Minnesota
- 1922. Rho, University of Chicago
- 1922. Sigma, University of Southern California

Active chapters, 15; inactive chapters, 3; alumni chapters, 3; total membership, 1017.

Each active chapter is represented in the Grand Chapter by two delegates, and each alumni chapter by one delegate. The last convention of the Grand Chapter was held in Chicago. The next annual Grand Chapter convention will be held in Atlanta, Ga.

Headquarters of the fraternity are at the Sigma Delta Kappa house at the University of Michigan. During the recess of the Grand Chapter, the fraternity is governed by the Grand Officers, who have authority to grant charters, with the consent of the local chapters. Honorary membership may be extended only with the approval of the Grand Officers or Grand Chapter.

The fraternity publishes a quarterly, established in 1918, called the *Si-De-Ka*, the name being formed from the first two letters of the name of the fraternity, SIGMA DELTA KAPPA. The *Si-De-Ka* of Sigma Delta Kappa and the *Brief* of Phi Delta Phi are the only two fraternity publications recognized by the *Index to Legal Periodicals and Law Library Journal* of the American Association of Law Libraries.

The badge is a coffin-shaped shield, displaying the letters, "Σ Δ K" in gold on a black background. The colors are red and black. The coat of arms is a checkered shield, diagonally across which are six consecutive stars, and over which rests an owl supporting in his beak a pair of balance scales, and surrounding the above is a folded wreath. The flower is a red rose.

## SIGMA GAMMA EPSILON

(Geology, Mining, Metallurgy)



THIS fraternity is professional, with a high scholastic requirement. It was founded at the University of Kansas in 1915.

The roll is as follows:

1915. Alpha, University of Kansas .....	108
1915. Beta, University of Pittsburgh .....	99
1916. Gamma, University of Oklahoma .....	148
1917. Delta, University of Nebraska .....	121
1919. Epsilon, University of Missouri .....	32
1920. Zeta, University of Texas .....	32
1921. Eta, Missouri School of Mines .....	47
1921. Theta, Cornell University .....	21
1921. Iota, University of Michigan .....	30
1922. Kappa, Pennsylvania State College .....	22
1922. Lambda, Colorado School of Mines .....	20
1922. Mu, University of Utah .....	25
1922. Nu, University of Minnesota .....	8

Active chapters, 13; inactive, 0; membership, 713.

The government of the fraternity is vested in general conventions and the Grand Council of five members.

The Sigma Gamma Epsilon *Compass* is published quarterly in magazine form.

The badge is diamond shaped bearing hammer, shovel and compass. The colors are blue and gold.

## SIGMA NU PHI

(Legal)



**S**IGMA NU PHI, a legal fraternity, was organized at the National University Law School, Washington, D. C., in 1902. It was incorporated in 1903. Its chapters, named after eminent lawyers, are as follows:

Choate, National University Law School  
Hughes, Georgetown University Law School  
Green, Cumberland University Law School  
Taft, Detroit College of Law  
Craig, University of Southern California  
Davis, University of Richmond School of Law  
Marshall, John B. Stetson University  
Holmes, Washington College of Law  
Clark, St. Louis University Institute of Law  
Jenkins, Marquette University

Active chapters, 10; membership, 1,380.

The publication of a periodical called the *Owl* was commenced in 1916.

## SIGMA SIGMA SIGMA

(Normal—Women)

**T**HIS sorority was founded at the Virginia State Normal School at Farmville, Va., in 1898. It was at first organized as a general sorority, but later became purely professional as hereafter stated.

The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1898. Alpha, Virginia State Normal School
- 1903. Beta, Lewisburg (W. Va.) Female Institute (1908)
- 1905. Gamma, Randolph-Macon Woman's College (1911)
- 1905. Delta, Peabody Normal College
- 1905. Epsilon, Hollins College (1914)
- 1905. Eta, Searcy (Ark.) Female Institute (1907)
- 1905. Alpha Delta, Southwestern University (1911)
- 1906. Theta, Woman's College, Frederick, Md. (1907)
- 1909. Sigma Phi, Union University, Tenn.
- 1911. Zeta, Buffalo, N. Y., Normal College
- 1911. Kappa, Ohio State Normal College (Miami)
- 1912. Phi, Ohio State Normal College (Athens, O.)
- 1915. Iota, Colorado Women's Teachers College
- 1915. Lambda, Penn. State Normal (Indiana, Pa.) (1919)
- 1915. Mu, State Normal School, Kirksville, Mo.
- 1915. Nu, State Normal School, Warrensburg, Mo.
- 1915. Xi, State Normal School, Alva, Okla.
- 1917. Omicron, Mich. State Normal College, Ypsilanti
- 1917. Pi, State Normal School, Emporia, Kans.
- 1920. Rho, Florida State College for Women, Tallahassee, Fla.
- 1921. Tau, New Mexico Normal Univ., Las Vegas, N. Mex.
- 1922. Upsilon, East Central Teachers' College, Ada, Okla.
- 1922. Chi, State Manual Tr. Normal, Pittsburg, Kans.
- 1922. Psi, Marshall College, Huntington, W. Va.

Active chapters, 17; inactive, 7; membership, 2,093.

Until 1907 the sorority made no distinction as to the class

of institutions it should enter. It then decided to enter collegiate institutions and to admit no one under seventeen years of age. This age limit compelled the Beta, Eta and Theta chapters to become inactive. In 1911 the society found itself unwilling to drop its normal chapters, so it decided to become a purely professional Normal School organization and to that end it turned its two chapters at Randolph-Macon Woman's College, and Southwestern University over to Delta Delta Delta and has since restricted its chapters to Normal Schools. The Hollins chapter entered Delta Delta Delta in 1914. The Sigma Phi chapter has not yet been provided for.

Conventions are held biennially.

A magazine called the *Triangle* has been published semi-annually since 1905. A Songbook was published in 1906 and a directory in 1909, 1912 and 1914. A secret monthly is published called the *Sigma Script*.

The badge is a triangle displaying a skull and crossed bones and the letters "Σ Σ Σ." The flag is of purple with a diagonal band of white displaying the letters "Σ Σ Σ" in purple. Above the band is a white triangle and below a white circle. The flower is the purple violet. The colors are purple and white.

## THETA ALPHA PHI

(Dramatic)



**A**N amateur dramatic society organized at a meeting of the National Association of the Teachers of Speech held in Chicago, December, 1919.

Its purpose as expressed in the constitution is: ". . . to foster an interest in wholesome dramatics and provide the means for uniting socially students, alumni, and instructors who have histrionic talents."

In a college maintaining a chapter of Theta Alpha Phi, students become eligible after having successfully performed two major or four minor rôles, or shown proficiency in some other phase of dramatic or dramaturgic art. Honorary members are admitted.

The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1919. Oklahoma A. & M. College
- Ohio Wesleyan University
- University of Louisiana
- Ripon College
- John B. Stetson University
- Bucknell University
- 1920. University of Redlands
- Connecticut State College
- University of Missouri
- University of Arizona



- Colorado College
- University of Tulsa
- Huron College
- Occidental College
- Parsons College
- Baldwin-Wallace College
- Willametta University
- University of Utah
- Dakota Wesleyan University
- University of Tennessee
- 1921. University of Pittsburgh
- University of Montana
- University of Wyoming
- Adrian College
- Kalamazoo College
- University of Hawaii
- Alabama Polytechnic Institute
- University of South Dakota
- 1922. Indiana University
- Hillsdale College
- College of the Pacific
- Oklahoma Baptist College
- Knox College
- Heidleberg University
- College of Puget Sound
- Wittenberg College
- 1923. Park College, Parkville, Mo.
- Pennsylvania State College
- Iowa Teachers' College, Cedar Falls, Iowa

Active chapters, 39; membership, 1200.

The government of the society is through a convention with an intermediate administration of an Executive Council of three national officers.

The *Cue* is the name of a quarterly magazine now in its second year, and published at Pittsburg, Kansas.

The badge is a comico-tragic mask of gold crowned with four rubies bearing the black enameled letters "Θ Α Φ" on the left eye, nose, and right eye respectively.

## THETA TAU

(Engineering)



THETA TAU was founded at the University of Minnesota on October 15, 1904, by Erich J. Schrader, Elwin L. Vinal, Wm. Murray Lewis, and I. B. Hanks. It was intended to be a professional engineering fraternity to inculcate and foster high ethical and professional standards, and has a definite policy that each chapter shall have a house. Membership is limited to students of engineering of "personal worthiness and of promising engineering ability." All of the founders were students of mining engineering and while the fraternity has been particularly favorable to engineering professions built up around the mineral industry, yet its policy is to enter any first class engineering college and each chapter is permitted to select its members from students following any course in engineering. A restricted number of honorary members is provided for. Originally the fraternity was called "Hammer & Tong's" but the name was changed in 1911 to coincide with the Greek letters appearing on its badge.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1904. Alpha, University of Minnesota .....	236
1906. Beta, Michigan College of Mines .....	252
1907. Gamma, Colorado School of Mines .....	224
1911. Delta, Case School of Applied Science .....	145

1911. Epsilon, University of California .....	197
1912. Zeta, University of Kansas .....	174
1912. Eta, Mass. Institute of Technology .....	190
1914. Theta, Columbia University .....	90
1916. Iota, Mo. School of Mines & Metallurgy .....	112
1916. Kappa, University of Illinois .....	166
1920. Lambda, University of Utah .....	130
1922. Mu, University of Alabama .....	35
1922. Nu, Carnegie Institute of Technology .....	53
1923. Xi, University of Wisconsin .....	25
1923. Omicron, University of Iowa .....	40

Active chapters, 15; inactive, 0; membership, 2069.

The Beta chapter owns a house. Value \$18,000.

There are seven alumni associations.

From 1907 until 1913 the fraternity published through Beta chapter an annual called *The Gear of Theta Tau*. It is now published under the supervision of the national officers and has become semi-annual.

The badge is a gold gear wheel with a dark red garnet at the hub, the lower side of the wheel being crossed by a gold hammer and a pair of tongs. The letters Theta and Tau are displayed between the spokes of the upper part of wheel. The pledge button is a gold shield on which there is a red gear wheel. The colors are dark red and gold. The flower is the Jacqueminot rose.

Among the prominent members are Dr. Geo. D. Louderback, Dean of the College of Letters & Science, University of California, Dr. W. H. Emmons, eminent geologist, P. M. McHugh, Vice Pres. The Dorr Company, James A. MacKillican, Genl. Mgr., Meriden Iron Co., Clark Gester, Chief Geologist, Standard Oil Co. of Cal., Dr. Dorsey Lyon, Chief Metallurgist, U. S. Bureau of Mines, H. A. Buehler, State Geologist of Missouri, Dean W. H. Grant, Colorado School of Mines.

## XI PSI PHI

(Dental)



THIS fraternity was organized February 8, 1889, at the University of Michigan by F. P. Watson, A. A. Deyoe, L. C. Thayer, W. F. Gary, G. G. McCoy and E. Waterloo. On May 3, 1902, it was incorporated under the laws of the State of Michigan. The chapter roll is as follows:

1889. Alpha, University of Michigan .....	456
1893. Beta, New York College of Dentistry .....	412
1893. Gamma, Philadelphia Dental College .....	538
1893. Delta, Baltimore College of Dental Surgery .....	560
1893. Epsilon, University of Iowa .....	256
1893. Zeta, Penn. College of Dental Surgery (1908) .....	176
1893. Eta, University of Maryland .....	419
1893. Theta, Indiana Dental College .....	472
1894. Iota, University of California .....	397
1896. Kappa, Ohio State University .....	373
1896. Lambda, Chicago College of Dental Surgery .....	525
1898. Mu, University of Buffalo .....	457
1899. Nu, Harvard University Dental School .....	257
1899. Omicron, Royal College of Dental Surgery, Toronto .....	389
1899. Pi, University of Pennsylvania .....	426
1900. Rho, Northwestern University Dental School .....	431
1901. Tau, Washington University, Mo. ....	302

1902. Sigma, University of Illinois (Dental Dept.) .....	146
1904. Xi, Medical College of Virginia (Richmond) .....	206
1905. Upsilon, Ohio College of Dental Surgery .....	212
1905. Phi, University of Minnesota .....	284
1905. Chi, Kansas City, Western Dental .....	296
1905. Psi, University of Nebraska .....	217
1905. Omega, Vanderbilt University .....	159
1906. Alpha Alpha, Detroit Medical College (1910) .....	44
1906. Alpha Beta, Baltimore Medical College (1912) .....	58
1908. Alpha Gamma, University of Southern California (1911) ..	19
1908. Alpha Delta, New Orleans College of Dentistry (1911) ..	21
1908. Alpha Epsilon, North Pacific Dental College .....	228
1912. Alpha Zeta, Southern Dental College, (Atlanta) (1916) ..	95
1912. Alpha Eta, Atlanta Southern Dental College .....	316
1913. Alpha Theta, University of Southern California .....	164
1914. Alpha Iota, Louisville College of Dentistry (1917) .....	39
1915. Alpha Kappa, Creighton University .....	184
1917. Alpha Lambda, College of Jersey City (1918) .....	18
1917. Alpha Mu, George Washington University (1920) .....	72
1918. Alpha Nu, Tulane University .....	85
1919. Alpha Xi, Georgetown University .....	60
1921. Alpha Omicron, University of Tennessee .....	40
1921. Alpha Pi, Baylor University .....	32
1922. Alpha Rho, Colorado College of Dental Surgery .....	22

Active chapters, 32; inactive, 4; membership, 9,875.

There are alumni chapters at a number of the important cities also 12 State Associations.

Catalogues have been published in 1901, 1903 and 1906. The journal of the fraternity is called *Xi Psi Phi Quarterly* and it is published at Buffalo, N. Y. It is now in its 21st volume.

The badge is a shield with four concave sides displaying the letters  $\Xi$   $\Psi$   $\Phi$  and surrounded by a border composed of four semi-circular cusps, the points of which are in a line with the diagonals of the inner shield. The colors are lavender and cream. The flower is the rose.

## ZETA PHI

(Medical—Women)

THIS society was organized May 29, 1900, at the Syracuse University college of Medicine by Elizabeth Blackwell, Anna T. Bingham, Mary F. Sweet, Elizabeth L. Shrimpton, Emma C. Clark, Phoebe A. Ferris and Anna B. White. The chapter roll is as follows:

1900. Alpha, Syracuse University .....	94
1903. Beta, Women's Medical College of Pennsylvania .....	103
1906. Gamma, Johns Hopkins University (1914) .....	22
1907. Delta, University of Toronto .....	58
1909. Epsilon, Tufts College .....	60

Active chapters, 4; inactive, 1. Membership, 337.

The system of government is through a convention with an intermediate administration through five national officers. Conventions are held biennially.

A monthly bulletin and yearly directory are published.

The badge is a quatrefoil displaying a winged caduceus in white with the serpents in gold, and the letters "Z Φ." The colors are white and gold. The flower is the daisy.

## ZETA PHI ETA

(Oratorical—Women)

**Z**ETA PHI ETA fraternity was founded in Cumnock School of Oratory, Northwestern University, October 3, 1893. It was first known as F. O. E. In 1894 the name was changed to Zeta Phi Eta, but the meaning of F. O. E. "Friend of Each, Each our Friend"—was retained as the open motto of the fraternity. In 1908 Zeta Phi Eta and Phi Eta Sigma, at Emerson College of Oratory, Boston, affiliated, adopting the name of the Northwestern chapter and combining the rituals and constitutions of the two, the Emerson chapter to be known as Alpha and the Northwestern as Beta.

Zeta Phi Eta is the oldest oratory fraternity for women. Its purpose is to extend the educational influence of oratory.

The following is the roll of chapters:

1893. Alpha, Emerson College of Oratory (Boston) .....	172
1893. Beta, Northwestern University .....	245
1921. Gamma, Drake University .....	31
1914. Delta, Syracuse University .....	103
1917. Epsilon, Brenau College .....	54
1919. Zeta, Southern Methodist University .....	24
1921. Eta, University of Southern California .....	23

Active chapters, 7. Membership, 642.

Delta was formerly a local fraternity called Chi Upsilon. Gamma was an honorary society known as "The Drake Players."

Conventions are now held annually. At the convention held in Boston in 1908 the government of the fraternity was entrusted to a Grand Council composed of five members who manage the affairs of the fraternity during the interim between conventions. The first Saturday of February is appropriately celebrated by each chapter as Zeta Day.

A library was founded by Alpha chapter in 1914. This is kept supplied with the latest books on the subject of oratory for the use of all students at Emerson. Beta founded a Post-Graduate Scholarship at Northwestern in 1911. Competition is open to all students in the School of Speech.

The magazine of the fraternity is called the *Cameo*. It has been published yearly since 1915. A Songbook was published in 1922.

The badge is a rose colored cameo carved with the Greek letters Z Φ H in white, surrounded by twenty-three pearls. The colors are rose and white. The flower is the La-France rose.



## HONORARY FRATERNITIES

### *Explanatory Note*

All of the honorary fraternities have to some extent been patterned after Phi Beta Kappa as it is now constituted. Generally membership in them is determined primarily by ability in some chosen field of intellectual endeavor and if social qualities are considered they are secondary.

All of these fraternities admit the members of all other fraternities, including those of other honorary fraternities. Some of them are confined to students pursuing certain courses and it is difficult to draw the line between them and a professional fraternity, and others like Tau Beta Pi are emphasizing the social element and encouraging their members to enter houses and to assume some or all of the characteristics of a regular undergraduate organization.

In many colleges membership in the professional fraternities is highly coveted and regarded as an honor and the professional fraternities like Phi Delta Phi and Nu Sigma Nu are in such institutions often classed as honorary fraternities.

It might be said that there are too many of these fraternities in conflicting fields and their consolidation or simplification would be of benefit to all.

## PHI BETA KAPPA



THE Phi Beta Kappa <sup>1</sup> society was organized on the 5th day of December, 1776, at the College of William and Mary, Williamsburg, Virginia. The founders were John Heath, Thomas Smith, Richard Booker, Armistead Smith, and John Jones. Heath was the moving spirit and first president of the society. Their first meeting was held in the Apollo Room in the Raleigh Tavern, which Patrick Henry had made famous by his great speech. At this meeting the Greek motto, from the initial letters of which the society derived its name, was adopted and a square silver medal was made its distinctive emblem. This was to be engraved on one side with the initials "S. P." and on the other with the letters "Φ Β Κ." On the early medals the

<sup>1</sup> Phi Beta Kappa was preceded by a society called the "Flat Hat" which was organized at William and Mary in 1750. It was usually called the F. H. C. Its badge was a circular medal with a coat of arms engraved on one side and on the other the letters "F. H. C." in a monogram and beneath was the date "Nov. XI, MDCCL" and motto "Stabilitas et Fides." Among the members were St. George Tucker, Thomas Jefferson, George Wythe, Robert Baylor and Edmund Randolph. The society seems to have been social and literary and much like Phi Beta Kappa and the earlier fraternities at Union.

date "December 5, 1776," appears. Gradually this form of emblem was replaced by the familiar key.

On January 5, 1777, the founders added to their number Daniel Fitzhugh, John Stuart, Theodoric Fitzhugh, and John Stark, and entered into a solemn covenant to preserve the secrets of the society and to promote and advance its interests. They designed a rather drastic "oath of fidelity," which was administered to all the members. They likewise adopted a number of "resolves," which, taken as a whole, formed a constitution or body of organic law.

Meetings were first held monthly, then semi-monthly, and finally weekly, and seem to have possessed the same character as the meetings of the college fraternities of today, although there was probably more of a literary element than usually obtains at modern chapter meetings. Essays were read, orations spoken and subjects for discussion debated. In addition all of the essential characteristics of the Greek-letter fraternity were adopted. They developed a ritual and a grip and had ideas of making a widespread organization.

In December, 1778, a resolution was passed that non-collegians be admitted to the privileges of the society, and also that branches should be established elsewhere for the purpose of aiding the extension of the society. In July, 1779, a charter was granted to Samuel Hardy to institute a "Beta" branch, and shortly afterwards another to William Short for a "Gamma," and a third to William Cabel for a "Delta." In the meantime Elisha Parmele, a young graduate of Harvard, who had also been a student at Yale, had been initiated, and in December, 1779, he asked that a charter be granted to him for an "Epsilon" at Harvard, and a "Zeta" at Yale. In March, 1780, a charter was granted to John Beckley to establish an "Eta" at Richmond, Va., and in May, one to George L. Turberville to institute a "Theta" at Westmoreland, Va. Of the fate of these local

chapters nothing further is known. In January, 1781, the meetings of the society were suspended, owing to the approach of the contending armies. The papers of the society were sealed up and placed in the custody of the college steward, and the parent chapter of Phi Beta Kappa ceased to exist. Probably nothing more would have been heard of the society had it not been for the granting of charters to Yale and Harvard. In April, 1780, Mr. Parmele made his first move toward the establishment of the chapter at Yale by initiating four men at Goshen, Conn., his native place, and in November, 1780, the chapter was organized at New Haven, when a dozen graduates and a large number of seniors and juniors were admitted.

This chapter was called the "Alpha of Connecticut," and not the "Zeta" as had been contemplated. It seems to have had little or no intercourse with the parent chapter after its establishment. In September, 1781, after the death of the parent chapter, the "Alpha of Massachusetts Bay" was established at Harvard. Each of these branches was given the power of establishing inferior branches within their own States, while the original Virginia chapter retained the right of introducing the society into new States. In September, 1787, however, the Yale and Harvard chapters joined in establishing the "Alpha of New Hampshire" at Dartmouth. The members of the Yale, Harvard and Dartmouth chapters were all chosen from the senior and junior classes. The scholarship record of the candidates came more and more to be a controlling factor in their selection.

At Yale, the meetings were held semi-monthly and then monthly, and the exercises consisted of an oration and debate. There was usually a supper provided on the night of December 5, when the anniversary of the society was celebrated. After a while, however, the supper was

abolished, and the annual jollification took place at the time of the initiation.

In 1817 the three existing chapters joined in chartering the "Alpha of New York" at Union College. Until the reorganization of 1883 the rule prevailed that the co-operation of all the "Alpha" chapters was required to establish an Alpha in a new State, but that each Alpha could charter other chapters in its own State. The "Alpha of New Jersey" at Rutgers College was the last Alpha established under this rule, and the "Theta" of New York at Cornell was the last chapter to receive its charter from an Alpha.

In 1831 as a result of the agitation against all secret societies then prevalent, the Harvard chapter gave up its secrets. With the charm of mystery gone, its attraction as an active undergraduate organization ceased, and it assumed a somewhat formal character.

In all of the chapters, the custom grew up of holding formal meetings at commencement time only, when the new members were initiated and an oration and poem by some distinguished member were listened to. It became a matter of course that all the honor men and other distinguished students in a class should be elected to membership. Down to 1881, all of the chapters seem to have possessed the following characteristics, viz., the delivery of an oration and poem in public at commencement time, and the holding of a business meeting in private, when the officers and members for the ensuing year were chosen, the former being graduates and the latter the best scholars of the incoming senior class.

In 1881, the Harvard chapter invited the other chapters, twenty-three in number, to send delegates to attend the celebration of the centennial anniversary of its establishment, and requested that such delegates be given power to

represent their chapters and constitute themselves into a convention. Twenty-nine delegates, representing twelve chapters, accordingly met at Cambridge June 30, 1881.

The inactive condition of affairs was discussed and the inactivity of the chapters deplored, but nothing was done, and the meeting adjourned to meet at New York City in October. At the second meeting, sixteen chapters were represented. It was resolved to recommend the creation of a national council, and to adopt a constitution, to go into effect upon its ratification by twelve chapters. A third meeting was held at Saratoga Springs, Sept. 6, 1882. The constitution was adopted by the convention, and afterwards by sixteen chapters.

The constitution thus adopted was called the constitution of the "United Chapters of the Phi Beta Kappa Society." It has fourteen articles. It provides for a national council (convention) consisting of senators and delegates. Each chapter is entitled to send three delegates, each of whom must be a graduate of at least five years' standing. The council meets in September of every third year.

The first meeting under the new constitution was held at Saratoga Springs, September 5, 1883, and thirteen chapters were represented. The first senate was then elected, and arrangements were made to raise a fund wherewith to administer the affairs of the society. Since then the administration of the fraternity has been regularly carried on, and the following is the present roll of chapters. There are no inactive chapters.

- 1776. Alpha of Va., William and Mary College
- 1780. Alpha of Conn., Yale University
- 1781. Alpha of Mass., Harvard University
- 1787. Alpha of N. H., Dartmouth College
- 1817. Alpha of N. Y., Union University
- 1825. Alpha of Maine, Bowdoin College

- 1830. Alpha of R. I., Brown University
- 1845. Beta of Conn., Trinity College
- 1845. Gamma of Conn., Wesleyan University
- 1847. Alpha of Ohio, Western Reserve University
- 1848. Alpha of Vt., University of Vermont
- 1851. Alpha of Ala., University of Alabama
- 1853. Beta of Mass., Amherst College
- 1858. Beta of Ohio, Kenyon College
- 1858. Beta of N. Y., New York University
- 1860. Gamma of Ohio, Marietta College
- 1864. Gamma of Mass., Williams College
- 1867. Gamma of N. Y., College of the City of New York
- 1868. Beta of Vt., Middlebury College
- 1869. Alpha of N. J., Rutgers College
- 1869. Delta of N. Y., Columbia College
- 1870. Epsilon of N. Y., Hamilton College
- 1871. Zeta of N. Y., Hobart College
- 1878. Eta of N. Y., Colgate University
- 1882. Theta of N. Y., Cornell University
- 1887. Alpha of Pa., Dickinson College
- 1887. Beta of Pa., Lehigh University
- 1887. Iota of N. Y., Rochester University
- 1889. Alpha of Ind., De Pauw University
- 1890. Alpha of Ill., Northwestern University
- 1890. Alpha of Kans., University of Kansas
- 1890. Gamma of Pa., Lafayette College
- 1892. Delta of Mass., Tufts College
- 1892. Alpha of Minn., University of Minnesota
- 1892. Delta of Pa., University of Pennsylvania
- 1895. Alpha of Md., Johns Hopkins University
- 1895. Alpha of Iowa, University of Iowa
- 1895. Alpha of Neb., University of Nebraska
- 1896. Beta of Me., Colby College
- 1896. Kappa of N. Y., Syracuse University
- 1896. Epsilon of Pa., Swarthmore College
- 1898. Beta of Ind., Wabash College
- 1898. Alpha of Cal., University of California
- 1899. Mu of N. Y., Vassar College
- 1899. Zeta of Pa., Haverford College
- 1899. Alpha of Wis., University of Wisconsin
- 1899. Epsilon of Mass., Boston University

1899. Delta of Ohio, University of Cincinnati  
1899. Beta of N. J., Princeton University  
1899. Lambda of N. Y., St. Lawrence University  
1899. Beta of Ill., University of Chicago  
1901. Alpha of Tenn., Vanderbilt University  
1901. Alpha of Mo., University of Missouri  
1902. Eta of Pa., Allegheny College  
1904. Alpha of Colo., University of Colorado  
1904. Zeta of Mass., Smith College  
1904. Beta of Cal., Stanford University  
1904. Alpha of N. C., University of North Carolina  
1904. Epsilon of Ohio, Ohio State University  
1904. Eta of Mass., Wellesley College  
1904. Beta of Colo., Colorado College  
1905. Theta of Mass., Mt. Holyoke College  
1905. Alpha of Tex., University of Texas  
1905. Beta of Md., Goucher College  
1907. Alpha of Mich., University of Michigan  
1907. Gamma of Ill., University of Illinois  
1907. Zeta of Ohio, Oberlin University  
1907. Eta of Ohio, Ohio Wesleyan University  
1908. Beta of Iowa, Grinnell College  
1908. Theta of Penn., Franklin and Marshall College  
1909. Alpha of La., Tulane University  
1909. Beta of Va., University of Virginia  
1910. Alpha of W. Va., University of West Virginia  
1911. Beta of Wis., Beloit College  
1911. Gamma of Ind., University of Indiana  
1911. Gamma of Va., Washington and Lee University  
1911. Theta of Ohio, Denison University  
1911. Iota of Ohio, Miami University  
1914. Beta of Minn., Carleton College  
1914. Alpha of Ga., University of Georgia  
1914. Gamma of Wis., Lawrence College  
1914. Alpha of N. D., University of North Dakota  
1914. Gamma of Cal., Pomona College  
1914. Iota of Mass., Radcliffe College  
1914. Alpha of Wash., University of Washington  
1914. Beta of Mo., Washington University  
1917. Delta of Ill., Knox College  
1917. Delta of Va., Randolph-Macon Woman's College



- 1917. Gamma of Maine, Bates College
- 1920. Beta of N. C., Trinity College, Durham, N. C.
- 1920. Beta of Wash., Whitman College
- 1920. Nu, of N. Y., Hunter College
- 1920. Alpha of Okla., University of Oklahoma
- 1922. Iota of Pa., Gettysburg College
- 1922. Delta of Iowa, Drake University
- 1922. Delta of Maine, University of Maine
- 1922. Gamma of N. C., Davidson College
- 1922. Alpha of Oregon, University of Oregon
- 1922. Gamma of Iowa, Cornell College, Mt. Vernon, Iowa

The number of chapters is now 99. The membership is 57,000, about 42,000 of whom are living. Of the living 28,000 are men and 14,000 women.

The original chapter was inactive from 1781 to 1851 and again from 1861 to 1893. The University of Alabama chapter was inactive from 1861 to 1910. The chapter at Dickinson College, established in 1887, and the chapters that follow were organized under charters issued by the United Chapters.

No charters are now granted, unless the students at the institution to be chartered are pursuing a course terminating in an "A.B." degree, or its equivalent. Women are admitted on an equality with men. This was obviously not intended by the founders, but fidelity to the test of scholarship required it. Women were first admitted by the Alpha of Vermont in 1875.

The older chapters have quite generally printed catalogues of their members. The newer chapters usually tender elections to the honor men of previous classes, and so the membership is out of proportion to the age of the society. An interesting pamphlet, describing the society, was issued by the then secretary, Rev. E. B. Parsons, of Williamstown, Mass., in 1897, and a general catalogue, compiled by the same gentleman, in 1900.

In 1910 the publication of a quarterly periodical called the *Phi Beta Kappa Key* was commenced at New York.

The society has recently embarked upon an endowment campaign in anticipation of the celebration of its one hundred and fiftieth anniversary. It has also established an office in New York City with a secretary on a salary so he may give his entire time to promoting Phi Beta Kappa interests.

The badge of the society is an oblong key of gold, on one side of which are engraved the letters "Φ B K," and a hand pointing to three stars; on the reverse is the owner's name and "S. P., December 5, 1776."

## ALPHA CHI ALPHA

(Journalistic—Women)



THE honorary sorority of Alpha Chi Alpha was founded at the University of Tennessee on December 17, 1919. The southern chairman of Pi Delta Epsilon, Mr. Charles R. Morse, found that in the work connected with his office there was no organization for women corresponding to that fraternity. He enlisted the interest of Nelle Bardin, the principal of a group which founded the sorority.

The purposes of the sorority are to work for the improvement of the college publications, and, through them, of all phases of college life.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1919. Alpha, University of Tennessee .....	101
1921. Beta, Franklin College .....	17
1921. Gamma, Florida State College for Women .....	15
1921. Delta, Ripon College .....	6

Active chapters, 4; inactive, 0; total membership, 139.

The badge of the sorority is shield-shaped, bearing on a background of black enamel the Greek letters of the name, above a crossed sword and quill, which are superimposed upon a scroll, upon the upper part of which is a star. The national colors are orange and white. The flower is the chrysanthemum.

## ALPHA OMEGA ALPHA

(Schools of Medicine)



**A**N honorary medical senior society, organized August 25, 1902, somewhat after the style of the Phi Beta Kappa. The active workings of the society are, however, in the hands of the undergraduate members, subject to the approval of the faculty members. Membership is based upon scholarship. The founder is William W. Root.

There are 26 chapters.

- 1902. Alpha, of Ill., University of Illinois
- 1902. Beta, of Ill., University of Chicago
- 1903. Gamma, of Ill., Northwestern University
- 1903. Alpha, of Ohio, Western Reserve University
- 1903. Alpha, of Penna., Jefferson Medical College
- 1903. Beta, of Penna., University of Pennsylvania
- 1905. Alpha, of Mo., Washington University
- 1906. Alpha, of Mass., Harvard University
- 1906. Alpha, of Cal., University of California
- 1906. Alpha, of Md., Johns Hopkins University
- 1906. Alpha, of Ont., University of Toronto
- 1907. Alpha, of N. Y., Columbia University

- 1907. Alpha, of Mich., University of Michigan
- 1908. Alpha, of Minn., University of Minnesota
- 1910. Beta, of N. Y., Cornell University
- 1911. Gamma, of N. Y., Syracuse University
- 1911. Alpha, of Que., McGill University
- 1914. Alpha, of Neb., University of Nebraska
- 1914. Alpha, of La., Tulane University
- 1916. Beta, of Ohio, University of Cincinnati
- 1916. Gamma, of Pa., University of Pittsburgh
- 1916. Alpha, of Ind., Indiana University
- 1919. Alpha, of Virginia, University of Virginia
- 1920. Alpha, of Iowa, University of Iowa
- 1920. Alpha, of Texas, University of Texas
- 1920. Alpha, of Connecticut, Yale University

Honorary members are provided for but their election is restricted. The government of the society is vested in a board of seven directors six of whom are chosen by the chapters and one by the board. Conventions are held co-incident with the meetings of the American Medical Association. The society is not social in its nature, and is intended to elevate the standard of the medical profession. Women are admitted upon the same terms as men.

The badge is a golden watch key displaying the letters "A Ω A" and the date 1902.

## ALPHA PHI EPSILON

(Forensic)



THE honorary fraternity of Alpha Phi Epsilon was founded April 29, 1918, at Atlanta, Georgia, by representatives from nine southern colleges. The call for the meeting was sent out by Roy B. Smart, of Alabama, who was elected its first president. Originally the membership of the fraternity was drawn from one literary or debating society in each institution having a chapter, and all members of that society were members of the intercollegiate society. The year following the War was marked by the discovery that such a literary society could not flourish, and in 1920 the convention, held at the University of Tennessee, changed the nature of the society in several respects. Women were admitted, and men from every recognized literary society in its component colleges became eligible to membership, and the standards were set to require one collegiate year's membership in the institution's literary societies; participation in at least five debates in the society, and presentation of at least two original orations; a written parliamentary law examination to be passed with a grade of at least 85%. Individual chapters are allowed to add other requirements. The adoption of these changes has made the fraternity a

recognized force in forensics in the South, and expansion has begun into the other sections of the country.

The chapter roll is:

1918. Alpha, University of Alabama .....	20
1918. Beta, Alabama Polytechnic Institute .....	30
1918. Gamma, Emory University .....	53
1918. Delta, Howard College (1922) .....	23
1918. Epsilon, University of Mississippi .....	81
1918. Zeta, University of Richmond (1920) .....	37
1918. Eta, Southwestern Presbyterian University .....	16
1918. Iota, John B. Stetson University .....	39
1918. Kappa, University of Tennessee .....	281
1919. Lambda, Centre College (1920) .....	9
1919. Mu, Maryville College .....	12
1919. Nu, Millsaps College .....	6
1920. Xi, University of Arkansas .....	25
1921. Omicron, University of Florida .....	20
1921. Pi, University of Texas .....	43
1921. Rho, Bethany College .....	31
1921. Sigma, University of Southern California .....	29
1921. Tau, Rollins College .....	21
1921. Upsilon, Colorado Agricultural College .....	18

Active chapters, 16; inactive, 3; membership, 804.

The government of the fraternity is vested in an Executive Council, which has absolute authority between biennial conventions. The three classes of membership are active, alumni and honorary.

The fraternity publishes a paper, *The Garnet and Green*, five times each year. The colors of the society are garnet and green. The flower is a red rose. The badge is of gold, displaying the symbols of the fraternity.

## ALPHA ZETA

(Agricultural)



**T**HIS fraternity was established November 4, 1897, at the College of Agriculture of the Ohio State University by John F. Cunningham and Charles W. Burkett. It is a purely honorary organization and does not conflict with the undergraduate fraternities. The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1897. Townsend, Ohio State University
- 1898. Morrill, Pennsylvania State College
- 1900. Morrow, University of Illinois
- 1901. Cornell, Cornell University
- 1903. Kedzie, Michigan Agricultural College
- 1903. Granite, New Hampshire Agricultural College
- 1904. Nebraska, University of Nebraska
- 1904. North Carolina, N. C. State College
- 1905. La Grange, University of Minnesota
- 1905. Green Mountain, University of Vermont
- 1906. Wilson, Iowa State College
- 1907. Babcock, University of Wisconsin
- 1907. Centennial, Colorado Agricultural College
- 1908. Maine, University of Maine
- 1908. Missouri, University of Missouri
- 1909. Ellicott, Washington State College
- 1909. California, University of California
- 1910. Purdue, Purdue University
- 1911. Kansas, Kansas State Agricultural College



- 1911. Dacotah, N. Dakota Agricultural College
- 1912. Scovell, University of Kentucky
- 1912. Morgan, University of Tennessee
- 1914. Georgia, University of Georgia
- 1916. Louisiana, Louisiana State University
- 1916. Oklahoma, Oklahoma A. & M. College
- 1917. Arkansas, University of Arkansas
- 1918. Oregon, Oregon Agricultural College
- 1920. Maryland, University of Maryland
- 1920. Idaho, University of Idaho
- 1922. Montana, Montana State College
- 1922. Florida, University of Florida
- 1922. Cook, Rutgers College and the State Univ. of N. J.
- 1922. West Virginia, West Virginia University

Active chapters, 33.

The Cornell, Pennsylvania State, Minnesota and Ohio chapters own houses. Total, 4; total valuation, \$85,000.

The government of the fraternity is vested in a "High Council" consisting of the five officers of the conventions. The conventions are biennial.

There are four classes of membership (1) active, (2) alumni, (3) associate, (4) honorary. Any white male student receiving instruction in Agriculture in an institution having a chapter of Alpha Zeta may be elected to membership in that chapter, *provided he has completed at least one and a half academic years of his four-year college course, and that the average of his grades shall place him in the upper two-fifths of his class, and that he be of good character and shall have qualities of leadership.*

The fraternity publishes a journal called the *Quarterly of Alpha Zeta*.

The badge worn by undergraduate members is a monogram of the "A" over the "Z." The colors are mode and blue.

The key is worn by alumni, associate and honorary members.

## BETA ALPHA PSI

(Accounting)



**B**ETA ALPHA PSI was organized February 12, 1919, at the University of Illinois. Its purpose as expressed in its constitution is "to encourage and foster the ideal of SERVICE as the basis of the accounting profession, to promote the study of accounting with a view towards securing the highest ethical ideals; to act as a medium between professional men, instructors, students and others who are interested in the development of the study or profession of accountancy; to develop high moral, professional, and scholastic standards in its members; and to encourage cordial intercourse among its members and members of the profession of accountancy."

The list of chapters is as follows:

- 1919. Alpha, University of Illinois
- 1921. Beta, University of Oregon
- 1921. Gamma, Northwestern University
- 1921. Delta, University of Washington
- 1922. Epsilon, Oregon Agricultural College

Membership, 150.

The grand chapter is made up of a grand president, grand vice-president, grand secretary-treasurer, grand historian, the retiring grand president, and three members elected at large by the national convention.

## BETA GAMMA SIGMA

(Schools of Commerce)



**B**ETA GAMMA SIGMA was founded February 23, 1913, by the union of three local societies, viz., Beta Gamma Sigma at the University of Wisconsin; Delta Kappa Chi at the University of Illinois and the Economics Club at the University of California. The chapter roll is as follows:

1913. Alpha, of Wis., University of Wisconsin .....	166
1913. Alpha, of Ill., University of Illinois .....	167
1913. Alpha, of Cal., University of California .....	133
1916. Alpha, of Pa., University of Pennsylvania.....	118
1917. Alpha, of N. Y., Columbia University .....	101
1918. Alpha, of Ga., University of Georgia .....	28
1918. Alpha, of Wash., University of Washington .....	62
1920. Alpha, of Ia., University of Iowa .....	45
1920. Beta, of Ill., Northwestern University .....	35
1920. Beta, of Pa., University of Pittsburg .....	56
1921. Alpha, of Mo., Washington University .....	12
1921. Alpha, of Ore., Oregon University .....	15
1921. Alpha, of Minn., University of Minnesota .....	25
1922. Alpha, of Ohio, University of Cincinnati .....	20
1922. Beta, of N. Y., Syracuse University .....	15

1922. Alpha, of Tex., University of Texas .....	15
1922. Beta, of Ohio, Ohio State University .....	17

17 chapters; membership, 1030.

The government is of usual form by a convention meeting biennially and an intermediate administration by national officers. The badge is a rectangular shield displaying the society's name on a diagonal band.

## CHI DELTA PHI

(Literary—Women)



THIS society was organized on October 31, 1919, at the University of Tennessee. The prime mover in its establishment was Mr. Charles R. Morse, the national secretary of Sigma Upsilon. While engaged in the work of that fraternity he found that no national literary sorority existed as the equivalent of Sigma Upsilon, and he interested Nelle Bardin, a junior in the University, in the possibilities of such an organization, and she proceeded to organize Chi Delta Phi, with a view to nationalization. Under the guidance of Mr. Morse, who was made an honorary member of the sorority, it has grown remarkably.

The purposes of the sorority are to form bodies of representative women who shall by their influence and their literary interest uphold the highest ideals of a liberal education. Honorary members are admitted.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1919. Alpha, University of Tennessee .....	174
1921. Beta, Hamilton College (Ky.) .....	26
1921. Gamma, University of Nebraska .....	65
1921. Delta, University of Alabama .....	25
1921. Epsilon, University of Utah .....	278
1922. Zeta, Trinity University (N. C.) .....	12
1922. Eta, University of Georgia .....	12

1922. Theta, William and Mary College .....	15
1922. Iota, Millsaps College .....	7
1922 Kappa, Vanderbilt University .....	37
1923. Lambda, Georgetown College (Ky.) .....	11

Active chapters, 13; inactive, 0; total membership, 672.

There are two alumnæ chapters. Almost all of the chapters were formed from local societies.

The government of the sorority is vested in the General Council, made up of the five national officers. Conventions are biennial, held in the odd-numbered years. A quarterly paper, the *Chi Delta Phi Litterateur*, is published by the Council.

The badge of the sorority is a five-pointed star in blue, bearing upon its face a lamp and the three Greek letters of the name, in gold, the whole being surrounded by a gold or pearl circle, with a pair of gold quills across the pin beneath the star. The national colors are blue and gold. The national flower is the pansy.

## DELTA PSI KAPPA

(Physical Education—Women)

THIS fraternity is an honorary professional organization of physical education for women. It was founded at the Normal College—North American Gymnastic Union at Indianapolis on October 23, 1916. There were twelve in the group of founders.

The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1916. Alpha, National College N. A. G. U.
- 1917. Beta, Stetson University
- 1917. Gamma, University of Oklahoma
- 1918. Delta, Posse School of Gymnastics, Boston
- 1918. Epsilon, University of Southern California
- 1919. Theta, Normal College of Physical Ed., Newark, N. J.
- 1920. Iota, Oregon Agricultural College
- 1921. Kappa, Amer. College of Physical Ed., Chicago
- 1921. Lambda, Chicago Normal School of Physical Ed.
- 1922. Mu, University of Montana
- 1922. Nu, University of Pittsburg

Active chapters, 11; membership, 410.

The government is by a convention held every two years. A newspaper periodical called *The Foil* is issued ten times during the year.

The colors are old gold and turquoise blue. The flower is the Aaron Wood rose.

## DELTA SIGMA RHO

(Forensic)



THIS society was organized at Chicago, April 13, 1906, by representatives from the following universities, viz.: Chicago, Illinois, Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Wisconsin, and Northwestern. The organization grew out of the simultaneous conception of the idea by professors E. E. McDermott of Minnesota, and H. E. Gordon of Iowa. Their correspondence resulted in the organization referred to.

A simple constitution was adopted. The purpose of the society is "to encourage sincere and effective public speaking." The constitution provides that charters shall be granted only to such institutions which have for at least five consecutive years preceding its application participated in at least one intercollegiate contest in each year in which it shall have displayed a high grade of efficiency in public speaking and whose forensic contests are under faculty supervision, provided the general standard of scholarship at such institution is high enough to have its degrees fully accredited at any of the standard post graduate schools. There are no honorary members as only those persons are eligible who have represented their college in a speaking capacity in an intercollegiate contest.



The roll of the chapters is as follows :

- 1906. University of Chicago
- 1906. University of Illinois
- 1906. University of Iowa
- 1906. University of Michigan
- 1906. University of Minnesota
- 1906. University of Nebraska
- 1906. Northwestern University
- 1906. University of Wisconsin
- 1907. Ohio Wesleyan University
- 1908. George Washington University
- 1908. University of Indiana (1922)
- 1908. University of Virginia
- 1908. University of Missouri
- 1909. Beloit College
- 1909. Brown University
- 1909. Harvard University
- 1909. Iowa State College
- 1909. University of Pennsylvania
- 1909. University of Texas
- 1909. Yale University
- 1910. University of Colorado
- 1910. Columbia University
- 1910. Dartmouth College
- 1910. University of Kansas
- 1910. Ohio State University
- 1910. Syracuse University
- 1910. Wesleyan University
- 1910. Williams College
- 1911. Albion College
- 1911. Carleton College
- 1911. Cornell University
- 1911. Knox College
- 1911. University of North Dakota
- 1911. Princeton University
- 1911. Stanford University
- 1911. Swarthmore College
- 1911. Western Reserve University
- 1913. Allegheny College
- 1913. Amherst College

- 1913. Iowa State Teachers' College
- 1913. University of Oklahoma
- 1913. Colgate University
- 1913. Washington and Lee University
- 1915. Bates College
- 1915. De Pauw University
- 1915. University of Southern California
- 1917. Vassar College
- 1917. Mount Holyoke College
- 1917. Pennsylvania State College
- 1917. Washington State College
- 1917. Washington and Jefferson College
- 1917. Wyoming State University
- 1920. Whitman College
- 1920. University of Pittsburg
- 1922. University of Arizona
- 1922. Washington University
- 1922. Oregon Agricultural College
- 1922. Wooster College
- 1922. Hamilton College
- 1922. University of California

The government of the society is vested in an Executive Committee comprising the general officers and the district Vice Presidents. The meetings of the General Council are biennial.

Between the sessions of the General Council the administration of the affairs of the society is in the hands of an Executive Committee. For convenience the chapters are grouped into districts.

The publication of a quarterly called *The Gavel* was commenced in 1912 at St. Paul, Minn. *The Gavel* is now published as a year book with supplementary bulletins.

The badge of the society is a key displaying the letters "Δ Σ P." The colors are maroon and black.

## ETA KAPPA NU

(Electrical Engineering)

**A**N honorary society among students of electrical engineering and others practicing that profession. It was organized at the University of Illinois in 1904.

The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1904. Alpha, University of Illinois
- 1906. Beta, Purdue University
- 1907. Gamma, Ohio State University
- 1909. Delta, Armour Institute of Technology
- 1909. Epsilon, Pennsylvania State College
- 1910. Zeta, Case School of Applied Science
- 1910. Theta, University of Wisconsin
- 1911. Iota, University of Missouri
- 1912. Kappa, Cornell University
- 1913. Lambda, University of Pennsylvania
- 1915. Mu, University of California
- 1916. Nu, Iowa State College
- 1920. Xi, Alabama Polytechnic Institute
- 1920. Omicron, University of Minnesota
- 1922. Pi, Oregon Agricultural College
- 1922. Rho, University of Colorado

The government is through an annual convention of delegates from the several chapters with a recess government by a national council.

A quarterly publication called *The Bridge* is published.

The badge is a Wheatstone bridge bearing in the center an oval representation of a galvanometer displaying the letters "H K N." The colors are navy blue and scarlet.

## GAMMA EPSILON PI

(Commerce—Women)



**T**HIS sorority was founded at the University of Illinois, March 26, 1918, by five junior women of the College of Commerce who felt the need of an honorary organization to fill the same place for them that Beta Gamma Sigma filled for the men.

About the same time Alpha Gamma Pi was started at Wisconsin and Phi Sigma Chi at the University of Washington. These three similar honorary sororities continued to expand into different universities until June, 1922, when at the invitation of Gamma Epsilon Pi all sororities were represented at their regular biennial convention and a consolidation was formed.

The name and the pin of the then Gamma Epsilon Pi were adopted and a new ritual and constitution accepted.

The chapter roll is as follows :

- 1918. Alpha, University of Illinois
- 1919. Beta, Northwestern University
- 1920. Gamma, University of California
- 1920. Delta, University of Pittsburgh

- 1920. Epsilon, University of Iowa
- 1920. Zeta, University of Kansas
- 1921. Eta, University of Minnesota
- 1922. Theta, University of Oklahoma
- 1922. Iota, Washington University
- 1922. Kappa, University of So. California
- 1922. Lambda, University of Montana
- 1922. Alpha Beta, University of Washington
- 1922. Alpha Gamma, University of Wisconsin
- 1922. Alpha Delta, University of Texas
- 1922. Alpha Epsilon, Syracuse University
- 1922. Alpha Zeta, New York University

The government of the sorority between the regular biennial convention is vested in a Grand Council composed of the president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer, and national visiting delegate.

The active chapters of the sorority are composed of senior and junior women who are candidates for a degree and who rank scholastically among the highest 15% of the enrollment of junior and senior women in the College of Commerce.

The alumnae chapters at Chicago, San Francisco, Seattle, and Minneapolis are interested in the carrying on of a Placement Bureau for all members.

A quarterly magazine called *The Signboard* containing articles of interest to women in business or those expecting to enter the business world is in circulation. The sorority magazine, also issued quarterly, called *The Post* is sent to members only.

The badge is composed of a black shield, on which is a gold post and swinging signboard bearing the letters "Γ Ε Π," placed on a gold key. The colors of the sorority are coral and grey.

## GAMMA SIGMA DELTA

(Agriculture)



**T**HIS is a purely honorary society for agricultural men. It was founded at the Ohio State University, Dec. 1, 1905, by Homer C. Price, Arthur C. McCall, Alfred Vivian and Vernon H. Davis, under the name of Delta Theta Sigma. There are three types of membership, student, faculty and alumni. Student members may be chosen from the senior class or the post graduate class of the college. Senior students to be eligible to election, must be within one semester of graduation and must have been in residence at least one year. Their scholarship record, as shown by the official records of the institution must be such as to place them among the upper one-fourth of the graduating class. Faculty members must have shown exceptional ability as teachers or investigators. Alumni members may be chosen from the alumni who have rendered signal service to agriculture.

The chapter roll is:

- 1905. Ohio State University, Columbus, O. (1913)
- 1907. Iowa State College, Ames, Iowa
- 1908. University of Missouri, Columbia, Mo.

- 1909. Utah Agricultural College, Logan, Utah
- 1909. Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis, Ore.
- 1915. Kansas Agricultural College, Manhattan, Kansas
- 1915. Alabama Polytechnic Institute, Auburn, Ala.
- 1916. University of Minnesota, St. Paul, Minn.
- 1918. University of Nebraska, Lincoln, Neb.
- 1922. Pennsylvania State College, State College, Pa.

The parent chapter at Ohio State University, when a local, confined its members to students in the agricultural department. When the other chapters decided to become an honorary fraternity, this chapter withdrew and retained its name Delta Theta Sigma. The fraternity at that time decided to use the name Gamma Sigma Delta.

The government of the society is through an executive committee and a legislative council. The executive offices constitute the executive committee, and the legislative council consists of one delegate from each local chapter.

In 1917 Gamma Sigma Delta united with the Honor Society of Agriculture, which was organized at the University of Minnesota.

## IOTA SIGMA PI

(Chemical—Women)



**I**N 1902 a group of women at the University of California founded the local organization known as Alchemi, later establishing chapters at the University of Southern California and Stanford Universities. Quite independently in 1911 two groups of women organized, one at the University of Washington which became known as a National Honorary Chemical Society for women, and the other at the University of Nebraska which took the name of Iota Sigma Pi. However, during the year of 1911, the two latter groups were amalgamated under the name of Iota Sigma Pi. In 1916 Alchemi and Iota Sigma Pi united and the combined organization became known as Iota Sigma Pi which took 1902 as the date of founding.

1902. Hydrogen, University of California .....	215
1903.*Carbon, Stanford University .....	50
1903. Sulphur, University of Southern Calif. ....	35
1911. Oxygen, University of Washington .....	74
1911. Nitrogen, University of Nebraska .....	71
1917. Phosphorus, University of Michigan .....	37



1918. Iodine, University of Illinois .....	110
1918. Tungsten, University of Colorado .....	27
1920. Ytterbium, Yale University .....	29
1920. Aurum, Iowa State College .....	30
1921. Helium, University of Oklahoma .....	26

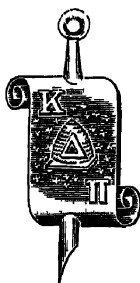
Active chapters, 11; inactive, none; membership, 704.

The government of the fraternity is vested in general conventions and the Grand Council.

The badge is a hexagonal key bearing a crescent, circle and letters "I  $\Sigma$  II." The colors are white, gold, and cedar green. The flower is the white Narcissus.

## KAPPA DELTA PI

(Education)



**K**APPA DELTA PI grew out of a local society, the Illinois Education Club founded at the University of Illinois in 1909, and later, June 8, 1911, it was incorporated under the laws of the State of Illinois as the honorary educational fraternity, Kappa Delta Pi.

Membership consists of juniors and seniors, both men and women, with general scholarship of a grade above the

average and the completion of work in education to the extent of at least six semester hours.

The chapter roll is:

Alpha, University of Illinois  
Beta, University of Colorado  
Gamma, University of Oklahoma  
Delta, University of Texas  
Epsilon, Drake University  
Zeta, University of Cincinnati  
Eta, Purdue University  
Theta, State Teachers' College, Greeley  
Iota, Kansas State Normal, Emporia  
Kappa, Columbia University  
Lambda, Oklahoma A. and M. College  
Mu, State Normal School, Normal, Ill.  
Nu, Miami University  
Xi, University of Alabama  
Omicron, Northern Normal and Ind. School, Aberdeen  
Pi, Michigan State Normal, Ypsilanti  
Rho, Central Missouri Teachers' College, Warrensburg

The Convocation is held every two years.

*The Record* is the Kappa Delta Pi journal.

The key is a scroll and a stylus upon which are the three Greek letters of the fraternity. The letter "Δ" is placed on a beehive.

## MORTAR BOARD



**M**ORTAR BOARD, senior honorary fraternity for women, was founded in February, 1918, at Syracuse, N. Y., by representatives from existing senior honorary societies from Cornell University, University of Michigan, Ohio State University, and Swarthmore College. At the present time there are twenty-four chapters.

The purpose is to provide for the co-operation between senior honorary societies for women. Members are chosen from the junior class on the basis of service, scholarship and leadership.

The chapter roll is:

Cornell University  
University of Michigan  
Ohio State University  
Swarthmore College  
University of Missouri  
University of Wisconsin  
University of Illinois  
University of Minnesota  
Knox College  
De Pauw University  
University of Nebraska  
University of Kentucky

Indiana University  
University of Pennsylvania  
Washington University  
Northwestern University  
Lawrence College  
Carnegie Institute of Technology  
University of Pittsburgh  
Miami University  
University of Oregon  
University of Idaho  
Washington State College  
University of Texas

## MU PHI EPSILON

(Musical—Women)



**M**U PHI EPSILON was founded at the Metropolitan College of Music, Cincinnati, Ohio, Nov. 13, 1903, by Elizabeth Mathias, Alma Sterling, Ethel Kimball, Edith White, Jennie Bellis, Elizabeth Steward, Jessie Yuille, and Lilian Sutton, assisted by W. D. Sterling, dean of the College, and Calvin Vos and Simon Jordan, members of Phi Mu Alpha (Sinfonia).

The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1903. Alpha, Metropolitan College of Music, Cincinnati
- 1903. Beta New England Conservatory, Boston
- 1904. Gamma, Michigan University School of Music
- 1905. Delta, Detroit Conservatory of Music
- 1905. Epsilon, Toledo Conservatory of Music
- 1905. Zeta, De Pauw University
- 1905. Eta, Syracuse University (1917)
- 1906. Theta, Kroeger School of Music, St. Louis
- 1906. Iota, Chicago Conservatory of Music (1910)
- 1906. Kappa, Metropolitan Conservatory, Indianapolis
- 1909. Lambda, Ithaca Conservatory of Music
- 1910. Iota Alpha, Chicago Musical College
- 1911. Mu, Brenau College (Gainesville, Ga.)
- 1911. Nu, University of Oregon
- 1911. Xi, University of Kansas
- 1912. Omicron, Combs Broad Street Conservatory, Phila.
- 1912. Pi, Lawrence Conservatory, Appleton, Wis.

- 1914. Rho, Von Unschuld Univ. of Music (1917)
- 1914. Sigma, Northwestern Univ., School of Music
- 1915. Tau, University of Washington
- 1915. Upsilon, Cincinnati Conservatory of Music
- 1915. Phi, Mt. Union College, Alliance, O.
- 1915. Chi, Penn. Musical College, Meadville, Pa.
- 1916. Psi, Bucknell University, Lewisburg, Pa.
- 1917. Omega, Drake University, Des Moines, Ia.
- 1917. Mu Alpha, Simpson Conservatory, Indianola, Ia.
- 1918. Rho Beta, Wash. Coll. of Music, Washington, D. C.
- 1919. Mu Beta, Washington State College, Pullman, Wash.
- 1919. Mu Gamma, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, Neb.
- 1919. Mu Delta, Horner Inst. of Fine Arts, Kans. City, Mo.
- 1920. Mu Epsilon, McPhail School, Minneapolis, Minn.
- 1920. Mu Eta, College of the Pacific, San José, Calif.
- 1920. Mu Zeta, Whitman College, Walla Walla, Wash.
- 1920. Mu Theta, University of Texas
- 1921. Mu Iota, Columbia School of Music, Chicago, Ill.
- 1922. Mu Kappa, University of Oklahoma
- 1922. Mu Lambda, University of Wisconsin
- 1922. Mu Mu, American Conservatory of Music, Chicago
- 1922. Mu Nu, Kansas State Agricultural College
- 1922. Mu Xi, University of Southern California, Los Angeles

Active chapters, 37; inactive, 3; membership 2,500.

The Beta was inactive from 1905 to 1909. Mu inactive from 1913 to 1917. The Zeta and Eta chapters were the two chapters of the Phi Mu Epsilon, a society originating in 1892 and which was thus absorbed. The Iota was withdrawn and its location changed and it was renamed Iota Alpha. The Chi and Phi chapters were known as Kappa Delta Epsilon. The Rho charter was withdrawn, transferred to another school and renamed Rho Beta. Zeta was inactive from 1909 until 1919 when it absorbed a local honorary musical sorority.

In 1915 the national policy of Mu Phi Epsilon was changed from that of a professional musical to an honorary-musical fraternity; in which membership is based upon

musicianship and a definite uniform standard of musical qualifications is required of members. While the fraternity is not social in character, it seeks to form strong fraternal ties between members, and to promote a democratic spirit and loyalty to the Alma Mater. Members of the regular undergraduate fraternities are admitted to membership.

The aims and objects of the organization are: to advance the progress of the art of music in America. The 1922 convention authorized the establishment of new chapters only in universities granting the B.M. degree, and in conservatories where at least 50 per cent. of the faculty have college degrees and the director a national reputation. Active membership is limited to students, teachers and those actively engaged in musical pursuits.

The government is administered by a Grand Council of the seven officers elected by a convention held biennially.

The publication is known as the *Triangle* and is published quarterly.

The badge is a triangle enclosing a lyre and displaying the letters "M  $\Phi$  E," one on each side of the triangle. The colors are royal purple and white. The flower is the violet.

## NATIONAL COLLEGIATE PLAYERS

This organization was founded through the coalition of two dramatic fraternities, Associated University Players, established at the University of Illinois in 1914, and Pi Epsilon Delta, established at the University of Wisconsin in 1919.

Members are admitted upon the basis of distinctive work done in playwriting, acting, directing, stage designing, and completion of accredited courses in dramatic art and literature.

The chapter roll is as follows: University of Illinois, University of Wisconsin, University of Minnesota, Ohio University, Northwestern University, University of Washington, University of Oregon, Washington university, (St. Louis) and Iowa State Iollege.

The badge shows the masks of comedy and tragedy with a band below carrying the Greek letters,  $\Pi\epsilon\Delta$ .

## OMICRON DELTA GAMMA (ARTUS)

**T**HIS is a men's honorary fraternity in Economics, founded at the University of Wisconsin in 1913. It admits junior and senior graduate students majoring in Economics.

There are chapters at Wisconsin, Harvard, Washington University (St. Louis), Denver, Iowa, Vanderbilt, California (Berkeley) and Beloit College.

The badge of the fraternity is a key on the face of which appears an arm extending from a body of water, brandishing a sword above which is the word "ARTUS" and on the reverse side are the letters "O  $\Delta$   $\Gamma$ ."

## OMICRON DELTA KAPPA

("The Circle")



**E**MINENCE in scholarship, athletics, campus life, literary and forensic attainments, and college publications.

Its ideals are: recognition, inspiration, opportunity, character.

Founded at Washington and Lee University, Lexington, Va., in 1914, by J. Carl Fisher, R. N. Latture, W. M. Brown, C. S. Davidson, Dr. H. L. Smith, Professor D. C. Humphreys, Dr. D. B. Easter, and J. E. Martin, in order to bring together in one body for the general good of the institution, all leaders in the various forms of college activities.

The chapter or circle list is as follows:

- 1914. Alpha, Washington & Lee University
- 1916. Beta, Johns Hopkins University
- 1916. Gamma, University of Pittsburgh
- 1917. Delta, Davidson College
- 1921. Epsilon, University of Richmond



1921. Zeta, Centre College  
 1921. Eta, College of William and Mary  
 1922. Theta, University of Akron

Membership, 512.

General policy of the organization controlled by a General Council of six officers. Membership confined to men.

Badge, a key, composed of the letters "O Δ K" between two bars enclosed in a circle, five stars on the upper bar; date (1914) on the lower.

## OMICRON NU

(Home Economics—Women)

**T**HIS society was established at Michigan Agricultural College in 1912. Maude Gilchrist, then Dean of Home Economics, and Agnes Hunt-Cade, then professor of Home Economics, together with other members of the Faculty of the College were instrumental in its founding. It is an honorary organization. The chapter roll is as follows:

1912. A, Michigan Agricultural College .....	249
1913. B, New York State College for Teachers .....	59
1913. Gamma, Iowa State College .....	220
1913. Delta, Purdue University .....	126
1914. Epsilon, University of Illinois .....	208
1915. Eta, University of Wisconsin .....	150
1914. Zeta, University of Nebraska .....	189
1915. Theta, Kansas State Agricultural College .....	149
1915. Iota, University of Kansas .....	106
1919. Kappa, Washington State College .....	67
1919. Lambda, Oregon Agricultural College .....	84
1919. Mu, Cornell University .....	63
1920. Xi, Oklahoma A. & M. College .....	40
1921. Nu, Colorado State College of Agriculture .....	14
1922. Omicron, University of Washington .....	19
1922. Pi, Florida State College of Agriculture .....	8
1922. Sigma, University of Indiana .....	8

## ORDER OF THE COIF

(Legal)

**T**HIS is an honorary society formed from the amalgamation of a society called Theta Kappa Nu founded at the University of Illinois in 1902, and a society called the Order of the Coif founded at the Law School of Northwestern University in 1907.

Membership is based upon scholarship.

The roll of chapters is as follows:

- 1902. University of Illinois
- 1904. University of Nebraska
- 1905. University of Missouri
- 1906. University of Michigan
- 1906. University of Virginia
- 1907. Northwestern University
- 1907. University of Wisconsin
- 1908. University of Iowa
- 1911. Stanford University
- 1911. University of Chicago
- 1913. Western Reserve University
- 1914. University of Pennsylvania
- 1914. Cornell University
- 1914. Ohio State University
- 1915. Yale University
- 1915. University of Minnesota

The government of the society is by a convention and an Executive Committee.

The badge is a key bearing on one side the words "Order of the Coif" and in relief a representation of the bust of a sergeant-at-law wearing a wig and coif, and on the opposite side the owner's name, chapter, and year of his admission to the society.

## PHI DELTA KAPPA

(Educational)



THIS society grew out of the consolidation of three prior independent organizations all organized as fraternities among those devoted to the cause of education. These were Pi Kappa Mu, organized at the University of Indiana in 1906 and which established chapters at Stanford and Iowa in 1909; Phi Delta Kappa, organized at Columbia in 1908 and which established a chapter at Chicago in 1909 and Nu Rho Beta, organized at Missouri in 1909. Representatives of these societies met at Indianapolis in 1910 and effected a consolidation under the name of Phi Delta Kappa.

The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1906. Alpha, University of Indiana
- 1908. Beta, Columbia University
- 1909. Gamma, University of Missouri
- 1909. Delta, Stanford University
- 1909. Epsilon, University of Iowa
- 1909. Zeta, University of Chicago
- 1910. Eta, University of Minnesota
- 1911. Theta, Cornell University
- 1911. Iota, Harvard University
- 1912. Kappa, University of Kansas
- 1913. Lambda, University of California
- 1913. Mu, University of Texas (inactive)
- 1913. Nu, University of Washington
- 1914. Xi, University of Pittsburgh
- 1914. Omicron, University of Nebraska
- 1914. Pi, University of Illinois

- 1915. Rho, New York University (inactive)
- 1917. Tau, University of Pennsylvania
- 1917. Sigma, Ohio State University
- 1918. Upsilon, Northwestern University
- 1921. Phi, University of Wisconsin
- 1921. Psi, George Peabody College for Teachers
- 1921. Chi, University of Oregon
- 1921. Omega, University of Michigan
- 1921. Alpha Alpha, University of Oklahoma
- 1921. Alpha Beta, University of Virginia
- 1922. Alpha Gamma, State College of Washington
- 1922. Alpha Delta, Kansas State Agricultural College
- 1922. Alpha Epsilon, University of Southern California

There are also six alumni chapters. Total membership, 3,744.

The government of the society is through a National Council comprised of delegates from the several chapters, plus an executive committee of five members, which executive committee conducts affairs between council meetings. Council meets biennially.

The badge is a monogram of the letters "Φ Δ K."

## PHI ETA

A FRATERNITY confined to universities having organized graduate schools and conferring membership only upon students in such graduate schools.

Chapters are as follows:

- 1904. University of Pennsylvania
- 1909. University of Wisconsin
- 1914. University of Illinois
- 1915. University of Chicago
- 1917. Columbia University

The Chicago chapter was organized from a local called Psi Chi.

## PHI KAPPA PHI



**P**HI KAPPA PHI is an honor society composed of graduate and undergraduate members of all departments of American universities and colleges. Its prime object is to emphasize scholarship in the thought of college students, to hold fast to the original purpose for which institutions of learning were founded, and to stimulate mental achievement by the prize of membership.

In order to gain these objects, membership is restricted to a number of students in any school or department, not exceeding one-third of the whole graduating class, who have distinguished themselves by scholarship or intellectual service to their college or university. These members are elected one year before graduation. Persons may also be elected to honorary membership who have won distinction in science, literature or education. This society aims to stand for the unity and democracy of learning. Membership in it is open to members of other honor societies and fraternities, and to both men and women.

It was founded at the University of Maine in 1898 prin-

cipally through the efforts of Prof. A. W. Harris then president of that university.

The chapters are located as follows:

- 1898. University of Maine
- 1899. Pennsylvania State College
- 1900. University of Tennessee
- 1901. Massachusetts Agricultural College
- 1904. Delaware State College
- 1911. Iowa State College
- 1912. University of Florida
- 1912. University of Nevada
- 1913. Rhode Island State College
- 1913. North Dakota Agricultural College
- 1914. Nebraska Wesleyan University
- 1914. Georgia School of Technology
- 1914. Alabama Polytechnic Institute
- 1915. Kansas Agricultural College
- 1916. Syracuse University
- 1916. University of Arizona
- 1916. University of New Mexico
- 1919. University of Wisconsin
- 1919. Washington State College
- 1919. Utah State College
- 1920. Cornell University
- 1920. Maryland University
- 1920. Oklahoma A. & M. College
- 1920. Missouri School of Mines
- 1921. Virginia Polytechnic Institute
- 1921. Montana State College
- 1922. Washington, D. C., Alumni
- 1922. New Hampshire State College
- 1922. University of Utah
- 1922. University of Wyoming
- 1922. Butler University
- 1922. Illinois Wesleyan University

The badge is an eight-rayed representation of the sun surrounding the earth, across which there is a band displaying the letters "Φ Κ Φ."

## PHI LAMBDA Upsilon

(Chemical)



THIS society was founded at the University of Illinois in 1899, by Paul F. A. Rudnick, F. C. Koch, Horace C. Porter, Harry Hasson, Arthur R. Johnston and E. Brigham Safford. It chooses its members on a basis of high scholarship in chemistry. Its members are elected from the graduate students, the seniors and the juniors in their second semester. The honor man of the sophomore class in the chemical curriculum is also elected at the end of that year. It does not conflict with the undergraduate fraternities. The organization is incorporated in Illinois as an honorary chemical society.

The chapter roll is:

- 1899. Alpha, University of Illinois
- 1906. Beta, University of Wisconsin
- 1909. Gamma, Columbia University
- 1909. Delta, University of Michigan

- 1910. Epsilon, University of Washington
- 1910. Zeta, University of Minnesota
- 1911. Eta, Ohio State University
- 1912. Theta, Iowa State College
- 1913. Iota, Stanford University
- 1912. Kappa, Denver University
- 1913. Mu Kappa Mu, University of California
- 1914. Mu, Pennsylvania State College
- 1917. Nu, Purdue University
- 1917. Xi, University of Pittsburgh
- 1920. Omicron, Armour Institute of Technology
- 1920. Pi, Univ. of Texas
- 1922. Rho, Univ. of Nebraska
- 1922. Sigma, Rutgers College

There is an alumni chapter in Chicago.

There is a semi-annual publication called the *Register*.

The badge worn as a key is a hexagon at the top of which are crossed retorts and a Liebig bulb. Across the center is a white band displaying the letters " $\Phi$   $\Lambda$   $\Upsilon$ ." Around the edge is written the formula of an organic compound. The colors are blue and red.



## PHI SIGMA

(Biological)



**P**HI SIGMA is an honorary biological research society founded at the Ohio State University with twelve charter members on March 17, 1915. Students in any department of biological science are eligible if they have shown themselves proficient in scientific research. Membership is open to both sexes.

The chapters are :

- 1915. Alpha, Ohio State University
- 1916. Beta, University of Michigan
- 1917. Delta, University of Maine
- 1917. Epsilon, University of Denver
- 1917. Zeta, University of Wisconsin
- 1921. Eta, University of Akron
- 1921. Iota, Michigan Agricultural College
- 1921. Kappa, University of Kansas
- 1921. Lambda, University of Montana
- 1922. Mu, University of California
- 1922. Nu, Washington & Jefferson College

The alumni membership amounts to more than 600. The badge is a gold key with the letters "Φ" and "Σ," the former superimposed on the latter.

## PI DELTA EPSILON

(Journalistic)



THIS society was organized at Syracuse University, December 6, 1909, by Sydney H. Coleman, Neil D. Cranmer and Paul L. Benjamin. The purpose of the society is to encourage undergraduates to compete for positions on the editorial boards of college publications, to train them in writing, to conduct lectures on journalism and to give dignity and standing to journalistic work and study.

Its chapters are:

- 1909. Syracuse University
- 1910. University of Nebraska (1918)
- 1910. Massachusetts Institute of Technology
- 1911. Ohio Wesleyan University
- 1914. Columbia University
- 1916. Colgate University
- 1917. University of Michigan
- 1917. Lawrence College
- 1917. Coe College
- 1917. Hamline University (1919)
- 1917. University of Arkansas

- 1918. Dartmouth College
- 1918. University of Illinois
- 1918. University of Toronto
- 1919. University of California
- 1919. University of Tennessee
- 1920. Lehigh University
- 1921. Hamilton College (N. Y.)
- 1921. Swarthmore College
- 1921. University of Utah
- 1922. Allegheny College
- 1922. University of Arizona
- 1922. Bowdoin College
- 1922. Colorado Agricultural College
- 1922. Georgia Institute of Technology
- 1922. George Washington University
- 1922. Johns Hopkins University
- 1922. University of Minnesota
- 1922. Ohio State University
- 1922. Stevens Institute of Technology
- 1922. Vanderbilt University
- 1922. Wesleyan University
- 1922. Williams College
- 1923. Union University (N. Y.)
- 1923. Lafayette College
- 1923. Emory University
- 1923. Wabash College
- 1923. Carnegie Institute of Technology
- 1923. Union University (N. Y.)

Active chapters, 37; inactive, 2.

In 1917, a union was effected with Eta Theta Epsilon, a fraternity with similar ideals. This arrangement brought to the fraternity four of its chapters.

The membership is purely honorary in the sense that achievement in journalistic work is always an essential qualification, but the fraternity strives to maintain a social organization in all colleges and universities where it is established. Its official organ is the *Epsilon*, a quarterly magazine.

## PI KAPPA DELTA

(Forensic)



THIS society was developed from the plans of Professor E. R. Nichols of Ripon College, in co-operation with the following from the colleges named, viz.: E. A. Vaughan, Kansas State Agricultural College; John A. Shields, Ottawa University; J. H. Krenmyre, Iowa Wesleyan College; C. J. Boddy, Kansas Wesleyan University; P. C. Sommerville, Illinois Wesleyan University; Arthur L. Crookham, Southwestern (Kansas) College; M. M. Maynard, Monmouth College; H. O. Pritchard, Cotner College; Dan. C. Lockwood, Emporia College; and Frank P. Johnson, Morningside College.

The purpose of the organization is to stimulate progress in and to promote the interests of intercollegiate oratory, debate, and public speaking by encouraging a spirit of intercollegiate fellowship of brotherly co-operation and interest, and by conferring upon deserving candidates a badge of distinction, proficiency, and honor, varied and graduated according to merit and achievement.

Pi Kappa Delta recognizes as its special field those colleges and technical schools in which forensic work of a high order is maintained rather than the large universities. At the third biennial convention, held at Sioux City in 1920, a liberal policy of expansion was adopted with the result that the society has trebled its chapter roll in the last four years. Exceedingly cordial relations have been established with Delta Sigma Rho. Under certain conditions members of Pi Kappa Delta may become members of Delta Sigma Rho and vice versa. Three out of four chapters listed as inactive in the last issue of "Baird's Manual" have been revived.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1913. Kans. Alpha, Ottawa University .....	86
1913. Iowa Alpha, Iowa Wesleyan University .....	63
1913. Kans. Beta, Washburn College .....	92
1913. Nebr. Alpha, Nebraska Wesleyan Univ. (rechartered 1920) ..	49
1913. Wis. Alpha, Ripon College .....	53
1914. Ill. Alpha, Illinois Wesleyan University .....	50
1914. Kans. Gamma, Kansas State Agricultural College .....	79
1914. Iowa Beta, Central College (rechartered 1922) .....	23
1914. Cal. Alpha, University of Redlands .....	63
1914. Cal. Beta, Occidental College (rechartered 1922) .....	25
1915. Colo. Alpha, Colorado Agricultural College .....	56
1915. Kans. Delta, Southwestern University .....	85
1915. Ill. Beta, Eureka College .....	36
1915. S. Dak. Alpha, South Dakota Wesleyan University .....	79
1915. Iowa Gamma, Des Moines University .....	32
1916. Ala. Alpha, Alabama Polytechnic Inst. (inactive) .....	14
1916. Kans. Epsilon, Fairmount College .....	27
1916. Okla. Alpha, Oklahoma A. & M. College .....	26
1917. Kans. Zeta, Kansas State Normal School .....	52
1917. Iowa Delta, Morningside College .....	75
1918. S. Dak. Beta, Huron College .....	45
1918. Colo. Beta, Colorado State Teachers' College .....	43
1918. Mich. Alpha, Kalamazoo College .....	48
1918. Iowa Epsilon, Simpson College .....	66

1919. S. Dak. Gamma, Yankton College .....	49
1919. Mo. Alpha, Westminster College .....	23
1920. Iowa Zeta, Parsons College .....	41
1920. S. Dak. Delta, South Dakota State College .....	31
1920. S. Dak. Epsilon, Sioux Falls College .....	12
1920. Okla. Beta, University of Tulsa .....	14
1920. Nebr. Beta, Cotner University .....	19
1920. Nebr. Gamma, Doane College .....	14
1920. Mo. Beta, Park College .....	26
1920. Nebr. Delta, Hastings College .....	18
1920. Me. Alpha, Colby College .....	23
1920. Ill. Gamma, Carthage College .....	30
1920. Kans. Eta, Kansas Wesleyan University .....	37
1921. Mont. Alpha, Montana Wesleyan College .....	18
1921. Mo. Gamma, Central College .....	23
1921. Ohio Alpha, Baldwin-Wallace College .....	15
1921. Mont. Beta, Montana State College .....	26
1921. Ky. Alpha, Georgetown University .....	17
1921. Ohio Beta, Heidelberg University .....	21
1921. Kans. Theta, Kansas State Manual Training School .....	25
1921. S. C. Alpha, Wofford College .....	31
1921. Minn. Alpha, Macalester College .....	31
1921. Mich. Beta, Olivet College .....	20
1921. Ill. Delta, Bradley Polytechnic Institute .....	20
1921. Ind. Alpha, Franklin College .....	22
1921. Mich. Gamma, Michigan Agricultural College .....	19
1921. Mich. Delta, Hope College .....	26
1921. Mich. Epsilon, Michigan State Normal College .....	34
1921. Tex. Alpha, Southwestern University .....	15
1921. Ill. Epsilon, Hedding College .....	26
1921. Cal. Gamma, California Institute of Technology .....	28
1921. Nebr. Epsilon, Grand Island College .....	18
1921. S. Dak. Zeta, Northern Normal and Industrial Institute .....	31
1922. Tenn. Alpha, Maryville College .....	17
1922. Mo. Delta, William Jewell College .....	19
1922. Wash. Alpha, College of Puget Sound .....	21
1922. Ohio Gamma, Hiram College .....	8
1922. Penn. Alpha, Grove City College .....	25
1922. Kans. Iota, College of Emporia .....	24
1922. Iowa Epsilon, Upper Iowa College .....	22
1922. Kans. Kappa, Baker University .....	10

1922. Ill. Zeta, Monmouth College .....	7
1922. Okla. Gamma, Oklahoma Baptist University .....	15
1922. S. C. Beta, Presbyterian College of South Carolina .....	13
1922. Mo. Epsilon, Missouri Wesleyan College .....	7
1922. Minn. Beta, St. Olaf's College .....	9
1922. Cal. Delta, College of the Pacific .....	14
1922. Tenn. Beta, Tusculum College .....	13
1922. Ohio Delta, University of Akron .....	7
1922. Mo. Zeta, Culver-Stockton College .....	11
1922. Okla. Delta, Northwestern State Teachers' College .....	16
1922. Ky. Beta, Centre College .....	7

Chapters, 75; membership, 2,335.

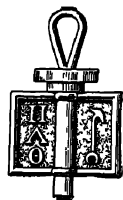
The society began in 1915 the publication of a periodical called *The Forensic*. It is issued four times in the year and is printed at Redlands, California.

Conventions are held biennially. The government of the society was elaborate at first, but has been considerably simplified. Generally speaking it consists of a national convention and an intermediate administration by National Officers, constituting the National Council. Province presidents act in an advisory relation to the National Council.

The badge is a pear shaped key displaying a trifoliate scroll, an eye, and the letters "Π Κ Δ."

## PI LAMBDA THETA

(Educational—Women)



**P**I LAMBDA THETA is a national fraternity admitting women in the field of education. It was organized in July, 1917, by the union of seven charter chapters, each of which had been organized as a local organization having similar ideals, except that the chapter at Washington had been organized by the chapter at Missouri.

The avowed purpose of Pi Lambda Theta is the development of high professional ideals and the encouragement of advanced study in education among women.

The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1917. Alpha, University of Missouri
- 1917. Beta, Syracuse University
- 1917. Gamma, University of Kansas
- 1917. Delta, University of Pittsburgh
- 1917. Epsilon, University of Minnesota
- 1917. Zeta, University of Washington
- 1917. Eta, University of Pennsylvania
- 1920. Theta, University of Iowa
- 1920. Iota, University of Indiana
- 1921. Kappa, University of Oregon
- 1921. Lambda, University of Chicago
- 1922. Mu, Cornell University
- 1922. Nu, Ohio State University
- 1922. Xi, University of Michigan



## PI TAU SIGMA

(Mechanical Engineering)

**T**HIS fraternity was founded at the University of Illinois March 16, 1915, and combined with a similar organization at the University of Wisconsin in the spring of 1916, the name of the Illinois chapter being retained.

The organization was founded to foster the high ideals of the engineering profession, to stimulate interest in co-ordinate departmental activities in the universities, and to promote the mutual welfare of its members.

There are four chapters:

University of Illinois  
University of Wisconsin  
University of Minnesota  
Purdue University

The badge has the form of a Carnot cycle. In the upper part is supported a flaming torch, and below the letters "Π T E" is a steel H-section. The key is in the shape of a cam with a Carnot cycle superimposed upon it. The colors are murrey and azure. The flower is the white rose.

Active members are chosen on a basis of engineering ability, scholarship, and personality, from the senior and junior classes. Honorary members are chosen from professors of mechanical engineering, and from technical graduates actively engaged in engineering work.

## SCABBARD & BLADE

(Military)



THE National Society of Scabbard and Blade was founded at the University of Wisconsin in the fall of 1904, by Charles A. Taylor, Leo M. Cook, V. R. Griggs, Harold K. Weld and A. W. Foster, senior officers in the Cadet Corps.

The organization of the Society is modeled upon that of the United States Army. The various chapters are designated as "Companies" and are organized into a "Brigade" of four regiments as follows:—

### First Regiment:

- 1904. A, University of Wisconsin
- 1905. B, University of Minnesota
- 1906. C, Cornell University (1916)
- 1906. D, University of Iowa (1920)
- 1908. E, Purdue University
- 1909. F, University of Illinois
- 1911. G, University of Missouri
- 1912. H, Pennsylvania State College
- 1913. I, University of Washington
- 1914. K, Michigan Agricultural College
- 1914. L, Kansas State Agricultural College
- 1915. M, Ohio State University

### Second Regiment: .

- 1915. A, Iowa State College

- 1916. B, University of Arkansas
- 1916. C, University of West Virginia
- 1916. D, University of Maine
- 1916. E, Washington State College
- 1920. F, Indiana University
- 1920. G, Oregon Agricultural College
- 1920. H, University of Florida
- 1920. I, John Hopkins University
- 1920. K, Oklahoma A. and M. College
- 1920. L, University of Georgia
- 1921. M, Georgia School of Tech.

Third Regiment:

- 1921. A, Coe College
- 1921. B, University of North Dakota
- 1921. C, University of Nebraska
- 1921. D, University of Oklahoma
- 1922. E, Gettysburg College
- 1922. F, University of Vermont
- 1922. G, North Carolina State College
- 1922. H, Lehigh University
- 1922. L, University of Pennsylvania
- 1922. K, Northwestern University
- 1922. L, University of Pennsylvania
- 1922. M, North Dakota Agricultural College

Fourth Regiment:

- 1922. A, Agricultural College of Utah
- 1922. B, Syracuse University
- 1923. C, University of Cincinnati
- 1923. D, University of Kentucky
- 1922. E, University of Montana
- 1923. F, University of Michigan

Total memberships 3242 which includes the associate and honorary members.

The government of the society rests in a regular or special convention. Each company is entitled to equal representa-

tion and the brigade officers are delegates ex-officio. In the interim between conventions, the governing power of the society is vested in the Brigade Officers, assisted by an advisory board. This board, entitled the General Staff, was created at the 1916 Convention and is composed of past Colonels of the Society, each serving for a term of six years.

The purpose of Scabbard and Blade is primarily to raise the standard of military training in American Colleges and Universities, to unite in closer relationship their military departments, to encourage and foster the essential qualities of good and efficient officers and to promote intimacy and good fellowship among the cadet officers. Further, the Society, stands for a virile, progressive Americanism and through its alumni endeavors to stimulate interest in a sane degree of military preparedness for the Country.

The qualifications for membership are not based on display of military efficiency alone, but qualities of character and manhood are given equal importance, it being considered that the man who aspires to a commission must possess, together with a knowledge of military science and tactics, all the attributes of a gentleman before he can become a successful officer.

Membership is active, alumni associate, and honorary. Active members are chosen from the cadet commissioned officers. Associate members may be: the President of the institution, the commandant and his staff, and inspecting officers. Honorary members are elected by the General Staff of the Society upon recognition of special qualifications.

Three general directories of the society have been issued, 1913, 1915, and 1921.

*The Scabbard and Blade*, the quarterly journal of the Society was first issued in October, 1913.

The conventions were annual but are now biennial.

The badge of the society is a gold representation of the

American Eagle bearing certain symbolic letters upon a shield, over whose breast are crossed two sheathed sabers. Upon one of the scabbards are placed five small jewels, representing the five five-pointed stars that appear in similar position upon the Coat-of-Arms. The colors are red, white, and blue.

### SIGMA DELTA PHI

(Oratorical—Women)

**S**IGMA DELTA PHI was established at the University of Michigan in 1918. Prof. Thomas C. Trueblood, head of the oratorical department, conceived the idea of such a fraternity for women. This organization is honorary. It has for its purpose, the forming of a bond among the women in the department of oratory of the various universities. The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1918. Alpha, University of Michigan
- 1920. Beta, University of Illinois
- 1920. Gamma, Ohio State University
- 1921. Delta, University of Indiana

## SIGMA DELTA PSI

(Athletics)



**T**HIS athletic fraternity was founded at the University of Indiana in 1912. The object of the society is the encouragement of physical development and training among college students. For admission to full membership a student must attain certain proficiency in a number of events.

The chapter roll is as follows:

Indiana University  
University of Minnesota  
Lombard College  
University of Colorado  
Colorado College  
University of Texas  
North Dakota Agricultural College  
Yale University  
University of Oklahoma  
University of South Dakota  
Knox College  
Northwestern University  
University of Michigan  
University of Wisconsin

The emblem is in the shape of a key showing the three letters "Σ Δ Ψ."

## SIGMA TAU

(Engineering)



**A**N honorary society founded at the University of Nebraska, February 24, 1904. It admits junior and senior students in engineering who have displayed ability in scholarship. The chapters are:

1904. Alpha, University of Nebraska .....	338
1908. Beta, University of Iowa (1912) .....	70
1911. Gamma, University of Pennsylvania .....	198
1912. Delta, University of South Dakota .....	20
1912. Epsilon, Kansas State Agricultural College .....	171
1913. Zeta, Oregon State College .....	162
1913. Eta, Washington State College .....	125
1914. Theta, University of Illinois .....	240
1914. Iota, University of Colorado .....	146
1915. Kappa, Pennsylvania State College .....	167
1915. Lambda, University of Kansas .....	140
1916. Mu, University of Oklahoma .....	89
1916. Nu, Swarthmore College .....	58
1921. Xi, George Washington University .....	21
1922. Pi, University of North Dakota .....	15
1922. Rho, University of Idaho .....	15

15 chapters; total membership, 1,975.

There are five alumni chapters.

## SIGMA UPSILON

(Literary—Men)



SIGMA UPSILON grew out of a federation of literary societies in various colleges in the Southern States. It is due to the efforts of Paul Jones of the Sopherim Club of the University of the South and Neil Cullom of the Calumet Club of Vanderbilt University that the union was brought about.

Membership is based primarily upon literary ability and elections are usually made once a year from members of the sophomore, junior and senior classes. Only three women have ever been elected to honorary membership,—one each at Vanderbilt, Sewanee, and Tennessee. Each chapter is allowed to choose its own name.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1906. Sopherim, University of the South .....	103
1906. Calumet, Vanderbilt University .....	132
1906. Osiris, Randolph-Macon College .....	88
1906. Senior Round Table, University of Georgia .....	120
1906. Odd Number, University of North Carolina .....	94
1909. Boar's Head, Transylvania University .....	66
1909. Scribblers, University of Mississippi .....	91
1910. Kit Kat, Millsaps College .....	62
1913. Fortnightly, Trinity University (N. C.) .....	87
1913. Scribes, University of South Carolina (1915) .....	15
1913. Coffee House, Emory University .....	54



1914. Scarabs, University of Texas .....	42
1914. Attic, University of Alabama .....	49
1914. Grub Street, University of Washington .....	38
1914. Gordon Hope, College of William & Mary .....	39
1915. Blue Pencil, Davidson College .....	88
1915. Sphinx, Hampden-Sidney College .....	38
1915. Ye Tabard Inn, University of Oregon .....	54
1916. Ye Mermaid Inn, University of Montana .....	42
1916. Utah Scribblers, University of Utah .....	135
1918. Sesame, Washington and Lee University .....	29
1919. Rotunda, University of Virginia .....	30
1920. Lanier, University of Tennessee .....	220
1922. Stylus, Southwestern Presbyterian University .....	22
1922. Lanthorne, University of Akron .....	12
1922. Gamma Phi Psi, University of Missouri .....	11
1922. Writers, University of Richmond .....	10
1922. Purple Gown, Johns Hopkins University .....	13
1922. Beowulf, Montana State College .....	8
1922. Florian, Washington University (Mo.) .....	11

Active chapters, 30; inactive, 1; membership, 1,803.

The conventions were held yearly before 1918, but biennially since that time, in the odd-numbered years. Informal conventions are held annually at the Blue Ridge Y. M. C. A. summer meetings.

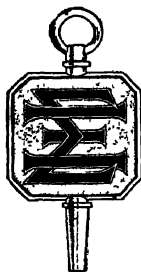
The fraternity published a quarterly *Journal of Sigma Upsilon*, and an annual directory of members, prior to 1920. Now a monthly paper is published, the *Sigma Upsilon Newsletter*.

The badge is a triangular shield surmounted by a dark green scarab displaying the letters "Σ Υ." Across the top of the shield is the name of the chapter to which the member belongs. The colors are dark green and old gold. The flower is the jonquil.

The fraternity is governed between conventions by the General Council, composed of four officers, the president, the secretary, the treasurer, and the historian.

## SIGMA XI

(Scientific)



**S**IGMA XI was founded at Cornell University in November, 1886, by Prof. Henry S. Williams, assisted by William A. Day, William H. Riley, Frank Van Vleck, Henry E. Smith, William A. Moss crop, Charles B. Wing, John Knickerbacker, John J. Berger and Edwin N. Sander son, with the intention of establishing in scientific and technical institutions a society, the badge of which should have the same significance of scholarly merit as that of Phi Beta Kappa among the classical students. It is not secret. Its aims, as expressed in its constitution are as follows: "The object of this Society shall be to encourage original investigation in science, pure and applied, by meeting for the discussion of scientific subjects; by the publication of such scientific matter as may be deemed desirable; by establishing fraternal relations among investigators in the scientific centers; and by granting the privilege of membership to such students as have, during their college course, given special promise of future achievement."

The active membership of the chapter is chosen from the faculty, graduate students, and undergraduates in the fourth year class. The number of undergraduates elected during any one year by any chapter shall not exceed one-fifth of the senior class in scientific and technical courses. Each chapter holds four or more meetings yearly.

Chapters may be established at any educational institution in which scientific research work is cultivated and promoted. An alumni chapter may be established at any other place where the objects of the society would be furthered. Petitions for new chapters are communicated to the president, by him to the executive committee and if favorably received are recommended to the convention in which a three-fourths vote is essential for the granting of the charter.

The roll of chapters is as follows:

- 1886. Cornell University
- 1887. Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute
- 1887. Union College
- 1890. University of Kansas
- 1895. Yale University
- 1896. University of Minnesota
- 1897. University of Nebraska
- 1898. Ohio State University
- 1899. University of Pennsylvania
- 1900. Brown University
- 1900. University of Iowa •
- 1901. Stanford University
- 1902. University of California
- 1903. Columbia University
- 1903. University of Chicago
- 1903. University of Michigan
- 1904. University of Illinois
- 1904. Case School of Applied Science
- 1904. University of Indiana
- 1905. University of Missouri
- 1905. University of Colorado
- 1906. Northwestern University

- 1906. Syracuse University
- 1907. University of Wisconsin
- 1907. University of Washington
- 1908. Worcester Polytechnic Institute
- 1909. Purdue University
- 1910. Washington University (Mo.)
- 1914. District of Columbia (alumni)
- 1914. University of Texas
- 1917. Mayo Foundation
- 1919. University of North Carolina
- 1920. University of North Dakota
- 1921. Iowa State College
- 1922. Rutgers College
- 1922. McGill University
- 1922. University of Kentucky
- 1922. University of Idaho

The total membership is approximately 15,000.

The government of the society is by the usual convention. The affairs of the society are, between its sessions, administered by the officers with the co-operation and approval of an Executive Committee of five.

The constitution has been published in 1887, 1893, 1897, 1904, 1907, 1911, 1912, 1915. A general catalogue of the society was published in 1888 and a "Quarter Centennial History and Record" in 1912. A number of addresses and other pamphlets have also been published.

In 1921 the society founded research fellowships which are awarded annually to research workers who have already received their doctor's degree and who are conducting investigations in fields other than physics and chemistry and medicine. The award of these fellowships is made by a Fellowship Committee, of which Dean Edward Ellery, Union College, Schenectady, N. Y., is chairman.

The badge is a watch chain pendant, formed of a monogram of the letters "Σ" and "Ξ." The colors are electric blue and white.

# TAU BETA PI

(Colleges of Engineering)



AN honorary society founded at Lehigh University in June, 1885, under the auspices of Prof. E. H. Williams, Jr. Its purpose is to confer distinction upon those students who have maintained a high grade of scholarship and to foster a spirit of liberal culture in the engineering students of the institutions in which its chapters are located. When a chapter is established it may confer its key upon its alumni and students of earlier years in analogy to a similar custom in Phi Beta Kappa. Associate membership may be offered to graduates of engineering colleges where there is no chapter, provided the recipient fulfilled the regular eligibility requirements as a student. Honorary membership may be conferred upon prominent engineers, who are especially interested in engineering education.

The chapter roll is as follows:

1885. Pa. Alpha, Lehigh University .....	730
1892. Mich. Alpha, Michigan Agricultural College .....	311
1893. Ind. Alpha, Purdue University .....	786
1896. N. J. Alpha, Stevens Institute .....	415
1897. Ill. Alpha, University of Illinois .....	747

1898. Wis. Alpha, University of Wisconsin .....	478
1900. Ohio Alpha, Case School of Applied Science .....	411
1901. Ky. Alpha, University of Kentucky .....	263
1902. N. Y. Alpha, Columbia University .....	458
1904. Mo. Alpha, University of Missouri .....	322
1904. Mich. Beta, Michigan College of Mines .....	240
1905. Colo. Alpha, Colorado School of Mines .....	198
1905. Colo. Beta, University of Colorado .....	281
1906. Ill. Beta, Armour Institute of Technology .....	349
1906. N. Y. Beta, Syracuse University .....	265
1906. Mich. Gamma, University of Michigan .....	516
1906. Mo. Beta, Missouri School of Mines .....	198
1906. Cal. Alpha, University of California .....	339
1907. Iowa Alpha, Iowa State College .....	345
1908. N. Y. Gamma, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute (1915) ..	209
1909. Iowa Beta, University of Iowa .....	145
1909. Minn. Alpha, University of Minnesota .....	347
1910. N. Y. Delta, Cornell University .....	480
1910. Mass. Alpha, Worcester Polytechnic Institute .....	280
1910. Me. Alpha, University of Maine .....	211
1912. Pa. Beta, Pennsylvania State College .....	222
1912. Wash. Alpha, University of Washington .....	175
1914. Ark. Alpha, University of Arkansas .....	69
1914. Kans. Alpha, University of Kansas .....	176
1915. Ohio Beta, University of Cincinnati .....	164
1916. Pa. Gamma, Carnegie Institute of Technology .....	153
1916. Texas Alpha, University of Texas .....	120
1921. Ohio Gamma, Ohio State University .....	103
1921. Md. Alpha, Johns Hopkins University .....	59
1921. Pa. Delta, University of Pennsylvania .....	67
1921. Pa. Epsilon, Lafayette College .....	63
1921. Va. Alpha, University of Virginia .....	57
1921. Ala. Alpha, Alabama Polytechnic Institute .....	54
1921. Calif. Beta, California Institute of Technology .....	52
1922. W. Va. Alpha, West Virginia University .....	29
1922. Mo. Gamma, Washington University (St. Louis) .....	33
1922. Mass. Beta, Massachusetts Institute of Technology .....	42

Chapters, 41; membership, 10,962.

The chapter at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute was withdrawn because access to the college records to deter-

mine the comparative standing of the students in scholarship was refused by the college authorities.

There are alumni chapters in Chicago, Pittsburg, Schenectady, Boston, Washington, San Francisco, Seattle, New York, and Ames, Ia.

There is a convention at varying intervals. Each session sets time and place for the next. During the recess between its sessions an executive council of three alumni from different chapters administers the affairs of the society. Twenty-one conventions have been held since the society was founded.

A catalogue was published by the executive council in 1898, from South Bethlehem, Pa., and a new edition was issued in 1911 in loose-leaf form, followed by a similar edition in 1916.

The fraternity publishes a quarterly journal called the *Bent* which was first issued from South Bethlehem, Pa., in 1905. It is now published at Menasha, Wis.

The badge is a watch key in the form of the bent of a trestle. It displays certain secret characters, and the name and chapter of the owner.

The colors are seal brown and white.

The official banner is a flag two units high by three units wide, with three vertical stripes one unit wide, the two end ones of seal brown, the middle one white bearing an official badge in brown one and one-fourth units high.

## TAU KAPPA ALPHA

(Orators and Debaters)



**T**AU KAPPA ALPHA was organized May 13, 1908, at Indianapolis, Ind., primarily through the efforts of Hugh Th. Miller and Oswald Ryan, assisted by James J. Boyle, G. Claris Adams, Herbert R. Hyman, William Heilman and Roger W. Wallace.

The specific qualification for membership is participation in an intercollegiate oratorical or debating contest. Members are elected by the local chapters. Alumni who qualified prior to the organization of local chapters are eligible, and professors and coaches in oratory or debate are, with certain restrictions, eligible to honorary membership.

The scheme of organization was a peculiar one. Charters were not granted to institutions of learning as such, but to eligible persons in each State upon the petition of students from a representative institution or institutions in such State and expansion within that State was entrusted to the charter members of the State Chapter. The purpose



of this plan was to enable the election of desirable men from colleges not large enough or perhaps not strong enough to warrant the installation of or to maintain a separate chapter. It was found to be impracticable and at a convention held in 1910 the society was reorganized and chapters given an independent existence in the usual way.

The chapter roll is as follows:

- 1908. Butler College
- 1908. University of Cincinnati
- 1908. Miami University
- 1909. Vanderbilt University
- 1909. University of North Carolina
- 1909. University of Denver
- 1910. University of Utah
- 1912. Muskingum College
- 1912. Richmond College
- 1912. Louisiana State University
- 1912. Lawrence College
- 1912. University of Vermont
- 1913. University of Kentucky
- 1913. Randolph-Macon College
- 1913. Wabash College
- 1913. Trinity College
- 1914. University of Washington
- 1914. University of Southern California
- 1914. University of Oregon
- 1915. Indiana University
- 1914. University of Arkansas
- 1915. University of Alabama
- 1915. Dickinson College
- 1916. Clark College
- 1916. Colorado College
- 1916. Ohio University
- 1916. Purdue University
- 1916. St. Lawrence University
- 1916. University of South Dakota
- 1916. University of Tennessee
- 1916. Westminster College
- 1917. Bethany College

1917. Emory and Henry College  
1917. University of Mississippi  
1917. Monmouth College  
1917. Occidental College  
1917. Pennsylvania College  
1917. Southern Methodist University  
1918. Lafayette College  
1919. Rhode Island College  
1920. Illinois College  
1920. Middlebury College  
1921. Augustana College  
1921. Bucknell University  
1921. Union College  
1921. Utah Agricultural College  
1921. College of William and Mary  
1921. Wittenberg College  
1922. Roanoke College  
1922. Young University  
1922. Emory University

The government is of usual form.

In 1914 the publication of a periodical called *The Speaker* was commenced. It is intended to be a quarterly.

The badge of the society is a gold watch key. It is in the form of a scroll and displays the letters of the society's name within a wreath with groups of stars above and below the wreath and the date of the society's founding in Greek. The colors are light and dark purple.

## TAU SIGMA DELTA

(Architecture and Allied Arts)



TAU SIGMA DELTA was organized at the University of Michigan as an honorary fraternity in architecture and landscape design in May, 1913, at the proposal and under the direction of the faculty members of the Departments of Architecture and Landscape Design at the University of Michigan. It was first known as Tau Delta Sigma and continued under that name until the fall of 1914 when it was decided to change the name to the present one, there being Greek letter societies already bearing the first name. It was the intention of the founders that the organization should be a national society as opportunity for its extension to other schools and universities could be had.

As quoted from the constitution of Tau Sigma Delta, the purpose of the society is stated as follows: "It shall be the purpose of Tau Sigma Delta fraternity to unite in a firm bond of friendship, such students of architecture and the allied arts, whose marked scholastic ability, moral character and pleasing personality has shown them worthy of distinction, and to foster and promote high standards of study in the schools and colleges of architecture and the allied arts." The society is a purely honorary organization, and only a very limited number of new members are elected each year.

Each chapter has a definite plan of government and elects its members who are chosen only upon the approval of the faculty of the school at which the chapter is located.

The list of chapters are :

- 1913. Alpha, University of Michigan
- 1917. Beta, University of Minnesota
- 1918. Delta, University of Syracuse
- 1918. Chi, University of Illinois
- 1918. Epsilon, University of Pennsylvania
- 1919. Gamma, Carnegie Institute of Technology
- 1920. Eta, University of California
- 1920. Zeta, University of Liverpool, England
- 1922. Theta, Ohio State University

The total membership of the society is 152.

The motto of the fraternity is "*Technitai, Sophoi kai Dexioi.*" The system of colors is gold and white. The flower of the society is the red rose.

The badge of the fraternity is a gold key consisting of the crossed letters, "T  $\Sigma$   $\Delta$ ," a suspension ring at the top and a pendant at the bottom. The crossed letters of the same arrangement as on the key is the crest of the fraternity.

The fraternity publishes a quarterly bulletin.

## THETA SIGMA PHI

(Women—Journalistic)

**T**HIS is an honorary society founded at the University of Washington, April 8, 1909, to recognize ability among women students specializing in journalism. Honorary members are elected.

The chapters are:

- 1909. Alpha, University of Washington
- 1910. Beta, University of Wisconsin
- 1911. Gamma, University of Missouri
- 1913. Delta, Indiana University
- 1913. Epsilon, University of Kansas
- 1913. Eta, Ohio State University
- 1915. Zeta, University of Oklahoma
- 1915. Theta, University of Oregon
- 1916. Iota, Stanford University
- 1916. Kappa, University of Montana
- 1916. Lambda, University of Nebraska
- 1916. Mu, Kansas State Agricultural College
- 1917. Nu, University of Minnesota
- 1917. Omicron, Iowa State College
- 1918. Pi, University of Illinois
- 1918. Rho, University of Iowa
- 1919. Xi, University of Texas
- 1919. Sigma, De Pauw University
- 1920. Tau, New York University
- 1920. Psi, Columbia University
- 1920. Omega, Syracuse University
- 1920. Chi, University of Kentucky
- 1920. Phi, Knox College
- 1920. Upsilon, Lawrence College
- 1922. Alpha Alpha, University of California

The badge is a gold linotype matrix, displaying a torch and the letters "Θ Σ Φ."

## XI SIGMA PI

(Forestry)

**X**I SIGMA PI was founded at the College of Forestry at the University of Washington, Seattle, as an honorary fraternity in 1908 and was reorganized as a national fraternity in 1915.

It has the following chapters :

- 1908. Alpha, University of Washington
- 1916 Beta, Michigan Agricultural College
- 1917. Gamma, University of Maine
- 1920. Delta, University of Idaho
- 1920. Epsilon, University of Minnesota
- 1921. Zeta, Oregon Agricultural College

The membership is confined to men possessing "not only a high standard of scholarship but an ability and personality suited to active forestry practice."

## ZETA KAPPA PSI

(Forensic)



**T**HIS women's honorary fraternity was organized at the Kansas State Agricultural College in the spring of 1914. Eight girls of that college conceived of the idea of

a forensic fraternity to "stimulate progress and to promote the interests of the forensic arts, debate and oratory, among women." The organization became national in the spring of 1917 when the chapters were installed in the Universities of Minnesota and Oregon.

The constitution provides that charters shall be granted only to institutions having a four-year course on a fifteen unit basis and doing creditable work in women's intercollegiate debate and oratory.

Membership is of three classes: active, associate, and honorary. Only women who have achieved state or nation wide reputation in public speaking are eligible to the honorary class.

The National Council consists of the national officers and in addition a member elected by each chapter from its active membership. This council meets at the biennial convention.

The roll of chapters is as follows:

Alpha, Kansas State Agricultural College  
Beta, Oregon University  
Gamma, Minnesota University  
Delta, Iowa State Teachers' College  
Epsilon, Kansas State Normal  
Zeta, Oregon Agricultural College

The key of this fraternity bears the Greek letters, "Ζ Κ Ψ" and is set with pearls, emeralds signifying excellence in debate, rubies signifying excellence in oratory, and a diamond for excellence in both oratory and debate. Purple and white are the fraternity colors.

*The Zeta* is the official publication of the fraternity.

## MISCELLANEOUS FRATERNITIES

Under this heading there are included a number of organizations which have been reported and which we have been unable to classify. A number are placed here because they have less than four chapters, others because of the grade of the colleges where they have chapters and still others because we have not been able to secure sufficient information or the information came too late.

ALPHA—This fraternity was founded at Boston University in 1921. Since then it has added seven more chapters at the following institutions:—University of Maryland, Wofford College, Rensselaer Poly. Institute, Mercer University, Colby College, Northwestern University and College of William and Mary.



ALPHA DELTA ALPHA—(Technological)—Alpha Delta Alpha was founded at Coe College and the University of Iowa in 1920. The fraternity was founded originally as a professional radio engineering fraternity. In 1922 the scope

was broadened, to include all branches of engineering and the physical sciences. The chapter roll is as follows;

1920. Alpha, Coe College .....	25
1920 Beta, University of Iowa .....	30

Active chapters, 2; membership, 55. The fraternity publication is the *Audion*, edited and published by the fraternity, quarterly. The badge is in the form of an equilateral triangle, with pearls set in an outer gold triangle.



ALPHA KAPPA PSI—This woman's fraternity was founded in 1904 at St. Mary's School, Raleigh, N. C. Its active chapters are: Fairmount Seminary (Monteagle, Tenn.); Carnegie Institute of Technology; Gunston Hall, (Washington, D. C.); Synodical College (Fulton, Mo.). The inactive chapters are: St. Mary's School; Stuart Hall; Wesleyan Female College; Florida State College for Women; Stetson University; Shorter College. Membership about 557.

ALPHA LAMBDA TAU—This fraternity was founded at Oglethorpe University on March 27, 1922. A month later the Beta chapter was founded at the Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

ALPHA MU SIGMA—This fraternity was founded in 1914 at Cooper Union, New York City. It is composed of Jewish students. There are ten active chapters:—1914, Alpha, Cooper Union; 1917, Beta, College of the City of New York; 1917, Gamma, Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute; 1919, Delta, Massachusetts Inst. of Technology; 1920, Epsilon, Columbia University; 1921, Zeta, New York University; 1922, Eta, Harvard University; 1922, Theta, Bellevue Medical College; 1922, Iota, Yale University; 1923, Lambda, University of Pennsylvania. The total membership is 283.

ALPHA OMEGA—This men's fraternity was founded at Durham, N. C., in 1900 by W. Braxton Wall. It has four active chapters. Alpha at Whitted School, Durham, N. C.; Beta at Kittrell College, Kittrell, N. C.; Delta at A. & J. College, Greensboro, N. C. and Sigma at National Training School, Durham, N. C. It also has three chapters that are *Sub-Rosa*. The total membership is 890.

ALPHA PHI EPSILON—This fraternity was established at the University of Virginia in 1921 and since then have granted charters to chapters at William & Mary and Randolph—Macon Colleges.

ALPHA PHI GAMMA—(Honorary Journalistic)—This fraternity being honorary in its nature admits women who have attained distinction in journalistic work on the same footing as men. The chapter roll consists of the following seven chapters: Ohio Northern University, University of Akron, Muskingum College, Wilmington College, Hiram College, Baldwin-Wallace College, and Toledo University. The membership is 164.

ALPHA XI SIGMA—(Forestry)—This fraternity was established at Syracuse University in 1916. It is a purely honorary organization. It is composed of upper classmen who are candidates for a degree. The chapters are: 1916, Alpha, Syracuse University and 1917, Beta, Pennsylvania State College.

ATLAS CLUB—(Medical-Osteopathic) This was founded in December, 1898 at Kirksville, Mo. and has now six chapters: Axis at American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo.; Cricoad at College of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons, Los Angeles, Cal.; Hyoid at Chicago College of Osteopathy; Xiphoid at Des Moines Still College of Osteopathy; Mastoid at Kansas City College of Osteopathy and Surgery and Odonoid at Andrew Taylor Still College of Osteopathy and Surgery, Kirksville, Mo.

BETA KAPPA—Beta Omicron Sigma Kappa fraternity was founded at Hamline University in February, 1901, by the Rev. D. Paul Rader and Edward T. Marlatte. It existed as a local until 1922, when, it was decided to expand into a national, and Beta chapter was installed September

29, 1922. Since its foundation the fraternity has been known locally as Beta Kappa, and as such it was incorporated in 1912. When expansion was decided upon, the shortened form of the name was officially adopted. The chapter roll follows:—

1901. Alpha, Hamline University . . . . .	170
1922. Beta, University of Washington . . . . .	27

Active chapters, 2; total membership, 197. The Hamline chapter own their own house valued at \$12,000.

BETA SIGMA OMICRON—This woman's fraternity was founded in Columbia, Mo., in 1888. Has chapters in Junior Colleges only. The active chapters are:—Synodical College; Hardin College; Stephens College; Hamilton College; Central College; Greenville College for Women; and Belhaven College. The inactive chapters were in the following places and were removed either because the school made a ruling against all sororities or became a regular college and put in the college sorority:—Centenary College; Colorado Woman's College; Lindenwood College; Missouri Valley; Sedalia Mo. High School; Pueblo Colo. High School; Ward-Belmont; Mary Baldwin Seminary; Fairmount Seminary; Brenau College; Potter College (extinct); Liberty Ladies College (extinct); Crescent College; Christian College; Woman's College of Alabama; Hollins College. There are seven active chapters and the membership is 2500.

CHI TAU—This fraternity was organized on May 3, 1923 and has two chapters. The Alpha at Trinity College, N. C., and the Beta at North Carolina State College. Its membership is 50.

COMMONS CLUB—This is a fraternity, the first member of which was founded at Wesleyan University in 1899.

Originally it was an eating club, and offered membership to all those not members of another fraternity. Roll of chapters: Wesleyan, 1899 and Hobart 1913.

**COSMOPOLITAN CLUB**—Was organized at Syracuse University in 1907. The purposes were the bringing together in an organization foreign students which would give them an active part and interest in university life and break down race barriers by actual daily intercourse. The movement proved such a success that there are at present clubs in the following institutions: California University, Chicago University, Coe College, Columbia University, Cornell University, Drake College, Harvard University, Iowa State College, Illinois University, Kansas University, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Michigan University, Missouri University, Nebraska University, Oberlin College, Ohio State University, Ohio Wesleyan University, University of Oregon, University of Pennsylvania, Purdue University, Radcliffe College, Syracuse University, Union College, Vanderbilt University, William-Jewell College, University of Wisconsin, Wooster University, Yale University, University of Minnesota, Miami University, University of Georgia, Stanford University, Indiana University, University of Virginia, Kansas State Agricultural College, Grinnell College, Michigan Agricultural College, Texas Agri. & Mech. College, Valparaiso University, University of Oklahoma, Cincinnati University, University of Florida, Denison University, Georgia School of Technology, Carnegie Institute of Technology, Washington University and Union College. Women's chapters have been established at: Syracuse University, University of Illinois, University of Chicago and Cornell University.

**DELTA ALPHA PI**—This fraternity was founded at Ohio Wesleyan University in 1919. There are two chapters the

Alpha at Ohio Wesleyan University and the Beta at Ohio State University.

DELTA PHI EPSILON—This is a professional foreign service and foreign trade fraternity. It was founded in 1920 and has three chapters. The Georgetown University School of Foreign Service, The New York University Wall Street Center and Boston University.

DELTA SIGMA LAMBDA—This fraternity was founded at the University of California September 9, 1921 where the Alpha chapter is located. The Beta chapter was established at the University of Arizona in 1922 and the Gamma chapter at the University of Nevada in 1922.

DELTA SIGMA THETA—This sorority composed of women of African descent was founded in 1913 at Howard University, Washington, D. C. Since then chapters have been established at Wilberforce University, University of Pennsylvania, Columbia University, Syracuse University, Cornell University, Ohio State University, University of Cincinnati, University of Pittsburgh, University of Michigan, Chicago University, Iowa University, University of California. The total membership is 525.

DE MOLAY—This is an order that has been in existence three years but has had a wonderful growth. It is claimed that it has 700 chapters. It prepares young men between the ages of 16 and 21 for Masonry. It is a fraternity in the same sense as Masonry.

DRUIDS—This is a sophomore honorary society founded at Pennsylvania State College in 1907. Its membership never exceeds fifteen. Besides being at Pennsylvania State it has branched out to the following institutions. Carnegie Institute of Technology; University of Pittsburgh; Washington and Jefferson College and Delaware University.

ETA · UPSILON GAMMA—This woman's fraternity was founded at Christian College, Columbia, Mo., in 1901. It is a fraternity of the Junior grade. The active chapters are: Hardin College, Mexico, Mo.; Central College, Lexington, Mo.; Greenville College, Greenville, S. C.; Belhaven College, Jackson, Miss.; Stephens College, Columbia, Mo.; Eastern College, Manassas, Va. The inactive chapters are: Christian College, Liberty Ladies College, Forest Park University, Potter College, Bascobel College, Judson College, Brenau College, Ward-Belmont College, Lindenwood College, Colorado Woman's College, Centenary College, Synodical College. There are six active chapters and the membership is 1475.

FARM HOUSE—This fraternity is an Agricultural fraternity classed both as social and professional. It was established in 1905 at the University of Missouri and since then has established the following chapters:—1911, University of Nebraska; 1915, University of Illinois; 1921, University of Wisconsin; 1921, Kansas State College. The membership in 650. They frequently have been awarded first place in scholarship.

GAMMA SIGMA EPSILON—(Chemical)—This is an honorary fraternity and it is intended that only students of high scholarship in chemistry shall be eligible for membership. Its purpose is to draw men together for studies of chemical subjects and to promote a spirit of friendship among them. It was founded at Davidson College on January 29, 1920. The active chapters are:—Davidson College; University of Florida, North Carolina State College. Johns Hopkins University and Alabama Poly, Institute. The badge is a ten sided shield, all the sides are concave except the two at the bottom. Across the center are the letters Gamma Sigma Epsilon.

**IOTA ALPHA PI**—This sorority is of nineteen years standing at Hunter College, New York City and recently has established chapters at New York University and the Brooklyn Law School.

**KAPPA BETA PHI**—In recent years a society of this name has been established in several institutions of learning. It is a banding together of what is considered to be the "good fellows" of the fraternities. It is of no general good—but the taking of the badge of what has been typical of scholarship and using the same shaped key and twisting the Greek letters shows to what limit an undergraduate can go. This kind of a joke should be discouraged.

**KAPPA PHI ALPHA**—This sorority was established at the University of California on November 24, 1919. The chapter roll is now as follows:—1919. University of California; 1923, University of Illinois and 1923, Colorado Agricultural College. Chapters, 3; membership 148. The California chapter owns its house, value \$20,000.

**KAPPA TAU**—This is an Agricultural fraternity founded in 1919 at the branch of the College of Agriculture of the University of California at Davis. The Beta chapter was established at the University of California at Berkeley in 1922. The total membership is 100.

**PHI LAMBDA ALPHA**—This fraternity was established in the year 1895 at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y., as a club under the name of Union Hispano Americana. In 1921, it was changed to a Greek Letter fraternity with three chapters: Alpha, at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute; Beta, at Massachusetts Institute of Technology and Harvard; Gamma at the University of Cali-

fornia. The members are all chosen from Latin American students.

PHI MU GAMMA—This woman's fraternity was founded at Hollins College, Va. in 1898. Besides having chapters at a number of schools it had chapters at Hollins College, Brenau College, Potter College, Judson College, Centenary College, Shorter College and Newcomb College. All or nearly all of these chapters are now inactive.

PHI PI PHI—This men's fraternity was organized in 1916 and has chapters at Northwestern University, University of Michigan, University of Wisconsin, University of Chicago, University of Minnesota, and University of Iowa. The membership is 500. The badge is in monogram style.

PHI SIGMA SIGMA—This sorority was founded at Hunter College, New York City, in 1913. The chapter roll is as follows: 1913, Alpha, Hunter College; 1919, Gamma, New York University; 1920, Delta, University of Buffalo; 1920, Epsilon, Adelphi College; 1921, Zeta, Lower Branch of University of California and 1922, Eta University of Michigan. Chapters, 5; membership 129. The national body publishes an annual magazine called *The Sphinx*.

PHI THETA KAPPA—This is a professional sorority organized March 3, 1919 under the state laws of Colorado. Charters are granted only to those institutions giving at least three years of instruction in higher accountancy and business administration. The chapters are:—Alpha, University of Denver; Beta, University of Oregon; Gamma, Oregon Agricultural College; Delta, Northwestern University and Epsilon, University of Pittsburgh.

PI ALPHA EPSILON—This sorority has two chapters. One at the University of California where it was established



in 1921 and a second at the University of Arizona established in 1922. The total membership is 50.

PI SIGMA GAMMA—This sorority was founded at the University of California on November 13, 1919. A second chapter was established at University of Washington (Seattle) in 1922. The total membership is 121.

PSI XI—This is an honorary psychology fraternity founded at the University of Illinois in 1918. It has a Beta chapter founded at Northwestern University in 1922.

SIGMA DELTA EPSILON—This is a graduate woman's scientific fraternity which was established at Cornell University in 1922 and a second chapter has been founded at the University of Wisconsin.

SIGMA IOTA—(Spanish-American Students)—The Sigma Iota fraternity was established in 1904 at the Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, La., as a secret society for the Spanish-American students, under the name of "Sociedad Hispano-americana." In 1911 it was changed to a Greek letter fraternity. The chapter roll is as follows:

Alpha Alpha, Louisiana State University .....
Nu Alpha, Alabama Polytechnic Institute .....
Nu Beta, Syracuse University .....
Nu Gamma, Rensselaer Polytechnic Inst. ....
Nu Delta, Atlanta Medical School .....
Nu Zeta, University of Pennsylvania .....
Epsilon Alpha, Universite de Geneva (Switzerland) .....
Epsilon Beta, Universite de Liege (Liege, Belgium) .....
Gamma Alpha, Universidad de Guatemala (Guatemala, C. A.) ...

SIGMA IOTA CHI—Organized in Alexandria, Louisiana in 1903. It is of Junior grade. The active chapters are:—Eta, Stephens College, Columbia, Mo.; Omicron, Hardin College, Mexico Mo.; Tau, Central College, Lexington,

Mo.; Zeta, Belhaven College, Jackson, Miss.; Kappa, Greenville Woman's College, Greenville, S. C.; Phi, Eastern College, Manassas, Va, and Pi. School of Home Economics. Battle Creek, Mich. The Fourteenth Annual Convention was held at Kansas City, Mo., in June, 1922.

**SIGMA OMEGA PSI**—This fraternity was founded at the College of the City of New York in 1914 and since then has established the following chapters: Columbia University; Bellevue Medical College; New York University; Syracuse University; N. Y. College of Dental & Oral Surgery; Lowell Textile School; Worcester Polytechnic Institute; New York Law School; Tufts University; State Institute of Applied Agriculture; Boston University; Northeastern College; Massachusetts Inst. of Technology and College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York. The total membership is 332.

**SIGMA RHO** (mining and metallurgy)—This fraternity is purely professional. It was organized in 1894 at the Michigan College of Mines. The fraternity is governed by a national president and board of trustees. The chapter roll is as follows: 1894, Alpha, Michigan College of Mines; 1910, Beta, University of Minnesota; 1922, Gamma, University of Kentucky. Active chapters, 3; membership, 543. The Alpha chapter owns a house; value, \$16,000.

**SIGMA SIGMA OMICRON**—This sorority was founded at New York University in 1920. It has five active chapters, Alpha at New York University; Beta at Teachers' College in New York City; Gamma at Hunter College; Epsilon at Montclair Teachers College; Zeta at City College of Newark, N. J. The Eta chapter at Syracuse University only existed one year. The membership is 368.

**SIGMA TAU PHI**—This is a professional engineering fraternity founded at the University of Pennsylvania in 1918. There are three active chapters; besides that at the University of Pennsylvania, there is one at the University of Cincinnati and another at Pennsylvania State College.

**THETA ALPHA**—The fraternity was organized at Syracuse University February 22, 1909. The chapter roll is: 1909, Alpha, Syracuse University; 1914, Beta, Cornell University; total membership, 348. The Syracuse chapter owns a house valued at \$15,000. The Cornell chapter owns a house valued at \$22,000. A periodical is published by the Grand Chapter called the *Theta Alpha*.

**THETA GAMMA**—This is an agricultural fraternity which has chapters at St. Lawrence University Agricultural School, Massachusetts Agricultural College and three other colleges the names of which have not been reported. Two of the chapters own houses, total valuation \$8,000.

**THETA KAPPA PHI (CATHOLIC STUDENTS)**—This fraternity was founded and incorporated as a national organization on March 24, 1922. On that date there was an amalgamation with Kappa Theta of Pennsylvania State College. Soon afterwards the Theta Lambda local at Ohio State University joined the organization. There are three chapters. The Alpha at Lehigh University, Beta at Pennsylvania State College and Gamma at Ohio State University. Total membership, 210. The Lehigh chapter owns a house; value, \$12,000.

**THETA NU EPSILON**—This was founded at Wesleyan University in 1870. The aim of the society was social enjoyment and the promotion of class allegiance. It was the intention to unite a small number of the sophomores, who

were members of the leading fraternities. Chapters were established at many colleges. The badge is a skull with two keys crossed behind the jaw-bone. The eyes are jeweled. Upon the forehead are the letters "Θ N E." The colors are green and black. The society for many years took a very active part in college politics in some of the colleges where it is established. The fraternities quite generally forbade their members to join this organization. It has a new administration which promises well for the future.



**THETA PSI (MEDICAL—OSTEOPATHIC)**—This fraternity was organized at the American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo., May 21, 1903. It has two chapters, the one at the school mentioned called the Alpha and one established at the Chicago College of Osteopathy in 1919 called the Beta. The pin is a crimsoned Theta, with skull and crossed bones of gold superimposed on a golden Psi.

**THETA UPSILON**—A sorority established at the University of California and reported to have chartered chapters at the University of Illinois, Ohio State University and Brenau College.

**YEZDIKHAIST EMPIRE**—This is a social fraternity which is reported to have chapters at Boston University, Colby College, University of Maryland, Mercer University, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, William & Mary College, Wofford College and there may be several more chapters.

**ZETA PHI SIGMA**—This is a sorority composed of students of African descent. It is a sister fraternity to Phi Beta Sigma and has chapters in nearly all of the institutions which contain chapters of that fraternity.

## MEN'S LOCAL FRATERNITIES

**T**HESE fraternities are arranged in the alphabetical order of the colleges.

ALPHA SIGMA OMICRON—Founded at the University of Akron in 1920.

CHI THETA TAU—Founded at the University of Akron in 1921.



PI KAPPA EPSILON—This society, also called the "Lone Star" fraternity, was organized at Buchtel College, now the Municipal University of Akron, January 2, 1882, by W. V. N. Yates. Its membership to date is 227. The badge is an oblong octagonal shield of black displaying the single star above two arbitrary symbols. Its colors are garnet and emerald. Its flower is the red carnation. It owns its house valued at \$40,000.



ZETA ALPHA EPSILON—A society organized at Buchtel College, now the Municipal University of Akron, in 1897, by members of Phi Delta Theta, for the purpose of securing, if possible, the re-establishment of that fraternity's inactive chapter at that college. The membership to date is 133. The badge is a bone surmounted by a crescent with depressed horns displaying the letters of the society's name. The colors are green and lavender. It owns a house valued at \$20,000.

KAPPA PHI—Established at Alabama Polytechnic Institute in 1921.

PHI KAPPA DELTA—Established at Alabama Polytechnic Institute in 1919.

PI OMEGA PHI—Established at Alabama Polytechnic Institute in 1921.

TAU KAPPA PHI—Established at Alabama Polytechnic Institute in 1920.

SIGMA ETA—Founded at the University of Alabama in 1922. Its membership is confined to the School of Commerce.

ZETALETHIAN—At Albion College. Owns house; value, \$5,000.

BETA UPSILON—Established at Allegheny College in 1921.


PHI ALPHA KAPPA—Established at Allegheny College in 1922.

PHI BETA PHI—Established at Allegheny College in 1921 as an honorary biological fraternity.

BETA CHI—Established at the University of Arizona in 1921.

ZETA DELTA EPSILON—Established at the University of Arizona in 1921.

KAPPA KAPPA KAPPA—Established at the University of Arkansas in 1917.

 BETA PHI—This fraternity was organized in 1911 at Chicago. It was quite successful for a time. In 1920, it had eight chapters, viz.: University of Chicago; Northwestern University; Armour Institute; University of Illinois; Iowa State College; University of Michigan; De Pauw University and Rose Poly. Institute, with a membership of 750. Recently it has disintegrated and the only active chapter is at Armour Institute of Technology.

RHO DELTA RHO—Established at Armour Institute in 1920.

SCROLL AND TRIANGLE—Established at Armour Institute in 1921.

SIGMA KAPPA DELTA—Established at Armour Institute in 1912.

PHI BETA OMEGA—Founded in 1921 at Baker University.

ZETA CHI—Organized at Baker University in May, 1905. A high standard of scholarship has been aimed at. It admits a limited number of graduates of Baker University as honorary members. The membership is 134.

RECHABITE—At Bethany College.

BETA CHI SIGMA—At Boston University.

CHI SIGMA CHI—At Boston University.

DELTA CHI OMEGA—At Boston University.

HO IPE HEE—At Legal Department of Boston University.

KAPPA PHI ALPHA—Organized at Boston University in 1915, by the members of the Boston chapter of Beta Theta Pi, the charter of which has been withdrawn.

LAMBDA—A society at Boston University formed by the members of Theta Delta Chi when the charter of its chapter there was withdrawn.

PSI CHI—At Boston University.

PSI NU—At Boston University.

PHI DELTA PSI—Organized at Bowdoin College in 1920. Owns a house; value, \$15,000.

PSI SIGMA—Organized at the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute in 1901. It was incorporated in 1907. Its membership to date is 174. The badge is a gold monogram of the letters comprising the society's name. The colors are blue and white. The society publishes a monthly bulletin called the *Wood Bird*. Owns house; value, \$26,000.

THETA LAMBDA—Established at Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute in 1920.

BETA KAPPA PSI—At Bucknell University.

DELTA SIGMA—Organized at Bucknell University, Jan. 27, 1899. The badge is a lyre supporting a wreath and

trumpet and displaying the letters "Δ Σ." The colors are black and red. A publication called the *Trumpet* is issued three times a year. The membership is 186. They own a house; value, \$10,000.

GAMMA LAMBDA SIGMA (The Forum)—Established in 1903 at Bucknell University.

PHI THETA SIGMA—Established in 1922 at Bucknell University.

GNOME CLUB (Kappa Gamma)—Was founded in 1897 at the Throop Polytechnic Institute now called the California Institute of Technology.

PHAROS—Founded in 1921 at the California Institute of Technology. Its membership is 43.

PI ALPHA TAU—Founded in 1921 at the California Institute of Technology.

SIGMA ALPHA PI—This fraternity was organized in 1914 at the California Institute of Technology, drawing its members from the departments of engineering and science. It owns a house valued at \$20,000. Its membership numbers 115.

ABRACADABRA—A club founded at the University of California in 1895. It owns a house; value, \$19,000.

BACHERLONDON—A club founded at the University of California in 1894. It owns a house; value, \$18,000.

MESACOM—A club at the University of California.

DELTA EPSILON OMEGA—Founded at the Carnegie Institute of Technology in 1914.

DELTA MU—Established at the Carnegie Institute of Technology in 1921.

DELTA PHI DELTA—Established at the Carnegie Institute of Technology in 1921.

IOTA SIGMA DELTA—Founded at the Carnegie Institute of Technology in 1916.



KAPPA SIGMA RHO—Established at the Carnegie Institute of Technology in 1914.

SIGMA EPSILON PHI—Founded at the Carnegie Institute of Technology in 1920.

XI SIGMA UPSILON—Founded at the Carnegie Institute of Technology in 1908.

WOODLAWN—A club established in 1906 at the Carnegie Institute of Technology.

BETA PI EPSILON—Established at Carroll College in 1906.

GAMMA PHI DELTA—Established at Carroll College in 1912.

PI SIGMA PHI—Established at Case School of Applied Science in 1921. Composed of Jewish students.

SIGMA TAU DELTA—A local society organized in 1909 at the Case School of Applied Science. Its membership is 128.

TAU GAMMA PSI—Established at Case School of Applied Science in 1922.

PHI BETA PSI—At Centenary College.

SIGMA PHI—At Centenary College.

BLACK RIBBON—Established at the University of Cincinnati in 1920.

FELLOW CRAFT—Established at the University of Cincinnati in 1921.

IOTA CHI EPSILON—Established at the University of Cincinnati in 1920.

SCROLL—Established at the University of Cincinnati in 1922.

SIGMA DELTA PI—Established at the University of Cincinnati in 1912.

SIGMA PHI ETA—Established at the University of Cincinnati in 1921.

KAPPA PHI—Was established at Clark University in

1904. Its membership is 191. It owns a house valued at \$10,000.

LAMBDA IOTA—Established at the Clarkson College of Technology, Potsdam, N. Y., in 1919. Owns house; value, \$14,000.



OMICRON PI OMICRON—A society organized Nov. 7, 1903, by seven students at the Clarkson College of Technology. The membership is 210. The badge is a monogram of the letters "O Π O." The colors are old gold and purple. It publishes an annual bulletin. Owns house; value, \$20,000.

SIGMA DELTA—A fraternity organized at Clarkson College of Technology, March 19, 1904. The membership is 198. It admits honorary members. Its badge is a diamond displaying a scroll on which are shown the letters of the society's name. The colors are green and white. It publishes an annual. Owns house; value, \$22,000.

THETA PI EPSILON—Established at the Clarkson College of Technology in 1921. Owns house; value, \$8,500.

BETA PHI OMEGA—Established at Coe College in 1909. Owns a house.

CHI ALPHA EPSILON—Established at Coe College in 1917. Owns a house.

DELTA PHI EPSILON—Established at Coe College in 1901. Owns a house.

LAMBDA TAU DELTA—At Coe College.

PHI ALPHA PI—Established at Coe College in 1914. Owns a house.

SIGMA PHI DELTA—Established at Coe College in 1916. Owns a house.

ALPHA KAPPA—Established at the Colorado Agricultural College in 1921.

PHI LAMBDA PSI—Established at the Colorado Agricultural College in 1922.

· ALPHA NU—At Colorado College.

MU EPSILON TAU—At Colorado School of Mines.

ALPHA PHI—Established at the Connecticut Agricultural College in 1912.

ALPHA TAU PHI—An honorary mechanical engineering fraternity founded at the Connecticut Agricultural College in 1921.

ETA LAMBDA SIGMA—Established at the Connecticut Agricultural College in 1892.

ELEUSIS—Established at Cornell University in 1912. Owns a house; value, \$14,000.

HUNTINGTON—A club at Cornell University established in 1911. Owns a house; value, \$13,000.

KAPPA PHI—Established at Cornell University in 1912. Owns a house; value, \$19,000.

KAPPA PSI—Established at Cornell University in 1907. Owns a house; value, \$18,000.

PHI DELTA SIGMA—Organized at Cornell University in 1902 as the Bandhu fraternity, the name was subsequently changed to Phi Delta Sigma, incorporated in 1908. It owns a house valued at \$40,000. The badge is a jeweled monogram of the letters of the fraternity name. The total membership is 192.

RHO PSI—Established at Cornell University in 1916. Owns a house; value, \$12,000.

SCORPION—Established at Cornell University in 1914. Owns a house; value, \$17,000.

SEAL & SERPENT—Established at Cornell University in 1905. Owns a house; value, \$22,000.

SIGMA UPSILON—Established at Cornell University in 1915.

ZODIAC—Established at Cornell University in 1904. Owns a house; value, \$30,000.

COSMOS CLUB—Established at Dartmouth College in 1915. Owns a house; value, \$22,000.

EPSILON KAPPA PHI—Established at Dartmouth College in 1920. Owns a house; value, \$22,000.

GAMMA DELTA EPSILON—Established at Dartmouth College in 1907. It was inactive for several years and then revived. The membership is 120.

K. K. K. (TRI-CAP)—This fraternity was founded at Dartmouth in 1842. The founders were six in number, but the active membership has always been large. The society was one of two parties into which sundry students divided over certain points in college politics, the opposing party becoming a chapter of Psi Upsilon. It built the first hall in Hanover in 1862, and in 1894 the first chapter-house. Its present house is valued at \$40,000. The badge is a gold Corinthian column surmounted by a capital; at the base are the letters "K. K. K.," from which the society receives its name. The membership is 1200, of which about 700 are living. Among the more prominent alumni living may be mentioned: Irving W. Drew, '70, formerly U. S. Senator from New Hampshire; Hon. T. W. D. Worthen, '72, member of the N. H. Public Service Commission; Hon. Samuel W. McCall, '74, former Governor of Massachusetts; Henry L. Moore, '77, and Dr. John M. Gile, '87, trustees of the college; Hon. Clarence B. Little, '81, president of the Dartmouth Alumni Council; Hon. Samuel D. Felker, '82, former Governor of New Hampshire.

BACHELORS' CLUB—At Davidson College.

PHI ALPHA PI—At Davidson College.

GAMMA DELTA RHO—Established at Delaware College in 1920.

OMEGA ALPHA—Established at Delaware College in 1910. Owns house; value, \$8,500.

ALPHA PI NU—Established at Denver University in 1913.

ASHLARS—Established at Denver University in 1920.

DELTA SIGMA PSI—Founded at De Pauw University in 1920.

CHI DELTA—Established at Drake University in 1907.

GAMMA SIGMA KAPPA—Founded at Drake University in 1906.

KAPPA LAMBDA—Established at Drake University in 1912.

PHI GAMMA LAMBDA—Established at Drake University in 1912.

TAU PSI—Established at Drake University in 1907. Owns a house; value, \$15,000.

PHI ALPHA SIGMA—Organized at Drury College, Springfield, Mo., in November, 1910. Its badge is a shield of black enamel displaying a crescent bearing the letters constituting the fraternity name. The colors are silver gray and dark green. The membership is 141. They own a house; value, \$10,000.

BETA PI—Organized at Emory University in 1921.

CRESCENT CLUB—Founded in 1921 at Emory University.

BETA PI—Founded at the University of Florida in 1921.

OMICRON GAMMA SIGMA—Founded at the University of Florida in 1921.

PARADISE CLUB—Founded at Franklin and Marshall College in 1896. It owns a house valued at \$10,000.

ALPHA SIGMA TAU—Established at the Georgia School of Technology in 1920.

GAMMA TAU DELTA—Established at the Georgia School of Technology in 1922.

PI LAMBDA DELTA—Established at the Georgia School of Technology in 1921.

DELTA KAPPA SIGMA—Established at Gettysburg College in 1916.

DRUIDS—Established at Gettysburg College in 1897. Own a house valued at \$6,000.

PHI SIGMA—Established at Gettysburg College in 1916.

THETA PHI—Established at Gettysburg College in 1909. Own a house valued at \$4,500.

BETA KAPPA—Founded at Hamilton College in 1918. Owns a house valued at \$15,000.

EMERSON—The Emerson Society was established at Hamilton College in 1878. Owns a house valued at \$20,000.

ETA PHI—Established at Hamline University in 1921.

FELLOWS—Established at Hamline University in 1908.

PHI DELTA—Founded at Hamline University in 1910. Owns a house valued at \$10,000.

SIGMA PHI ALPHA—Established at Hamline University in 1921.

EPSILON ALPHA—Established at Hampden-Sidney College in 1921.

TRI K—Founded at Hanover College in 1921.

ALPHA CHI SIGMA—Founded at Harvard University in 1912.

ALPHA PHI SIGMA—At Harvard University, established in 1904.

PHI KAPPA EPSILON—Founded at Harvard University in 1910.

PI ETA—A society founded at Harvard University in 1866.

COMMONER'S CLUB—Established at Hillsdale College in 1920.

EPSILON DELTA ALPHA—An honor society established at Hillsdale College in 1921.

PHI PHI DELTA—Established at Hobart College in 1902.

PHI KAPPA NU—Founded at Howard College in 1919. Membership, 31.

PSI DELTA—Founded at Howard College in 1900.

ELEVETAS At the University of Idaho. Own a house; value, \$8,000.

PHI ALPHA PSI—At the University of Idaho. Own a house; value, \$6,000.

ALPHA EPSILON—Established at the University of Illinois in 1921. Own a \$12,000 house.

ANUBUS—Established at the University of Illinois in 1917.

BETA DELTA SIGMA—At the University of Illinois. Was formerly a chapter of Beta Phi.

BETA LAMBDA—Established at the University of Illinois in 1921.

CHI BETA—Established at the University of Illinois in 1906.

CONCORDIA—At the University of Illinois, established in 1920. Its membership is restricted to Lutheran students. Own a house valued at \$22,000.

DELTA PHI OMEGA—Established at the University of Illinois in 1920.

GAMMA BETA—Established at the University of Illinois in 1922.

ILUS—Established at the University of Illinois in 1907.

IOTA PHI THETA—Established at the University of Illinois in 1920. Owns an \$18,000 house.

KAPPA KAPPA KAPPA—Established at the University of Illinois in 1921.

PHI LAMBDA PI—Established at the University of Illinois in 1921.

SIGMA TAU DELTA—Established at the University of Illinois in 1921.

TAU DELTA TAU—Established at the University of Illinois in 1920.

ZENO—Established at the University of Illinois in 1920.

PI MU EPSILON—Established at Illinois Wesleyan University in 1919.

INDIANA—A club at the University of Indiana.

THETA PHI ALPHA—At the University of Indiana.

ADELANTE—Established at Iowa State College in 1904. Owns a house valued at \$15,000.

ALPHA KAPPA DELTA—Established at Iowa State College in 1921.

AMICIAN—Established at Iowa State College in 1920.

ANSONIA—Established at Iowa State College in 1911.

EL PASO—Established at Iowa State College in 1911.

GAMMA SIGMA ALPHA—Established at Iowa State College in 1919.

HAU KI—Established at Iowa State College in 1917. Owns a house; value, \$20,000.

LAMBDA DELTA CHI—Established at Iowa State College, 1921.

MOHAWK—Established at Iowa State College, 1912. Owns a house; value, \$22,000.

SIGMA SIGMA—Established at Iowa State College in 1914.

TAU GAMMA NU—Established at Iowa State College in 1915.

UPSILON SIGMA KAPPA—Established at Iowa State College in 1914.

CHI KAPPA PI—Established at Iowa University in 1921.

DELTA KAPPA GAMMA—Established at Iowa University in 1920.

KAPPA BETA PSI—Established at Iowa University in 1920.

KAPPA KAPPA PSI—Established at Iowa Wesleyan College in 1917.

ALPHA KAPPA PHI—Established at Johns Hopkins University in 1917.



OMICRON KAPPA OMICRON—Established at Johns Hopkins University in 1921.

PI KAPPA CHI—Established at Johns Hopkins University in 1905.

SILVER ARROW—A club established at Johns Hopkins University in 1919.

ALPHA CHI—Established at Kansas State College in 1922.

KAPPA PHI ALPHA—Established at Kansas State College in 1920.

OMEGA TAU EPSILON—Established at Kansas State College in 1920.

PHI KAPPA THETA—Established at Kansas State College in 1921.

ACOMAS—Established at University of Kansas in 1914.

PI UPSILON—Organized at the University of Kansas, April 26, 1909. It publishes a quarterly. The badge is a monogram of the letters "Π Υ." The colors are dark green and old gold. The membership is 231. Own house; value, \$20,000.

SIGMA PHI SIGMA—Established at University of Kansas in 1909.

ALPHA GAMMA EPSILON—Established at the University of Kentucky in 1922.

CHI SIGMA ALPHA—Established at the University of Kentucky in 1922.

TAU DELTA ALPHA—Established at the University of Kentucky in 1918.

ZETA ALPHA—Established at Kenyon College in 1923.

ALPHA THETA ALPHA—Founded at Knox College in 1921. Owns a house; value, \$9,000.

THE ARROWS—Founded at Lafayette College in 1920.

THE ELMS—Founded at Lafayette College in 1923.

THE LIONS—Founded at Lafayette College in 1922.

THE TARMS—Founded at Lafayette College in 1920.

DIGAMMA ALPHA UPSILON—Established at Lake Forest College in 1906.

OMEGA PSI—A society at Lake Forest College, organized in the Fall of 1900. Its membership is 158. Its badge is a monogram of the letters "Ω Ψ." Its colors are green, black and gold.

PHI PI EPSILON—Established at Lake Forest College in 1895.

BETA SIGMA PHI—Organized at Lawrence College, June 12, 1902. It has published a songbook and issues a semi-annual periodical. The badge is a crescent displaying two stars and a scroll bearing the letters "B Σ Φ." The colors are crimson and black. The membership is 215. It owns a house; value, \$10,000.

DELTA IOTA—A society organized at Lawrence College, Appleton, Wis., in 1903. To date, it has a membership of 247. The badge is a monogram of the letters "Δ" and "I." The colors are purple and gold. The society publishes a bulletin three times a year, called the *Delta*. The active chapter also publishes a bi-weekly letter, which is sent out to each alumnus. It owns a house; value, \$14,000.

DELTA SIGMA TAU—Established at Lawrence College in 1921.

PHI KAPPA ALPHA—Established at Lawrence College in 1916. Owns a house; value, \$8,000.

THETA PHI—A society organized at Lawrence College, Appleton, Wis., in 1897. The badge is a monogram formed of the letters "Θ" and "Φ." The colors are black and gold. The membership is 427. It owns a house; value, \$15,000.

ZETA ALPHA PHI—Organized at Lehigh University in 1921. The members are Hebrews.

TAU DELTA THETA—Organized at Lombard College in 1920. Owns a house; value, \$5,000.

FRIAR'S CLUB—At Louisiana State University, founded in 1892. Owns house; value, \$8,000.

THETA KAPPA BETA—At Louisiana State University, founded in 1919.

THETA THETA—Founded in 1916 at Louisiana State University.

SIGMA PI UPSILON—Located in the Dental Department of the University of Louisville.

PHI ETA KAPPA—Organized at the University of Maine in 1906. The number of its members to date is about 222. The badge is a shield displaying a field of black enamel on which is a skull and cross bones surmounted by the letters of the fraternity's name. The colors are green and white. It owns a house (\$30,000).

ZETA PI—Established at University of Maine in 1921.

NU PHI—Organized at Marietta College in 1916. Membership, 99.

TAU SIGMA TAU—Established at Marietta College in 1920.

ALPHA CHI—Founded in 1912 at Marquette University.

ALPHA GAMMA PHI—Established at Marquette University in 1908.

BETA PHI DELTA—Founded at Marquette University in 1921.

PHI CHI PSI—Founded at Marquette University in 1922.

SIGMA ALPHA—Established at Marquette University in 1917. Composed of Jewish students.

SIGMA PHI—Established at Marquette University in 1918. Its members are engineering students.

DELTA PHI ALPHA—Founded in 1916 at Massachusetts Agricultural College. Composed of Jewish students.

KAPPA EPSILON—Founded in 1922 at Massachusetts Agricultural College.

KAPPA GAMMA PHI—Founded at Massachusetts Agricultural College in 1909. Owns house valued at \$8,000.



Q. T. V.—This society was founded May 12, 1869, at the Massachusetts Agricultural College. It established chapters at University of Maine, New Hampshire State College, Pennsylvania State College, Worcester Poly. Institute and Cornell University. After the establishment of these chapters dissensions arose owing to the conservative extension policy practiced. The chapters resigned or disbanded leaving the parent chapter only surviving. The badge of the society is a diamond upon which is engraved a monogram of the letters "Q. T. V." They own a house; value, \$20,000.

LAMBDA PHI—Organized February 17, 1907, at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, by Willis G. Waldo, G. R. Jones, Willis Ranney and W. J. Kelly. The badge is a catyl superimposed on an arrow and displaying the letters "Λ Φ." The colors are black and Venetian green.

PHI BETA EPSILON—Organized in 1890 at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. It owns a house; value, \$40,000.

PSI DELTA—Organized at Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1922.

EPSILON PHI—Organized at McGill University, Nov. 14, 1904. The badge is a golden key bearing a shield displaying the letters "Ε Φ" in black. The colors are crimson and gold. There is a biennial publication. The membership is 107.

KAPPA RHO TAU—Established at McGill University in 1904.

PHI KAPPA PI—Established at McGill University and may have a chapter at the University of Toronto.

ALPHA LAMBDA—Organized at Mercer University in 1922.

ALPHA OMEGA—Organized at Mercer University in 1921.

ETA TAU—Organized at Mercer University in 1921.

KAPPA PHI—Organized at Mercer University in 1920.

ALPHA THETA PHI—Established at Miami University in 1919.

DELTA SIGMA RHO—Established at Miami University in 1920.

DELTA THETA CHI—Established at Miami University in 1920.

AURORIAN—Established at Michigan Agricultural College in 1905.

COLUMBIAN—Established at Michigan Agricultural College in 1872. Owns house valued at \$17,000.

DELPHIC—Established at Michigan Agricultural College in 1908. Owns house valued at \$10,000.

ECLECTIC—Organized at the Michigan Agricultural College in 1877. Owns house; value, \$25,000.

EUMANIAN—Organized at Michigan Agricultural College in 1903. Owns house; value, \$26,000.

HERMIAN—Organized at Michigan Agricultural College in 1915. Owns house; value, \$10,000.

HESPERIAN—Organized at Michigan Agricultural College in 1888. Owns house; value, \$25,000.

OLYMIC—Organized at Michigan Agricultural College in 1885. Own house; value, \$15,000.

PHI DELTA—Organized at Michigan Agricultural College in 1873. Own house; value, \$19,000.

PHYLEAN—Organized at Michigan Agricultural College in 1911. Own house; value, \$13,000.

KAPPA DELTA PSI—Established at Michigan College of Mines in 1920.

BETA PHI DELTA—Founded at the University of Michigan in 1921.

CACIQUE—Founded at the University of Michigan in 1921.

CYGNUS—Founded at the University of Michigan in 1921.

DELTA ALPHA EPSILON—Founded at the University of Michigan in 1922.

DELTA TAU EPSILON—Founded at the University of Michigan in 1920.

HERMITAGE—Founded at the University of Michigan in 1921. Owns house valued at \$20,000.

KAPPA BETA PSI—Founded at the University of Michigan in 1912. Owns house valued at \$25,000.

SIGMA ALPHA DELTA—An honorary journalistic fraternity at the University of Michigan.

TRYGON—Founded at the University of Michigan in 1905. Owns a house valued at \$30,000.

ALPHA SIGMA PHI—Organized at Middlebury College in 1911 on the basis of a Commons Club which had been established in 1906. The badge is an eight sided shield displaying the letters "A Σ Φ" in vertical sequence. The colors are black and scarlet. The membership is 137.

SIGMA PHI IOTA—Established at Middlebury College in 1922.

KAPPA DELTA CHI—Organized at James Millikin University in 1904. Has membership of 212. Owns house; value, \$20,000.

ALPHA THETA CHI—Established at Millsaps College in 1921.

CHI DELTA XI—Organized at the University of Minnesota in 1909.

DANA PRESS CLUB—Organized at the University of Minnesota in 1911.

THULANIAN—This fraternity was organized at the Uni-

versity of Minnesota in 1889. For a long time its members were limited to men of Norwegian descent but in recent years it has changed and now initiates men of other nationalities. Its membership is 362. It owns a house; value, \$30,000. It has a number of prominent men among its alumni, among them being J. A. O. Preus, Governor of Minnesota and Senator Knute Nelson.

XI PSI THETA—Organized at the University of Minnesota in 1914. Composed of Jewish students.

BETA EPSILON—Organized at Montana State College in 1919. Owns a house; value, \$17,000.

OMEGA BETA—Organized at Montana State College in 1915. Owns a house; value, \$15,000.

ALPHA DELTA ALPHA—Organized at the University of Montana in 1916. Owns house; value, \$12,000.


IOTA NU—Organized October 15, 1908, at the University of Montana. The badge is a monogram of the letters forming the society's name. The colors are maroon and green. The membership is 142. Own a house; value, \$15,000.

KARNAK KLUB—Organized at the University of Montana in 1921. Owns house; value, \$10,000.

SIGMA ALPHA—Organized at the University of Montana in 1921.

DELTA THETA—Organized at Muhlenberg College in 1898. Owns house; value, \$7,500.

PHI EPSILON—Organized at Muhlenberg College in 1922.



ALPHA THETA CHI—A fraternity founded at the University of Nebraska, May 9, 1895. It confines itself to the College of Literature, Science and Arts. The badge is a crescent and scimeter, the former displaying the letters "A © X." The colors are moss green and gold. A quarterly called the *Crescent and Scimeter* is published. It owns a house; value, \$15,000. Over 45 per cent. of its

members have been elected to Phi Beta Kappa or Sigma Xi.

BUSHNELL GUILD—Founded at the University of Nebraska in 1910. Owns a house; value, \$15,000.

PI TAU EPSILON—Organized at the University of Nebraska in 1921.

SILVER LYNX—Founded at the University of Nebraska in 1913.

DELTA OMEGA PHI—Organized at Nebraska Wesleyan University in 1900. Owns house; value, \$7,500.

EVERETT—Established at Nebraska Wesleyan University in 1889. Owns house; value, \$7,500.

PHI BETA SIGMA—This fraternity is an outgrowth of the Orophilian Literary Society established at Nebraska Wesleyan University, University Place, Neb., in 1887. Its alumni numbers over 200.

THETA PHI SIGMA—Organized at Nebraska Wesleyan University in 1887.

KAPPA LAMBDA—Founded at the University of Nevada in 1921.



ALPHA TAU ALPHA—A society organized at New Hampshire State College, March 2, 1906, and confined to students pursuing the two year course in agriculture at that institution. It admits honorary members and is semi-professional in its character. The badge is a monogram of the letters "A T A" so arranged as to be formed into a circular outline. The colors are black and green. The membership is 169.

DELTA PI EPSILON—Established at New Hampshire State College in 1921. Owns house; value, \$10,000.

SIGMA BETA—Established at New Hampshire State College in 1921.

TAU GAMMA PHI—Established at New Hampshire State College in 1922.



TRI-GAMMA—Established at New Hampshire State College in 1921.

ALPHA DELTA—Established at the University of New Mexico in 1915. Own house; value, \$8,000.

ALPHA MU SIGMA—At the College of the City of New York. Established in 1917.

DELTA ALPHA—Was founded at the College of the City of New York in 1855 as a chapter Alpha Delta Phi. In 1913, however, because of the suspension of its charter by Alpha Delta Phi, the chapter was reorganized as Delta Alpha. The fraternity, therefore, has been in continuous existence since its foundation. It owns a house near the college valued at \$20,000, purchased in 1912. For the past fifty-three years the members have maintained a camp every summer at Lake George. The chapter possesses a library of 1500 volumes. It publishes a magazine called the *Delta Alpha Quarterly*. Its badge is a gold key charm carrying the symbols of the fraternity. Among the more prominent deceased graduates have been the following: Cleveland Abbe, founder of the United States Weather Bureau; Russell Sturgis, architect; Henry Harland, editor of the *London Yellow Book*; Bartow S. Weeks, Justice of the Supreme Court of New York; George B. Smythe, president of the Anglo-Chinese College at Foo Chow, China.

DELTA BETA PHI—This fraternity was founded in 1878 at Cornell University. It had six chapters, viz.: Cornell University; Lehigh University; University of Pennsylvania; Lafayette College; College of the City of New York, and Johns Hopkins University. The society was broken up and disbanded in 1882. The chapter at the College of the City of New York continued until 1884 when it stopped initiating men. A few years afterwards under the influence of some of its alumni it started again and has continued as a local. Its membership is 315.

MU SIGMA PI—Established at College of the City of New York in 1920.

OMEGA PI ALPHA—Organized at the College of the City of New York January 1, 1901. It quickly established chapters at Columbia University, University of Pennsylvania, Lehigh University, Rutgers College and Cornell University. All of these chapters except the parent one became inactive in 1907. Its membership is 174.

PHI DELTA MU—Established at College of the City of New York in 1920.

PHI KAPPA DELTA—Established at the College of the City of New York in 1915.

IOTA ALPHA—This is an honor society at New York University. It is composed of seniors in all the four main branches of engineering, who are elected during the second term of their senior year. The first qualification is high scholarship.

KAPPA TAU ALPHA—Founded at New York University by twelve Masonic students; it admits free-masons only.

OMICRON EPSILON PHI—A professional fraternity founded at the New York College of Dentistry in 1921.

KAPPA IOTA EPSILON—Established at North Carolina State College in 1921.

PHI PSI—Established at North Carolina State College in 1921.

PI ALPHA—Established at North Carolina State College in 1922.

TAU RHO ALPHA—Established at North Carolina State College in 1921.

ALPHA KAPPA PHI—Founded at the North Dakota Agricultural College in 1916.

DELTA KAPPA SIGMA—Founded at the North Dakota Agricultural College in 1922.

DELTA PI—Founded at the North Dakota Agricultural College in 1913.

BETA CHI—Founded at the University of North Dakota in 1921.

KAPPA PSI BETA—Founded at the University of North Dakota in 1921.

PI RHO CHI—Founded at the University of North Dakota in 1921.

SYNERGOI—Established at the University of North Dakota in 1910. Membership, 108. It owns a house; value, \$12,000.

ALPHA PHI OMEGA—At North Georgia Agricultural College.

DELTA SIGMA ALPHA—At North Georgia Agricultural College.

REX CLUB—Founded at the North Georgia Agricultural College in 1916.

MONACOANS—Established at Northwestern University in 1921.

SCRIBBLERS—Established at Northwestern University in 1908. Owns house; value, \$34,000.

WRANGLERS—Established at Northwestern University in 1903. Owns house; value, \$38,000.

ALPHA SIGMA PI—A fraternity founded at Norwich University, Vermont, in 1857, by H. Kilborn, J. A. Richardson, Edgar Parker, Robert C. Hitchcock, Charles Morton, George W. Field and W. J. Clark. It owns its own house. Owing to the military character of the college, military features were incorporated in its ritual making its extension or its absorption by another fraternity impracticable. There are three degrees in its secret work. The total membership is 481. Admiral George Dewey is a member.

DELTA SIGMA TAU—Established at Norwich University in 1920.

PHI KAPPA DELTA—Established at Norwich University in 1909.

KAPPA PSI ALPHA—Established at Ohio University in 1921.

TAU SIGMA DELTA—Established at Ohio University in 1922.

ALPHA XI ALPHA—At Ohio State University.

BETA ALPHA CHI—Established at Ohio State University in 1914. For a long time it confined its membership to Baptists.

DELTA KAPPA THETA—Established at Ohio State University in 1921.

DELTA THETA SIGMA—This society was formed at Ohio State University, 1905, and has taken students from the Agricultural Department only. They organized chapters in several other colleges. All the chapters at a convention held in 1912, except the original chapter, voted to make Delta Theta Sigma an honorary fraternity. The Ohio State chapter continued as a local and the other chapters became Gamma Sigma Delta.

PHI ALPHA CHI—Established at Ohio State University in 1913.

PHI EPSILON RHO—At Ohio State University.

THE COMMONS CLUB—Founded at Ohio Wesleyan University in 1920. Owns house; value, \$4,000.

KAPPA SIGMA PI—Founded at Ohio Wesleyan University in 1919. Owns house; value, \$5,000.

THETA DELTA PSI—Founded at Ohio Wesleyan University in 1922. Owns house; value, \$4,000.

THE UNION—Founded at Ohio Wesleyan University in 1914. Owns house; value, \$4,000.

CHI BETA—Established at the Oklahoma A. & M. College in 1921.

SIGMA BETA CHI—Established at the Oklahoma A. & M. College in 1909.

ALPHA BETA TAU—Established at the University of Oklahoma in 1922. Membership is confined to Jewish students.

DELTA KAPPA RHO—Established at the University of Oklahoma in 1921.

DELTA PI—Established at the University of Oklahoma in 1921.

ZETA TAU—At the University of Oklahoma.

ALPHA PI DELTA—Organized at Oregon Agricultural College in 1920. Owns house; value, \$18,000.

ALPHA SIGMA DELTA—Organized at Oregon Agricultural College in 1920.

CHI ALPHA PI—Organized at Oregon Agricultural College in 1921.

DELTA KAPPA—Organized at Oregon Agricultural College in 1920.

GAMMA NU—Organized at Oregon Agricultural College in 1920.

GAMMA SIGMA KAPPA—Organized at Oregon Agricultural College in 1921. Owns house; value, \$10,000.

KAI TAL—A club at the Oregon Agricultural College in the Agricultural Department founded in 1922.

KAPPA DELTA SIGMA—Organized at Oregon Agricultural College in 1917.

KAPPA THETA RHO—Organized at Oregon Agricultural College in 1918. Owns house; value, \$25,000.

OMEGA UPSILON—Organized at Oregon Agricultural College in 1918.

PSI CHI—Organized at Oregon Agricultural College in 1922.

SIGMA GAMMA—Organized at Oregon Agricultural College in 1921. Owns house; value, \$16,000.

SPHINX CLUB—Organized at Oregon Agricultural College in 1920.

TAU DELTA—Organized at Oregon Agricultural College in 1921.

TAU SIGMA PHI—Organized at Oregon Agricultural College in 1922.

THETA DELTA NU—Organized at Oregon Agricultural College in 1919.

THETA NU PHI—Organized at Oregon Agricultural College in 1922.

ALPHA BETA CHI—Founded at the University of Oregon in 1922.

BACHERLORDON—Founded at the University of Oregon in 1919.

KAPPA DELTA PHI—Founded at the University of Oregon in 1922.

KAPPA THETA CHI—Founded at the University of Oregon in 1919.

PHI SIGMA PI—Founded at the University of Oregon in 1921.

ALPHA DELTA SIGMA—Established at Pennsylvania State College in 1911. Owns house; value, \$20,000.

CHI UPSILON—Established at Pennsylvania State College in 1921.

CUHECO CLUB—Established at Pennsylvania State College in 1915.

DELTA KAPPA NU—Established at Pennsylvania State College in 1922.

DELTA KAPPA SIGMA—Established at Pennsylvania State College in 1921.

DELTA PI—Established at Pennsylvania State College in 1919. Owns house; value, \$18,000.

DELTA SIGMA CHI—Established at Pennsylvania State College in 1921.

KAPPA PHI DELTA—Established at Pennsylvania State College in 1922.

OMEGA EPSILON—Established at Pennsylvania State College in 1914.

PHI LAMBDA THETA—Established at Pennsylvania State College in 1920.

SIGMA PHI ALPHA—Established at Pennsylvania State College in 1920.

TAU SIGMA PHI—Established at Pennsylvania State College in 1920.

ALPHA EPSILON DELTA—Founded at the University of Pennsylvania in 1918.

ALPHA EPSILON PI—At the University of Pennsylvania.

CHI DELTA ALPHA—Founded at the University of Pennsylvania in 1922.

PHI ALPHA—At the University of Pennsylvania.

PI DELTA EPSILON—At the University of Pennsylvania.

SIGMA EPSILON DELTA—At the University of Pennsylvania.

TAU EPSILON PHI—At the University of Pennsylvania.

ALPHA GAMMA PHI—Founded at the University of Pittsburgh in 1921.

DELTA UPSILON KAPPA—Founded at the University of Pittsburgh in 1920.

PI RHO DELTA—Founded at the University of Pittsburgh in 1921.

THETA DELTA PSI—Founded at the University of Pittsburgh in 1920.

AGATHON—Established at Purdue University in 1910.

CONCORDIA—Established at Purdue University in 1922.

PIRATHON—Established at Purdue University in 1920.

TORQUE—Established at Purdue University in 1921.

TRIGON—Established at Purdue University in 1922.

RENSSELAER SOCIETY OF ENGINEERS—Established at

Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute in 1866. Owns a house; value, \$130,000.

RENSSELAER TECHNICAL SOCIETY—At Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute.

BETA NU EPSILON—Established at Rhode Island State College in 1922.

BETA PHI—Established at Rhode Island State College in 1911. Owns house; value, \$10,000.

DELTA ALPHA PSI—Established at Rhode Island State College in 1911. Owns house; value, \$10,000.

RHO IOTA KAPPA—Established at Rhode Island State College in 1908. Owns house; value, \$5,000.

ZETA PI ALPHA—Established at Rhode Island State College in 1920. Owns house; value, \$7,000.

PHI DELTA OMEGA—Established at Richmond College in 1915.

TRI PHI—Established at Richmond College in 1916.

DELTA DELTA—Founded at Roanoke College in 1913.

OMEGA BETA CHI—Founded at Roanoke College in 1915.

SIGMA RHO—Founded at Roanoke College in 1917.

SIGMA DELTA EPSILON—Established at the University of Rochester in 1917. Membership, 68.

ALPHA ALPHA—Founded at Rollins College, Winter Park, Florida in 1913.

PHI ALPHA—Founded at Rollins College, Winter Park, Florida in 1904. Owns house; value, \$9,000.

P. I. E. S.—Established at Rose Polytechnic Institute in 1900.

IVY CLUB—Established at Rutgers College in 1913.

PI DELTA—Established at Rutgers College in 1922.

THETA ZETA—Established at Rutgers College in 1922.

DELTA SIGMA—Established at St. John's College in 1922.

DELTA TAU PHI—Established at St. Lawrence University in 1919. Owns a house; value, \$6,000 the membership is 52.



ZETA ALPHA PSI—Established in 1914 at St. Lawrence University (School of Agriculture). The membership is 150.

EULEXIAN—Founded at St. Stephens College in 1860.

KAPPA GAMMA CHI—This is a fraternity at St. Stephen's College, Annandale-on-Hudson, N. Y., organized in 1868. It grew out of an older open organization of a literary nature. Its membership to date is about 309. Its color is corn-yellow, and its flower is the lily-of-the-valley. Own a house; value, \$6,000.

KAPPA THETA PSI—Organized November 12, 1902, at Simpson College, by sixteen undergraduates. It publishes an annual called the *Diamond*. A song book was published in 1909. The badge is a diamond displaying the letters "K Φ Ψ." The colors are black and gold. The membership is 170. It owns a house, \$6,000.

SIGMA DELTA CHI—At Simpson College.

ALPHA PI ALPHA—Established at the University of South Dakota in 1922.

ALPHA TAU—Established at the University of South Dakota in 1920.

DELTA PI SIGMA—Established in 1922 in the Engineering Department of the University of South Dakota.

GAMMA EPSILON—Established at the University of Southern California in 1916.

MU SIGMA PHI—Organized at the University of Southern California in 1919.

PHI ALPHA—Founded at the University of Southern California in 1898. Owns a house; value, \$20,000.

PHI ALPHA MU—Established at the University of Southern California in 1921.

SIGMA TAU—Established at the University of Southern California in 1910.

THETA PSI—Founded at the University of Southern

California in 1896. Owns a house; value, \$30,000. Has a membership of 375.

ZETA KAPPA EPSILON—Established at the University of Southern California in 1912.

DELTA BETA CHI—Founded at the Southern Methodist University in 1922.

OMEGA PHI—Founded at the Southern Methodist University in 1915. Owns a house; value, \$9000.

SIGMA SIGMA KAPPA—Established at the Southern Presbyterian University in 1920.

PHI KAPPA DELTA—Established at Stetson University in 1898. Owns house; value, \$12,000.

ALPHA DELTA—This fraternity at Stevens Institute of Technology was formerly a chapter of Theta Nu Epsilon established in 1883. In 1921 it withdrew from that organization and changed its name.

CHI SIGMA DELTA—Organized at Stevens Institute of Technology in 1922

PHI KAPPA PI—Organized in 1906, at the Stevens Institute of Technology. Its membership is 139. The badge is a spherical triangle displaying the letters forming the fraternity's name and a diamond. The colors are gold and black. It publishes a monthly bulletin in the nature of a circular letter.

WHARTON CLUB—Organized at Swarthmore College in 1921.

ALPHA KAPPA EPSILON—Established at Syracuse University in 1921.

DELTA LAMBDA—Established at Syracuse University in 1921.

KAPPA THETA—Established at Syracuse University in 1920.

PHI SIGMA PSI—Established at Syracuse University in 1920. Owns house; value, \$20,000.

SIGMA BETA—Established at Syracuse University in 1911.

TAU DELTA SIGMA—This is a professional engineering society founded at Syracuse University in 1905. There were two more chapters, one founded at Lehigh University in 1909 and a second founded at Brown University in 1911. They have both become inactive recently. The membership is about 400.

KAPPA SIGMA PHI—At Temple University. Organized in 1920.

TAU UPSILON—At Temple University.

BETA ALPHA OMEGA—Was founded in the spring of 1915 at the University of Tennessee. It owns a house valued at \$30,000 and its membership is 100. Its pin consists of a monogram of the three letters.

BETA SIGMA ALPHA—Founded at the University of Tennessee in 1919.

OMICRON BETA SIGMA—Founded at the University of Tennessee in 1923.

ALPHA EPSILON—Founded at the University of Toronto in 1916.

KAPPA PSI—Founded at the University of Toronto in 1922.

PHI SIGMA TAU—Founded at the University of Toronto in 1907.

PSI DELTA PSI—Founded at the University of Toronto in 1906.

PSI SIGMA PHI—Founded at the University of Toronto in 1921.

ALPHA TAU KAPPA—Established at Trinity College (Conn.) in 1915.

BETA PI—Established at Trinity College (N. C.) in 1919.

BETA TAU—Established at Tufts College in 1920.

PHI DELTA—Established at Tufts College in 1919.

SIGMA TAU ALPHA—Organized at Tufts College, Janu-

ary 22, 1906. Membership to date is 180. The badge is a six-pointed shield displaying the letters of the fraternity's name. The colors are gold and black. Own house; value, \$8,000.

LAMBDA SIGMA EPSILON—Organized at Tulane University in 1921.

OMICRON TAU ALPHA—Organized at Tulane University in 1921.

ALPHA GAMMA PHI—At Union College.

DELTA THETA—Founded at Union College. Owns house; value, \$12,000.

KAPPA PHI—Founded at Union College. Owns house; value, \$10,000.

PHI NU THETA—Founded at Union College. Owns house; value, \$5,000.

ALPHA DELTA EPSILON—Founded at Utah State College in 1915.

DELTA NU—Founded at Utah State College in 1914.

OMEGA TAU—Founded at Utah State College in 1921.

PHI BETA RHO—Founded at Utah State College in 1921.

PHI KAPPA IOTA—Founded at Utah State College in 1910.

PI ZETA PI—Founded at Utah State College in 1905.

SIGMA ALPHA—Organized at Utah State College in 1904. Owns house; value, \$7,000.

CHI SIGMA DELTA—Founded at the University of Utah in 1921.

PHI ALPHA EPSILON—Founded at the University of Utah in 1914.

THETA SIGMA—Founded at the University of Utah in 1916.

DELTA SIGMA UPSILON—Founded at Vanderbilt University in 1921.

DELTA PSI—This fraternity was founded at the Univer-

sity of Vermont in 1850. The original society was anti-secret, it was a member of a league which was in several colleges. The connection, however, was a very loose one and it was dissolved in 1854, when "anti-secret" was dropped. The total membership is 610. It has a number of prominent alumni. Among them is Darwin P. Kingsley, president of the New York Life Insurance Company. The fraternity owns a chapter house; value, \$22,000. The badge is a monogram placing the "Δ" over the "Ψ."

LAMBDA IOTA (THE OWL)—This society was founded April 23, 1836 at the University of Vermont. For nine years it remained without a rival and has been very prosperous. The badge of the society is of gold and represents an owl perched on a pillar between the letters "Δ" and "Ι." It is chartered by the State and its total membership is 650. Among the more prominent members are: Governors: Croswell, Farnham and John G. Smith of Vermont; Bishop W. B. Howe of South Carolina; John Heman Converse, president Baldwin Locomotive Works; president Forsyth of Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute. It owns a house built in 1913 worth \$50,000.

SIGMA ALPHA CHI—Founded at the University of Vermont in 1922.

ZETA CHI—Founded at the University of Vermont in 1920.

KARNAC CLUB—Organized at Wabash College in 1921.

PHI SIGMA ALPHA—Organized at Wabash College in 1922. Owns house; value, \$12,000.

ALPHA DELTA—Founded at Washburn College in 1912.

GAMMA ALPHA—Founded at Washburn College in 1922.

PHI TAU—Established at Washington University in 1922. Composed of Jewish students.

PSI DELTA—Established at Washington University in 1919.

ALPHA MU SIGMA—At the University of Washington. Composed of Jewish students.

CHI UPSILON CHI—At the University of Washington.

DELTA PSI DELTA—At the University of Washington.

DELTA SIGMA—At the University of Washington.

PI MU PI—At the University of Washington.

ARCADES CLUB—Established at Washington & Lee University in 1921.

DELTA TAU ALPHA—Founded at Washington State College in 1920. Owns house; value, \$10,000.

GAMMA PHI—Founded at Washington State College in 1919. Own house; value, \$7,000.

PSI NU SIGMA—Founded at Washington State College in 1919.

GAMMA PSI—Established at Wesleyan University in 1919.

PHI NU THETA (ECLECTIC)—This society at Wesleyan University was founded by the class of 1837, shortly after the founding of the parent chapter of the Mystical Seven. It is the oldest society at Wesleyan and has but one chapter although there was a Beta chapter at Ohio Wesleyan in 1861-64. Of its total membership, about 800, 540 completed their college course, and of these, exactly fifty per cent. were made members of Phi Beta Kappa. They own a house; value, \$60,000. The badge is a watch-key in the form of a scroll bearing the letters of "Φ Ν Θ" at the bottom with the letter "A" in a star in the upper right hand corner. On the reverse side is the name of the university and the name of the owner. Among the many prominent members have been three presidents of Wesleyan University: Joseph Cummings, Cyrus D. Foss, and John W. Beach; and Bishops: E. C. Haven, Gilbert Haven and A. S. Hunt, also James M. Buckley for many years editor of the *Christian Advocate*.

PHI DELTA LAMBDA—Organized at the University of West Virginia in 1919.

TAU DELTA THETA—Organized at the University of West Virginia in 1919. Owns house; value, \$13,000.

TAU DELTA SIGMA—Established at Whitman College in 1916. Owns house; valued \$8,000.

ZETA PHI EPSILON—Established at Whitman College in 1920. Owns house; value, \$12,000.

ALPHA PHI EPSILON—At William & Mary College.

ALIF MIM—Established at the University of Wisconsin in 1920. Owns house; value, \$35,000.

ALPHA PI DELTA—A professional commerce fraternity established at the University of Wisconsin in 1920.

ALPHA THETA PI—Established at the University of Wisconsin in 1922.

DELTA PI EPSILON—Established at the University of Wisconsin in 1916. Owns house; value, \$25,000.

GAMMA TAU BETA—A medical fraternity established at the University of Wisconsin in 1916.

KAPPA PHI KAPPA—Founded at Wittenberg College in 1922.

PI ALPHA EPSILON—Founded at Wittenberg College in 1922.

SADHE ALEPH—Founded at Wittenberg College in 1922. It has a chapter at Thiel College.

DELTA TAU—Organized February, 1906, at the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, by Wallace T. Roberts and ten others. The badge is a diamond displaying the letters "Δ T" and two stars. The colors are purple and gold. It issues a monthly called the *Deltaurian*. The membership is 165. Own a house; value, \$15,000.

DELTA MU ALPHA—Established in 1922 at the University of Wyoming. They admit masons only.

BERZELIUS—A society established at the Sheffield Scien-

tific School (Yale University) in 1848. It has been and is prosperous, and numbers among its alumni, many of the prominent graduates of the school. Its badge is a combination of potash bulbs surmounted by the letter "B." It owns a handsome chapter house. The membership to date is 572. Among the prominent alumni are: Prof. W. H. Brewer, Henry D. Manning, Prof. George J. Brush.

SIGMA DELTA CHI (BOOK AND SNAKE)—A fraternity founded at the Sheffield Scientific School (Yale University) in 1876. It has prospered and is a rival of the other fraternity chapters. Its badge is an open book, across which are displayed the three Greek letters surrounded by a coiled serpent. It is locally called the "Book and Snake" society. It owns a house; value, \$100,000. The membership is 541.



## WOMEN'S LOCAL FRATERNITIES

THESE fraternities are arranged in the alphabetical order of the colleges.

ALPHA SIGMA—Established at Adelphi College in 1920.

PHI ALPHA TAU—Established at Adelphi College in 1918.

KAPPA ALPHA SIGMA—At the University of Akron.

SIGMA DELTA THETA—At the University of Akron.

PI ALPHA—Founded at the University of Alabama in 1922.

CLIONIAN—At Albion College.

SOROSIS—At Albion College.

SIGMA TAU SIGMA—Established at Allegheny College in 1920.

ALPHA GAMMA—Established at the University of Arizona in 1920.

DELTA DELTA—Established at the University of Arizona in 1922.

DELTA PSI DELTA—Established at Beloit College in 1908.

PHI LAMBDA CHI—Established at Bethany College in 1920.

ETA SIGMA—Established in 1919 at Bucknell University.

DELTA PI OMEGA—Established at Butler College in 1912.

ALPHA SIGMA GAMMA—Founded at the University of California in 1919.

PHI MU DELTA—Founded at the University of California in 1920.

REDIVAVA—This was organized as the Pioneer Club at the University of California in 1874 and reorganized in 1903. It owns a house; value, \$16,000.

BETA PI—Established at the Carnegie Institute of Technology in 1921.

BETA CHI DELTA—Established at Carroll College in 1910.

KAPPA GAMMA PHI—Established at Carroll College in 1912.

THETA PI DELTA—Established at Carroll College in 1918.

ALPHA SIGMA PHI—At the University of Chattanooga.

CHI RHO SIGMA—Established at Chicago University in 1903.

DELTA SIGMA—Established at Chicago University in 1905.

PHI BETA DELTA—Established at Chicago University in 1898.

PHI DELTA UPSILON—Established at Chicago University in 1919.

PI DELTA PHI—Established at Chicago University in 1903.

SIGMA—Established at the University of Chicago in 1895.

DELTA SIGMA—Established at the University of Cincinnati in 1919.

ALPHA GAMMA DELTA—At Coe College.

ALPHA THETA—At Coe College.

PHI ZETA CHI—Established at the Colorado Agricultural College in 1917.

ZETA TAU OMEGA—Established at the Colorado Agricultural College in 1922.

ZETA—Established at the University of Colorado in 1921.

CHI PSI DELTA—Established at Denison University in 1900. Owns house; value, \$5,000.

KAPPA PHI—Established at Denison University in 1898. Owns house; value, \$5,500.

PHI PHI PHI—Established at Denison University in 1922.

SIGMA DELTA PHI—Established at Denison University in 1906. Owns house; value, \$6,000.

ZETA ETA PHI—Founded at Dickinson College in 1922.

KAPPA GAMMA CHI—At the Emerson School of Oratory (Boston).

PHI BETA GAMMA—Established at Franklin College in 1921.

GAMMA DELTA RHO—Founded at George Washington University in 1920.

BETA LAMBDA—Established at Gettysburg College in 1916.

TAU KAPPA PI—Established at Goucher College in 1892.

KAPPA EPSILON—Founded at Hollins College (Florida) in 1902.

SIGMA PHI—Founded at Hollins College (Florida) in 1920.

DELTA GAMMA SIGMA—At Howard College.

LAMBDA XI DELTA—Established at Howard College in 1922.

ZETA OMEGA—At Howard College.

DELTA LAMBDA—At Hunter College.

EPSILON NU—At Hunter College.

EPSILON PHI—At Hunter College.

GAMMA TAU KAPPA—At Hunter College.

OMEGA IOTA—At Hunter College.

OMEGA THETA PI—At Hunter College.

PHI SIGMA GAMMA—At Hunter College.

PHI SIGMA PSI—At Hunter College.

PI DELTA THETA—At Hunter College.

PI SIGMA—At Hunter College.

SIGMA ALPHA GAMMA—At Hunter College.

SIGMA PHI OMEGA—At Hunter College.

ALPHA DELTA—At the University of Idaho.

OMEGA PHI ALPHA—At the University of Idaho. Own a house; value, \$9,000.

DELTA NU—Established at the University of Illinois in 1922.

PHI EPSILON—Established at the University of Illinois in 1921.

PI DELTA PHI—Established at the University of Illinois in 1922.

RHO BETA IOTA—Established at the University of Illinois in 1921.

THETA PHI ALPHA—Established at the University of Illinois in 1919.

ALPHA IOTA SIGMA—Established at Illinois Wesleyan University in 1922.

KAPPA TAU—At Indiana University.

THETA PSI—At Indiana University.

ZETA ZETA ZETA—At Indiana University.

ALPHA CHI BETA—Established at Iowa State College in 1914.

ALPHA GAMMA PHI—Established at Iowa University in 1921.

ALPHA OMICRON—Established at Iowa University in 1920.

ALPHA TAU BETA—Established at Iowa University in 1914.

IOTA XI EPSILON—Established at Iowa University in 1917.

KAPPA OMEGA—Established at Iowa University in 1919.

ALPHA DELTA THETA—Established at the University of Kentucky in 1922. There is another chapter at Transylvania College.

LAMBDA PHI—Established at the University of Kentucky in 1922.

OMEGA RHO—Established at the University of Kentucky in 1923.

PI ALPHA THETA—Established at the University of Kentucky in 1922.

SIGMA BETA UPSILON—Established at the University of Kentucky in 1922.

ZETA PI—Established at Knox College in 1920.

SIGMA TAU—At Lake Forest College since 1900.

KAPPA KAPPA CHI—At Lake Forest College since 1919.

THETA PSI—At Lake Forest College since 1905.

ALPHA GAMMA PHI—Established at Lawrence College in 1902.

PHI SIGMA THETA—Founded at Lombard College 1921.

ALPHA NU SIGMA—Organized at Marietta College in 1907.

BETA THETA—Founded at Marietta College in 1909.

OMICRON DELTA ALPHA EPSILON—Organized at Marietta College 1921.

KAPPA BETA GAMMA—Organized at Marquette University in 1917.

DELTA PHI GAMMA—Organized in 1922 at Massachusetts Agricultural College.

ALPHA KAPPA GAMMA—Organized at Miami University in 1922.

BETA PHI SIGMA—Organized at Miami University in 1919.

DELTA PI—Organized at Miami University in 1920.

KAPPA PSI DELTA—Organized at Miami University in 1922.

ERO ALPHIAN—Organized at Michigan Agricultural College in 1904.

SORORIAN—Organized at Michigan Agricultural College in 1901.

TERNIAN—Organized at Michigan Agricultural College in 1898.

LAMBDA TAU SIGMA—At University of Michigan.

PHYDELIANS—Organized at the University of Michigan in 1921.

PI KAPPA—At University of Michigan.

ALPHA CHI—Organized at Middlebury College in 1889. The badge is a circular disc displaying ten stars enclosing a monogram of the letters "A X." The colors are white and gold. The flower, the white water lily. Total membership, 267.

DELTA OMEGA DELTA—Established at Middlebury College in 1922.

THETA CHI EPSILON—Established at Middlebury College in 1921.

IOTA DELTA—Organized at Montana State College in 1919.

ZETA KAPPA—Organized at Montana State College in 1920.

BETA ZETA—Organized at the University of Montana in 1922.

CHELYS CLUB—Organized at the University of Montana in 1921.

DELTA SIGMA CHI—Organized at the University of Montana in 1919. Owns house; value, \$8,000.

ALPHA IOTA ALPHA—Organized at Mount Union College in 1921.

ALPHA DELTA OMEGA—Founded at Nebraska Wesleyan University in 1917.

ALPHA EPSILON—Founded at Nebraska Wesleyan University in 1907.

ALPHA KAPPA DELTA—Founded at Nebraska Wesleyan University in 1890.

DELTA PHI—Founded at Nebraska Wesleyan University in 1917.

OROPHILIA—Founded at Nebraska Wesleyan University in 1897.

WILLARD—Founded at Nebraska Wesleyan University in 1889.

ZETA PHI—Founded at Nebraska Wesleyan University in 1917.

SIGMA ALPHA OMEGA—Founded at the University of Nevada in 1921.

DELTA KAPPA—At New Hampshire State College.

PI ALPHA PHI—Founded at New Hampshire State College in 1913.

BETA ALPHA PHI—Founded at the University of North Carolina in 1920.

LAMBDA TAU—Founded at the University of North Carolina in 1921.

KAPPA PHI BETA—Founded at the North Dakota Agricultural College in 1908.

CHI DELTA PHI—Founded at the University of North Dakota in 1922.

WHEELER'S—Founded at the University of North Dakota in 1922.

ALPHA IOTA PI—Founded at Ohio University in 1921.

PHRESOMEA—Founded at Ohio University in 1921.

ZETA THETA UPSILON—Founded at Ohio University in 1922.

DELTA ALPHA CHI—At Ohio State University.

ALPHA BETA PHI—At Ohio Wesleyan University.

ALPHA LAMBDA IOTA—At Ohio Wesleyan University.

DELTA DELTA GAMMA—At Ohio Wesleyan University.

DELTA OMICRON—At Ohio Wesleyan University.

GAMMA PSI DELTA—At Ohio Wesleyan University.

DELTA PSI—At Ohio Wesleyan University.

KAPPA GAMMA PHI—At Ohio Wesleyan University.

PHI OMEGA PHI—At Ohio Wesleyan University.

PI PHI PSI—At Ohio Wesleyan University.

RHO SIGMA—At Ohio Wesleyan University.

SIGMA DELTA PI—At Ohio Wesleyan University.

SIGMA TAU EPSILON—At Ohio Wesleyan University.

THETA DELTA KAPPA—At Ohio Wesleyan University.

GAMMA CHI—Established at Oklahoma A. & M. College  
in 1914.

OMICRON PI—Established at the University of Oklahoma  
in 1920.

ALPHA RHO—Founded at Oregon Agricultural College  
in 1920.

GAMMA IOTA—Founded at Oregon Agricultural College  
in 1919.

XI BETA—Founded at Oregon Agricultural College in  
1921.

ALPHA SIGMA—Founded at the University of Oregon in  
1922.

SIGMA DELTA TAU—At the University of Pennsylvania.

ALPHA KAPPA ALPHA—Founded at the University of  
Pittsburgh in 1922.

GAMMA GAMMA GAMMA—Founded at the University of  
Pittsburgh in 1922.

PHI GAMMA SIGMA—Founded at the University of Pitts-  
burgh in 1922.

THETA GAMMA PHI—Founded at the University of Pitts-  
burgh in 1922.

DELATHEAN—Established at Purdue University in 1922.

THEMIS—Established at Purdue University in 1922.

ALPHA SIGMA—Established at the University of Roches-  
ter in 1903.



GAMMA PHI—Established at the University of Rochester in 1909.

THETA ETA—Established at the University of Rochester in 1903.

THETA TAU THETA—Established at the University of Rochester in 1906.

LAMBDA SIGMA—Established at St. Lawrence University in 1922.

BETA XI—At Simpson College.

DELTA PI—Organized at the University of Southern California in 1919.

IOTA SIGMA THETA—Organized at the University of Southern California in 1920.

LAMBDA RHO—Organized at the University of Southern California in 1920.

GAMMA SIGMA RHO—Established at the University of South Dakota in 1921.

ZETA CHI DELTA—Established at the University of South Dakota in 1920.

LAMBDA RHO—Established at Southern Methodist University in 1922.

CHI SIGMA THETA—Established at Syracuse University in 1920.

DELTA XI—Established at Syracuse University in 1921.

ALPHA SIGMA ALPHA—At Temple University in the Teachers' College.

ALPHA THETA PI—At Temple University.

BETA CHI—At Temple University in the Department of Commerce.

BETA NU SIGMA—At Temple University in the Teachers' College.

DELTA SIGMA EPSILON—At Temple University in the Teachers' College.

PHI ALPHA—At Temple University in the Liberal Arts department.

PHI DELTA PI—At Temple University in the Teachers' College.

ALPHA LAMBDA—Founded at the University of Tennessee in 1919.

LAMBDA PI SIGMA—Established at Tufts Dental College in 1919.

ALPHA SIGMA SIGMA—An honorary senior society—founded at (Sophie Newcomb College) Tulane University in 1916.

BETA DELTA—Organized at Utah State College in 1915.

GAMMA XI GAMMA—Organized at Utah State College in 1920.

SIGMA THETA PHI—Organized at Utah State College in 1913.

SOROSIS—Organized at Utah State College in 1897.

ZETA CHI—Organized at Utah State College in 1922.

ALPHA CHI—Founded at the University of Utah in 1914.

DELTA EPSILON—Founded at the University of Utah in 1911.

GAMMA PHI—Founded at the University of Utah in 1897.

GAMMA SIGMA—Founded at the University of Utah in 1921.

LAMBDA PHI LAMBDA—Founded at the University of Utah in 1919.

PI EPSILON PHI—Founded at the University of Utah in 1921.

PHI DELTA ZETA—Founded at the University of Vermont in 1922.

SIGMA GAMMA—Founded at the University of Vermont in 1922.

SIGMA THETA—Organized at Valparaiso University in

1919. The badge is rectangular shield bearing the letters of the organization. The membership is 75.

DELTA PHI ALPHA—Founded at Washburn College in 1922.

KAPPA PI BETA—Founded at Washburn College in 1922.

ALPHA GAMMA—Founded at Washington State College in 1921. Own house; value, \$10,000.

KAPPA BETA—Founded at Washington State College in 1919. Own house; value, \$9,000.

MITRA CLUB—Organized at Washington State College in 1921.

OMEGA THETA—Founded at Washington State College in 1921.

TONORA CLUB—Organized at Washington State College in 1921.

DELTA PHI UPSILON—Founded at Western Reserve University in 1896.

GAMMA DELTA TAU—Founded at Western Reserve University in 1898.

NU ZETA NU—Founded at Western Reserve University in 1914. Composed of Jewish students.

PHI KAPPA ZETA—Founded at Western Reserve University in 1896.

SIGMA OMEGA—Founded at Western Reserve University in 1911.

SIGMA PSI—Founded at Western Reserve University in 1897.

THETA PHI OMEGA—Founded at Western Reserve University in 1903.

ALPHA THETA ZETA—Organized at the University of West Virginia in 1919.

SIGMA GAMMA—Established at Whitman College in 1919.

DELTA PHI KAPPA—Established at William & Mary College in 1920.

IOTA MU PI—Established at William & Mary College in 1922.

UPSILON DELTA BETA—Established at William & Mary College in 1918.

KAPPA PHI SIGMA—Founded at Wittenberg College in 1921.

SIGMA PI DELTA—Founded at Wittenberg College in 1922.

TAU DELTA THETA—Founded at Wittenberg College in 1902. It is the oldest sorority at Wittenberg. The membership is 85. The pin is kite shape with five points.

THETA GAMMA RHO—Founded at Wittenberg College in 1915.

GAMMA ZETA—Established at the University of Wyoming in 1921.

## CLASS SOCIETIES

**I**N addition to the regular fraternities, there are in many colleges societies which draw members from only one of the undergraduate classes, and which have a few features of the general fraternity system. The most prominent of these are known as Senior Societies, the men being chosen from the junior class in the spring of the year on account of prominence in college activity. Most of the men so chosen are picked from the college fraternities. In some colleges there are also junior societies. As the senior societies at Yale have been much longer established they are mentioned first.

**CHI DELTA THETA**—This was established at Yale College in 1821 as a literary society. It flourished for some time and then disbanded, its library being made a present to the college. It was revived in 1868 at the suggestion of one of the editors of the *Yale Literary Magazine*, and its membership has since been confined to that board. Its badge is a gold triangle, upon the lower side of which is inscribed "X Δ Θ, 1821"; on the reverse are the owner's name and class, and "Yale Lit., 1836."

**SKULL AND BONES**—This society originated in 1832 at Yale, its founders being fifteen members of the class of '33, among whom were General Russell and ex-Attorney-General Taft. The membership is always fifteen each year. There is no electioning or pledging connected with its management. The society endeavors to select the most prominent men in each class in every way, and is usually successful. Its elections are offered equally to all, whether fraternity men or not. The society owns a hall, and is said to

possess a very complete collection of Yale "memorabilia." Its badge is of gold, and consists of a skull supported by the crossed bones, and having the figures "322" in place of the lower jaw.

SCROLL AND KEY—This was founded in 1841 at Yale, by members of the class of 1842. It has copied in many respects the customs and usages of Skull and Bones. The badge is a plain scroll, across which a key is placed. It owns a hall.

WOLF'S HEAD—This society, so called from the prominent features of its badge, originated at Yale in 1884. It owns a hall in New Haven and approximates the other two senior societies in standing and influence.

ELIHU CLUB—This club was founded at Yale in 1903. While the three societies previously mentioned are taken in solely on Tap Day this society take part of their men then. It owns a valuable house.

Amherst College—Scarab.

Brown University—Cammarian Club.

California, University of—Skull & Keys, 1892; Golden Bear, 1901.

Centre College—Ye Rounde Table.

Chicago, University of—Owl and Serpent.

Colgate University—Skull and Scroll, 1908; Gorgon's Head, 1913.

Columbia University—Nacoms.

Cornell University—Sphinx Head, 1890; Aleph Samach (Junior), 1893; Quill and Dagger.

Dartmouth College—Sphinx; Casque and Gauntlet; Dragon.

Denison University—Alligator.

De Pauw University—Kappa Tau Alpha.

Dickinson College—The Raven's Claw.

Emory University—D. V. S., 1900.

- Illinois, University of—Ma-wan-da.  
Indiana, University of—Sphinx; Aeons.  
Kansas, University of—Sachems.  
Massachusetts Institute of Technology—Osiris.  
Miami University—Red Cowl.  
Michigan, University of—Michigamua; Vulcans (Engineering); Druids (Literary); Barristers (Law), 1904.  
Minnesota, University of—Grey Friars; Iron Wedge.  
Missouri, University of—Q. E. B. H.  
Nebraska, University of—Innocents.  
Northwestern University—Deru, 1895.  
Ohio State University—Sphinx.  
Ohio Wesleyan University—Jasters.  
Oregon, University of—Friars.  
Pennsylvania, University of—Friars; Sphinx.  
Pennsylvania State College—Lion's Paw; Parmi Nous.  
Purdue University—Iron Key.  
Rutgers College—Cap and Skull.  
Stanford University—Skull and Snakes; Quadrangle.  
Stevens Institute of Technology—Khoda.  
Syracuse University—Tau Theta Upsilon; Phi Kappa Alpha.  
Tennessee, University of—Scarabbeans, 1915.  
Union College—Terrace Council.  
Vermont, University of—The Boulder.  
Washington University (St. Louis)—Pralma.  
Washington, University of (Seattle)—Fir Tree; Oval; Quad.  
Washington State College—Crimson Circle.  
Washington & Lee University—Omicron Delta Kappa.  
Wesleyan University—Mystical Seven; Skull and Serpent.  
Williams College—Gargoyle.  
Wisconsin, University of—Iron Cross; Skull and Crescent; Inner Gate.

## INACTIVE FRATERNITIES

**ALEPH YODH HE (JEWISH STUDENTS OF MEDICINE)**—This fraternity was founded in 1908 at the Chicago College of Medicine and Surgery. It established eight other chapters viz.: 1910, College of Physicians and Surgeons of Chicago; 1912, Jenner Medical College; 1913, Loyola University (Bennett Med. College); 1913, University of Pennsylvania; 1914, Jefferson Medical College; 1914, Medico-Chirurgical College (Phila.); 1914, University of Maryland; 1914, Temple University. Its membership was 350. It became part of the Phi Lambda Kappa Medical fraternity in 1921.

**ALPHA GAMMA**—This was a fraternity founded at Cumberland University, Lebanon, Tenn., in 1867. It established some twenty-one chapters, the most prominent of which were at Washington and Jefferson College, Trinity University, Mercersburg College, Southwestern Presbyterian University, Cumberland University, and the University of West Virginia. The chapters at Trinity and West Virginia Universities were killed by anti-fraternity laws; those at Washington and Jefferson College and Southwestern Presbyterian University accepted charters from Alpha Tau Omega and the remainder disbanded. The badge of the fraternity was a shield of gold displaying a globe encircled by a pennant bearing the letters "Δ Γ," and surmounted by six stars.

**ALPHA GAMMA CHI**—This was a musical sorority established at Ottawa, O., in 1898. It had chapters at the New England Conservatory of Music, the Cincinnati Conservatory of Music and possibly Richmond, Va.



ALPHA KAPPA PHI—This fraternity was founded at Centre College, Kentucky, about 1858, and established chapters at La Grange College, Cumberland University, Bethel College, Oakland College, and perhaps at other places; the dates of their establishment being unknown, as the records were lost during the Civil War. After the War, a few of the chapters were revived, but all soon again became dormant, except the Psi chapter at the University of Mississippi, which had been reestablished in 1867. This chapter, after existing for some time as a local society, became the Beta Beta of Beta Theta Pi in 1879. The badge of the society was a shield with concavely-curved sides, displaying at the top a pair of clasped hands, in the center the letters "A K Φ."

ALPHA OMEGA DELTA (MEDICAL—REGULAR)—This was a fraternity founded in September, 1879, at the University of Buffalo. Other chapters were established as follows: University of Buffalo; Baltimore Medical College; Syracuse University; Detroit College of Medicine; University of Maryland; Georgetown University and George Washington University. The society existed until 1910 when dissensions arose among the chapters and they became inactive one by one except the parent chapter which continued to flourish and became again a local organization. In 1911, it became a chapter of Phi Rho Sigma retaining its old name as a chapter designation. The badge was a monogram surmounting a skull and bones. The membership was almost 1500.

ALPHA SIGMA CHI—A fraternity organized simultaneously at Rutgers College and Cornell University in 1871, by Elbridge Van Syckel and Ellis D. Thompson. The chapter roll was as follows: Rutgers College; Cornell University; Stevens Institute of Technology; Princeton University;

St. Lawrence University; Columbia University and University of Maine. The St. Lawrence and Maine chapters were formed from local societies. The Columbia chapter did not agree with the remainder of the fraternity, and was expelled in 1878. In 1879, after negotiations extending over some months, the active chapters of the fraternity united with Beta Theta Pi, it being part of the scheme that the Princeton chapter should be allowed to die under the operation of the anti-fraternity laws. Its badge was a monogram of the letters "A  $\Sigma$  X."

· ASSOCIATED UNIVERSITY PLAYERS (DRAMATIC)—This professional organization was founded in 1914. Its chapter roll was as follows: 1914, University of Illinois, Mask and Bauble; 1914, University of Chicago, Black Friars (1917); 1914, Northwestern University, Campus Players; 1914, University of Wisconsin, Strut and Fret; 1916, Ohio University, Revelers; 1916, University of Washington, Mask and Quill; 1917, University of Oregon, Masque and Buskin. The badge was a head combining the symbols of tragedy and comedy with a band across the forehead bearing the letters "A. U. P." It ceased to exist in 1918 and an effort is now being made to reorganize it.

DELTA EPSILON—This society was established at Roanoke College, Virginia, in 1862. It was intended to confine it entirely to Virginia colleges. After establishing three weak chapters, it became defunct. The last chapter joined Beta Theta Pi at Hampden-Sydney in 1868.

DELTA OMICRON ALPHA—This medical fraternity was founded at the College Medicine of Tulane University in 1907. It had the following chapter roll: 1907, Tulane University; 1908, Columbia University; 1910, University of Tennessee; 1910, Southwestern University; 1911, Univer-

sity of Alabama; 1912, Birmingham Medical College; 1912, Fort Worth School of Medicine; 1914, Chicago School of Medicine and Surgery. The chapters at Southwestern University and Birmingham Medical College ceased to exist in 1915. This fraternity was merged into the Kappa Psi fraternity on November 17, 1917.

DELTA PHI DELTA—A law fraternity organized at the Cleveland Law School in 1900. In 1914 it united with Alpha Kappa Phi and Theta Lambda Phi to form Delta Theta Phi.

DELTA SIGMA—This sorority was the outcome of the union of Alpha Delta Sigma, a local society originating at Tufts College, and Delta Sigma, a similar local at Brown University.

Its chapters were as follows: 1895. Alpha, Tufts College, 77; 1896. Beta, Brown University, 68; 1902. Gamma, University of Maine, 19. The badge was a square of black enamel, with concave sides outlined in gold, and displaying the letters "Δ Σ" in gold. This square was encircled by a jeweled golden circle. The colors were pale green and white. The Maine and Tufts chapters entered Alpha Omicron Pi and the Brown chapter became inactive when the sororities were abolished at Brown in 1911.

EPSILON ALPHA—This fraternity was founded at the University of Virginia about 1855, and had chapters also at Washington College, Va., University of North Carolina, University of Mississippi, William and Mary, Emory and Henry, and elsewhere. All of its chapters were probably killed by the Civil War, although the Washington College chapter died in 1868. Its badge was a large three-sided shield, entirely covered with black enamel, except for emblems in other colors, as follows: A gold star in each upper

corner; a colored rainbow encircling the top of the badge, under which was a crescent in white enamel; a large bundle of arrows, with points upwards, occupied the center of the badge, on each side of which were the letters of the fraternity; at the extreme lower part of the badge in a semicircle were the words "Univ. of Va." This badge, as printed on its Membership Certificate, omits reference to the University of Virginia, and substitutes an upper arm and forearm, bent, to fit the lower point of the badge, with the forearm, with clenched fist, extending up towards the letter "A."

**IOTA ALPHA KAPPA**—This was a society which possessed several chapters during its active life, and did not confine its membership to college students. At a convention held at Easton, Pa., in 1874, the organization was disbanded. There were chapters at Lafayette College, Lehigh, Washington and Jefferson College, Columbia College and Norwich University, Vt. The major part of the Lafayette chapter became the founders of the chapter of Chi Phi. The chapter at Washington and Jefferson changed its name to Phi Delta Kappa.

**KAPPA ALPHA**<sup>1</sup>—The first Kappa Alpha was founded in 1812, at the University of North Carolina. Its constitution, ritual, and secrets were so similar to those of the original Phi Beta Kappa as to indicate strongly that it was a descendant of one of the community branches chartered by Phi Beta Kappa before its dissolution at William and Mary in 1781. Kappa Alpha's chapters, called



"circles," were, so far as known, as follows:

1812, Alpha, University of North Carolina (1866);

<sup>1</sup> For this sketch and that of Phi Mu Omicron we are indebted to LeRoy S. Boyd, Kappa Alpha (Southern).

Delta, Furman University (1861); Epsilon, University of South Carolina (1861); Wofford College (1861); 1842, La-Grange College, Ala. (1855); 1848, University of Alabama (1855); Howard College, Ala. (1861); Centenary Institute, Summerfield, Ala. (1861); 1855, Florence Wesleyan University, Ala. (1861); 1855, Lambda, Centenary College, La. (1858); Omicron, Louisiana College (1861); 1855, University of Mississippi (1858); Union University, Tenn. (1861); Phi, Emory and Henry College, Va. (1861). It is believed that there were also circles at the University of Georgia, Emory College, Centre College, Western Military Institute of Tennessee, William and Mary College and Washington and Lee University.

The correct order of the establishment of the circles is unknown. If they were named in alphabetical order, the Emory and Henry chapter was the twenty-first established, making a large chapter-roll for those times. Circles were organized in county-seat towns, as well as in colleges. These community circles were composed of the professional and gentry classes, united for social and literary purposes.

Internal dissensions in the circle at the University of Alabama resulted, in the spring of 1855, in members of the minority faction disclosing the secrets, in the consequent dissolution of that and other circles, and in the majority faction accepting a charter from Phi Gamma Delta at the University of Alabama. The circle at Centenary College accepted a charter from Delta Epsilon, in January, 1858; the circle at the University of Mississippi, a charter from Chi Psi, in the fall of 1858. The circle at the University of South Carolina, followed by the one at Emory and Henry College and others, reorganized under the name of Phi Mu Omicron, in 1858. The mother circle at North Carolina also was dissolved by the exposure in 1855, and most of its members joined Chi Psi, establishing that fraternity

there in that year. It was revived as Kappa Alpha at North Carolina, in 1859, and was the only circle that did not suspend at the beginning of the Civil War. It died, in 1866, as a result of a second exposure of the secrets.

The badge of old Kappa Alpha, also called "Kuklos Adelphon" or the "Alpha Society," was of diamond shape, enclosing a circular band, within which was the letter A, with openings between the inside of the diamond, the circular band and the letter A. On the band or circle was "Kuklos Adelphon," in Greek; on the right leg of the letter A were the letters "N E C S J A," initials of the secret Latin motto; on the cross bar of the letter A were clasped hands. The seal was an equilateral triangle containing an open eye and the letters of the fraternity.

Kappa Alpha had many prominent members, among them: James K. Polk, President of the United States; Wm. M. Lowe and John M. Martin, Representatives in Congress from Alabama; Thos. R. Stockdale, Representative from Mississippi; Bishops: Wm. W. Duncan and Robt. K. Hargrove of the M. E. Church, South; Dr. Wm. H. Whitsitt, president Southern Baptist Theological Seminary; and J. C. Rich, mayor of Mobile, Ala.

KAPPA PHI—A medical-pharmaceutical fraternity organized at the University of the South in 1909. It had the following chapters: University of the South; Lincoln Memorial University; University College of Medicine and University of Alabama.

KAPPA PHI LAMBDA—This was a fraternity founded at Jefferson College, Aug. 3, 1862, by J. J. Belville. Chapters are known to have existed at Mt. Union College, Ohio, the University of Michigan, Monmouth College, Northwestern University, Moore's Hill, Ohio Wesleyan, University of Virginia, Denison University, and the Western University

of Pennsylvania. The fraternity became extinct in 1874. The Michigan chapter joined Psi Upsilon, the Mt. Union chapter Delta Tau Delta, the Northwestern chapter Sigma Chi, and the Denison chapter Beta Theta Pi. The badge was a shield, displaying at the top a balance; immediately below, a sunburst and mountain, and beneath, a pennant bearing the letters of the fraternity.

KAPPA PI—An honorary art students society with the following chapters: 1911, University of Kentucky; 1914, Centre College; 1914, Columbia University (1914); 1914, Vanderbilt University (1914); 1914, Purdue University. The colors were purple and gold. Seniors and juniors were eligible to membership.

KAPPA SIGMA KAPPA—The above fraternity was founded at the Virginia Military Institute in September, 1867. Chapters were established at the Virginia Military Institute, Washington and Lee University, Virginia Agricultural College, University of Virginia, Randolph-Macon College, State University of Louisiana, Emory and Henry College, Richmond College, and the Bethel Military Academy. The chapters at the Virginia Agricultural College, Emory and Henry, Bethel Academy and the University of Virginia became inactive by 1886. The other chapters, except the one in Louisiana, entered Phi Delta Theta, and that chapter received a charter from Sigma Nu. The badge of the fraternity was a Greek cross, in the center of which was placed a circular disk, displaying the letters of the fraternity. The membership was about 380.

MU PI LAMBDA—This fraternity was founded at Washington and Lee University, in 1895, by M. G. Perrow, R. S. Martins, and H. H. Larimore. The following chapters were established: 1895, Washington and Lee University;

1897, University of Virginia; 1898, Harvard University; 1898, University of West Virginia; 1899, William and Mary College. The government was by means of an arch chapter, to consist of not more than 11 members. The badge was a five-sided shield displaying the letters "M Π A," beneath an eye and above the skull and bones. The Harvard chapter and the West Virginia chapter lived but a few months. In 1903 the University of Virginia chapter disbanded, part of its members joining Kappa Sigma and part Phi Delta Theta. In 1904 the fraternity disbanded. The Washington and Lee chapter joined Kappa Sigma and the William and Mary chapter Theta Delta Chi.

MYSTICAL SEVEN—This fraternity was organized in 1837, at Wesleyan University, by Hamilton Brewer. It soon established chapters elsewhere, and its two Georgia chapters were the first fraternity chapters in the South. The chapters were called *Temples* and were named after the emblems of the fraternity's ritual.

The chapter roll was as follows: 1837, Wesleyan University; 1841, Emory College; 1844, University of Georgia; 1853, University of Syracuse; 1855, Centenary College; 1858, University of Mississippi; 1867, Cumberland University; 1867, University of Virginia; 1884, University of North Carolina; 1885, Davidson College.

The government of the fraternity was extremely loose. The charters were granted by the parent chapter until its suspension in 1867, and afterwards by the oldest living chapter. The fraternal spirit in the members was, however, unusually strong, and the personnel of the fraternity of an unusually high character. The practices of the fraternity were quaint and interesting; much was made of the number seven and of the primary colors.

The Emory chapter died in 1858, owing to anti-frater-



nity laws. The Georgia chapter ceased to exist a year later from similar regulations. The Mississippi and Centenary chapter was killed by the war, but the former was revived in 1867. The Cumberland chapter suspended in 1873. The Wesleyan chapter became extinct in 1867, most of its undergraduate members entering the chapter of Delta Kappa Epsilon, then forming at Wesleyan. Similarly the active members of the Syracuse chapter entered Delta Kappa Epsilon.

The Southern chapters, after the death of the chapters at Wesleyan and Syracuse, continued a peaceable and prosperous career. They established a journal called the *Mystic Messenger*, centralized their form of government, and revived the Wesleyan chapter in 1889.

In 1890, after somewhat prolonged negotiations, the living chapters united with Beta Theta Pi. The alumni of the Mystical Seven have been received into full fellowship in Beta Theta Pi.

The Mystics who deserted the parent chapter at Wesleyan to enter Delta Kappa Epsilon, organized a senior society, using its ritual as a basis, called the "Owl and Wand," and in 1882 this organization appropriated the name of the "Mystical Seven."

PHI ALPHA CHI—This fraternity is known to have existed at a number of Virginia colleges between 1883 and 1895. Chapters were reported at Randolph-Macon, University of Virginia and Richmond College. Nothing more is known of it.

PHI CHI DELTA (SPANISH SPEAKING STUDENTS FROM LATIN COUNTRIES)—This fraternity was founded February, 1913 at Louisiana State University. They were mostly students of medicine and the fraternity was composed largely of medical students. The chapter roll was:

1912, Louisiana State University (1916); 1912, Baltimore College of Physicians and Surgeons; 1912, Tulane University; 1912, Pennsylvania State College; 1913, University of Maryland; 1913, University of Michigan; 1913, Loyola University (Chicago); 1913, Syracuse University; 1913, George Washington University; 1913, Medical College of Virginia; 1913, Purdue University; 1914, University of Pennsylvania; 1914, Jefferson Medical College; 1914, Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia. Membership, 226. In 1914 the fraternity commenced the publication of a monthly journal in Spanish called "*Mundo Latino*." It is published at San Juan, Porto Rico. It ceased to exist in 1918.

PHI DELTA—This medical fraternity was organized at the Long Island Hospital Medical College in 1901. The chapters were all termed "Alphas." The chapter roll was: 1901, Long Island Medical College; 1902, Starling Medical College; 1902, Union University (Albany); 1903, Wisconsin College of Physicians and Surgeons; 1903, University Medical College (Kansas City) (1910); 1903, Washington University; 1903, Michigan College of Medicine and Surgery; 1904, Sioux City Medical College (1910); 1904, Toronto Medical College (1910); 1904, Columbia University (1911); 1904, Dearborn Medical College (1908); 1904, University of Minnesota; 1905, Chicago College of Physicians and Surgeons; 1905, St. Louis Medical College; 1906, University of Illinois (Chicago); 1912, Loyola University. Of the 16 mentioned chapters five had ceased to exist. This fraternity was merged with the Kappa Psi fraternity on January 26, 1918.

PHI DELTA KAPPA—This fraternity was founded at Washington and Jefferson College in 1874. The founders were members of a chapter of Iota Alpha Kappa, which had been placed at Washington, Pa., during the previous

year. When the Iota Alpha Kappa disbanded this chapter resolved to continue their organization, and did so. The chapters established were: Alpha, Washington and Jefferson College, 1874; Beta, Western University of Pennsylvania, 1876; Gamma, Thiel College, 1876; Delta, Lafayette College, 1876; and Epsilon, University of Louisiana; 1878. The chapters, with the exception of the Alpha had become defunct from various causes by the year 1880. In 1881 the Alpha entered Phi Gamma Delta, thus reviving the then inactive Alpha chapter of that fraternity.

PHI KAPPA ALPHA—In 1870 a society called the "Wayland Literary Society" was founded at Brown University. In 1873 a union was effected with the "Literary Union" of Rochester University. The name of the society was changed to Sigma Phi. The Brown chapter was called the Alpha, and the one at Rochester the Beta. In 1874 the name was changed to Phi Kappa Alpha. The Beta became extinct in 1879, and in 1880 the Alpha entered Beta Theta Pi, reviving the Kappa chapter of that fraternity. The badge was a three-sided shield displaying the letters "Φ Κ Α" above an open book. The shield was bounded by circular arcs, the upper one bearing the name of the college.



PHI MU OMICRON—Following the exposure of the secrets of the old southern order of Kappa Alpha, in 1855, several of its circles or chapters disbanded. To perpetuate

the order, it was reorganized, under the name of Phi Mu Omicron, at the University of South Carolina in 1858. The reorganized circle there being named Alpha, other circles were soon established, among them the following: Beta, Charleston College; Zeta, Wofford College; Kappa, Emory College; Omicron, Emory and Henry College; Sigma, Newberry College. The circles at South Carolina and Emory and Henry had been circles of Kappa Alpha, and other Phi Mu Omicron circles doubtless grew out of disbanded Kappa Alpha circles. None of them survived the civil war. An attempt to revive the circle at Emory and Henry, in 1879, resulted in several of the Kappa Alpha and Phi Mu Omicron alumni going into Kappa Sigma which was then revived there.

The badge of Phi Mu Omicron was a Maltese cross, with black enameled arms, on each of which were three gold stars; and with a circular field of gold in the center, on which were an open eye, clasped hands, and a dagger, the central field surrounded by a wreath. On the reverse were "A. D. 1812," the year that Kappa Alpha had been founded, at the top, the owner's name across the center, and the letters "Φ M O" at the bottom. This is the only known instance of the name of a fraternity appearing on the reverse instead of the obverse of its badge.

PHI PHI PHI (TRI-PHI)—This fraternity was organized at Austin College, Sherman, Texas, November 22, 1894. The fraternity was started with the idea of establishing chapters in the West and South, and more especially in small colleges affording material for one good chapter. The chapter roll was as follows: 1894, Austin College; 1894, South-western University; 1896, Presbyterian College of South Carolina; 1896, Centenary College; 1897, University of Texas. The chapter at the University of Texas joined

Phi Kappa Psi in 1904. The remaining chapters became one by one inactive. The badge was an open book of white enamel bearing a hand and an anchor of gold, and resting upon two crossed lances between the heads of which extends a scroll bearing the letters "Φ Φ Φ."

PHI SIGMA—This secret Phi Sigma League was founded at Lombard University, Galesburg, Illinois, by several students of the class of 1857. It established chapters at Knox College, Monmouth College, Northwestern University, Hedding College, Abingdon College, Eureka College and Jefferson College (Wis.), but none were prosperous except the parent one, and they soon ceased to exist. This chapter entered the fraternity of Phi Delta Theta in 1879, and thus extinguished the society. There were three degrees in the society. The two lower ones were for undergraduates, and were called the "Anchor" and "Harp," and these emblems were worn as badges.

PI KAPPA TAU—A society organized in the homeopathic department of the University of Iowa, by R. E. Peck, and I. B. Hoskins, in October, 1895. A second chapter was established at the University of Minnesota in 1896. In 1897 the two chapters became chapters of Phi Alpha Gamma.



PI MU (MEDICAL—REGULAR)—This fraternity was founded December 13, 1892 at the University of Virginia by Dr. John W. Mallet and ten associates. The chapter roll was as follows: 1892, University of Virginia; 1896, Medical College of Virginia; 1908, University of Louisville; 1908, Jefferson Medical College (1915); 1908, Medical College of South Carolina (1914); 1908, University of Nashville; 1910, Vanderbilt University; 1910, Johns Hopkins University; 1913, Columbia University.

The membership was 1500. They printed a journal called the *Cerebrum*. The badge was a Greek cross with skull and bones at the center, and the letters "II" and "M." In 1920 this fraternity became part of the Phi Chi Medical fraternity.

PSI ALPHA KAPPA—Psi Alpha Kappa was a fraternity having chapters at Lehigh, Lafayette and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. The parent chapter joined Alpha Tau Omega and the Lafayette chapter Alpha Chi Rho.

PSI THETA PSI—This was a fraternity founded about the year 1885 at Washington and Lee University. It had chapters at Roanoke, Randolph-Macon, University of Virginia, Hampden-Sidney, and perhaps one or two other colleges. It disbanded in 1895. The chapter at Washington and Lee entered Delta Tau Delta.

SIGMA ALPHA (BLACK BADGE)—This society was organized at Roanoke College, Salem, Va., in 1859. Soon after its foundation the war put an end to college studies, and the society was not reorganized until 1868. Chapters were established as follows: 1859. Alpha, Roanoke College (1879); 1869. Beta, Hampden-Sidney College (1873); 1871. Gamma, University of Virginia (1877); 1873. Epsilon, Virginia State College (1880); 1873. Zeta, Salado College (1882); 1873. Eta, University of Maryland (1882); 1873. Theta, Washington and Lee University (1882); 1873. Iota, Kings College (1882); 1875. Xi, Somerville Institute, Miss. (1882). The organization of the society was elaborate, and consisted of several degrees. It was completely in the hands of the alumni, and controlled mainly by the chapter at Lynchburg. The badge was of black enamel, and displayed the letter "S," skull and

bones and crossed swords. The fraternity disbanded in 1882.

**SIGMA ALPHA THETA**—This was the name of a fraternity existing in some of the colleges of Indiana during the war, and for some little time thereafter. There was a chapter at Hanover College, which entered Delta Tau Delta, and two at De Pauw and Indiana Universities, which entered Beta Theta Pi.

**SIGMA DELTA PI**—This society, known also as the "Vitruvian," was founded at Dartmouth College in 1858, by Benjamin A. Kimball, Augustus Livingstone, Wm. H. Fessenden, Henry L. Bartholomew, W. U. Potter, John A. Staples and Charles W. Thompson. The parent chapter was called the Alpha. In 1871 a Beta, chapter was established at Cornell, which died in 1874, and a Gamma chapter, placed at Wooster University in 1873, died in 1877. The Dartmouth chapter remained in good condition until 1889, when it became a chapter of Beta Theta Pi, carrying with it its alumni.

**UPSILON BETA**—A society by this name was founded at Pennsylvania College about the year 1863. Chapters were established at Muhlenberg, Franklin and Marshall, Wabash, Lehigh, Lafayette, Westminster (Pa.), and Lewisburg University. The defection of the parent chapter at Gettysburg led to the disorganization of the society.

**W. W. W., OR RAINBOW**<sup>1</sup>—This fraternity was organized in 1849, at the University of Mississippi, by John B. Earle, John B. Herring, James H. Mason, Robert Muldrow, Joshua L. Halbert, Marlborough Pegues and Drew W. Bynum. These young men had been students at La Grange

<sup>1</sup> For many of the facts in this article credit should be given to a history of W. W. W., by C. R. Churchill, published in the *Delta Tau Delta Rainbow*, in 1892.

College, Tenn., and had removed to the University of Mississippi. The name of the society, was to themselves, the "Mystic Sons of Iris." It later became known as the Rainbow, or "W. W. W." society. Its ritual and many of its practices were based upon the number seven. The resemblances between this organization and the Mystical Seven were many and striking. Neither was Greek in nomenclature or symbols, each had the rainbow as an emblem, each used the word "mystic" in a peculiar sense, and each used "W. W. W." as a pass-word.

The chapter roll of the Rainbow was as follows: 1848, University of Mississippi; 1858, La Grange College (1861); 1871, Furman University (1874); 1872, Erskine College (1884); 1872, Southern Presbyterian Univ. (1873); 1873, Wofford College (1875); 1874, Neophogen College (1874); 1880, Chamberlain-Hunt Academy (1886); 1881, Vanderbilt University; 1882, Southwestern University (1886) 1883, University of Texas (1886); 1884, Emory and Henry College (1886); 1884, University of Tennessee (1886).

After a checkered career, negotiations were entered into between this fraternity and Delta Tau Delta with a view to consolidating the two societies, and the union was effected in 1886. The journal of Delta Tau Delta, theretofore called *The Crescent*, was rechristened *The Rainbow*, out of compliment to the older order. At the time of the union only two chapters, viz., those at the University of Mississippi and Vanderbilt, were actually alive. The chapters at Southwestern and the University of Texas went into Phi Delta Theta. The chapter at Emory and Henry disbanded, most of its members joining Sigma Alpha Epsilon.

**ZETA PHI**—This society was founded at the University of Missouri, Nov. 7, 1870, by Oren Root, Sigma Phi, then a professor at the University. It was called the Alpha



chapter, and chapters were established as follows: 1870, Alpha, University of Missouri (1890); 1871, Sigma, William Jewell College (1886); 1872, Delta, Washington University (1874). The Delta chapter disbanded voluntarily, the Sigma surrendered its charter and subsequently accepted a charter from Phi Gamma Delta, and the Alpha, after a prosperous career of twenty years, became a chapter of Beta Theta Pi carrying with it into that fraternity all of its alumni. The badge was a monogram of the letters of the society name, and much resembled the badge of Sigma Phi. The color of the fraternity was white.

# STATISTICAL TABLES

## MEN'S FRATERNITIES

### MEMBERSHIP

Founded	Name	1883 (26)	1898 (29)	1912 (40)	1920 (53)	1923 (66)
1904	Acacia			1,967	4,198	6,130
1895	Alpha Chi Rho		76	882	1,975	2,617
1832	Alpha Delta Phi	5,781	7,933	11,424	13,234	13,897
1913	Alpha Epsilon Pi					300
1904	Alpha Gamma Rho				1,249	2,094
1914	Alpha Kappa Lambda					305
1906	Alpha Phi Alpha				940	2,011
1912	Alpha Phi Delta					624
1907	Alpha Sigma Phi			878	3,445	3,884
1865	Alpha Tau Omega	1,060	4,261	10,128	14,676	17,950
1914	Beta Sigma Rho					240
1839	Beta Theta Pi	4,874	10,577	18,371	24,552	28,897
1854	Chi Phi	2,146	4,048	5,762	7,664	8,871
1841	Chi Psi	2,288	3,718	5,324	6,387	7,194
1890	Delta Chi		738	3,254	5,169	6,353
1844	Delta Kappa Epsilon	8,316	12,948	17,683	21,206	21,885
1827	Delta Phi	1,854	2,914	3,995	4,682	5,168
1847	Delta Psi	2,057	2,989	3,755	4,549	4,601
1899	Delta Sigma Phi			731	1,492	3,941
1859	Delta Tau Delta	2,437	5,670	11,321	15,646	19,275
1834	Delta Upsilon	3,432	6,275	11,656	15,264	17,167
1825	Kappa Alpha	986	1,395	1,977	2,350	2,647
1865	Kappa Alpha—So.	1,087	3,855	8,258	11,271	13,060
1911	Kappa Alpha Psi				384	1,002
1905	Kappa Delta Rho				385	848
1911	Kappa Nu				247	788
1869	Kappa Sigma	1,267	3,466	11,298	17,438	22,565
1909	Lambda Chi Alpha				3,116	7,263
1919	Omega Beta Pi					267
1911	Omega Psi Phi					987
1912	Omicron Alpha Tau					332
1914	Phi Alpha					371
1912	Phi Beta Delta					975
1914	Phi Beta Sigma					900

# STATISTICAL TABLES

## MEN'S FRATERNITIES

### MEMBERSHIP

*Continued*

Founded	Name	1883 (26)	1898 (29)	1912 (40)	1920 (53)	1923 (66)
1848	Phi Delta Theta	3,367	9,609	17,845	24,119	28,883
1903	Phi Epsilon Pi				979	1,618
1848	Phi Gamma Delta	3,009	6,330	15,290	18,360	21,970
1912	Phi Kappa				825	1,745
1852	Phi Kappa Psi	3,819	7,435	12,602	16,403	17,193
1850	Phi Kappa Sigma	1,536	2,153	4,693	6,474	8,067
1906	Phi Kappa Tau				837	1,846
1918	Phi Mu Delta				457	575
1910	Phi Sigma Delta				295	1,001
1888	Phi Sigma Kappa		554	3,363	5,315	7,251
1868	Pi Kappa Alpha	307	1,061	2,934	6,151	8,268
1904	Pi Kappa Phi			123	776	2,000
1895	Pi Lambda Phi				1,177	1,466
1833	Psi Upsilon	5,757	8,585	12,093	14,140	16,123
1856	Sigma Alpha Epsilon	1,218	5,668	14,784	22,146	27,638
1909	Sigma Alpha Mu			107	1,119	1,576
1855	Sigma Chi	2,951	6,051	11,925	17,631	22,051
1860	Sigma Nu	238	2,864	9,227	14,621	18,342
1827	Sigma Phi	1,609	2,100	2,744	3,174	3,236
1901	Sigma Phi Epsilon			2,039	5,449	7,991
1908	Sigma Phi Sigma			105	602	949
1908	Sigma Pi			257	1,473	2,323
1917	Square and Compass					1,124
1914	Tau Delta Phi				315	378
1910	Tau Epsilon Phi					952
1909	Tau Kappa Epsilon			147	860	1,579
1902	Theta Chi			930	3,000	5,452
1847	Theta Delta Chi	1,830	3,411	6,389	8,189	9,484
1864	Theta Xi	243	623	1,477	3,021	4,489
1907	Triangle					1,030
1902	Zeta Beta Tau			715	1,520	2,649
1847	Zeta Psi	2,876	4,827	7,476	9,008	10,436
	Total	67,941	130,980	256,797	371,633	465,094

# STATISTICAL TABLES

## MEN'S FRATERNITIES

### ACTIVE CHAPTERS—HOUSES OWNED

Name	Active Chapters					Houses Owned		
	1883	1898	1912	1920	1923	1883	1898	1912
Acacia			25	24	27			
Alpha Chi Rho		3	12	17	19			
Alpha Delta Phi	17	23	25	25	26	5	10	19
Alpha Epsilon Pi					7			
Alpha Gamma Rho			4	14	20			
Alpha Kappa Lambda					4			
Alpha Phi Alpha				18	34			
Alpha Phi Delta					14			
Alpha Sigma Phi			10	20	23			3
Alpha Tau Omega	26	42	62	70	78		3	15
Beta Sigma Rho					6			
Beta Theta Pi	44	62	72	80	83		10	47
Chi Phi	21	19	21	22	24		5	15
Chi Psi	16	19	18	19	22	3	8	12
Delta Chi		8	21	22	23			
Delta Kappa Epsilon	29	35	42	43	43	5	9	32
Delta Phi	7	12	12	13	14		4	7
Delta Psi	9	8	7	7	7	3	7	6
Delta Sigma Phi			9	19	35			
Delta Tau Delta	32	38	56	62	66		2	24
Delta Upsilon	17	31	40	44	48	1	10	23
Kappa Alpha	4	6	7	8	8	1	3	5
Kappa Alpha—So.	18	37	47	50	54		5	9
Kappa Alpha Psi				10	18			
Kappa Delta Rho				5	10			
Kappa Nu				13	18			
Kappa Sigma	14	47	79	85	92		1	24
Lambda Chi Alpha				50	62			
Omega Beta Pi					4			
Omega Psi Phi					16			
Omicron Alpha Tau					7			
Phi Alpha					12			
Phi Beta Delta					18			

# STATISTICAL TABLES

## MEN'S FRATERNITIES

### ACTIVE CHAPTERS—HOUSES OWNED

*Continued*

Name	Active Chapters					Houses Owned		
	1883	1898	1912	1920	1923	1883	1898	1912
Phi Beta Sigma					13			
Phi Delta Theta	44	63	74	85	90		6	45
Phi Epsilon Pi				20	21			
Phi Gamma Delta	27	44	59	63	64		2	34
Phi Kappa				7	12			
Phi Kappa Psi	34	38	43	46	47	1	9	28
Phi Kappa Sigma	9	12	27	29	31		2	10
Phi Kappa Tau				8	19			
Phi Mu Delta				3	9			
Phi Sigma Delta				7	16			
Phi Sigma Kappa		8	27	30	36			6
Pi Kappa Alpha	2	13	33	45	59			4
Pi Kappa Phi			4	12	22			
Pi Lambda Phi				10	13			
Psi Upsilon	17	21	23	25	26	5	13	
Sigma Alpha Epsilon	16	54	72	90	94		2	29
Sigma Alpha Mu			5	16	28			
Sigma Chi	34	50	64	71	77		5	29
Sigma Nu	6	39	67	79	88		1	22
Sigma Phi	6	8	10	10	10	3	7	8
Sigma Phi Epsilon			29	45	49			
Sigma Phi Sigma			2	6	8			
Sigma Pi			6	12	17			
Square and Compass					22			
Tau Delta Phi				5	12			
Tau Epsilon Phi					20			
Tau Kappa Epsilon			3	13	17			1
Theta Chi			10	26	35			3
Theta Delta Chi	13	21	26	28	30		3	15
Theta Xi	3	4	14	21	27			
Triangle					8			1
Zeta Beta Tau			19	24	31			
Zeta Psi	19	20	24	24	27	3	7	14
Total (66)	505	781	1,221	1,629	2,020	30	134	513

# STATISTICAL TABLES

## MEN'S FRATERNITIES HOUSES OWNED AND VALUATIONS

Name	Valuation		Valuation		Valuation	
	1915	1915	1920	1920	1923	1923
Acacia	9	\$129,500	10	\$220,000	18	\$830,000
Alpha Chi Rho	6	116,500	6	128,000	15	390,000
Alpha Delta Phi	19	569,250	20	627,000	22	800,000
Alpha Epsilon Pi					..	.....
Alpha Gamma Rho			3	90,000	5	150,000
Alpha Kappa Lambda					2	47,000
Alpha Phi Alpha					..	.....
Alpha Phi Delta					..	.....
Alpha Sigma Phi	5	75,500	10	175,000	17	400,000
Alpha Tau Omega	25	356,000	27	388,000	53	1,300,000
Beta Sigma Rho					..	.....
Beta Theta Pi	51	977,500	62	1,261,000	72	2,173,000
Chi Phi	18	383,000	18	412,000	25	680,000
Chi Psi	14	476,000	15	501,000	21	971,000
Delta Chi	8	143,000	6	150,000	15	575,000
Delta Kappa Epsilon	38	840,000	40	965,000	41	1,250,000
Delta Phi	7	282,965	9	363,000	11	563,000
Delta Psi	6	360,500	7	395,000	7	500,000
Delta Sigma Phi	1	15,000	2	40,000	15	225,000
Delta Tau Delta	28	512,500	29	559,500	50	1,275,000
Delta Upsilon	28	531,500	35	673,000	42	1,195,000
Kappa Alpha	5	178,500	6	179,000	7	250,000
Kappa Alpha—So.	8	65,500	16	160,000	26	500,000
Kappa Alpha Psi					..	.....
Kappa Delta Rho			3	55,000	4	100,000
Kappa Nu					..	.....
Kappa Sigma	29	381,600	39	675,000	62	1,165,000
Lambda Chi Alpha	5	83,000	7	101,000	33	750,000
Omega Beta Pi					1	20,000
Omega Psi Phi					..	.....
Omicron Alpha Tau					..	.....
Phi Alpha					1	18,000
Phi Beta Delta					2	55,000

# STATISTICAL TABLES

## MEN'S FRATERNITIES HOUSES OWNED AND VALUATIONS

*Continued*

Name	Valuation		Valuation		Valuation	
	1915	1915	1920	1920	1923	1923
Phi Beta Sigma					..	.....
Phi Delta Theta	57	900,500	64	1,246,000	76	2,216,000
Phi Epsilon Pi					7	220,000
Phi Gamma Delta	43	738,000	48	989,000	57	1,254,000
Phi Kappa					..	.....
Phi Kappa Psi	34	581,600	34	674,000	43	1,500,000
Phi Kappa Sigma	12	285,500	15	366,000	22	650,000
Phi Kappa Tau			2	20,000	10	175,000
Phi Mu Delta					1	10,000
Phi Sigma Delta					6	130,000
Phi Sigma Kappa	9	188,000	16	349,000	20	605,000
Pi Kappa Alpha	8	52,700	13	164,000	35	477,000
Pi Kappa Phi					2	35,000
Pi Lambda Phi					..	.....
Psi Upsilon	21	622,000	23	667,000	24	1,124,000
Sigma Alpha Epsilon	30	459,200	43	703,000	68	1,300,000
Sigma Alpha Mu					..	.....
Sigma Chi	37	662,500	38	698,000	58	1,587,000
Sigma Nu	29	409,950	36	522,000	59	825,000
Sigma Phi	9	239,000	9	261,000	10	325,000
Sigma Phi Epsilon	3	58,000	10	151,000	23	615,000
Sigma Phi Sigma	1	35,000	1	35,000	4	94,000
Sigma Pi	..	.....	2	55,000	9	256,000
Square and Compass					..	.....
Tau Delta Phi					..	.....
Tau Epsilon Phi					1	35,000
Tau Kappa Epsilon	2	17,000	3	30,000	11	232,000
Theta Chi	4	37,500	6	68,000	23	575,000
Theta Delta Chi	14	256,750	14	261,000	21	673,000
Theta Xi	4	143,000	5	168,000	8	243,000
Triangle					6	118,000
Zeta Beta Tau					12	300,000
Zeta Psi	15	447,000	20	553,000	24	1,070,000
Total (66)	642	\$12,610,515	772	\$16,097,500	1207	\$32,826,000

# STATISTICAL TABLES

## WOMEN'S FRATERNITIES

### MEMBERSHIP

Founded	Name	1883 (4)	1898 (7)	1912 (18)	1920 (19)	1923 (21)
1885	Alpha Chi Omega			2,020	3,794	5,746
1904	Alpha Delta Pi			2,205	3,145	4,314
1909	Alpha Epsilon Phi					704
1904	Alpha Gamma Delta			537	1,597	3,186
1897	Alpha Omicron Pi			881	2,276	3,232
1872	Alpha Phi		832	2,316	3,401	5,009
1893	Alpha Xi Delta			1,082	2,480	4,340
1895	Chi Omega			2,181	4,825	8,027
1888	Delta Delta Delta		643	3,152	7,770	9,943
1874	Delta Gamma	126	1,205	3,121	5,361	7,041
1902	Delta Zeta			246	1,386	2,696
1874	Gamma Phi Beta	271	633	1,221	3,581	5,333
1870	Kappa Alpha Theta	78	2,339	4,876	8,133	11,026
1897	Kappa Delta			1,006	2,360	4,238
1870	Kappa Kappa Gamma	558	2,937	5,626	9,329	11,696
1904	Phi Mu			1,705	3,527	4,523
1910	Phi Omega Pi				626	1,177
1888	Pi Beta Phi		3,119	6,253	10,571	13,655
1874	Sigma Kappa		150	884	1,908	3,310
1912	Theta Phi Alpha					450
1898	Zeta Tau Alpha			65	1,688	3,449
	Total (21)	1,033	11,858	39,967	77,758	113,095



# STATISTICAL TABLES

## WOMEN'S FRATERNITIES ACTIVE CHAPTERS—HOUSES OWNED

Name	Active Chapters					Houses Owned	
	1883	1898	1912	1920	1923	1898	1912
Alpha Chi Omega			18	26	37		1
Alpha Delta Pi			15	27	35		2
Alpha Epsilon Phi					16		
Alpha Gamma Delta			9	19	27		
Alpha Omicron Pi			14	24	25		1
Alpha Phi	2	5	17	21	25	1	5
Alpha Xi Delta			16	27	35		1
Chi Omega			24	42	60		5
Delta Delta Delta		5	38	61	63		2
Delta Gamma	10	12	22	30	35	1	4
Delta Zeta			7	22	30		
Gamma Phi Beta	2	5	14	23	29		4
Kappa Alpha Theta	11	20	33	43	50	1	8
Kappa Delta			15	24	38		
Kappa Kappa Gamma	18	22	36	44	48		4
Phi Mu			9	29	38		1
Phi Omega Pi				10	13		
Pi Beta Phi		19	43	60	65		8
Sigma Kappa	1	1	10	19	29		1
Theta Phi Alpha					10		
Zeta Tau Alpha			12	21	36		
Total	44	89	352	572	744	3	47

# STATISTICAL TABLES

## WOMEN'S FRATERNITIES HOUSES OWNED AND VALUATIONS

Name	Valuation		Valuation		Valuation	
	1915	1915	1920	1920	1923	1923
Alpha Chi Omega	1	\$3,000	5	\$103,000	10	\$205,000
Alpha Delta Pi	1	1,200	1	1,200	9	105,000
Alpha Epsilon Phi						
Alpha Gamma Delta	2	26,000	4	60,000	5	80,000
Alpha Omicron Pi	2	15,200	4	38,000	5	260,000
Alpha Phi	6	97,000	6	97,000	11	235,000
Alpha Xi Delta	3	41,600	6	75,000	13	300,000
Chi Omega	6	67,500	5	61,000	8	110,000
Delta Delta Delta	5	36,800	11	115,000	24	500,000
Delta Gamma	8	118,500	9	165,000	20	380,000
Delta Zeta	..	.....	..	.....	9	180,000
Gamma Phi Beta	7	95,200	10	118,000	13	308,500
Kappa Alpha Theta	9	105,250	9	122,000	20	350,000
Kappa Delta	2	5,100	2	6,000	6	94,000
Kappa Kappa Gamma	9	125,250	9	135,000	13	200,000
Phi Mu	1	1,500	1	1,500	8	122,000
Phi Omega Pi			..	.....	2	40,000
Pi Beta Phi	11	113,200	15	211,000	21	400,000
Sigma Kappa	1	20,000	2	24,000	10	178,000
Theta Phi Alpha					..	.....
Zeta Tau Alpha	2	3,000	2	3,000	5	33,000
Total (21)	76	\$875,300	100	\$1,335,700	219	\$4,080,500

## DIRECTORY OF COLLEGES AND CHAPTERS

THE name of the college<sup>1</sup> or other institution is first given, then its location and the date of its opening, and the religious denomination under the auspices of which it is administered, when known. Within the last few years many of the denominational colleges have become non-sectarian. As a matter of fact most of them have been practically so long prior to such formal action.

Then follows a list of fraternity chapters arranged in substantially the following order: First, the men's fraternities, listed where practicable, in the order of their original establishment; then the women's fraternities, similarly arranged; and finally, the professional and then the honorary societies.

Societies not belonging to the fraternity system, but bearing Greek names, are omitted and societies belonging to the fraternity system and not bearing Greek names are usually omitted unless their classification is certain.

Corrections of the order in which the chapters should be listed and of other data are solicited.

ABINGDON COLLEGE, Abingdon, Ill., 1853—Delta Tau Delta, 1875-76.

ADELBERT COLLEGE, see WESTERN RESERVE UNIVERSITY.

<sup>1</sup> Many colleges are seldom called by their correct names. "The College of New Jersey" was universally called "Princeton," until finally the colloquial designation was made the official one. The Alabama Polytechnic Institute is usually called "Auburn"; the University of the South "Seawanee"; Iowa State College "Ames" to distinguish it from Iowa State University at Iowa City; "Columbia," means the University of Missouri in the West on account of its location at Columbia, Mo., and "Madison" means the University of Wisconsin.

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ADELPHI COLLEGE, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1905; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1907; Delta Gamma, 1908; Delta Delta Delta, 1911; Phi Mu, 1913; Alpha Epsilon Phi, 1916; Delta Zeta, 1922.

ADRIAN COLLEGE, Adrian, Mich., 1859, Meth. Prot.—Delta Tau Delta, 1878-84; Alpha Tau Omega, 1881; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1887; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1882; Delta Delta Delta, 1890.

AKRON, MUNICIPAL UNIVERSITY OF (formerly called Buchtel College), Akron, O., 1872, non-sectarian, formerly Universalist.—Delta Tau Delta, 1873-95; Phi Delta Theta, 1875-96; Pi Kappa Epsilon, 1882 (local); Zeta Alpha Epsilon, (local) 1897; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1919; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1877; Delta Gamma, 1879; Phi Mu, 1912; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1921.

ALABAMA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, Auburn, Ala., 1872.—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1878; Phi Delta Theta, 1879; Alpha Tau Omega, 1879; Kappa Alpha, 1883; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1895; Sigma Nu, 1890; Kappa Sigma, 1900; Delta Sigma Phi, 1908-11; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1908; Alpha Psi, 1912; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1915; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1916; Theta Chi, 1918; Sigma Iota; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1919; Phi Kappa Phi, 1914; Tau Beta Pi, 1921.

Alpha Epsilon Pi, 1921; Kappa Delta, 1922.

ALABAMA, UNIVERSITY OF, University P. O., Ala. 1831.—Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1847; Alpha Delta Phi, 1850-57; Phi Gamma Delta, 1855; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1856; Kappa Sigma, 1869; Sigma Nu, 1874; Phi Delta Theta, 1877; Sigma Chi, 1876; Alpha Tau Omega, 1885; Kappa Alpha, 1885; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1903. Pi Kappa Phi, 1917; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1918; Chi Phi, 1920; Kappa Nu, 1921; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1919; Zeta Beta Tau, 1916.

*Medical Department at Mobile.* Phi Chi, 1904; Kappa Psi, 1905-13; Phi Beta Pi, 1906; Kappa Phi, 1911.

*Women's Department.* Kappa Delta, 1904; Alpha Delta Pi, 1907-09; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1910; Delta Delta Delta, 1914. Alpha Gamma Delta, 1921; Delta Zeta, 1922; Chi Omega, 1922. Phi Beta Kappa, 1851; Sigma Upsilon, 1914. Phi Delta Phi, 1922; Phi Alpha Delta, 1922; Theta Tau, 1922.

ALABAMA WOMAN'S COLLEGE, Montgomery, Ala.—Alpha Delta Pi, 1910-13; Phi Mu Gamma, 1911-15; Beta Sigma Omicron, 1911-14; Kappa Delta, 1912-13.

ALBION COLLEGE, Albion, Mich., 1861, M. E.—Delta Tau Delta, 1876; Sigma Chi, 1886; Alpha Tau Omega, 1889; Sigma Nu, 1895; Delta Gamma, 1883; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1887–1908; Alpha Chi Omega, 1887; Alpha Xi Delta, 1915; Delta Sigma Phi, 1917; Delta Sigma Rho, 1911.

ALFRED UNIVERSITY, Alfred, N. Y.—Delta Sigma Phi, 1920.

ALLEGHENY COLLEGE, Meadville, Pa., 1817, M. E.—Phi Kappa Psi, 1855; Phi Gamma Delta, 1860; Delta Tau Delta, 1863; Phi Delta Theta, 1879; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1887; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1908–08; Alpha Chi Rho, 1914; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1876; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1888; Alpha Chi Omega, 1891; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1912; Phi Beta Kappa, 1902; Delta Sigma Rho, 1913; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1913.

AMERICAN CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, Chicago, Ill.—Sigma Alpha Iota, 1906.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF APPLIED MUSIC, New York, N. Y.—Phi Mu Alpha, 1900–01.

AMERICAN SCHOOL OF OSTEOPATHY, Kirksville, Mo.—Iota Tau Sigma, 1902; Delta Omega, 1904; Phi Sigma Gamma, 1915.

AMHERST COLLEGE, Amherst, Mass., 1821, non-sect. (formerly Cong.)—Alpha Delta Phi, 1836; Psi Upsilon, 1841; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1846; Delta Upsilon, 1847; Zeta Psi 1858–59; Chi Psi, 1864; Chi Phi, 1873; Beta Theta Pi, 1883; Theta Delta Chi, 1885; Phi Delta Theta, 1888; Phi Gamma Delta, 1893; Phi Kappa Psi, 1895; Delta Tau Delta, 1918; Phi Beta Kappa, 1853; Delta Sigma Rho, 1913.

ARIZONA, UNIVERSITY OF, Tucson, Ariz.—Kappa Sigma, 1915; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1917; Sigma Nu, 1918; Sigma Chi, 1919; Phi Delta Theta, 1922; Tau Delta Psi, 1917 (local); Omega Kappa, 1919 (local).

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1917; Pi Beta Phi, 1917; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1920; Gamma Phi Beta, 1922; Chi Omega, 1922; Phi Kappa Phi, 1916.

ARKANSAS, UNIVERSITY OF, Fayetteville, Ark., 1872.—Alpha Tau Omega, 1882–82; Kappa Sigma, 1890; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1894; Kappa Alpha, 1895; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1904; Sigma Nu, 1904; Sigma Chi, 1905; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1907; Chi Omega, 1895; Zeta Tau

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Alpha, 1903; Chi Zeta Chi, 1906-12; Pi Beta Phi, 1909; Delta Delta Delta, 1913; Phi Alpha Delta, 1907; Delta Theta Phi, 1908; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1912; Phi Chi, 1915; Tau Beta Pi, 1914; Phi Alpha Tau, 1917; Alpha Zeta, 1917.

ARMOUR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, Chicago, Ill.—Phi Kappa Sigma, 1898; Delta Tau Delta, 1901; Sigma Kappa Delta, 1912 (local); Beta Phi, 1913; Tau Beta Pi, 1906; Eta Kappa Nu, 1909; Tau Delta Phi, 1920; Theta Xi, 1922; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1922.

ATLANTA COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, Atlanta, Ga., 1854.—Chi Zeta Chi, 1905-13; Phi Chi, 1905; Kappa Psi, 1909.

ATLANTA MEDICAL COLLEGE, Atlanta, Ga.—See Emory University.

ATLANTA SCHOOL OF LAW, Atlanta, Ga.—Delta Theta Phi, 1914; Sigma Delta Kappa, 1921.

ATLANTA SCHOOL OF MEDICINE, Atlanta, Ga.—Chi Zeta Chi, 1906-13; Phi Chi, 1907.

ATLANTA SOUTHERN DENTAL COLLEGE, Atlanta, Ga., 1893.—Psi Omega, 1900; Xi Psi Phi, 1912. Psi Omega, 1918; Delta Sigma Delta, 1921.

AUSTIN COLLEGE, Sherman, Tex., 1849.—Phi Delta Theta, 1853-58; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1865-65; Alpha Tau Omega, 1895-00.

BAILEY LAW SCHOOL, Asheville, N. C.—Sigma Nu, 1871-71.

BAKER UNIVERSITY, Baldwin, Kans., 1858, M. E.—Phi Gamma Delta, 1865-68; Kappa Sigma, 1903; Delta Tau Delta, 1903; Zeta Chi, 1905 (local); Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1910; Delta Delta Delta, 1895; Alpha Chi Omega, 1907; Delta Zeta, 1910; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1912; Phi Mu, 1916.

BALLSTON LAW SCHOOL, Ballston Spa., N. Y.—Theta Delta Chi, 1848-49.

BALTIMORE COLLEGE OF DENTAL SURGERY, Baltimore, Md., 1839.—Psi Omega, 1892; Xi Psi Phi, 1893; Alpha Omega, 1920.

BALTIMORE COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, Baltimore, Md., 1872.—Now University of Maryland.

BALTIMORE MEDICAL COLLEGE, Baltimore, Md., 1881.—Now University of Maryland.

## DIRECTORY—COLLEGES AND CHAPTERS 763

BARNARD COLLEGE, The Women's Department of Columbia University.

BATES COLLEGE, Lewiston, Me.—Delta Sigma Rho, 1915; Phi Beta Kappa, 1917.

BAYLOR UNIVERSITY, Independence, Tex., 1845.—Phi Gamma Delta, 1865-86; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1858-61; Kappa Psi, 1910-14; Phi Alpha Sigma, 1921; Delta Sigma Delta, 1922; Phi Beta Pi, 1920.

BELMONT COLLEGE, Nashville, Tenn., see Ward-Belmont College.

BELOIT COLLEGE, Beloit, Wis., 1846, non-sect. (formerly Cong.)—Beta Theta Pi, 1860; Phi Kappa Psi, 1881; Sigma Chi, 1882; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1915; Tau Kappa Epsilon, 1917; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1917.

Pi Beta Phi, 1919; Kappa Delta, 1920; Delta Gamma, 1922; Delta Psi Delta (local sorority).

Delta Sigma Rho, 1909; Phi Beta Kappa, 1911; Sigma Delta Chi, 1915.

BENJAMIN HARRISON LAW SCHOOL, Indianapolis, Ind.—Sigma Delta Kappa, 1915.

BENTON COLLEGE OF LAW, St. Louis, Mo.—Sigma Delta Kappa, 1915.

BETHANY COLLEGE, Bethany, W. Va., 1840, Christian.—Phi Kappa Psi, 1859-82; Delta Tau Delta, 1859-95; Beta Theta Pi, 1860; Sigma Nu, 1883; Kappa Alpha, 1903; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1903-05; Alpha Xi Delta, 1903; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1905.

BETHEL ACADEMY, Warrenton, Va.—Alpha Tau Omega, 1873-75; Kappa Alpha, 1878-79; Kappa Sigma, 1880-82.

BETHEL COLLEGE, Russellville, Ky., 1854, Pres.—Phi Gamma Delta, 1856-12; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1858; Alpha Tau Omega, 1872-72; Sigma Nu, 1884-04; Kappa Sigma, 1894-02.

BINGHAM HIGH SCHOOL, N. C.—Alpha Tau Omega, 1881-96.

BIRMINGHAM MEDICAL COLLEGE, Birmingham, Ala., 1894.—Phi Chi, 1905; Kappa Psi, 1906; Chi Zeta Chi, 1911-13; Delta Omicron Alpha, 1911.

BIRMINGHAM-SOUTHERN COLLEGE, Birmingham, Ala. (merger) 1897 and 1856, M. E.—Pi Kappa Alpha, 1871; Sigma Alpha Epsilon,

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1878; Sigma Chi, 1879-82; Kappa Alpha, 1882; Alpha Tau Omega, 1885; Phi Delta Theta, 1887-96.

Zeta Tau Alpha, 1922.

BOLIVAR COLLEGE, Bolivar, Tenn.—Delta Gamma, 1878-81

BOSCOBEL COLLEGE, Nashville, Tenn.—Eta Upsilon Gamma, 1910-15.

BOSTON UNIVERSITY, Boston, Mass., 1865, M. E.—Beta Theta Pi, 1876-15; Theta Delta Chi, 1877-1912; Delta Tau Delta, 1889-92; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1892; Lambda, 1912 (local); Lambda Chi Alpha, 1911; Zeta Beta Tau, 1908; Kappa Nu, 1917; Tau Delta Phi, 1917; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1917; Delta Sigma Phi, 1920; Phi Sigma Delta, 1922; Alpha Sigma (local); Kappa Phi Alpha (local).

Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1882; Alpha Phi, 1883; Gamma Phi Beta, 1887; Delta Delta Delta, 1888; Pi Beta Phi, 1896; Sigma Kappa, 1904; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1912; Alpha Delta Pi, 1911; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1913.

Phi Delta Phi, 1885; Phi Alpha Gamma, 1896; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1902; Alpha Sigma, 1898; Phi Beta Kappa, 1899; Delta Theta Phi, 1915; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1916; Delta Sigma Pi, 1916; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1922; Nu Sigma Phi, 1922.

BOWDOIN COLLEGE, Brunswick, Me., 1802, non-sect (formerly Cong.)—Alpha Delta Phi, 1841; Psi Upsilon, 1843; Chi Psi, 1844; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1844; Theta Delta Chi, 1854; Delta Upsilon, 1857; Zeta Psi, 1868; Kappa Sigma, 1895; Beta Theta Pi, 1900; Sigma Nu, 1918; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1897; Phi Chi, 1900; Phi Beta Kappa, 1825; Phi Delta Psi (local).

BRADFORD-DURFEE TEXTILE SCHOOL, Fall River, Mass.—Phi Psi, 1909.

BRENAU COLLEGE, Gainesville, Ga., 1878.—Phi Mu Gamma, 1902-14; Beta Sigma Omicron, 1907-14; Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1909-14; Alpha Delta Pi, 1910; Phi Mu, 1910; Eta Upsilon Gamma, 1910-11; Sigma Iota Chi, 1910-14; Alpha Chi Omega, 1911; Mu Phi Epsilon, 1911-13; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1911; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1913; Delta Delta Delta, 1914; Zeta Phi Eta, 1916.

BROAD ST. CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, Philadelphia, Pa.—See Combs Broad St. Conservatory.



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BROOKLYN POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Phi Kappa Psi, 1893-12; Alpha Chi Rho, 1896; Zeta Beta Tau, 1910; Psi Sigma (local), 1901; Phi Beta Delta, 1918.

BROWN UNIVERSITY, Providence, R. I., 1765, Bap.—Alpha Delta Phi, 1836; Delta Phi, 1838; Psi Upsilon, 1840; Beta Theta Pi, 1849; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1850; Delta Psi, 1852-53; Zeta Psi, 1852; Theta Delta Chi, 1853; Chi Psi, 1860-71; Delta Upsilon, 1868; Chi Phi, 1872-95; Phi Delta Theta, 1889; Alpha Tau Omega, 1894; Delta Tau Delta, 1896; Phi Kappa, 1892; Kappa Sigma, 1898; Phi Gamma Delta, 1902; Phi Kappa Psi, 1902; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1906; Sigma Nu, 1912; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1912; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1912; Sigma Chi, 1914; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1897-1912; Sigma Kappa, 1908-12; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1908-09; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1916.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1830; Sigma Xi, 1900; Delta Sigma Rho, 1909.

BUCHTEL COLLEGE, Akron, O., 1872, see Akron, Municipal University of.

BUCKNELL UNIVERSITY, Lewisburg, Pa., 1848, Bap.—Phi Kappa Psi, 1855; Sigma Chi, 1864; Theta Delta Chi, 1865-71; Phi Gamma Delta, 1882; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1893; Kappa Sigma, 1896; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1913; Kappa Delta Rho, 1921; Delta Sigma (local), 1899; Gamma Lambda Sigma (local), 1903.

Pi Beta Phi, 1895; Alpha Chi Omega, 1898; Delta Delta Delta, 1904; Kappa Delta, 1915; Phi Mu, 1922.

BUFFALO GAP COLLEGE, Buffalo, Tex.—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1888-88.

BUFFALO NORMAL COLLEGE, Buffalo, N. Y.—Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1911.

BUFFALO, UNIVERSITY OF, Buffalo, N. Y., 1887.—Beta Phi Sigma, 1889; Phi Delta Phi, 1891; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1895; Delta Chi, 1897; Xi Psi Phi, 1898; Psi Omega, 1901-12; Delta Sigma Delta, 1901; Nu Sigma Nu, 1905; Phi Rho Sigma, 1911; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1916; Kappa Nu, 1917. Alpha Omega, 1909; Beta Sigma Rho, 1920; Kappa Psi, 1920.

Sigma Kappa, 1920; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1922.

BURLINGTON COLLEGE, N. J., Epis.—Delta Psi, 1849-54.

BUTLER COLLEGE (formerly called Northwestern Christian Univer-

sity, then Butler University).—It is the academic department of the UNIVERSITY OF INDIANAPOLIS, Indianapolis, Ind., non-sect. (formerly Christian)—Phi Delta Theta, 1859; Sigma Chi, 1865; Delta Tau Delta, 1875; Beta Theta Pi, 1878-81; Kappa Sigma, 1891-93; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1916.

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1874; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1878; Pi Beta Phi, 1897; Delta Delta Delta, 1914; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1908; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1919.

CALDWELL COLLEGE, Danville, Ky.—Kappa Delta, 1907-08.

CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, Pasadena, Cal.—Tau Beta Pi, 1921. Gnome (local), 1897; Pharos (local), 1921; Pi Alpha Tau (local), 1921.

CALIFORNIA, UNIVERSITY of, Berkeley, Cal, 1868.—Zeta Psi, 1870; Phi Delta Theta, 1873; Chi Phi, 1875; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1876; Beta Theta Pi, 1879; Phi Gamma Delta, 1886; Sigma Chi, 1886; Sigma Nu, 1892; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1894; Chi Psi, 1895; Kappa Alpha, 1895; Delta Upsilon, 1896; Delta Tau Delta, 1898; Phi Kappa Psi, 1899; Theta Delta Chi, 1900; Alpha Tau Omega, 1900; Kappa Sigma, 1901; Psi Upsilon, 1902; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1903; Acacia, 1905; Alpha Delta Phi, 1908; Pi Kappa Phi, 1908; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1909; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1910; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1912; Sigma Phi, 1912; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1913; Sigma Pi, 1913; Theta Chi, 1913; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1913; Delta Sigma Phi, 1916; Sigma Phi Sigma, 1916; Tau Kappa Epsilon, 1919; Zeta Beta Tau, 1920; Phi Kappa Tau, 1921; Kappa Nu, 1922.

Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1880; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1890; Gamma Phi Beta, 1896; Delta Delta Delta, 1900; Pi Beta Phi, 1900; Alpha Phi, 1901; Chi Omega, 1902; Delta Gamma, 1907; Alpha Chi Omega, 1909; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1907; Alpha Xi Delta, 1909; Sigma Kappa, 1910; Alpha Delta Pi, 1913; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1914; Delta Zeta, 1915; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1915; Phi Omega Pi, 1919; Kappa Delta, 1917; Phi Mu, 1916.

Phi Delta Phi (San Francisco), 1884; (Berkeley), 1913; Delta Sigma Delta, 1891; Xi Psi Phi, 1894; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1899; Nu Sigma Nu, 1900; Psi Omega, 1903; Alpha Epsilon Iota, 1905; Phi Chi, 1908; Alpha Epsilon Iota (Los Angeles), 1909; Alpha Zeta, 1909; Theta Xi, 1910; Kappa Psi, 1910; Delta Chi, 1910; Theta Tau, 1911; Phi Alpha Delta, 1911; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1913;

Omega Upsilon Phi, 1914; Phi Lambda Upsilon, 1913; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1921; Alpha Omega, 1921; Delta Sigma Pi, 1922; Delta Theta Phi, 1922; Nu Sigma Phi, 1922.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1898; Sigma Xi, 1902; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1906; Tau Beta Pi, 1906, Beta Gamma Sigma, 1913; Phi Delta Kappa, 1913.

CALLANAN COLLEGE, Des Moines, Iowa, 1879.—Pi Beta Phi, 1886-89.

CAMPBELL-HAGEMAN COLLEGE, Lexington, Ky.—Sigma Iota Chi, 1907-12.

CARLETON COLLEGE, Northfield, Minn., 1867, Cong.—Phi Kappa Psi, 1883-88; Delta Sigma Rho, 1911; Phi Beta Kappa, 1914.

CARNEGIE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, Pittsburgh, Pa.—Sigma Nu, 1916; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1916; Delta Upsilon, 1917; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1919; Xi Sigma Upsilon, 1908 (local); Alpha Kappa Psi, 1910; Beta Theta Pi, 1920; Kappa Sigma, 1921; Beta Sigma Rho, 1922; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1922; Delta Epsilon Omega, 1916 (local); Delta Tau Delta, 1923; Theta Xi, 1912; Tau Beta Pi, 1916; Theta Tau, 1922.

CAROLINA MILITARY INSTITUTE, Charlotte, N. C.—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1876-77.

CARROLL COLLEGE, Waukesha, Wis.—Tau Kappa Epsilon, 1919; Beta Pi Epsilon, 1906 (local); Beta Chi Delta (local women); Kappa Gamma Phi (local women); Theta Pi Delta, 1918 (local women); Phi Alpha Tau, 1912.

CARTHAGE COLLEGE, Carthage, Ill., 1869, Luth.—Pi Beta Phi, 1882-88.

CASE SCHOOL OF APPLIED SCIENCE, Cleveland, O.—Zeta Psi, 1885; Phi Delta Theta, 1896; Kappa Sigma, 1903; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1905; Beta Theta Pi, 1905; Phi Kappa Psi, 1906; Sigma Nu, 1907; Zeta Beta Tau, 1909; Sigma Chi, 1909; Theta Tau, 1911; Sigma Tau Delta (local), 1909; Tau Gamma Psi (local), 1922.

Tau Beta Pi, 1900; Sigma Xi, 1904; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1906; Eta Kappa Nu, 1910.

CENTENARY COLLEGE, Shreveport, La., 1825., M. E., moved from Jackson, La., 1908.—Phi Kappa Sigma, 1855-61; Delta Kappa

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Epsilon, 1857-62; Chi Phi, 1858-61; Kappa Sigma, 1885-04; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1860-61; Kappa Alpha, 1891; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1902-05.

CENTENARY COLLEGE, Cleveland, Tenn.—Phi Mu Gamma, 1909; Beta Sigma Omicron, 1909; Eta Upsilon Gamma, 1914.

CENTRAL COLLEGE, Iowa—Phi Kappa Delta, 1914.

CENTRAL COLLEGE, Fayette, Mo., 1857, M. E.—Phi Delta Theta, 1876-78; Sigma Nu, 1892-1902.

CENTRAL COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, Lexington, Mo.—Eta Upsilon Gamma, 1903; Beta Sigma Omicron, 1908.

CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, Danville, Ky., formed by the union of two Presbyterian colleges, viz.: Central University and Centre College. The academic department is still called Centre College. .

CENTRAL UNIVERSITY,<sup>1</sup> Richmond, Ky., 1874, Pres.—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1882; Sigma Nu, 1883-1901; Alpha Tau Omega, 1884-90; Phi Delta Theta, 1885; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1885.

CENTRE COLLEGE,<sup>1</sup> Danville, Ky., 1819, Pres.—Beta Theta Pi, 1848; Phi Delta Theta, 1850; Phi Gamma Delta, 1856-56; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1860-62; Sigma Chi, 1876; Kappa Alpha, 1883; Phi Kappa Tau, 1914.

CHATHAM INSTITUTE, Chatham, Va.—Kappa Delta, 1902-04.

CHATTANOOGA COLLEGE OF LAW, Chattanooga, Tenn.—Delta Theta Pi, 1907; Sigma Delta Theta, 1917.

CHATTANOOGA MEDICAL COLLEGE, Chattanooga, Tenn.—Phi Chi, 1906-10.

CHATTANOOGA, UNIVERSITY OF, Chattanooga, Tenn.—Chi Omega, 1919.

CHEVY CHASE COLLEGE, Chevy Chase, Md.—Phi Mu, 1907-10.

CHICAGO COLLEGE OF DENTAL SURGERY, 1883. Now a department of Valparaiso University at one time independent and for a time connected with the University of Illinois—Delta Sigma Delta, 1885;

<sup>1</sup> These colleges were united in 1901 under the name of Central University, but located at Danville. The Collegiate department is called Centre College.

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Xi Psi Phi, 1896; Psi Omega, 1896; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1902; Phi Delta, 1904; Chi Zeta Chi, 1907-09.

CHICAGO COLLEGE OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY, Chicago, Ill.—Phi Chi, 1907; Phi Delta, 1908; Aleph Yodh He, 1908.

CHICAGO COLLEGE OF OSTEOPATHY, Chicago, Ill.—Iota Tau Sigma, 1911; Phi Sigma Gamma, 1915.

CHICAGO COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, now the University of Illinois College of Medicine.

CHICAGO CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, Chicago, Ill.—Mu Phi Epsilon, 1906-10.

CHICAGO HOMEOPATHIC MEDICAL COLLEGE, Chicago, Ill.—Phi Alpha Gamma, 1897.

CHICAGO KENT COLLEGE OF LAW, Chicago, Ill.—Delta Chi, 1894; Phi Delta Phi, 1896; Phi Alpha Delta, 1897; Delta Theta Phi, 1909.

CHICAGO LAW SCHOOL, Chicago, Ill., 1896—Phi Alpha Delta, 1901; Sigma Delta Kappa, 1914.

CHICAGO MUSICAL COLLEGE, Chicago, Ill.—Mu Phi Epsilon, 1910.

CHICAGO SCHOOL OF PHYSICAL EXPRESSION, Chicago, Ill.—Omega Upsilon, 1909.

CHICAGO, UNIVERSITY OF, Chicago, Ill., Bap.—Zeta Psi, 1864-87; Phi Kappa Psi, 1865; Phi Delta Theta, 1865; Beta Theta Pi, 1868; Psi Upsilon, 1869; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1871; Sigma Nu, 1895; Alpha Delta Phi, 1896; Sigma Chi, 1897; Pi Lambda Phi, 1897; Delta Tau Delta, 1898; Chi Psi, 1898; Delta Upsilon, 1901; Phi Gamma Delta, 1902; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1903; Delta Chi, 1903; Alpha Tau Omega, 1904; Kappa Sigma, 1904; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1906; Acacia, 1908; Delta Sigma Phi, 1910; Beta Phi, 1912; Tau Kappa Epsilon, 1917; Kappa Alpha Psi, 1918; Zeta Beta Tau, 1918; Phi Beta Delta, 1919; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1920; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1920; Kappa Nu, 1921; Omega Beta Pi, 1921; Phi Sigma Delta, 1921; Tau Delta Phi, 1921.

Nu Sigma Nu, 1893; Phi Rho Sigma, 1895; Alpha Epsilon Iota, 1903-13; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1901; Phi Beta Pi, 1901; Phi Alpha Delta, 1902; Phi Delta Phi, 1902; Phi Chi, 1905; Delta Theta Phi, 1909; Delta Theta Chi (divinity school), 1912; Mu Sigma Phi, 1902; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1918; Phi Lambda Kappa, 1914; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1920; Sigma Delta Kappa, 1922.

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Phi Beta Kappa, 1899; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1902 (at Rush Medical College); Sigma Xi, 1903; Delta Sigma Rho, 1906; Gamma Alpha, 1908; Phi Delta Kappa, 1910; Sigma Delta Chi, 1915; Coif, 1904.

CHRISTIAN COLLEGE, Columbia, Mo.—Eta Upsilon Gamma, 1901-15; Beta Sigma Omicron, 1910-15; Phi Mu Gamma, 1914-15.

CINCINNATI COLLEGE, Cincinnati, O.—Alpha Delta Phi, 1840-51; Beta Theta Pi, 1840-43.

CINCINNATI COLLEGE LAW SCHOOL, Cincinnati, O., 1813—Phi Delta Phi, 1886.

CINCINNATI COLLEGE OF MUSIC, Cincinnati, O.—Phi Mu Alpha, 1903; Sigma Alpha Iota, 1914; Beta Pi Omega, 1914; Delta Omicron, 1918.

CINCINNATI CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, Cincinnati, O.—Sigma Iota Chi, 1904-15; Pi Kappa Phi, 1913-15; Delta Omicron, 1909; Phi Mu Alpha, 1914; Sigma Alpha Iota, 1915; Mu Phi Epsilon, 1915; Phi Beta, 1918.

CINCINNATI, UNIVERSITY OF, Cincinnati, O., 1873—Sigma Chi, 1882; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1889; Beta Theta Pi, 1890; Phi Delta Theta, 1898; Delta Tau Delta, 1909; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1910; Alpha Nu Sigma (local), 1912; Sigma Delta Pi (local), 1913; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1917; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1919; Phi Beta Delta, 1920; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1920; Kappa Nu, 1921; Alpha Tau Omega, 1922; Tau Delta Phi, 1920; Triangle, 1921.

Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1885; Delta Delta Delta, 1892; Kappa Delta, 1913; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1913; Chi Omega, 1913; Delta Zeta, 1916; Alpha Chi Omega, 1919; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1920.

Phi Alpha Delta, 1908; Nu Sigma Nu, 1892; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1901; Pi Kappa Sigma, 1916; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1908; Phi Beta Kappa, 1899; Tau Beta Pi, 1915; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1914; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1917; Phi Chi, 1918; Kappa Psi, 1919.

CLARKSON COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY, Potsdam, N. Y.—Omicron Pi Omicron, 1903; Sigma Delta, 1904; Lambda Iota (local); Theta Pi (local).

CLEVELAND LAW SCHOOL, Cleveland, O.—Delta Theta Phi, 1900.

CLEVELAND PULTE MEDICAL COLLEGE, Cleveland, O.—Alpha Sigma, 1898.

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COE COLLEGE, Cedar Rapids, Iowa—Tau Kappa Epsilon, 1916; Phi Kappa Tau, 1920; Delta Phi Epsilon (local), 1901; Beta Phi Omega (local), 1909; Phi Alpha Pi (local), 1914; Sigma Phi Delta (local), 1916; Chi Alpha Epsilon (local), 1917.

Kappa Delta, 1911; Delta Delta Delta, 1912; Chi Omega, 1914; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1917; Alpha Xi Delta, 1918.

COLBY COLLEGE, Waterville, Me., 1820, Bap.—Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1846; Zeta Psi, 1850; Delta Upsilon, 1852; Phi Delta Theta, 1884; Alpha Tau Omega, 1892; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1918; Sigma Kappa, 1874.

Chi Omega, 1906; Delta Delta Delta, 1908; Alpha Delta Pi, 1915; Phi Mu, 1917; Phi Beta Kappa, 1896.

COLGATE UNIVERSITY, Hamilton, N. Y., 1846, non-sect., formerly Bap. (formerly called Madison University)—Alpha Delta Phi, 1850-51; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1856; Delta Upsilon, 1865; Delta Phi, 1874-76; Beta Theta Pi, 1880; Phi Gamma Delta, 1887; Phi Kappa Psi, 1887; Theta Chi, 1912; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1916; Sigma Nu, 1917; Kappa Delta Rho, 1917; Alpha Tau Omega, 1918; Phi Delta Theta, 1918.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1878; Delta Sigma Rho, 1913.

COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, Columbia, S. C.—Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1904-09; Kappa Delta, 1905-10.

COLLEGE OF CHARLESTON, Charleston, S. C., 1785—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1881-82; Alpha Tau Omega, 1889; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1901-05; Kappa Alpha, 1904; Pi Kappa Phi, 1904; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1922.

COLLEGE OF DENTAL AND ORAL SURGERY, New York, N. Y.—Psi Omega, 1906; Alpha Omega, 1914; Omicron Alpha Tau, 1915.

COLLEGE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, see New York, College of the City of.

COLORADO COLLEGE, Colorado Springs, Colo., 1874, Cong.—Kappa Sigma, 1904; Sigma Chi, 1905; Phi Gamma Delta, 1908; Phi Delta Theta, 1913; Beta Theta Pi, 1914; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1919; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1921; Phi Beta Kappa, 1905.

COLORADO COLLEGE OF DENTAL SURGERY, Denver, Colo.—Delta Sigma Delta, 1906.

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COLORADO STATE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, Fort Collins, Colo.—Alpha Psi, 1910; Sigma Nu, 1915; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1915; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1917; Sigma Chi, 1919; Phi Delta Theta, 1920; Alpha Tau Omega, 1920; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1921; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1922.

Pi Kappa Delta, 1915; Gamma Phi Beta, 1915; Kappa Delta, 1916; Delta Delta Delta, 1917; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1917; Phi Zeta Chi (local women).

COLORADO STATE SCHOOL OF MINES, Golden, Colo., 1874—Sigma Nu, 1901; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1903; Kappa Sigma, 1904; Beta Theta Pi, 1908; Mu Epsilon Tau (local); Theta Tau, 1908; Tau Beta Pi, 1905.

COLORADO STATE TEACHERS' COLLEGE, Greeley, Colo., 1899—Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1914; Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1916; Delta Sigma Epsilon, 1916.

COLORADO, UNIVERSITY OF, Boulder, Colo., 1877—Delta Tau Delta, 1883; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1891; Beta Theta Pi, 1900; Alpha Tau Omega, 1901; Sigma Nu, 1902; Phi Delta Theta, 1902; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1904; Acacia, 1911; Phi Gamma Delta, 1912; Phi Kappa Psi, 1914; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1915; Sigma Chi, 1914; Kappa Sigma, 1916; Phi Sigma Delta, 1919; Chi Psi, 1920; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1922; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1923.

Delta Gamma, 1885; Pi Beta Phi, 1884; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1901; Chi Omega, 1906; Alpha Chi Omega, 1907; Delta Delta Delta, 1910; Eta Upsilon Gamma, 1910-12; Alpha Delta Pi, 1914; Phi Omega Pi, 1917; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1921.

Omega Upsilon Phi, 1900; Alpha Zeta, 1907; Phi Delta Phi, 1907; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1908; Phi Rho Sigma, 1909; Phi Alpha Delta, 1910; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1903; Phi Delta Chi, 1914; Phi Beta Pi, 1920.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1904; Sigma Xi, 1905; Tau Beta Pi, 1905; Delta Sigma Rho, 1910; Sigma Tau, 1914.

COLORADO WOMAN'S COLLEGE, Denver, Colo., 1909, Baptist—Eta Upsilon Gamma, 1910; Beta Sigma Omicron, 1914.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, New York, N. Y., 1754—Alpha Delta Phi, 1836; Psi Upsilon, 1842; Delta Phi, 1842; Chi Psi, 1846-85; Delta



Psi, 1847; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1855; Phi Gamma Delta, 1866; Phi Kappa Psi, 1872; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1874; Zeta Psi, 1879; Beta Theta Pi, 1881; Alpha Tau Omega, 1881-1910; Delta Tau Delta, 1882; Theta Delta Chi, 1883; Phi Delta Theta, 1884; Delta Upsilon, 1885; Sigma Chi, 1894; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1895; Pi Lambda Phi, 1896; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1897; Alpha Chi Rho, 1900; Omega Pi Alpha, 1902-07; Delta Sigma Phi, 1903-14; Zeta Beta Tau, 1905; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1905, Sigma Nu, 1908; Acacia, 1909; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1910; Alpha Phi Alpha, 1909-12; Phi Sigma Delta, 1910; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1911; Kappa Nu, 1915; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1910; Phi Beta Delta, 1912; Omicron Alpha Tau, 1916; Beta Sigma Rho, 1919; Phi Alpha, 1920; Delta Chi, 1922; Tau Delta Phi, 1920.

Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1891-15; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1897-15; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1898-15; Gamma Phi Beta, 1901-15; Alpha Phi, 1903-15; Delta Delta Delta, 1903-15; Pi Beta Phi, 1904-15; Chi Omega, 1906-15; Alpha Epsilon Phi, 1909-15.

Phi Delta Phi, 1881-13; Nu Sigma Nu, 1893; Alpha Mu Pi Omega, 1893-04; Theta Xi, 1899; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1902-13; Chi Zeta Chi, 1904; Phi Delta, 1904-11 Delta Chi, 1898; Kappa Psi, 1898; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1905; Phi Lambda Upsilon, 1909; Phi Rho Sigma, 1913; Pi Mu, 1913; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1912; Delta Theta Phi, 1914; Phi Alpha Delta, 1916; Phi Lambda Kappa, 1919; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1920; Kappa Psi, 1920; Phi Chi, 1920

Phi Beta Kappa, 1869; Tau Beta Pi, 1902; Sigma Xi, 1903; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1907; Delta Sigma Rho, 1910; Phi Delta Kappa, 1910; Theta Tau, 1913; Tau Kapp Alpha, 1909.

COLUMBIAN UNIVERSITY—See George Washington University.

COMBS BROAD ST. CONSERVATORY, Philadelphia, Pa.—Phi Mu Alpha, 1900; Mu Phi Epsilon, 1912.

CONNECTICUT AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, Storrs, Conn.—Phi Epsilon Pi, 1916; Phi Mu Delta, 1918; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1922; Omicron Alpha Tau, 1922.

COOPER MEDICAL COLLEGE, San Francisco, Cal., 1858—See Stanford University.

CORNELL COLLEGE, Mt. Vernon, Iowa, 1857, M. E.—Phi Beta Kappa, 1922; Phi Kappa Psi, 1868-71; Sigma Nu, 1888-13.

CORNELL UNIVERSITY, Ithaca, N. Y., 1865—Chi Phi, 1868; Kappa Alpha, 1868; Zeta Psi, 1869; Chi Psi, 1869; Phi Kappa Psi, 1869; Delta Upsilon, 1869; Alpha Delta Phi, 1869; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1870; Theta Delta Chi, 1870; Phi Delta Theta, 1872; Beta Theta Pi, 1874; Psi Upsilon, 1876; Alpha Tau Omega, 1887; Phi Gamma Delta, 1888; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1889; Delta Tau Delta, 1890; Sigma Chi, 1890; Sigma Phi, 1890; Delta Phi, 1891; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1891; Kappa Sigma, 1892; Sigma Nu, 1901; Phi Delta Sigma, 1902 (local); Delta Sigma Phi, 1906-10; Pi Lambda Phi, 1896; Acacia, 1907; Zeta Beta Tau, 1907; Alpha Chi Rho, 1908; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1912; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1909; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1911; Kappa Psi (local), 1907; Theta Chi, 1912; Alpha Phi Alpha, 1906; Phi Sigma Delta, 1911; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1910; Sigma Phi Sigma, 1910; Theta Alpha, 1910; Kappa Delta Rho, 1913; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1911; Beta Sigma Rho, 1911; Omicron Alpha Tau, 1912; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1913; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1913; Sigma Pi, 1917; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1917; Alpha Epsilon Pi, 1917; Pi Lambda Phi, 1921; Rho Psi, 1915 (Chinese).

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1881; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1883; Delta Gamma, 1885; Alpha Phi, 1889; Delta Zeta, 1908; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1908; Delta Delta Delta, 1913; Chi Omega, 1917; Kappa Delta, 1917; Alpha Xi Delta, 1918; Pi Beta Phi, 1919; Alpha Epsilon Phi, 1920; Sigma Kappa, 1921.

Phi Delta Phi, 1888; Phi Alpha Sigma, 1899; Delta Chi, 1890; Nu Sigma Nu, 1900; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1901; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1901 (same New York City department, 1902); Alpha Zeta, 1901; Alpha Epsilon Iota, 1903; Theta Xi, 1903; Theta Delta Phi, 1900; Omega Pi Alpha, 1905; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1904; Alpha Psi, 1907; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1909; Omega Tau Sigma, 1911; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1915; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1914; Medical Dept, N. Y., Sigma Alpha Mu, 1912.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1882; Sigma Xi, 1886; Gamma Alpha, 1899; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1910; Tau Beta Pi, 1910; Delta Sigma Rho, 1911; Phi Delta Kappa, 1911; Eta Kappa Nu, 1912; S. & B., 1906.

CREIGHTON UNIVERSITY, Omaha, Neb., 1892—Phi Rho Sigma, 1900; Phi Beta Pi, 1907; Delta Sigma Delta, 1910; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1912; Delta Theta Phi, 1912; Kappa Psi, 1914; Phi Chi, 1916; Xi Psi Phi, 1915.

CRESCENT COLLEGE, Eureka Springs, Ark.—Beta Sigma Omicron, 1909-14; Sigma Iota Chi, 1909-12.

CUMBERLAND COLLEGE, Va.—Kappa Sigma, 1880-84.

CUMBERLAND UNIVERSITY, Lebanon, Tenn., 1842, non-sect., formerly Cumb. Pres.—Beta Theta Pi, 1854-99; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1857-73; Delta Psi, 1858-61; Alpha Delta Phi, 1857-61; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1859-61; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1860; Phi Kappa Psi, 1860-79; Chi Phi, 1861-61; Alpha Tau Omega, 1868-02; Phi Gamma Delta, 1869-78; Sigma Chi, 1872-80; Kappa Sigma, 1887-17; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1892-1908; Delta Sigma Phi, 1912; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1918; Sigma Nu Phi, 1915.

DARTMOUTH COLLEGE, Hanover, N. H., 1770, non-sect. (formerly Cong.)—Psi Upsilon, 1842; K. K. K., 1842 (local); Alpha Delta Phi, 1846; Zeta Psi, 1853-73; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1853; Theta Delta Chi, 1869; Phi Delta Theta, 1884; Beta Theta Pi, 1889; Sigma Chi, 1893; Phi Kappa Psi, 1896; Phi Gamma Delta, 1901; Delta Tau Delta, 1901; Chi Phi, 1902; Kappa Sigma, 1905; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1905; Acacia, 1906-08; Sigma Nu, 1907; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1908; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1909; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1914; Alpha Chi Rho, 1919; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1920-22; Theta Chi, 1921; Gamma Delta Epsilon (local), 1908; Cosmos Club (local), 1915; Epsilon Kappa Phi (local), 1920; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1888.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1787; Gamma Alpha, 1906; Delta Sigma Rho, 1910.

DAVIDSON COLLEGE, Davidson, N. C., 1837, Pres.—Beta Theta Pi, 1858; Chi Phi, 1859-69; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1869; Kappa Alpha, 1880; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1883; Kappa Sigma, 1890; Pi Kappa Phi, 1910-18; Sigma Epsilon, 1915.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1922.

DEARBORN MEDICAL COLLEGE, Chicago, Ill., 1893—Phi Delta, 1904-08.

DELAWARE STATE COLLEGE, Newark, Del., 1824—Kappa Alpha, 1904; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1907; Sigma Nu, 1910; Omega Alpha (local), 1911; Phi Kappa Phi, 1904.

DENISON UNIVERSITY, Granville, Ohio, 1832, Bap. (formerly called Granville College)—Sigma Chi, 1868; Beta Theta Pi, 1868; Phi Gamma Delta, 1885; Kappa Sigma, 1911; Phi Delta Theta, 1915;

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Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1919; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1919; Kappa Phi, 1897 (local sorority); Chi Psi Delta, 1900 (local sorority); Sigma Delta Phi (local sorority), 1905.

Phi Mu Alpha, 1912; Phi Beta Kappa, 1911; Delta Omicron, 1915.

DENVER AND GROSS MEDICAL COLLEGE, Denver, Colo., 1881—(Now Medical and Dental Departments, University of Colorado)—Omega Upsilon Phi, 1898; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1903.

DENVER HOMEOPATHIC MEDICAL COLLEGE, Denver, Colo.—Pi Upsilon Rho, 1902-06.

DENVER, UNIVERSITY OF, Denver, Colo., 1880, M. E.—Beta Theta Pi, 1888; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1891; Kappa Sigma, 1902; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1913; Alpha Pi Nu, 1913 (local); Lambda Chi Alpha, 1918; Phi Sigma Delta, 1920.

Pi Beta Phi, 1885; Gamma Phi Beta, 1897; Sigma Kappa, 1908; Kappa Delta, 1914; Delta Zeta, 1917; Alpha Epsilon Phi, 1920.

Psi Omega, 1897; Phi Delta Phi, 1902; Phi Alpha Delta, 1913; Delta Sigma Delta, 1905; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1909; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1910; Sigma Delta Chi, 1910; Alpha Omega, 1920; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1920.

DE PAUW UNIVERSITY, Greencastle, Ind., 1837, M. E. (formerly called Indiana Asbury University)—Beta Theta Pi, 1845; Phi Gamma Delta, 1856; Sigma Chi, 1859; Phi Kappa Psi, 1865; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1866; Phi Delta Theta, 1868; Delta Tau Delta, 1871; Delta Upsilon, 1887; Sigma Nu, 1890; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1915; Beta Phi, 1915.

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1870; Pi Beta Phi, 1870-79; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1875; Alpha Phi, 1888; Alpha Chi Omega, 1885; Mu Phi Epsilon, 1905-09; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1907; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1908; Delta Delta Delta, 1908; Delta Zeta, 1909.

Delta Chi, 1892-96; Phi Mu Alpha, 1911-13.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1889; Sigma Delta Chi, 1909; Delta Sigma Rho, 1915.

DES MOINES COLLEGE OF OSTEOPATHY, Des Moines, Iowa—Iota Tau Sigma, 1903; Delta Omega, 1913; Phi Sigma Gamma, 1915.

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DETROIT COLLEGE OF LAW, Detroit, Mich.—Delta Theta Phi, 1903. Sigma Nu Phi, 1915. Sigma Delta Kappa, 1921.

DETROIT COLLEGE OF MEDICINE, Detroit, Mich., 1867—Nu Sigma Nu, 1889; Delta Sigma Delta, 1895–1909;<sup>1</sup> Phi Rho Sigma, 1897; Phi Beta Pi, 1902; Xi Psi Phi, 1906–10;<sup>1</sup> Phi Beta Pi, 1913; Phi Chi, 1914–18; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1918.

DETROIT CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, Detroit, Mich.—Phi Mu Alpha, 1901–12; Mu Phi Epsilon, 1905; Sigma Alpha Iota, 1907; Delta Omicron, 1910.

DETROIT HOMEOPATHIC MEDICAL COLLEGE, Detroit, Mich.—Pi Upsilon Rho, 1903; Alpha Sigma, 1902–12.

DETROIT, UNIVERSITY OF, Detroit, Mich.—Delta Sigma Pi, 1921; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1919.

DICKINSON COLLEGE, Carlisle, Pa., 1783, non-sect. (formerly M. E.)—Zeta Psi, 1852–56; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1854; Phi Kappa Psi, 1859; Sigma Chi, 1859; Theta Delta Chi, 1861–95; Chi Phi, 1869–94; Beta Theta Pi, 1874; Phi Delta Theta, 1880; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1890; Kappa Sigma, 1902; Alpha Chi Rho, 1905; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1914; Theta Chi, 1916; Delta Chi, 1893; Tau Delta Phi, 1922; Delta Theta Phi, 1903.

Pi Beta Phi, 1903; Chi Omega, 1907; Phi Mu, 1919; Phi Beta Kappa, 1887.

DRAKE UNIVERSITY, Des Moines, Ia., 1880, Christian—Sigma Nu, 1891–94; Delta Theta Phi, 1920; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1921; Gamma Sigma Kappa (local), 1906; Chi Delta (local); Tau Psi (local); Kappa Lambda (local); Phi Gamma Lambda (local).

Alpha Chi Omega, 1921; Alpha Xi Delta, 1921; Delta Gamma, 1921; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1921; Chi Omega, 1921; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1921; Phi Mu, 1922; Mu Phi Epsilon, 1917.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1922, Phi Alpha Delta, 1921.

DRURY COLLEGE, Springfield, Mo., 1873—Kappa Alpha, 1906; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1909; Sigma Nu, 1919; Phi Alpha Sigma (local); Delta Delta Delta, 1913; Pi Beta Phi, 1914.

EDINBURGH, UNIVERSITY OF, Edinburgh, Scotland—Chi Phi, 1867–70.

<sup>1</sup>The dental department in which these societies were located has been moved to the University of Michigan.

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ELY'S SCHOOL, MISSES, New York, N. Y.—Phi Mu Gamma, 1903-07.

EMERSON COLLEGE OF ORATORY, Boston, Mass.—Zeta Phi Eta, 1893; Phi Mu Gamma, 1907; Phi Alpha Tau, 1902; Kappa Gamma Chi (local women).

EMORY UNIVERSITY, Emory University P. O., Ga., 1836, M. E.—Chi Phi, 1869; Kappa Alpha, 1869; Phi Delta Theta, 1871; Alpha Tau Omega, 1881; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1881; Delta Tau Delta, 1882; Sigma Nu, 1884; Kappa Sigma, 1887-91; Pi Kappa Phi, 1912; Sigma Upsilon, 1913; Sigma Iota (Spanish); Tau Epsilon Phi, 1919; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1920; Alpha Epsilon Pi, 1920; Sigma Chi, 1921.

Phi Chi, 1905; Chi Zeta Chi, 1913; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1914.

EMORY AND HENRY COLLEGE, Emory, Va., 1837, M. E.—Phi Kappa Sigma, 1856-61; Kappa Sigma, 1873-95; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1884-95; Kappa Alpha, 1893-95.

EPISCOPAL HIGH SCHOOL OF VIRGINIA, Alexandria, Va.—Kappa Sigma, 1880-84.

ERSKINE COLLEGE, Due West, S. C., 1841, Ref. Pr.—Sigma Chi, 1860-61; Kappa Alpha, 1883-93; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1884-94.

EUREKA COLLEGE, Eureka, Ill.—Pi Kappa Delta, 1915; Tau Kappa Epsilon, 1917; Delta Zeta, 1917.

FAIRMOUNT COLLEGE, Mont Eagle, Tenn.—Delta Gamma, 1877-80; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1906.

FAIRMOUNT SEMINARY, Washington, D. C.—Kappa Delta, 1903-11; Beta Sigma Omicron, 1904-11; Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1905-06.

FAUQUIER INSTITUTE, Warrenton, Va.—Alpha Sigma Alpha 1905-07.

FLORIDA STATE COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, Tallahassee, Fla.—Kappa Delta, 1904; Chi Omega, 1908; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1908-15; Alpha Delta Pi, 1909; Delta Delta Delta, 1916; Sigma Kappa, 1920; Pi Beta Phi, 1921.

FLORIDA, UNIVERSITY OF, Gainesville, Fla., 1857—Alpha Tau Omega, 1884; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1884; Kappa Alpha, 1904; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1904; Theta Chi, 1916; Sigma Nu, 1920; Zeta Beta

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Tau, 1921; Kappa Sigma, 1922; Phi Delta Phi, 1919; Phi Kappa Phi (hon.), 1912.

FORDHAM UNIVERSITY, New York, N. Y.—Phi Delta Epsilon, 1907; Chi Zeta Chi, 1908; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1912; Delta Theta Phi, 1912; Phi Beta Delta, 1916; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1913; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1920.

FOREST ACADEMY, Anchorage, Ky.—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1877-78.

FOREST PARK UNIVERSITY, St. Louis, Mo.—Eta Upsilon Gamma, 1903-12.

FORT WORTH SCHOOL OF MEDICINE, Fort Worth, Tex.—Kappa Psi, 1917.

FRANKLIN COLLEGE, Franklin, Ind., 1837—Phi Delta Theta, 1860; Delta Tau Delta, 1872-77; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1892; Kappa Delta Rho, 1919; Delta Gamma, 1878-83; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1879-84; Pi Beta Phi, 1888; Delta Delta Delta, 1912; Delta Zeta, 1920.

FRANKLIN AND MARSHALL COLLEGE, Lancaster, Pa., 1853, Ref.—Phi Kappa Sigma, 1854; Chi Phi, 1854; Phi Kappa Psi, 1860; Delta Tau Delta, 1874-96; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1903; Delta Sigma Phi, 1916; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1918; Sigma Pi, 1918; Phi Beta Kappa, 1908; Phi Kappa Tau, 1921.

FULTON SYNODICAL COLLEGE, Fulton, Mo., Pres.—Delta Gamma, 1882-85; Beta Sigma Omicron, 1891.

FURMAN UNIVERSITY, Greenville, S. C., 1850, Bap.—Chi Psi, 1858-98; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1868-98; Kappa Alpha, 1872-98; Pi Kappa Phi, 1908-12.

GEORGETOWN COLLEGE, Georgetown, Ky., 1829, Bap.—Phi Delta Theta, 1857-76; Kappa Alpha, 1904-21; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1906-21.

GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY, Washington, D. C., 1851, R. C.—Phi Chi, 1902; Kappa Psi, 1902-06; Delta Chi, 1903; Psi Omega, 1904; Phi Beta Pi, 1906; Phi Alpha Delta, 1909; Delta Sigma Delta, 1911; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1914; Sigma Nu Phi, 1914.

Phi Alpha, 1916; Alpha Omega, 1911; Delta Sigma Pi, 1921; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1921; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1921.

GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY, Washington, D. C., 1821 (for-

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merly and down to 1904 called Columbian University)—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1858; Sigma Chi, 1864; Phi Kappa Psi, 1868-99; Alpha Tau Omega, 1874-88; Kappa Sigma, 1892; Kappa Alpha, 1894; Theta Delta Chi, 1896; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1899; Delta Tau Delta, 1903; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1909; Sigma Nu, 1915; Pi Beta Phi, 1889; Sigma Kappa, 1906.

Phi Delta Phi, 1884; Chi Omega, 1903; Delta Zeta, 1922; Kappa Delta, 1922.

Psi Omega, 1903; Phi Chi, 1904; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1905; Chi Zeta Chi, 1908-13; Kappa Psi, 1913; Delta Sigma Rho, 1908; Phi Mu, 1915; Xi Psi Phi, 1917; Delta Theta Phi, 1916; Phi Delta Delta, 1918; Sigma Xi, 1914; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1920; Phi Alpha Delta, 1920.

GEORGIA MILITARY INSTITUTE, Marietta, Ga.—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1857-65.

GEORGIA SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY, Atlanta, Ga., 1888—Alpha Tau Omega, 1888; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1890; Kappa Sigma, 1895; Sigma Nu, 1896; Kappa Alpha, 1899; Phi Delta Theta, 1902; Chi Phi, 1904; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1904; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1904; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1907; Pi Kappa Phi, 1913; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1916; Beta Theta Pi, 1917; Phi Psi, 1917 (textile); Alpha Epsilon Pi, 1920; Delta Tau Delta, 1921; Sigma Chi, 1922; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1923; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1922.

Alpha Kappa Psi, 1918; Delta Sigma Pi, 1921.

GEORGIA, UNIVERSITY OF, Athens, Ga., 1785—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1866; Chi Phi, 1867; Kappa Alpha, 1868; Phi Delta Theta, 1871; Sigma Chi, 1872; Phi Gamma Delta, 1871-91; Sigma Nu, 1873; Alpha Tau Omega, 1878; Delta Tau Delta, 1882; Chi Psi, 1890; Kappa Sigma, 1901; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1908-15; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1915; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1915; Delta Sigma Phi, 1920; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1919.

Chi Zeta Chi, 1903; Delta Theta Phi, 1904; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1904; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1911-12; Sigma Upsilon, 1906; Alpha Zeta, 1914; Phi Beta Kappa, 1914.

Phi Mu, 1920; Kappa Psi, 1920; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1922; Delta Sigma Pi, 1922; Phi Delta Phi, 1922; Sigma Delta Kappa, 1922.

GETTYSBURG COLLEGE, formerly PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE, Gettys-



burg, Pa., 1832, Luth.—Phi Kappa Psi, 1855; Phi Gamma Delta, 1858; Zeta Psi, 1861-72; Sigma Chi, 1863; Chi Phi, 1867-72; Phi Delta Theta, 1875; Alpha Tau Omega, 1882; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1883.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1922.

GORDON INSTITUTE, Barnesville, Ga.—Kappa Alpha, 1879-83.

GOUCHER COLLEGE, Baltimore, Md., (non-sect, formerly M. E.) (formerly called the Women's College of Baltimore)—Alpha Phi, 1891; Delta Gamma, 1892; Tau Kappa Pi, 1892; Gamma Phi Beta, 1893; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1896; Pi Beta Phi, 1897; Delta Delta Delta, 1898; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1909; Phi Beta Kappa, 1905.

GRAHAM'S, MISSES, New York, N. Y.—Phi Mu Gamma, 1902.

GREENVILLE COLLEGE, Greenville, S. C.—Eta Upsilon Gamma, 1913.

GRINNELL COLLEGE, Grinnell, Iowa, 1848—Sigma Delta Chi, 1919; Phi Beta Kappa, 1908.

GUNSTON INSTITUTE, Washington, D. C.—Kappa Delta, 1903-12; Sigma Iota Chi, 1908-11; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1911.

HAHNEMANN MEDICAL COLLEGE, Chicago, Ill., 1860—Pi Upsilon Rho, 1876; Phi Alpha Gamma, 1900; Alpha Sigma, 1905.

HAHNEMANN MEDICAL COLLEGE, Philadelphia, Pa.—Alpha Sigma, 1897.

HAHNEMANN MEDICAL COLLEGE OF THE PACIFIC, San Francisco, Cal.—Phi Alpha Gamma, 1906; Alpha Sigma, 1900.

HAMILTON COLLEGE, Clinton, N. Y., 1812, Pres.—Sigma Phi, 1831; Alpha Delta Phi, 1832; Psi Upsilon, 1843; Chi Psi, 1845; Delta Upsilon, 1847; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1856; Theta Delta Chi, 1868; Beta Kappa (local), 1918; Phi Beta Kappa, 1870.

HAMILTON COLLEGE (Women's Department of Transylvania University), Lexington, Ky.—Chi Omega, 1903; Beta Sigma Omicron, 1906; Delta Delta Delta, 1908.

HAMILTON COLLEGE OF LAW, Chicago, Ill.—Sigma Delta Kappa, 1915; Sigma Nu Phi, 1915.

HAMILTON SCHOOL, Washington, D. C.—Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1911-12.

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HAMLIN UNIVERSITY, Minneapolis, Minn., 1883—Fellows, 1908 (local); Phi Delta, 1910 (local); Eta Phi, 1921 (local); Sigma Phi Alpha, 1921 (local).

HAMPDEN-SIDNEY COLLEGE, Prince Edward Co., Va., 1776, Pres.—Beta Theta Pi, 1850-1912; Phi Kappa Psi, 1855-00; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1860-61; Chi Phi, 1867; Phi Gamma Delta, 1870-04; Sigma Chi, 1872-1902; Kappa Sigma, 1883; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1885; Alpha Tau Omega, 1890-94; Kappa Alpha, 1899; Theta Chi, 1914; Sigma Upsilon, 1915.

HANNAH MOORE ACADEMY, Reisterstown, Md.—Zeta Tau Alpha, 1900-04; Sigma Iota Chi, 1905-07.

HANOVER COLLEGE, Hanover, Ind., 1833, Pres.—Beta Theta Pi, 1853; Phi Gamma Delta, 1864; Phi Delta Theta, 1861; Sigma Chi, 1871-18; Delta Tau Delta, 1872-95; Delta Gamma, 1881-81; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1882-99; Phi Mu, 1913; Alpha Delta Pi, 1913.

HARDIN COLLEGE, Mexico, Mo.—Beta Sigma Omicron, 1902; Eta Upsilon Gamma, 1902; Phi Mu, 1907-11; Sigma Iota Chi, 1914.

HARVARD UNIVERSITY, Cambridge, Mass., 1638—Alpha Delta Phi, 1837-07; Beta Theta Pi, 1843-01; Delta Phi, 1845-01; Psi Upsilon, 1850-72; Zeta Psi, 1852-92; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1851-91; Theta Delta Chi, 1856-16; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1865-67; Delta Upsilon, 1880; Chi Phi, 1885-87; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1893; Phi Delta Phi, 1887-09; Delta Sigma Delta, 1891; Pi Lambda Phi, 1896-01; Psi Omega, 1897; Xi Psi Phi, 1899-12; Phi Rho Sigma, 1902; Kappa Sigma, 1905; Acacia, 1906; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1911; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1912; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1916; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1916; Alpha Phi Alpha, 1916; Kappa Nu, 1918; Tau Delta Phi, 1918; Alpha Phi Sigma, 1904 (local); Phi Kappa Epsilon, 1910 (local); Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1912; Zeta Beta Tau, 1912; Nu Sigma Nu, 1913; Phi Beta Pi, 1913; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1916; Alpha Omega, 1911; Kappa Psi, 1921; Omicron Alpha Tau, 1921; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1919; Pi Eta (local), 1866.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1781; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1906; Delta Sigma Rho, 1909; Phi Delta Kappa, 1911.

HASTINGS COLLEGE, Hastings, Neb.—Pi Beta Phi, 1887-87.

HAVERFORD COLLEGE, Haverford, Pa.—Alpha Tau Omega, 1891-92; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1884-90; Phi Beta Kappa, 1899.

HELLMUTH WOMEN'S COLLEGE, London, Ont.—Chi Omega, 1899-00.

HIGHLAND PARK COLLEGE, Des Moines, Iowa—Pi Kappa Delta, 1915.

HILLSDALE COLLEGE, Hillsdale, Mich., 1855, non-sect. (formerly Bap.)—Delta Tau Delta, 1867; Phi Delta Theta, 1882-98; Sigma Chi, 1883-86; Alpha Tau Omega, 1888; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1880; Pi Beta Phi, 1887; Delta Sigma Phi, 1915.

HOBART COLLEGE, Geneva, N. Y., 1822, Epis.—Alpha Delta Phi, 1840-76; Sigma Phi, 1840; Kappa Alpha, 1844; Theta Delta Chi, 1857; Chi Phi, 1860-80; Phi Kappa Psi, 1881-92; Sigma Chi, 1892; Phi Phi Delta (local), 1900; Phi Beta Kappa, 1871.

HOLLINS COLLEGE, Hollins, Va., 1842—Kappa Delta, 1902; Phi Mu, 1904; Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1905-14; Beta Sigma Omicron, 1913; Delta Delta Delta, 1914; Gamma Phi Beta, 1916; Pi Beta Phi, 1917; Chi Omega, 1919; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1921.

HOMEOPATHIC MEDICAL COLLEGE OF MISSOURI, St. Louis, Mo., 1857—Phi Alpha Gamma, 1899-09.

HOSPITAL COLLEGE OF MEDICINE, Louisville, Ky., 1872—Phi Chi, 1897; Pi Mu, 1907.

HOWARD COLLEGE, Birmingham, Ala. (formerly at Marion, Ala. and at East Lake, Ala.), 1842, Bap.—Phi Gamma Delta, 1856-61; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1870-76; Beta Theta Pi, 1872-79; Sigma Chi, 1872-85; Sigma Nu, 1879; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1911; Psi Delta (local), 1900; Zeta Omega (local women).

HOWARD UNIVERSITY, Washington, D. C., 1867 (Colored)—Alpha Phi Alpha, 1907; Phi Beta Sigma, 1914.

HUNTER COLLEGE, New York, N. Y. (formerly New York City Normal School)—Kappa Delta, 1913; Alpha Epsilon Phi, 1909; Chi Omega, 1922.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1920.

IDAHO, UNIVERSITY OF, Moscow, Idaho, 1892—Kappa Sigma, 1905; Phi Delta Theta, 1908; Beta Theta Pi, 1914; Sigma Nu, 1915; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1919; Phi Gamma Delta, 1921. Gamma Phi Beta, 1909; Delta Gamma, 1911; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1915; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1920.

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Phi Alpha Delta, 1914.

Sigma Xi, 1922.

ILLINOIS COLLEGE, Jacksonville, Ill., 1835—Beta Theta Pi, 1856-66.

ILLINOIS COLLEGE OF LAW, Chicago, Ill. (Law Department of De Pauw University)—Phi Alpha Delta, 1897; Delta Theta Phi, 1904.

ILLINOIS, UNIVERSITY OF, Urbana, Ill., 1868—Delta Tau Delta, 1872; Sigma Chi, 1881; Kappa Sigma, 1891; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1892; Phi Delta Theta, 1893; Alpha Tau Omega, 1895; Phi Gamma Delta, 1897; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1899; Beta Theta Pi, 1902; Sigma Nu, 1902; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1903; Phi Kappa Psi, 1904; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1904; Delta Upsilon, 1905; Acacia, 1906; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1906; Triangle, 1907; Theta Delta Chi, 1908; Sigma Pi, 1908; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1908; Zeta Psi, 1909; Psi Upsilon, 1910; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1910; Alpha Delta Phi, 1911; Zeta Beta Tau, 1911; Tau Kappa Epsilon, 1912; Beta Phi, 1913; Phi Kappa, 1912; Chi Phi, 1912; Chi Psi, 1912; Chi Beta (local), 1906; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1915; Kappa Alpha Psi, 1913; Alpha Chi Rho, 1916; Theta Chi, 1916; Alpha Phi Alpha, 1916; Phi Kappa Tau, 1916; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1917; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1917; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1918; Delta Sigma Phi, 1919; Sigma Phi Sigma, 1919; Delta Phi, 1910; Omega Beta Pi, 1919; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1920; Alpha Epsilon Pi, 1920; Kappa Delta Rho, 1921; Theta Xi, 1922; Pi Lambda Phi, 1921.

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1895; Pi Beta Phi, 1895; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1889; Alpha Chi Omega, 1899; Chi Omega, 1900; Alpha Xi Delta, 1905; Sigma Kappa, 1906; Delta Gamma, 1906; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1911; Phi Omega Pi, 1911; Alpha Delta Pi, 1912; Gamma Phi Beta, 1913; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1918; Delta Delta Delta, 1920; Alpha Phi, 1920; Alpha Epsilon Phi, 1920; Delta Zeta, 1921; Phi Mu, 1921; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1921.

Phi Delta Phi, 1901; Phi Alpha Delta, 1903; Kappa Psi, 1910; Kappa Delta Chi (educational); Phi Chi, 1910; Alpha Rho Chi, 1914; Theta Tau, 1916; Phi Chi, 1918; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1918; Scarab, 1909; Phi Lambda Kappa, 1908; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1913; Delta Sigma Pi, 1922; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1921.

Tau Beta Pi, 1897; Eta Kappa Nu, 1904; Sigma Xi, 1904; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1908; Delta Sigma Rho, 1906; Phi Beta Kappa, 1907; Gamma Alpha, 1908; Sigma Delta Chi, 1912; Phi Lambda Upsilon,

1889; Sigma Tau, 1914; Beta Gamma Sigma, 1913; Coif, 1902; Phi Delta Kappa, 1914; S. & B., 1909.

ILLINOIS, UNIVERSITY OF, COLLEGE OF MEDICINE, Chicago, Ill.—Nu Sigma Nu, 1892; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1899; Phi Rho Sigma, 1900; Phi Beta Pi, 1902; Alpha Phi Sigma, 1908; Phi Chi, 1909; Aleph Yodh He, 1910; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1902 (honorary).

ILLINOIS WESLEYAN UNIVERSITY, Bloomington, Ill., 1850, M. E.—Phi Gamma Delta, 1866; Delta Tau Delta, 1877–80; Phi Delta Theta, 1878–97; Sigma Chi, 1883; Tau Kappa Epsilon, 1899. Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1873; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1875–95; Sigma Kappa, 1906; Kappa Delta, 1908; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1914; Phi Delta Phi, 1878; Phi Alpha Delta, 1908; Pi Kappa Delta, 1914; Pi Mu Epsilon, 1918 (local men).

INDIANA COLLEGE OF MUSIC AND FINE ARTS, Indianapolis, Ind.—Sigma Alpha Iota, 1911.

INDIANA MEDICAL COLLEGE (medical department of the University of Indiana located at Indianapolis. It was formerly a department of the University of Indianapolis)—Phi Chi, 1903; Phi Rho Sigma, 1903; Phi Beta Pi, 1905.

INDIANA STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, Terre Haute, Ind.—Phi Delta Theta, 1869–72.

INDIANA UNIVERSITY, Bloomington, Ind., 1828—Beta Theta Pi, 1845; Phi Delta Theta, 1849; Sigma Chi, 1858; Phi Kappa Psi, 1869; Delta Tau Delta, 1870; Phi Gamma Delta, 1871; Kappa Sigma, 1887; Sigma Nu, 1892; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1907; Kappa Alpha Psi, 1911; Alpha Tau Omega, 1915; Delta Upsilon, 1915; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1918; Acacia, 1920; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1922; Theta Chi, 1921.

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1870; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1873; Pi Beta Phi, 1893; Delta Gamma, 1898; Delta Zeta, 1909; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1916; Delta Delta Delta, 1917; Sigma Kappa, 1918; Chi Omega, 1922; Phi Mu, 1920; Alpha Chi Omega, 1922; Phi Omega Pi, 1922.

Phi Delta Phi, 1900; Nu Sigma Nu, 1908; Phi Beta Pi, 1908; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1908; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1908; Phi Chi, 1910; Gamma Eta, 1912; Theta Sigma Phi, 1913 (journalism); Nu Sigma Phi, 1909.

Sigma Xi, 1904; Delta Sigma Rho, 1908; Phi Delta Kappa, 1910;

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Phi Beta Kappa, 1911; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1915; Sigma Delta Chi, 1914; Theta Sigma Phi.

INDIANAPOLIS, UNIVERSITY OF, Indianapolis and Irvington, Ind., 1894, the Academic Department is called Butler College—*Indiana Dental College*. Xi Psi Phi, 1893; Delta Sigma Delta, 1900; Psi Omega, 1903; Sigma Delta Kappa, 1917.

IOWA STATE COLLEGE, Ames, Iowa, 1858—Delta Tau Delta, 1875; Sigma Nu, 1904; Beta Theta Pi, 1905; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1905; Phi Gamma Delta, 1907; Alpha Tau Omega, 1908; Acacia, 1909; Kappa Sigma, 1909; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1911; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1913; Phi Delta Theta, 1913; Phi Kappa Psi, 1912; Delta Upsilon, 1913; Rho Sigma Gamma, 1909; Tau Kappa Epsilon, 1915; Beta Phi, 1914; Kappa Alpha Psi, 1914; Sigma Chi, 1916; Theta Xi, 1909; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1914; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1916; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1918; Theta Delta Chi, 1919; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1920; Chi Phi, 1922; Sigma Pi, 1922; Theta Chi, 1922; Sigma Sigma (local); Upsilon Sigma Kappa (local); Gamma Sigma Alpha, 1919 (local).

Pi Beta Phi, 1877; Delta Delta Delta, 1889; Kappa Delta, 1908; Alpha Delta Pi, 1911; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1917; Gamma Phi Beta, 1919; Alpha Chi Beta (local sorority) 1914; Sigma Kappa, 1921; Chi Omega, 1922.

Alpha Zeta, 1905; Tau Beta Pi, 1907; Gamma Delta Sigma, 1905; Delta Sigma Rho, 1909; Phi Kappa Phi, 1911; Phi Lambda Upsilon, 1912; Omicron Nu (econ. hon.), 1913; Sigma Delta Chi, 1914; S. & B., 1915.

Sigma Xi, 1921.

IOWA STATE TEACHER'S COLLEGE, Cedar Falls, Iowa—Delta Sigma Rho, 1913; Phi Omega Pi, 1915.

IOWA, UNIVERSITY OF, Iowa City, Iowa, 1857—Beta Theta Pi, 1866; Phi Kappa Psi, 1867; Phi Gamma Delta, 1873; Delta Tau Delta, 1880; Phi Delta Theta, 1882; Sigma Chi, 1882; Sigma Nu, 1893; Kappa Sigma, 1902; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1905; Acacia, 1909; Delta Chi, 1912; Theta Xi, 1912; Phi Kappa, 1914; Kappa Alpha Xi (colored), 1914; Alpha Tau Omega, 1915; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1917; Sigma Pi, 1918; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1920; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1920; Omega Beta Pi, 1921; Triangle, 1922.

Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1882; Pi Beta Phi, 1882; Delta Gamma,

1887; Delta Delta Delta, 1904; Alpha Chi Omega, 1911; Alpha Xi Delta, 1912; Alpha Delta Pi, 1915; Phi Omega Pi, 1910; Delta Zeta, 1913; Gamma Phi Beta, 1915; Chi Omega, 1919; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1922.

Phi Delta Phi, 1893; Xi Psi Phi, 1893; Phi Alpha Gamma, 1897; Phi Rho Sigma, 1902; Phi Beta Pi, 1905; Nu Sigma Nu, 1906; Psi Omega, 1906; Phi Delta Chi, 1907; Phi Alpha Delta, 1908; Delta Sigma Delta, 1915; Nu Sigma Phi, 1919; Delta Sigma Pi, 1920; Delta Theta Phi, 1921; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1921; Theta Tau, 1923.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1895; Sigma Xi, 1900; Delta Sigma Rho, 1906; Sigma Tau, 1906-11; Tau Beta Pi, 1909; Phi Delta Kappa, 1910; Sigma Delta Chi, 1911; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1913; Coif, 1908.

IOWA WESLEYAN COLLEGE, Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, 1842, M. E.—Beta Theta Pi, 1868-1915; Phi Delta Theta, 1871; Delta Tau Delta, 1874-80; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1913; Pi Beta Phi, 1868; Alpha Xi Delta, 1902; Pi Kappa Delta, 1913; Phi Mu, 1914; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1917; Kappa Kappa Psi (local), 1917.

ITHACA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, Ithaca, N. Y.—Phi Mu Alpha, 1904; Mu Phi Epsilon, 1909; Sigma Alpha Iota, 1909.

JACKSON COLLEGE, Medford, Mass. (formerly the Women's Department of Tufts College)—Alpha Xi Delta, 1907; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1908; Chi Omega, 1910; Sigma Kappa, 1913.

JAMESTOWN COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, Jamestown, N. Y.—Delta Tau Delta, 1868-71.

JEFFERSON COLLEGE, Canonsburg, Pa., united with Washington College under the name of Washington and Jefferson College, which see.

JEFFERSON MEDICAL COLLEGE, Philadelphia, Pa., 1825—Phi Alpha Sigma, 1899; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1900; Nu Sigma Nu, 1900; Phi Beta Pi, 1902; Phi Chi, 1903; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1903-11; Phi Rho Sigma, 1904; Zeta Beta Tau, 1907-08; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1908; Pi Mu, 1908-15; Chi Zeta Chi, 1908-10; Phi Lambda Kappa, 1909; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1909-12; Kappa Psi, 1912; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1903; Phi Chi Delta, 1914; Aleph Yodh He, 1914.

JESSAMINE FEMALE INSTITUTE, Nicholasville, Ky., 1874—Chi Omega, 1898-02.

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JOHN MARSHALL LAW SCHOOL, Chicago, Ill.—Delta Theta Phi, 1909.

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY, Baltimore, Md., 1876—Beta Theta Pi, 1877; Phi Kappa Psi, 1879; Delta Phi, 1885; Alpha Delta Phi, 1889; Phi Gamma Delta, 1891; Kappa Alpha, 1891; Pi Kappa Chi (local), 1905; Phi Rho Epsilon, 1902-04; Zeta Phi, 1906-14; Nu Sigma Nu, 1905; Chi Zeta Chi, 1905-06; Pi Mu, 1910; Phi Chi, 1910; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1910; Phi Beta Pi, 1913; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1917; Kappa Psi, 1920; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1920; Phi Alpha, 1920.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1895; Gamma Alpha, 1904; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1906; Tau Beta Pi, 1921.

JUDSON COLLEGE, Marion, Ala.—Kappa Delta, 1904-19; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1905-19; Phi Mu Gamma, 1904-14; Delta Delta Delta, 1913-19; Alpha Delta Pi, 1910-19; Eta Upsilon Gamma, 1910-14.

KANSAS CITY DENTAL COLLEGE, Kansas City, Mo., 1880—Delta Sigma Delta, 1898; Psi Omega, 1910.

KANSAS CITY HAHNEMANN MEDICAL COLLEGE, Kansas City, Mo.—Phi Alpha Gamma, 1906.

KANSAS CITY LAW SCHOOL, Kansas City, Mo.—Phi Alpha Delta, 1908; Delta Theta Phi, 1915.

KANSAS CITY UNIVERSITY MEDICAL COLLEGE, Kansas City, Mo.—Phi Beta Pi, 1904-13.

KANSAS CITY VETERINARY COLLEGE, Kansas City, Mo.—Alpha Psi, 1908-18.

KANSAS STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, Emporia, Kan.—Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1917; Pi Kappa Sigma, 1918.

KANSAS, UNIVERSITY OF, Lawrence, Kan., 1864—Beta Theta Pi, 1872; Phi Kappa Psi, 1876; Phi Gamma Delta, 1881; Phi Delta Theta, 1882; Sigma Nu, 1884; Sigma Chi, 1884; Alpha Tau Omega, 1901; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1903; Acacia, 1904; Kappa Sigma, 1912; Sigma Phi Sigma, 1912; Delta Tau Delta, 1914; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1915; Pi Upsilon (local), 1909; Phi Kappa, 1915; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1918; Alpha Phi Alpha, 1918; Delta Upsilon, 1920; Acomos, 1917 (local).

Pi Beta Phi, 1873; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1881; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1883; Chi Omega, 1902; Mu Phi Epsilon, 1911; Alpha



Delta Pi, 1912; Sigma Kappa, 1913; Phi Omega Pi, 1912; Alpha Chi Omega, 1914; Gamma Phi Beta, 1915; Alpha Xi Delta, 1916; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1918, Alpha Gamma Delta, 1922.

Phi Delta Phi, 1897; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1909; Phi Alpha Delta, 1909; Nu Sigma Nu, 1909; Phi Beta Pi, 1910; Alpha Zeta, 1911; Theta Tau, 1912; Mu Phi Epsilon, 1911; Delta Phi Delta, 1912; Pi Gamma Sigma, 1912; Phi Alpha Tau, 1915; Phi Chi, 1915; Phi Delta Chi, 1917; Delta Theta Phi, 1916; Sigma Gamma Epsilon, 1915; Alpha Epsilon Iota, 1922; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1921; Delta Sigma Pi, 1921; Phi Beta Pi, 1920.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1890; Sigma Xi, 1890; Sigma Delta Chi, 1909; Delta Sigma Rho, 1910; Phi Delta Kappa, 1912; Sigma Tau, 1915; Tau Beta Pi, 1914.

KANSAS STATE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, Manhattan, Kans.—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1913; Sigma Nu, 1913; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1913; Acacia, 1913; Beta Theta Pi, 1914; Delta Tau Delta, 1919; Kappa Sigma, 1918; Phi Delta Theta, 1920; Alpha Tau Omega, 1920; Phi Kappa, 1921; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1923.

Delta Zeta, 1915; Pi Beta Phi, 1915; Alpha Delta Pi, 1915; Delta Delta Delta, 1915; Chi Omega, 1915; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1917; Alpha Xi Delta, 1921; Kappa Delta, 1920.

Alpha Zeta, 1910; Alpha Psi, 1912; Sigma Tau, 1912; Zeta Kappa Psi, 1914 (debating); Pi Kappa Delta, 1914; Sigma Delta Chi, 1915; S. & B., 1914; Phi Alpha Tau, 1916.

KANSAS STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, Emporia, Kans.—Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1918; Delta Sigma Epsilon, 1918; Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1917.

KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE, Lyndon, Ky., 1845—Phi Delta Theta, 1854–56; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1854–61; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1858–87; Chi Phi, 1872–83; Alpha Tau Omega, 1870–87.

KENTUCKY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE, Louisville, Ky., 1850—Phi Chi, 1896.

KENTUCKY, UNIVERSITY OF, Lexington, Ky., 1866—Kappa Alpha, 1893; Sigma Chi, 1893; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1900; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1901; Kappa Sigma, 1901; Phi Delta Theta, 1901; Sigma Nu, 1902; Alpha Tau Omega, 1909; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1915; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1917; Omicron Alpha Tau, 1916–18; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1920; Phi Kappa Tau, 1920; Triangle, 1920.

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Alpha Gamma Delta, 1908; Alpha Xi Delta, 1908; Kappa Delta, 1910; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1910; Tau Beta Pi, 1901; Delta Chi, 1914; Alpha Zeta, 1912; Chi Omega, 1914.

Tau Kappa Alpha, 1913; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1917; Delta Sigma Pi, 1920.

Sigma Xi, 1922.

KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY, Lexington, Ky., now Transylvania College which see.

KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, Louisville, Ky.—Phi Chi, 1900; Pi Mu, 1908.

KENTUCKY WESLEYAN COLLEGE, Winchester, Ky., 1866, M. E. So.—Kappa Alpha, 1902-06.

KENYON COLLEGE, Gambier, O., 1824, Epis.—Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1852; Theta Delta Chi, 1854-96; Alpha Delta Phi, 1858, Psi Upsilon, 1860; Chi Phi, 1861-66; Beta Theta Pi, 1879; Delta Tau Delta, 1881; Sigma Pi, 1916; Phi Beta Kappa, 1858.

KEOKUK DENTAL COLLEGE, Keokuk, Iowa, 1897—Psi Omega, 1904-09.

KNOX COLLEGE, Galesburg, Ill., 1837—Beta Theta Pi, 1855; Phi Gamma Delta, 1867; Phi Delta Theta, 1871; Tau Kappa Epsilon, 1912; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1915; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1871-74; Pi Beta Phi, 1884; Delta Delta Delta, 1889; Phi Mu, 1912; Delta Sigma Rho, 1911; Sigma Delta Chi, 1916; Phi Beta Kappa, 1917.

KROEGER SCHOOL OF MUSIC, St. Louis, Mo.—Mu Phi Epsilon, 1906.

LA FAYETTE COLLEGE, Easton, Pa., 1826, Pres—Phi Kappa Sigma, 1853-83; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1855; Zeta Psi, 1857; Theta Delta Chi, 1867; Sigma Chi, 1867; Phi Kappa Psi, 1869; Phi Delta Theta, 1873; Chi Phi, 1874; Delta Tau Delta, 1874; Phi Gamma Delta, 1883; Delta Upsilon, 1885; Sigma Nu, 1900; Alpha Chi Rho, 1903; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1919; Omega Delta Pi (local), 1912; Kappa Sigma, 1921.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1890; Tau Beta Pi, 1921.

LAGRANGE COLLEGE, Tenn., Luth.—Phi Kappa Psi, 1859-60; Sigma Chi, 1860-61.

LAKE FOREST COLLEGE, Lake Forest, Ill., 1876, Pres.—Kappa

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Sigma, 1880; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1893-94; Omega Psi, 1902 (local); Phi Pi Epsilon, 1895 (local); Digamma Alpha Upsilon (local), 1906; Sigma Tau (local sorority), 1901; Theta Psi (local sorority), 1905.

LAKE SHORE SEMINARY, North East, Pa.—Delta Tau Delta, 1871-75.

LASSELL SEMINARY, Auburndale, Mass.—Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1880-82.

LAURA MEMORIAL MEDICAL COLLEGE, Cincinnati, O., 1890—Alpha Epsilon Iota, 1890-03.

LAWRENCE COLLEGE, Appleton, Wis., 1847, M. E.—Phi Delta Theta, 1859-61; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1915; Alpha Delta Pi, 1908; Theta Phi (local), 1897; Delta Iota (local), 1903; Beta Sigma Phi (local), 1902; Phi Kappa Alpha (local); Phi Kappa Tau, 1920.

Phi Mu, 1914; Mu Phi Epsilon, 1912; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1915; Delta Gamma, 1915; Kappa Delta, 1918; Sigma Alpha Iota, 1918; Phi Beta Kappa, 1914; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1912; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1921.

LEHIGH UNIVERSITY, South Bethlehem, Pa., 1866, Epis.—Phi Kappa Sigma, 1870-87; Chi Phi, 1872; Delta Tau Delta, 1874; Phi Delta Theta, 1876; Alpha Tau Omega, 1882; Delta Phi, 1884; Psi Upsilon, 1884; Theta Delta Chi, 1884; Delta Upsilon, 1885; Sigma Nu, 1885; Sigma Phi, 1887; Phi Gamma Delta, 1887; Sigma Chi, 1887; Beta Theta Pi, 1891; Chi Psi, 1893; Kappa Alpha, 1894; Kappa Sigma, 1900; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1901; Theta Xi, 1904; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1907; Pi Lambda Phi, 1915; Alpha Chi Rho, 1918.

Tau Beta Pi, 1885; Phi Beta Kappa, 1887.

LELAND STANFORD, JR., UNIVERSITY, see Stanford University.

LEWISBURG FEMALE INSTITUTE, Lewisburg, W. Va.—Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1903-08; Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1903-04.

LEWISBURGH UNIVERSITY, now Bucknell University.

LIBERTY LADIES' COLLEGE, Sedalia, Mo.—Eta Upsilon Gamma, 1903-13; Beta Sigma Omicron, 1908-13.

LINCOLN DENTAL COLLEGE, Lincoln, Neb.—Xi Psi Phi, 1905; Delta Sigma Delta, 1913.

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LINCOLN MEMORIAL UNIVERSITY, Cumberland Gap, Tenn.—Chi Zeta Chi, 1908-14; Kappa Phi, 1909.

LINCOLN UNIVERSITY, Chester, Pa. (Colored)—Alpha Phi Alpha, 1912; Kappa Alpha Psi, 1915; Phi Beta Sigma, 1922.

LINDENWOOD COLLEGE, St. Charles, Mo.—Eta Upsilon Gamma 1905; Sigma Iota Chi, 1909.

LOMBARD COLLEGE, Galesburg, Ill., 1852, Univ.—Delta Tau Delta, 1869-85; Phi Delta Theta, 1878; Sigma Nu, 1891; Pi Beta Phi, 1872; Alpha Xi Delta, 1893; Delta Zeta, 1915.

LONG ISLAND COLLEGE HOSPITAL, Brooklyn, N. Y., 1860—Phi Kappa Sigma, 1876-78; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1896; Phi Delta, 1901; Zeta Beta Tau, 1903-14; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1906; Chi Zeta Chi, 1909-13; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1911; Kappa Psi, 1918; Phi Lambda Kappa, 1919.

LOS ANGELES SCHOOL OF OSTEOPATHY, Los Angeles, Cal.—Iota Tau Sigma, 1908; Delta Omega, 1914.

LOUISIANA STATE UNIVERSITY, Baton Rouge, La., 1860—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1867; Kappa Alpha, 1885; Kappa Sigma, 1887. Sigma Nu, 1887; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1903; Sigma Iota, 1912 (Spanish); Lambda Chi Alpha, 1914; Friar's Club, 1901 (local); Theta Xi, 1921.

Zeta Beta Tau, 1911; Kappa Delta, 1909; Alpha Delta Pi, 1914; Delta Zeta, 1917; Phi Chi Delta, 1912; Alpha Chi Sigma 1914, Tau Kappa Alpha, 1912; Sigma Delta Chi, 1915; Alpha Zeta, 1916.

LOUISIANA, UNIVERSITY OF, New Orleans, La., merged into the Tulane University of Louisiana.

LOUISVILLE COLLEGE OF DENTAL SURGERY, Louisville, Ky., 1887—Psi Omega, 1897.

LOUISVILLE COLLEGE OF DENTISTRY, Louisville, Ky.—Xi Psi Phi, 1914.

LOUISVILLE COLLEGE OF PHARMACY, Louisville, Ky.—Kappa Psi, 1909.

LOUISVILLE CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, Louisville, Ky.—Beta Pi Omega 1918; Delta Omicron, 1918.

LOUISVILLE MEDICAL COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky., 1837—Phi Chi 1894; Pi Mu, 1904; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1909.

LOUISVILLE, UNIVERSITY OF, Louisville, Ky.—Phi Beta Pi, 1913; Kappa Psi, 1914; Kappa Alpha, 1921; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1921; Sigma Kappa, 1922.

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL, Lowell, Mass.—Delta Kappa Phi, 1902; Phi Psi, 1904; Omicron Pi, 1902.

LOYOLA UNIVERSITY, Chicago, Ill., 1869, Roman Catholic—Phi Delta, 1912; Phi Chi Delta, 1913; Aleph Yodh He, 1913; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1913; Kappa Psi, 1917; Delta Sigma Delta, 1916; Phi Lambda Kappa, 1912; Phi Beta Pi, 1921.

MADISON UNIVERSITY, now Colgate University.

MAINE, UNIVERSITY OF, Orono, Me., 1863—Beta Theta Pi, 1878, Kappa Sigma, 1886; Alpha Tau Omega, 1891; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1898; Phi Gamma Delta, 1899; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1901; Sigma Chi, 1902; Theta Chi, 1907; Delta Tau Delta, 1908; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1913; Sigma Nu, 1913; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1916; Sigma Phi Sigma, 1921; Phi Eta Kappa (local) 1906.

Alpha Omicron Pi, 1908; Phi Mu, 1912; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1901-10; Alpha Zeta, 1908; Delta Delta Delta, 1917; Chi Omega, 1921; Pi Beta Phi, 1920.

Phi Delta Phi, 1908; Phi Alpha Delta, 1910; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1911; Phi Eta Kappa (local), 1906.

Phi Kappa Phi, 1898; Tau Beta Pi, 1910; Sigma Delta Chi, 1915; Phi Beta Kappa, 1922.

MANITOBA, UNIVERSITY OF, Winnipeg, Canada—Zeta Psi, 1921.

MARIETTA COLLEGE, Marietta, O., 1835—Phi Gamma Delta, 1855-97; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1860; Delta Upsilon, 1870; Alpha Tau Omega, 1890.

Alpha Nu Sigma (local sorority), 1907; Beta Theta, 1908 (local sorority); Phi Beta Kappa, 1860.

MARION SIMS BEAUMONT COLLEGE OF MEDICINE, St. Louis, Mo.—See St. Louis University.

MARQUETTE UNIVERSITY, Milwaukee, Wis.—Psi Omega, 1897; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1900; Alpha Gamma Phi (local), 1908; Alpha Chi, 1909 (local); Sigma Alpha (local); Kappa Beta Gamma, 1916 (woman's local); Kappa Psi, 1917; Delta Sigma Delta, 1917; Phi Beta Pi, 1907; Delta Sigma Pi, 1920; Delta Theta Phi, 1921; Phi Chi, 1921.

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MARVIN COLLEGE, Waxahachie, Tex., 1872—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1881-84.

MARY BALDWIN SEMINARY, Staunton, Va.—Beta Sigma Omicron, 1903-07; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1904-06; Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1905-07; Alpha Delta Pi, 1906-10.

MARYLAND MEDICAL COLLEGE, Baltimore, Md., 1898—Kappa Psi, 1901-14; Phi Chi, 1903.

MARYLAND MILITARY AND NAVAL ACADEMY, Oxford, Md.—Kappa Sigma, 1885-87.

MARYLAND UNIVERSITY OF, (formerly Maryland Agl. College), College Park, Md., 1859—Kappa Sigma, 1874, Phi Gamma Delta, 1879-83; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1897; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1890; Kappa Alpha, 1914; Sigma Nu, 1917; Sigma Phi Sigma, 1916; Delta Sigma Pi, 1922; Phi Alpha, 1919; Nu Sigma Omicron, 1916 (local).

MARYLAND, UNIVERSITY OF, Baltimore, Md., 1812—(Graduate Departments only) Xi Psi Phi, 1893; Psi Omega, 1900; Phi Beta Pi, 1901; Nu Sigma Nu, 1904; Chi Zeta Chi, 1904; Phi Delta Chi, 1905-07; Kappa Psi, 1898; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1906; Phi Chi, 1893; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1913; Alpha Omega, 1912; Delta Theta Phi, 1922; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1920.

MASSACHUSETTS AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, Amherst, Mass., 1867—Q. T. V., 1869; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1873; Kappa Sigma, 1904; Theta Chi, 1911; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1912; Kappa Gamma Phi, 1909 (local); Alpha Sigma Phi, 1913; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1912.

MASSACHUSETTS COLLEGE OF OSTEOPATHY, Cambridge, Mass.—Iota Tau Sigma, 1910; Phi Sigma Gamma, 1917.

MASSACHUSETTS COLLEGE OF PHARMACY, Boston, Mass., 1823—Phi Delta Chi, 1902; Kappa Psi, 1907.

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, Cambridge, Mass., 1861—Chi Phi, 1873; Sigma Chi, 1882; Alpha Tau Omega, 1885; Theta Xi, 1885; Phi Gamma Delta, 1889; Delta Psi, 1889; Delta Theta Delta Chi, 1800; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1890; Tau Delta, 1889; Delta Upsilon, 1891; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1892; Phi Beta Epsilon, 1895; Pi Lambda Phi, 1897-00; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1902; Theta Chi, 1902; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1903; Delta Sigma Phi, 1904-09; Beta

Theta Pi, 1912; Kappa Sigma, 1914; Zeta Beta Tau, 1911; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1912; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1917; Phi Kappa, 1918; Tau Delta Phi, 1918; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1919; Phi Beta Delta, 1920; Phi Mu Delta, 1922; Phi Sigma Delta, 1921; Sigma Nu, 1922; Phi Beta Epsilon (local) 1890; Lambda Phi (local), 1907.

Pi Delta Epsilon, 1911 (Journalist honorary); Theta Tau, 1912 (engineering honorary); Lambda Phi (local), 1907; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1919.

Tau Beta Pi, 1922

MCGILL UNIVERSITY, Montreal, Canada—Zeta Psi, 1883; Alpha Delta Phi, 1897; Delta Upsilon, 1898; Kappa Alpha, 1899; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1900; Theta Delta Chi, 1901; Phi Delta Theta, 1902; Zeta Beta Tau, 1913; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1919; Pi Lambda Phi, 1921; Delta Sigma Phi, 1922; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1920; Epsilon Phi (local) 1904.

Phi Beta Pi, 1901-08; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1904; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1911; Phi Rho Sigma, 1913; Nu Sigma Nu, 1918; Delta Sigma Pi, 1922.

Sigma Xi, 1922.

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, Charleston, S. C.—Phi Chi, 1906-12; Kappa Psi, 1907-14; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1908-12; Pi Mu, 1908-14.

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA, Richmond, Va., 1838—Pi Mu, 1896; Phi Chi, 1903; Kappa Psi, 1904-06; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1905; Phi Beta Pi, 1906-13; Psi Omega, 1908; Chi Zeta Chi, 1910; Xi Psi Phi, 1904; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1906; Phi Rho Sigma, 1906; Phi Chi Delta, 1913; Phi Beta Pi, 1913.

MEDICAL SCHOOLS IN CHICAGO of the Universities of Chicago, Illinois and Northwestern—Alpha Phi Alpha (colored), 1910 (a joint chapter).

MEDICAL SCHOOLS IN PHILADELPHIA of the Temple University, University of Pennsylvania and Medico-Chirurgical College—Alpha Phi Alpha (colored), 1914 (a joint chapter).

MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL COLLEGE OF PHILADELPHIA, Philadelphia, Pa., 1881—Nu Sigma Nu, 1890-13; Psi Omega, 1899; Phi Rho Sigma, 1901; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1907; Phi Chi, 1907; Phi Beta Pi, 1907;

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MARVIN COLLEGE, Waxahachie, Tex., 1872—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1881-84.

MARY BALDWIN SEMINARY, Staunton, Va.—Beta Sigma Omicron, 1903-07; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1904-06; Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1905-07; Alpha Delta Pi, 1906-10.

MARYLAND MEDICAL COLLEGE, Baltimore, Md., 1898—Kappa Psi, 1901-14; Phi Chi, 1903.

MARYLAND MILITARY AND NAVAL ACADEMY, Oxford, Md.—Kappa Sigma, 1885-87.

MARYLAND UNIVERSITY OF, (formerly Maryland Agl. College), College Park, Md., 1859—Kappa Sigma, 1874, Phi Gamma Delta, 1879-83; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1897; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1890; Kappa Alpha, 1914; Sigma Nu, 1917; Sigma Phi Sigma, 1916; Delta Sigma Pi, 1922; Phi Alpha, 1919; Nu Sigma Omicron, 1916 (local).

MARYLAND, UNIVERSITY OF, Baltimore, Md., 1812—(Graduate Departments only) Xi Psi Phi, 1893; Psi Omega, 1900; Phi Beta Pi, 1901; Nu Sigma Nu, 1904; Chi Zeta Chi, 1904; Phi Delta Chi, 1905-07; Kappa Psi, 1898; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1906; Phi Chi, 1893; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1913; Alpha Omega, 1912; Delta Theta Phi, 1922; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1920.

MASSACHUSETTS AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, Amherst, Mass., 1867—Q. T. V., 1869; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1873; Kappa Sigma, 1904; Theta Chi, 1911; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1912; Kappa Gamma Phi, 1909 (local); Alpha Sigma Phi, 1913; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1912.

MASSACHUSETTS COLLEGE OF OSTEOPATHY, Cambridge, Mass.—Iota Tau Sigma, 1910; Phi Sigma Gamma, 1917.

MASSACHUSETTS COLLEGE OF PHARMACY, Boston, Mass., 1823—Phi Delta Chi, 1902; Kappa Psi, 1907.

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, Cambridge, Mass., 1861—Chi Phi, 1873; Sigma Chi, 1882; Alpha Tau Omega, 1885; Theta Xi, 1885; Phi Gamma Delta, 1889; Delta Psi, 1889; Delta Theta Delta Chi, 1800; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1890; Tau Delta, 1889; Delta Upsilon, 1891; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1892; Phi Beta Epsilon, 1895; Pi Lambda Phi, 1897-00; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1902; Theta Chi, 1902; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1903; Delta Sigma Phi, 1904-09; Beta



Theta Pi, 1912; Kappa Sigma, 1914; Zeta Beta Tau, 1911; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1912; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1917; Phi Kappa, 1918; Tau Delta Phi, 1918; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1919; Phi Beta Delta, 1920; Phi Mu Delta, 1922; Phi Sigma Delta, 1921; Sigma Nu, 1922; Phi Beta Epsilon (local) 1890; Lambda Phi (local), 1907.

Pi Delta Epsilon, 1911 (Journalist honorary); Theta Tau, 1912 (engineering honorary); Lambda Phi (local), 1907; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1919.

Tau Beta Pi, 1922

MCGILL UNIVERSITY, Montreal, Canada—Zeta Psi, 1883; Alpha Delta Phi, 1897; Delta Upsilon, 1898; Kappa Alpha, 1899; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1900; Theta Delta Chi, 1901; Phi Delta Theta, 1902; Zeta Beta Tau, 1913; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1919; Pi Lambda Phi, 1921; Delta Sigma Phi, 1922; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1920; Epsilon Phi (local) 1904.

Phi Beta Pi, 1901-08; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1904; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1911; Phi Rho Sigma, 1913; Nu Sigma Nu, 1918; Delta Sigma Pi, 1922.

Sigma Xi, 1922.

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, Charleston, S. C.—Phi Chi, 1906-12; Kappa Psi, 1907-14; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1908-12; Pi Mu, 1908-14.

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA, Richmond, Va., 1838—Pi Mu, 1896; Phi Chi, 1903; Kappa Psi, 1904-06; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1905; Phi Beta Pi, 1906-13; Psi Omega, 1908; Chi Zeta Chi, 1910; Xi Psi Phi, 1904; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1906; Phi Rho Sigma, 1906; Phi Chi Delta, 1913; Phi Beta Pi, 1913.

MEDICAL SCHOOLS IN CHICAGO of the Universities of Chicago, Illinois and Northwestern—Alpha Phi Alpha (colored), 1910 (a joint chapter).

MEDICAL SCHOOLS IN PHILADELPHIA of the Temple University, University of Pennsylvania and Medico-Chirurgical College—Alpha Phi Alpha (colored), 1914 (a joint chapter).

MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL COLLEGE OF PHILADELPHIA, Philadelphia, Pa., 1881—Nu Sigma Nu, 1890-13; Psi Omega, 1899; Phi Rho Sigma, 1901; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1907; Phi Chi, 1907; Phi Beta Pi, 1907;

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Omega Upsilon Phi, 1909; Beta Phi Sigma, 1911; Phi Chi Delta, 1914; Aleph Yodh He, 1914.

MEHARRY MEDICAL COLLEGE, Nashville, Tenn.—Kappa Alpha Psi, 1919; Phi Beta Sigma, 1920.

MERCER UNIVERSITY, Macon, Ga., 1857, M. E.—Chi Phi, 1869–80; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1870; Phi Delta Theta, 1872; Kappa Alpha, 1873; Kappa Sigma, 1874; Alpha Tau Omega, 1880; Sigma Nu, 1884; Pi Lambda Phi, 1923.

METROPOLITAN COLLEGE OF MUSIC, Cincinnati, O.—Mu Phi Epsilon, 1903.

METROPOLITAN CONSERVATORY, Indianapolis, Ind.—Mu Phi Epsilon, 1906.

MIAMI MEDICAL COLLEGE, Cincinnati, O., Medical Department of the University of Cincinnati, 1852—Nu Sigma Nu, 1892; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1901; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1903; Alpha Epsilon Iota, 1903–06.

MIAMI UNIVERSITY, Oxford, O., 1819—Alpha Delta Phi, 1833–73; Beta Theta Pi, 1839; Phi Delta Theta, 1848; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1852; Sigma Chi, 1855; Delta Upsilon, 1868; Delta Tau Delta, 1916; Phi Kappa Tau, 1906; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1919.

Delta Zeta, 1902; Delta Delta Delta, 1911; Chi Omega, 1913; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1919, Sigma Kappa, 1922.

Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1911; Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1914; Delta Sigma Epsilon, 1914; Pi Kappa Sigma, 1915; Sigma Delta Chi, 1916; Phi Beta Kappa, 1911; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1908.

MICHIGAN AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, East Lansing, Mich., 1855—Delta Tau Delta, 1872–97; Phi Delta Theta, 1873–98; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1922; Delta Sigma Phi, 1923; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1922.

Alpha Gamma Delta, 1921; Alpha Phi, 1922.

Omicron Nu, 1911; Alpha Psi, 1915; Tau Beta Pi, 1892; Alpha Zeta, 1902.

MICHIGAN COLLEGE OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY, Detroit, Mich., 1888—Phi Delta, 1903.

MICHIGAN COLLEGE OF MINES, Houghton, Mich., 1886—Theta Tau, 1908; Sigma Rho, 1894; Tau Beta Pi, 1904.

MICHIGAN STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, Ypsilanti, Mich.—Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1917; Pi Kappa Sigma, 1894.

MICHIGAN, UNIVERSITY OF, Ann Arbor, Mich., 1836—Beta Theta Pi, 1845; Chi Psi, 1845; Alpha Delta Phi, 1846; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1855; Delta Phi, 1855; Zeta Psi, 1858; Sigma Phi, 1858; Phi Delta Theta, 1864; Psi Upsilon, 1865; Delta Tau Delta, 1871; Phi Kappa Psi, 1876; Delta Upsilon, 1876; Sigma Chi, 1877; Chi Phi, 1882-85; Phi Gamma Delta, 1885; Alpha Tau Omega, 1888; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1889; Theta Delta Chi, 1889; Kappa Sigma, 1892; Sigma Nu, 1902; Acacia, 1904; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1905; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1908; Zeta Beta Tau, 1912; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1912; Theta Xi, 1914; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1915; Alpha Phi Alpha, 1909; Beta Phi, 1915; Kappa Beta Psi, 1912 (local); Lambda Chi Alpha, 1913; Pi Lambda Phi, 1913; Phi Sigma Delta, 1916; Kappa Nu, 1919; Theta Chi, 1919; Delta Sigma Phi, 1920; Phi Beta Delta, 1921; Alpha Chi Rho, 1921; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1921; Phi Kappa Tau, 1923; Phi Mu Delta, 1922; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1922; Tau Delta Phi, 1922.

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1879; Gamma Phi Beta, 1882; Delta Gamma, 1885; Sorosis, 1886; Pi Beta Phi, 1888; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1890; Alpha Phi, 1892; Delta Delta Delta, 1894; Alpha Chi Omega, 1898; Mu Phi Epsilon, 1904; Chi Omega, 1905; Alpha Xi Delta, 1919; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1919; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1921; Alpha Epsilon Phi, 1921; Kappa Delta, 1921; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1922; Delta Zeta, 1922.

Phi Delta Phi, 1869; Nu Sigma Nu, 1882; Delta Sigma Delta, 1882; Phi Delta Chi, 1883; Xi Psi Phi, 1889; Alpha Epsilon Iota, 1890; Delta Chi, 1892; Omega Psi, 1896; Phi Rho Sigma, 1897; Phi Beta Pi, 1898; Alpha Sigma, 1900; Phi Alpha Gamma, 1900; Phi Mu Alpha, 1902; Sigma Alpha Iota, 1903; Phi Alpha Delta, 1905; Phi Chi, 1905; Psi Omega, 1905; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1906; Pi Upsilon Rho, 1906; Phi Lambda Upsilon, 1909; Delta Theta Phi, 1912; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1911; Alpha Sigma, 1893; Phi Sigma Tau, 1913; Theta Kappa Nu (Order of the Coif), 1912; Phi Chi Delta, 1913; Alpha Rho Chi, 1914; Sigma Delta Kappa, 1914; Sigma Upsilon, 1914; Omega Upsilon, 1909; Alpha Psi, 1915;

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Alpha Chi Sigma, 1916; Phi Alpha Tau, 1916; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1920; Delta Sigma Pi, 1921; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1921.

Sigma Xi, 1903; Tau Beta Pi, 1906; Delta Sigma Rho, 1906; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1907; Phi Beta Kappa, 1907; Sigma Delta Chi, 1909.

MIDDLEBURY COLLEGE, Middlebury, Vt., 1800—Chi Psi, 1843; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1854; Delta Upsilon, 1856; Pi Beta Phi, 1893; Alpha Chi, 1889 (local women); Sigma Kappa, 1911; Kappa Delta Rho, 1905; Alpha Sigma Phi (local), 1911; Delta Delta Delta, 1917; Phi Beta Kappa, 1868.

MIDDLE GEORGIA MILITARY AND AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, Milledgeville, Ga., 1880—Alpha Tau Omega, 1888-90.

MILLIKIN, JAMES, UNIVERSITY, Decatur, Ill.—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1911; Tau Kappa Epsilon, 1909; Delta Sigma Phi, 1922; Kappa Delta Chi (local); Delta Delta Delta, 1912; Pi Beta Phi, 1912; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1912; Alpha Chi Omega, 1913; Sigma Alpha Iota, 1918.

MILLSAPS COLLEGE, Jackson, Miss., 1892, M. E.—Kappa Alpha, 1893; Kappa Sigma, 1895; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1905; Phi Mu, 1914; Kappa Delta, 1914; Sigma Upsilon, 1910.

MILLS COLLEGE, Mills College, Cal.—Delta Theta Delta (local sorority), 1899; Mu Sigma Sigma (local sorority).

MINNESOTA, UNIVERSITY OF, Minneapolis, Minn., 1868—Chi Psi, 1874; Phi Delta Theta, 1881; Delta Tau Delta, 1883; Sigma Chi, 1888; Phi Kappa Psi, 1888; Phi Gamma Delta, 1890; Beta Theta Pi, 1890; Delta Upsilon, 1890; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1890; Psi Upsilon, 1891; Theta Delta Chi, 1892; Alpha Delta Phi, 1892; Zeta Psi, 1899; Kappa Sigma, 1901; Alpha Tau Omega, 1902; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1902; Sigma Nu, 1904; Acacia, 1906; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1910; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1915; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1915; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1916; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1916; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1917; Tau Kappa Epsilon, 1917; Xi Psi Theta (local), 1914; Theta Xi, 1920; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1922; Triangle, 1922; Thulianian (local), 1889.

Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1880; Delta Gamma, 1882; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1889; Alpha Phi, 1890; Pi Beta Phi, 1890; Delta Delta Delta, 1894; Gamma Phi Beta, 1902; Alpha Xi Delta, 1907; Alpha

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Gamma Delta, 1908; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1912; Alpha Phi Alpha, 1912; Phi Omega Pi, 1917; Kappa Delta, 1918; Chi Omega, 1921; Sigma Kappa, 1921; Alpha Chi Omega, 1921.

Phi Delta Phi, 1891; Nu Sigma Nu, 1891; Delta Chi, 1892; Delta Sigma Delta, 1894; Phi Alpha Gamma, 1897-09; Psi Omega, 1896-03; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1898; Alpha Epsilon Iota, 1901; Phi Delta Chi, 1904; Phi Delta, 1904; Phi Beta Pi, 1904; Theta Tau, 1904; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1904; Alpha Zeta, 1905; Phi Rho Sigma, 1905; Omega Psi Phi, 1908-12; Delta Theta Phi, 1905; Phi Lambda Upsilon, 1910; Sigma Rho, 1910; Psi Omega, 1918; Sigma Delta Chi, 1916; Alpha Rho Chi, 1916; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1922; Alpha Omega, 1922; Phi Chi, 1920; Phi Alpha Delta, 1922; Sigma Delta Kappa, 1922.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1892; Sigma Xi, 1896; Delta Sigma Rho, 1906; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1908; Tau Beta Pi, 1909; Phi Delta Kappa, 1910; Lambda Alpha Psi; S. & B., 1905.

MISSISSIPPI AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, Miss.—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1887-92.

MISSISSIPPI COLLEGE, Clinton, Miss., 1850—Phi Kappa Psi, 1860-61; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1869-76; Sigma Chi, 1873-74.

MISSISSIPPI, UNIVERSITY OF, University P. O., Miss., 1844—Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1850-1911; Delta Psi, 1855-1912; Sigma Chi, 1857-12; Phi Kappa Psi, 1857-1911; Chi Psi, 1858-95; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1859-61; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1866-1913; Phi Gamma Delta, 1868-79; Phi Delta Theta, 1877-1912; Beta Theta Pi, 1879-01; Kappa Alpha, 1900-1912; Delta Tau Delta, 1886-12; Chi Omega, 1899-1912; Delta Delta Delta, 1904-12; Sigma Upsilon, 1909.

MISSOURI SCHOOL OF MINES, Rolla, Mo.—Kappa Alpha, 1903; Sigma Nu, 1903; Kappa Sigma, 1903; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1905; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1918; Theta Tau, 1916; Tau Beta Pi, 1906.

MISSOURI STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, Kirksville, Mo.—Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1914; Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1915.

MISSOURI STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, Warrensburg, Mo.—Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1915.

MISSOURI, UNIVERSITY OF, Columbia, Mo., 1839—Phi Kappa Psi, 1869; Phi Delta Theta, 1870; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1884; Sigma

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Nu, 1886; Beta Theta Pi, 1890; Kappa Alpha, 1891; Sigma Chi, 1896; Kappa Sigma, 1898; Phi Gamma Delta, 1899; Delta Tau Delta, 1905; Alpha Tau Omega, 1906; Acacia, 1907; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1909; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1914; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1914; Zeta Beta Tau, 1917; Phi Kappa, 1921.

Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1875; Beta Sigma Omicron, 1888-04; Pi Beta Phi, 1899; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1909; Delta Gamma, 1909; Alpha Phi, 1910; Phi Mu, 1913; Chi Omega, 1913; Alpha Delta Pi, 1915; Delta Delta Delta, 1915; Alpha Epsilon Phi, 1921; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1922; Gamma Phi Beta, 1921; Alpha Chi Omega, 1922.

Phi Delta Phi, 1890; Phi Beta Pi, 1906; Phi Mu Alpha, 1907; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1907; Alpha Zeta, 1908; Phi Alpha Delta, 1909; Sigma Kappa Zeta (local); Tau Kappa Alpha, 1912; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1917; Sigma Gamma Epsilon, 1919; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1920; Delta Theta Phi, 1921.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1901; Tau Beta Pi, 1904; Sigma Xi, 1905; Delta Sigma Rho, 1908; Gamma Sigma Delta, 1908; Phi Delta Kappa, 1910; Eta Kappa Nu, 1911; Gamma Alpha, 1914; Sigma Delta Chi, 1913; Coif, 1910; Alpha Sigma Epsilon; S. & B., 1911; Theta Sigma Phi, 1912.

MISSOURI VALLEY COLLEGE, Marshall, Mo., 1889, Cumb. Pres.—Sigma Nu, 1891-96; Beta Sigma Omicron, 1892-93.

MONMOUTH COLLEGE, Monmouth, Ill., 1857, Un. Pres.—Beta Theta Pi, 1865-78; Delta Tau Delta, 1865-72; Phi Gamma Delta, 1866-71; Pi Beta Phi, 1867-84; Phi Delta Theta, 1871-84; Phi Kappa Psi, 1871-84; Sigma Chi, 1874-78; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1870-78.

MONTANA STATE COLLEGE, Bozeman, Mont.—Sigma Chi, 1917; Beta Epsilon (local), 1919; Omega Beta (local), 1915.

Chi Omega, 1920; Pi Beta Phi, 1921.

MONTANA, UNIVERSITY OF, Missoula, Mont.—Sigma Nu, 1905; Sigma Chi, 1906; Iota Nu, 1908 (local); Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1918; Phi Delta Theta, 1920; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1923; Alpha Delta Alpha, 1913 (local), 1916.

Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1909; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1909; Delta Gamma, 1911; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1917; Alpha Phi, 1918; Alpha

Chi Omega, 1922; Alpha Sigma Chi (women's local), 1919.

Sigma Delta Chi, 1917; Kappa Psi, 1920; Phi Alpha Tau, 1922; Phi Delta Phi, 1922.

MOORE'S HILL COLLEGE, Moore's Hill, Ind., 1854—Kappa Alpha Theta, 1871-75.

MT. HOLYOKE COLLEGE, South Hadley, Mass., 1837—Phi Beta Kappa, 1905.

MT. UNION COLLEGE, Alliance, Ohio, 1846, M. E.—Delta Tau Delta, 1875-84; Alpha Tau Omega, 1882; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1885; Sigma Nu, 1892; Phi Kappa Tau, 1915; Delta Gamma, 1882-08; Alpha Xi Delta, 1902; Delta Delta Delta, 1914; Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1909-14; Mu Phi Epsilon, 1915; Alpha Chi Omega, 1920.

MUHLENBERG COLLEGE, Allentown, Pa., 1867, Luth.—Chi Phi, 1868-84; Phi Gamma Delta, 1867-94; Alpha Tau Omega, 1881; Phi Kappa Tau, 1918; Delta Theta (local), 1898.

MUNICIPAL UNIVERSITY OF AKRON—see Akron.

MUSKINGUM COLLEGE, Ohio—Tau Kappa Alpha, 1912.

NASHVILLE UNIVERSITY, Nashville, Tenn.—Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1847-61; Phi Gamma Delta, 1850-50; Sigma Chi, 1856-57; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1857-76; Chi Phi, 1860-61; Phi Kappa Psi, 1870-75; Alpha Tau Omega, 1871-72; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1903-11; Pi Mu, 1908; Kappa Psi, 1908-12.

NATIONAL CATHEDRAL ACADEMY—Sigma Iota Chi, 1907-09.

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY LAW SCHOOL, Washington, D. C.—Sigma Nu Phi, 1903; Sigma Delta Kappa, 1921.

NEBRASKA, UNIVERSITY OF, Lincoln, Neb., 1869—Phi Delta Theta, 1875; Sigma Chi, 1883; Beta Theta Pi, 1888; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1893; Delta Tau Delta, 1894; Phi Kappa Psi, 1895; Alpha Tau Omega, 1897; Kappa Sigma, 1897; Delta Upsilon, 1898; Phi Gamma Delta, 1898; Acacia, 1904; Sigma Nu, 1909; Delta Chi, 1909; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1911; Alpha Theta Chi (local), 1895; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1913; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1916; Pi Kappa Phi, 1915; Kappa Alpha Psi, 1916; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1921; Omega Beta Pi, 1921; Zeta Beta Tau, 1922.

Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1884; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1887; Delta

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Gamma, 1888; Delta Delta Delta, 1894; Pi Beta Phi, 1895; Chi Omega, 1903; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1903; Alpha Phi, 1906; Alpha Chi Omega, 1907; Delta Zeta, 1910; Phi Omega Pi, 1910; Alpha Xi Delta, 1912; Gamma Phi Beta, 1914; Alpha Delta Pi, 1915; Phi Mu, 1921.

Phi Delta Phi, 1895; Phi Rho Sigma, 1901; Pi Alpha Phi; Alpha Zeta, 1904; Nu Sigma Nu, 1906; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1909; Phi Delta Chi, 1912; Phi Alpha Tau, 1904; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1914; Epsilon Epsilon Epsilon, 1911 (local medical); Phi Delta Chi, 1912; Iota Sigma Pi, 1914; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1914; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1921; Delta Theta Phi, 1922; Kappa Psi, 1917; Phi Beta Pi, 1920; Phi Alpha Delta, 1915; Sigma Alpha Iota, 1915; Nu Sigma Phi, 1912; Phi Chi, 1916; Sigma Gamma Epsilon, 1917.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1895; Sigma Xi, 1897; Sigma Tau, 1904; Delta Sigma Rho, 1906; Pi Delta Epsilon, 1910; Alpha Rho Sigma (local pharmacy); Sigma Delta Chi, 1914; Theta Kappa Nu (hon. law); Alpha Omega Alpha, 1914; Sigma Delta Chi, 1914; Coif, 1911; Phi Delta Kappa, 1914; Kappa Delta, 1920.

NEBRASKA WESLEYAN UNIVERSITY, University Place, Neb.—Phi Kappa Phi, 1914; Pi Kappa Delta, 1914; Phi Beta Sigma (local), 1887.

NEVADA, UNIVERSITY OF, Reno, Nev.—Sigma Nu, 1914; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1917; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1917; Alpha Tau Omega, 1921; Sigma Phi Sigma, 1922; Phi Delta Tau (local), 1912.

Delta Delta Delta, 1913; Pi Beta Phi, 1915; Gamma Phi Beta, 1921; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1922.

NEW BEDFORD TEXTILE SCHOOL, New Bedford, Mass.—Phi Psi, 1904; Delta Kappa Phi, 1917.

NEWBERRY COLLEGE, Newberry, S. C., 1858, Luth.—Kappa Alpha, 1873-74.

NEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, Boston Mass.—Alpha Chi Omega, 1895; Phi Mu Alpha, 1898; Mu Phi Epsilon, 1903; Phi Mu Gamma, 1908-15; Sigma Alpha Iota, 1915; Kappa Gamma Psi, 1914.

NEW HAMPSHIRE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE, Durham, N. H., 1868—Kappa Sigma, 1901; Alpha Zeta, 1903; Theta Chi, 1910; Alpha



Chi Sigma, 1911; Alpha Tau Alpha (local), 1906; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1917; Alpha Tau Omega, 1917; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1918; Phi Mu Delta, 1918; Pi Alpha Phi (local sorority), 1913; Alpha Xi Delta, 1914; Chi Omega, 1915; Phi Mu, 1919.

NEW JERSEY LAW SCHOOL, Newark, N. J.—Delta Theta Phi, 1915.

NEW MEXICO, UNIVERSITY OF, Albuquerque, N. Mex.—Pi Kappa Alpha, 1915; Sigma Chi, 1916; Alpha Delta, 1915 (local); Phi Mu, 1911; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1918; Alpha Chi Omega, 1918; Phi Kappa Phi, 1916.

NEW ORLEANS COLLEGE OF DENTISTRY, New Orleans, La., 1899—Psi Omega, 1903; Xi Psi Phi, 1908-11.

NEW YORK COLLEGE OF DENTISTRY, New York, N. Y., 1866—Xi Psi Phi, 1893-08; Psi Omega, 1893; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1912; Alpha Omega, 1920; Phi Beta Delta, 1912.

NEW YORK COLLEGE OF PHARMACY, New York, N. Y., 1829—See Columbia University.

NEW YORK, COLLEGE OF THE CITY OF, New York, N. Y., 1866, (formerly the New York Free Academy, and the name is now usually abbreviated to "C. C. N. Y.")—Alpha Delta Phi, 1855-13; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1856; Chi Psi, 1857-73; Phi Gamma Delta, 1865-06; Delta Upsilon, 1874-79; Theta Delta Chi, 1881; Phi Delta Theta, 1884-91; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1896; Pi Lambda Phi, 1896-02; Omega Pi Alpha (local), 1901; Delta Sigma Phi, 1901; Zeta Beta Tau, 1898; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1903; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1909; Tau Delta Phi, 1910; Phi Beta Delta, 1912; Delta Alpha, 1855 (local); Alpha Mu Sigma, 1917 (local); Phi Beta Kappa, 1867.

NEW YORK HOMEOPATHIC MEDICAL COLLEGE AND FLOWER HOSPITAL, New York, N. Y., 1860-1889—Alpha Sigma, 1893; Phi Alpha Gamma, 1894; Pi Upsilon Rho, 1905; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1913.

NEW YORK LAW SCHOOL, New York, N. Y., 1891—Phi Delta Phi, 1899; Delta Chi, 1902-05; Delta Theta Phi, 1907.

NEW YORK POLYTECHNIC MEDICAL SCHOOL, New York, N. Y.—Chi Zeta Chi, 1904-05.

NEW YORK STATE COLLEGE FOR TEACHERS, Albany, N. Y.—Sigma Nu Kappa, 1910; Kappa Delta Rho, 1915; Kappa Nu, 1918; Alpha Epsilon Phi, 1917.

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NEW YORK UNIVERSITY (formerly called the University of the City of New York), New York, N. Y., 1830, Pres.—Sigma Phi, 1835-48; Alpha Delta Phi, 1835-39; Psi Upsilon, 1837; Delta Phi, 1841; Zeta Psi, 1847; Delta Psi, 1847-53; Delta Upsilon, 1865; Delta Chi, 1891; Phi Gamma Delta, 1892; Pi Lambda Phi, 1896; Delta Sigma Phi, 1903; Kappa Sigma, 1905; Zeta Beta Tau, 1906; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1912; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1912; Phi Beta Delta, 1915; Alpha Epsilon Pi, 1913; Phi Sigma Delta, 1913; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1914; Tau Delta Phi, 1914; Kappa Nu, 1915; Theta Chi, 1917; Omicron Alpha Tau, 1919; Phi Alpha, 1920.

Alpha Omicron Pi, 1900; Alpha Epsilon Phi, 1917.

Phi Delta Phi, 1888; Phi Alpha Delta, 1909; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1904; Delta Sigma Pi, 1907; Delta Theta Phi, 1916; Phi Beta Kappa, 1838; Phi Delta Kappa, 1915.

NIAGARA UNIVERSITY, Buffalo, N. Y., 1856, R. C.—Omega Upsilon Phi, 1896 (merged with the University of Buffalo).

NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND MECHANIC ARTS, Raleigh, N. C., 1889, non-sect.—Sigma Nu, 1895; Kappa Sigma, 1903; Kappa Alpha, 1903; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1904; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1905; Alpha Zeta, 1904; Delta Sigma Phi, 1915; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1919; Phi Psi, 1916 (textile); Pi Lambda Phi, 1920; Sigma Pi, 1921.

NORTH CAROLINA MEDICAL COLLEGE, Charlotte, N. C.—Omega Upsilon Phi, 1908.

NORTH CAROLINA, UNIVERSITY OF, Chapel Hill, N. C., 1789—Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1850; Phi Gamma Delta, 1851-98; Beta Theta Pi, 1852; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1857; Delta Psi, 1854-62; Delta Phi, 1855-61; Chi Psi, 1855-61; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1856-95; Theta Delta Chi, 1857-60; Zeta Psi, 1858; Chi Phi, 1858-68; Alpha Tau Omega, 1879; Kappa Alpha, 1881; Phi Delta Theta, 1885; Sigma Nu, 1888; Sigma Chi, 1889; Kappa Sigma, 1893; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1895; Phi Chi, 1905; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1907-13; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1910; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1912; Kappa Psi, 1915; Pi Kappa Phi, 1915; Theta Chi, 1920; Delta Sigma Phi, 1920; Delta Tau Delta, 1921; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1921.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1904; Sigma Upsilon, 1906; Phi Delta Phi, 1919; Phi Alpha Delta, 1921; Sigma Xi, 1919.

NORTH DAKOTA AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, Agricultural College, N. Dak.—Alpha Zeta, 1911; Theta Chi, 1917; Phi Upsilon Omicron, 1913 (local); Alpha Kappa Phi, 1916 (local); Delta Pi, 1913 (local); Delta Phi Beta (local), 1908; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1912; Phi Omega Pi, 1914; Phi Kappa Phi, 1913.

NORTH DAKOTA, UNIVERSITY OF, Grand Forks, N. Dak., 1884—Sigma Chi, 1909; Phi Delta Theta, 1913; Beta Theta Pi, 1922; Alpha Tau Omega, 1922; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1923; Synergoi (local), 1910.

Alpha Phi, 1911; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1911; Delta Gamma, 1916; Delta Zeta, 1919; Gamma Phi Beta, 1920; Pi Beta Phi, 1921.

Phi Alpha Delta, 1911; Phi Delta Phi, 1912; Delta Sigma Rho, 1911; Phi Beta Kappa, 1914; Sigma Xi, 1920.

NORTH GEORGIA AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, Dahlonega, Ga., 1872—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1879-88; Sigma Nu, 1881; Kappa Sigma, 1885-91; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1900; Delta Sigma Alpha, 1899 (local); Alpha Phi Omega, 1916 (local); Rex, 1918 (local).

NORTH PACIFIC DENTAL COLLEGE, Portland, Ore., 1893—Psi Omega, 1900; Delta Sigma Delta, 1907; Xi Psi Phi, 1908; Kappa Psi, 1913; Alpha Omega, 1920.

NORTHWESTERN COLLEGE, Naperville, Ill., 1861—Phi Alpha Tau, 1915.

NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY, Evanston, Ill. (professional schools in Chicago), 1851, M. E.—Phi Delta Theta, 1859; Phi Kappa Psi, 1864; Phi Gamma Delta, 1860-70; Sigma Chi, 1869; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1872; Beta Theta Pi, 1873; Delta Upsilon, 1880; Delta Tau Delta, 1893; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1894; Sigma Nu, 1898; Acacia, 1910; Beta Phi, 1913; Kappa Alpha Psi, 1917; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1917; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1920; Phi Mu Delta, 1921; Phi Alpha, 1919; Wranglers, 1903 (local); Scribblers, 1908 (local); Monocoans, 1921 (local).

Alpha Phi, 1881; Delta Gamma, 1882; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1882; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1887; Gamma Phi Beta, 1888; Alpha Chi Omega, 1890; Pi Beta Phi, 1894; Delta Delta Delta, 1895; Chi Omega, 1901; Kappa Delta, 1907; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1909; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1913; Delta Zeta, 1920; Alpha Epsilon Phi, 1921; Alpha Xi Delta, 1921.

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Phi Delta Phi, 1886; Phi Rho Sigma, 1890; Nu Sigma Nu, 1891; Delta Chi, 1893-12; Delta Sigma Delta, 1893; Zeta Phi Eta, 1893; Psi Omega, 1894; Phi Delta Chi, 1896; Psi Omega, 1896; Alpha Epsilon Iota, 1898-03; Phi Alpha Delta, 1900; Xi Psi Phi, 1900; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1901; Delta Theta Phi, 1902; Phi Beta Pi, 1902; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1904-12; Sigma Alpha Iota, 1904; Phi Chi, 1909; Phi Mu Alpha, 1910; Kappa Psi, 1910; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1911; Phi Alpha Sigma, 1910-12; Delta Sigma Pi, 1913; Phi Lambda Kappa, 1914; Mu Phi Epsilon, 1914; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1913; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1918; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1919; A. U. P., 1914; Phi Chi, 1920; Sigma Delta Kappa, 1921.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1890; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1902; Sigma Xi, 1906; Delta Sigma Rho, 1906; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1913; Omega Upsilon, 1904 (orat. local); Coif, 1907.

NORWICH UNIVERSITY, Northfield, Vt., 1819—Theta Chi, 1856; Alpha Sigma Pi, 1857 (local); Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1908; Phi Kappa Delta, 1909 (local); Delta Sigma Tau, 1920 (local).

NOTRE DAME UNIVERSITY, Notre Dame, Ind.—Tau Kappa Alpha, 1908.

OAKLAND COLLEGE, Miss.—Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1852-61.

OAKLAND MEDICAL COLLEGE, Oakland, Cal.—Phi Beta Pi, 1916.

OBERLIN COLLEGE, Oberlin, O., 1833—Phi Beta Kappa, 1907.

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE, Pasadena, Cal.—Pi Kappa Delta, 1914.

OGLETHORPE UNIVERSITY, Atlanta, Ga.—Beta Theta Pi, 1859-61; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1859-63; Chi Phi, 1871-72; Kappa Alpha, 1871; Phi Delta Theta, 1871-72; Pi Kappa Phi, 1918; Delta Sigma Phi, 1922.

OHIO COLLEGE OF DENTAL SURGERY, Cincinnati, O.—Psi Omega, 1899; Xi Psi Phi, 1905-08; Delta Sigma Theta, 1904-08.

OHIO MEDICAL UNIVERSITY, Columbus, O., consolidated with Starling Medical College.

OHIO NORTHERN UNIVERSITY, Ada, Ohio, 1871—Kappa Sigma, 1886-88; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1905; Delta Theta Phi, 1910; Sigma Pi, 1912; Delta Sigma Phi, 1920; Kappa Psi, 1920.

OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY, Columbus, O., 1868—Phi Gamma Delta, 1878; Phi Kappa Psi, 1880; Sigma Chi, 1882. Chi Phi, 1883; Phi Delta Theta, 1883; Beta Theta Pi, 1885; Sigma Nu, 1891; Alpha Tau Omega, 1892; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1892; Delta Tau Delta, 1894; Kappa Sigma, 1895; Delta Upsilon, 1904; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1904; Acacia, 1906; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1908; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1908; Sigma Pi, 1908; Zeta Beta Tau, 1911; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1912; Alpha Phi Alpha, 1911; Phi Kappa Tau, 1912; Kappa Alpha Psi, 1915; Beta Alpha Chi, 1914 (local); Theta Xi, 1920; Delta Sigma Phi, 1920; Alpha Epsilon Pi, 1921; Kappa Delta Rho, 1922; Phi Kappa 1920; Phi Sigma Delta, 1921; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1920; Tau Kappa Epsilon, 1921; Theta Chi, 1921; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1923.

Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1888; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1892; Pi Beta Phi, 1894; Delta Delta Delta, 1896; Delta Gamma, 1911; Delta Zeta, 1911; Alpha Phi, 1912; Phi Mu, 1913; Alpha Gamma Theta (local sorority), 1914; Alpha Xi Delta, 1916; Chi Omega, 1919; Sigma Kappa, 1919; Theta Phi Alpha, 1919; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1920; Phi Omega Pi, 1920; Alpha Epsilon Phi, 1921; Kappa Delta, 1922.

Phi Delta Phi, 1893; Alpha Zeta, 1897; Delta Chi, 1902; Gamma Sigma Delta, 1905; Alpha Psi, 1907; Phi Delta Chi, 1908; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1910; Omega Tau Sigma, 1911; Phi Lambda Upsilon, 1911; Alpha Pi Upsilon, 1913 (local forestry); Tau Epsilon Chi, 1913 (arch.); Delta Theta Phi, 1913; Theta Sigma Phi, 1913; (soror. Jour.); Phi Alpha Gamma, 1897; Phi Rho Sigma, 1913; Alpha Rho Chi, 1915; Triangle, 1911; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1915; Delta Sigma Pi, 1921; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1922; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1921; Phi Alpha Delta, 1921; Sigma Delta Kappa, 1922.

Sigma Xi, 1898; Phi Beta Kappa, 1904; Eta Kappa Nu, 1907; Sigma Delta Chi, 1911; S. & B., 1915; Tau Beta Pi, 1921.

Mem.—The Medical fraternities are listed under Starling Medical College.

OHIO UNIVERSITY, Athens, O., 1804—Beta Theta Pi, 1841; Delta Tau Delta, 1862; Phi Delta Theta, 1868; Sigma Pi, 1910; Phi Kappa Tau, 1910; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1918; Alpha Phi Alpha, 1919; Kappa Phi Alpha, 1921 (local); Tau Sigma Delta, 1922 (local).

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1876-86; Pi Beta Phi, 1889; Alpha Gamma

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Delta, 1908. Alpha Xi Delta, 1911; Chi Omega, 1913; Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1912; Alpha Delta Pi, 1914; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1922.

Tau Kappa Alpha, 1908; Theta Sigma Phi, 1913; Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1907; A. U. P., 1916.

OHIO WESLEYAN UNIVERSITY, Delaware, O., 1842, M. E.—Beta Theta Pi, 1853; Sigma Chi, 1855; Phi Delta Theta, 1860; Phi Kappa Psi, 1861; Delta Tau Delta, 1866; Phi Gamma Delta, 1869; Chi Phi, 1873; Alpha Tau Omega, 1887; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1889; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1913; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1915. Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1879-84; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1881-81; Phi Beta Kappa, 1907; Delta Sigma Rho, 1907; Gamma Phi (hon. athletics).

OKLAHOMA AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL COLLEGE, Stillwater, Okla.—Lambda Chi Alpha, 1918; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1920; Kappa Sigma, 1920; Sigma Nu, 1920; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1920; Kappa Alpha, 1920; Beta Theta Pi, 1922; Sigma Beta Chi, 1909 (local).

Pi Beta Phi, 1919; Kappa Delta, 1919; Chi Omega, 1920; Delta Zeta, 1922; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1923.

Alpha Zeta, 1916; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1919.

OKLAHOMA STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, Alva, Okla.—Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1916; Delta Sigma Epsilon, 1916; Pi Kappa Sigma; Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1915.

OKLAHOMA, UNIVERSITY OF, Norman, Okla.—Kappa Alpha, 1905; Kappa Sigma, 1906; Beta Theta Pi, 1907; Sigma Nu, 1909; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1909; Sigma Chi, 1912; Phi Gamma Delta, 1916; Phi Delta Theta, 1918; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1920. Phi Kappa Psi, 1920; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1920; Acacia, 1920; Delta Tau Delta, 1922; Phi Beta Delta, 1922; Alpha Tau Omega, 1921; Pi Lambda Phi, 1923.

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1909; Delta Delta Delta, 1910; Pi Beta Phi, 1910; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1914; Alpha Chi Omega, 1916; Alpha Phi, 1917; Delta Gamma, 1918; Gamma Phi Beta, 1918; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1919; Chi Omega, 1919; Alpha Xi Delta, 1921; Phi Omega Pi, 1921.

Phi Delta Phi, 1912; Phi Mu Alpha, 1912; Sigma Delta Chi, 1913; Delta Sigma Rho, 1913; Phi Delta Chi, 1913; Phi Beta Pi, 1912; Phi Alpha Delta, 1916; Sigma Gamma Epsilon, 1916; Phi

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Alpha Tau, 1906; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1915; Alpha Epsilon Iota, 1921; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1920.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1920.

OREGON AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, Corvallis, Ore., 1872—Alpha Tau Omega, 1882; Kappa Psi, 1911; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1915; Kappa Sigma, 1915; Sigma Chi, 1916; Theta Chi, 1916; Sigma Nu, 1917; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1917; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1918; Phi Delta Theta, 1918; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1920; Phi Gamma Delta, 1921; Delta Upsilon, 1922; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1921; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1920; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1920; Kappa Delta Sigma (local).

Alpha Chi Omega, 1915; Gamma Phi Beta, 1917; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1917; Pi Beta Phi, 1917; Chi Omega, 1917; Delta Delta Delta, 1918; Sigma Kappa, 1918; Delta Zeta, 1919; Alpha Xi Delta, 1919; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1919; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1921; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1923; Alpha Rho (local); Gamma Iota (local).

Gamma Sigma Delta, 1909; Sigma Tau, 1913; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1914; Alpha Zeta, 1918.

OREGON, UNIVERSITY OF, Eugene, Ore.—Sigma Nu, 1900; Kappa Sigma, 1904; Beta Theta Pi, 1909; Acacia, 1909-13; Sigma Chi, 1910; Alpha Tau Omega, 1910; Phi Gamma Delta, 1911; Phi Delta Theta, 1912; Delta Tau Delta, 1913; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1919; Chi Psi, 1921.

Gamma Phi Beta, 1907; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1909; Chi Omega, 1909; Delta Delta Delta, 1910; Mu Phi Epsilon, 1911; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1913; Delta Gamma, 1913; Alpha Phi, 1915; Pi Beta Phi, 1915; Delta Zeta, 1920; Alpha Delta Pi, 1920; Alpha Chi Omega, 1921; Alpha Xi Delta, 1922.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1922; Phi Delta Phi, 1891; Delta Theta Phi, 1913; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1903; Phi Alpha Delta, 1908; Delta Theta Phi, 1913; Phi Chi, 1914; Sigma Delta Chi, 1913; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1914; Delta Theta Phi, 1913; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1915; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1915; Sigma Upsilon, 1915; Nu Sigma Nu, 1919; Phi Delta Delta, 1914; Kappa Psi, 1921; Alpha Epsilon Iota, 1922.

OTTAWA UNIVERSITY, Ottawa, Kans.—Pi Kappa Delta, 1913.

PEABODY CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, Baltimore, Md.—Phi Mu Alpha, 1911.

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PEABODY NORMAL SCHOOL, Nashville, Tenn.—Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1905.

PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE, Gettysburg, Pa., 1832, Luth.—now Gettysburg College, which see.

PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE OF DENTAL SURGERY, Philadelphia, Pa., 1856, merged into Univ. of Pa. in 1909—Kappa Alpha, 1877-79; Xi Psi Phi, 1893-08; Psi Omega, 1894-10.

PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE OF MUSIC, Meadville, Pa.—Mu Phi Epsilon, 1915.

PENNSYLVANIA POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE, Philadelphia, Pa.—Sigma Chi, 1865-76.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE, State College, Pa.—Delta Tau Delta, 1872-73 (revived in 1912); Beta Theta Pi, 1888; Phi Gamma Delta, 1888; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1890; Sigma Chi, 1891; Kappa Sigma, 1892; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1892; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1899; Phi Delta Theta, 1904; Delta Sigma Phi, 1905-08; Sigma Nu, 1909; Acacia, 1909; Delta Upsilon, 1911; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1911; Phi Kappa Psi, 1912; Sigma Pi, 1912; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1912; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1913; Alpha Tau Omega, 1914; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1915; Phi Kappa, 1913; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1911; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1911; Alpha Zeta, 1898; Theta Xi, 1907; Phi Chi Delta, 1912-18; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1914; Beta Sigma Rho, 1914; Alpha Chi Rho, 1917; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1918; Sigma Phi Sigma, 1919; Theta Chi, 1919; Kappa Delta Rho, 1920; Phi Kappa Tau, 1922; Tau Kappa Epsilon, 1922. Alpha Delta Sigma, 1911 (local); Omega Epsilon, 1914 (local); Cuheco, 1915 (local).

Phi Kappa Phi, 1899; Gamma Sigma Delta, 1908; Eta Kappa Nu, 1909; Tau Beta Pi, 1912; Phi Kappa, 1913; Beta Samach, 1914; Sigma Tau, 1915; Phi Lambda Upsilon, 1914; S. & B., 1912; Scarab.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, Indiana, Pa.—Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1915; Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1914.

PENNSYLVANIA, UNIVERSITY OF, Philadelphia, Pa., 1748—Delta Phi, 1849; Zeta Psi, 1850; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1850; Delta Psi, 1854; Sigma Chi, 1875; Phi Kappa Psi, 1877; Beta Theta Pi, 1880; Phi Gamma Delta, 1880; Alpha Tau Omega, 1881; Chi Phi, 1883-85; Phi Delta Theta, 1883; Delta Upsilon, 1888; Psi Upsilon, 1891;



Kappa Sigma, 1892; Sigma Nu, 1894; Alpha Chi Rho, 1896; Delta Tau Delta, 1897; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1898; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1900; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1901; Omega Pi Alpha, 1903-07; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1904; Acacia, 1906; Zeta Beta Tau, 1907; Sigma Phi Sigma, 1908; Delta Sigma Phi, 1908; Sigma Pi, 1909; Theta Chi, 1912; Theta Xi, 1912; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1912; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1912; Pi Lambda Phi, 1912; Kappa Alpha, 1913; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1914; Theta Delta Chi, 1915; Phi Gamma Delta, 1916; Kappa Nu, 1919; Phi Beta Delta, 1919; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1920; Alpha Epsilon Pi, 1919; Beta Sigma Rho, 1921; Phi Alpha, 1921; Tau Delta Phi, 1921; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1921; Alpha Epsilon Delta (local).

Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1890; Delta Delta Delta, 1904; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1918; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1918; Chi Omega, 1919; Alpha Chi Omega, 1919; Alpha Epsilon Phi, 1917; Delta Sigma Theta, 1918; Alpha Chi Omega, 1919; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1919; Kappa Delta, 1921.

Phi Delta Phi, 1886; Alpha Mu Pi Omega, 1891; Delta Sigma Delta, 1891; Nu Sigma Nu, 1896; Phi Alpha Sigma, 1893; Psi Omega, 1896; Xi Psi Phi, 1899; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1901; Delta Chi, 1904; Phi Rho Sigma, 1906; Omega Tau Sigma, 1907; Phi Lambda Kappa, 1907; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1908; Phi Chi, 1908; Alpha Psi, 1908; Phi Beta Pi, 1909-13; Delta Theta Phi, 1911; Phi Chi, 1914; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1914; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1915; Kappa Psi, 1921.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1892; Sigma Xi, 1899; Tau Beta Pi, 1921; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1903; Delta Sigma Rho, 1909; Sigma Tau, 1909; Iota Kappa Nu, 1913; Coif, 1914; Phi Eta, 1914; Phi Delta Kappa, 1911; Delta Alpha Delta, 1916; Beta Gamma Sigma, 1916.

PHILADELPHIA COLLEGE OF DENTAL SURGERY, 1856—Kappa Alpha, 1877-79.

PHILADELPHIA COLLEGE OF OSTEOPATHY, Philadelphia, Pa.—Iota Tau Sigma, 1909; Phi Sigma Gamma, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COLLEGE OF PHARMACY, Philadelphia, Pa., 1821—Phi Delta Chi, 1901; Kappa Psi, 1903; Pi Theta Sigma (local), 1902; Zeta Delta Chi (local), 1905; Beta Phi Sigma, 1911.

PHILADELPHIA DENTAL COLLEGE, Philadelphia, Pa., 1863 (now a

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department of Temple University)—Xi Psi Phi, 1893; Psi Omega, 1896; Alpha Omega, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA HOMEOPATHIC MEDICAL COLLEGE, Philadelphia, Pa., 1848—Phi Alpha Gamma, 1897; Pi Upsilon Rho, 1910.

PHILADELPHIA TEXTILE SCHOOL, Philadelphia, Pa.—Delta Kappa Phi, 1899; Phi Psi, 1903; Delta Phi Psi, 1901 (local); Sigma Phi Tau, 1917 (Jewish).

PITTSBURGH, UNIVERSITY OF, Pittsburgh, Pa., formed from the Western University of Pennsylvania—Phi Gamma Delta, 1863; Delta Tau Delta, 1864; Sigma Chi, 1909; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1913; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1914; Pi Lambda Phi, 1914; Phi Delta Theta, 1918; Delta Sigma Phi, 1919; Theta Chi, 1919; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1915; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1919; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1919; Kappa Sigma, 1920; Kappa Nu, 1921; Phi Kappa, 1922.

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1915; Delta Delta Delta, 1916; Delta Zeta, 1916; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1916; Alpha Xi Delta, 1918; Pi Beta Phi, 1918; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1919; Chi Omega, 1919; Kappa Delta, 1920; Alpha Delta Pi, 1920; Alpha Epsilon Phi, 1920; Phi Mu, 1920.

Nu Sigma Nu, 1891; Phi Beta Pi, 1891; Psi Omega, 1897; Beta Phi Sigma, 1900-14; Delta Sigma Delta, 1903; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1903-11; Phi Chi, 1905-12; Phi Delta Chi, 1907; Phi Rho Sigma, 1908; Alpha Phi Alpha, 1913; Phi Delta Phi, 1909; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1911-13; Kappa Psi, 1913; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1912; Alpha Mu Pi Omega, 1915; Delta Theta Phi, 1916; Sigma Gamma Epsilon, 1915; Alpha Omega, 1921; Delta Sigma Pi, 1921.

POMONA COLLEGE, Claremont, Cal.—Phi Beta Kappa, 1914; Phi Delta Kappa, 1914.

POTTER COLLEGE, Bowling Green, Ky.—College inactive. Phi Mu Gamma, 1908-08; Beta Sigma Omicron, 1907-09; Eta Upsilon Gamma, 1908-09; Sigma Iota Chi, 1907-09; Delta Phi Kappa (local); Sigma Theta Phi (local).

POUGHKEEPSIE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—Delta Tau Delta, 1865-67.

PRESBYTERIAN COLLEGE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, Clinton, S. C., 1880, Pres.—Pi Kappa Alpha, 1890; Pi Kappa Phi, 1907-12.

## DIRECTORY—COLLEGES AND CHAPTERS 813

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY, Princeton, N. J. (formerly called the College of New Jersey), 1746, Pres.—Beta Theta Pi, 1843-46; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1845-57; Zeta Psi, 1850-82; Delta Psi, 1851-53; Chi Psi, 1851-57; Kappa Alpha, 1852-56; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1853-77; Sigma Phi, 1853-58; Delta Phi, 1854-77; Chi Phi, 1854-68; Theta Delta Chi, 1863-67; Alpha Delta Phi, 1865-65; Sigma Chi, 1869-82; Phi Beta Kappa, 1899; Delta Sigma Rho, 1911.

PUEBLO HIGH SCHOOL, Pueblo, Colo.—Beta Sigma Omicron, 1902-07.

PUGET SOUND, UNIVERSITY OF, Tacoma, Wash., 1903, M. E.—Phi Alpha Tau, 1914.

PULTE MEDICAL COLLEGE, Cincinnati, O., 1872—Phi Alpha Gamma, 1899-01.

PURDUE UNIVERSITY, Lafayette, Ind., 1869—Sigma Chi, 1875; Kappa Sigma, 1885; Phi Delta Theta, 1893; Sigma Nu, 1891; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1893; Phi Kappa Psi, 1901; Phi Gamma Delta, 1902; Beta Theta Pi, 1903; Alpha Tau Omega, 1904; Theta Xi, 1905; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1905; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1905; Delta Tau Delta, 1907; Acacia, 1907; Triangle, 1910; Phi Chi Delta, 1913; Sigma Pi, 1912; Delta Upsilon, 1914; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1916; Phi Kappa, 1918; Phi Kappa Tau, 1920; Theta Chi, 1920; Kappa Delta Rho, 1921; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1922; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1922; Pi Lambda Phi, 1922.

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1915; Alpha Chi Omega, 1918; Chi Omega, 1919; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1919; Alpha Xi Delta, 1921; Pi Beta Phi, 1921; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1921.

Omicron Nu, 1913; Alpha Zeta, 1910; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1911; Sigma Delta Chi, 1909; Eta Kappa Nu, 1913; Scabard and Blade, 1908; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1915; Phi Lambda Upsilon, 1917; Phi Delta Chi, 1916.

Tau Beta Pi, 1893; Sigma Xi, 1909; Sigma Delta Chi, 1910.

QUEENS UNIVERSITY, Kingston, Ont.—Phi Sigma Kappa, 1903-14.

RACINE COLLEGE, Racine, Wis., 1852, Epis. (closed)—Phi Kappa Sigma, 1873-75; Phi Kappa Psi, 1876-77; Phi Gamma Delta, 1880-87.

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RADCLIFFE COLLEGE (Women's Department at Harvard), Cambridge, Mass.—Phi Beta Kappa, 1914.

RANDOLPH-MACON COLLEGE, Ashland, Va., 1832, M. E.—Delta Psi, 1853-61; Kappa Alpha, 1869; Phi Kappa Psi, 1870-82; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1872; Beta Theta Pi, 1873-93; Sigma Chi, 1874-01; Phi Delta Theta, 1874; Kappa Sigma, 1888; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1906; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1913; Sigma Upsilon, 1906; Chi Beta Phi, 1916 (scientific).

RANDOLPH-MACON WOMAN'S COLLEGE, Lynchburg, Va.—Chi Omega, 1900; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1902; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1903; Kappa Delta, 1903; Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1905-13; Delta Delta Delta, 1905; Alpha Delta Pi, 1910; Phi Mu, 1910; Pi Beta Phi, 1913; Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1908-13; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1916; Sigma Kappa, 1917; Phi Beta Kappa, 1917.

REDLANDS UNIVERSITY, Cal.—Pi Kappa Delta, 1914.

RENSSELAER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, Troy, N. Y., 1826—Theta Delta Chi, 1853-96; Theta Xi, 1864; Delta Phi, 1864; Zeta Psi, 1865-93; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1867; Chi Phi, 1878; Delta Tau Delta, 1879; Theta Chi, 1908; Sigma Xi, 1887; Tau Beta Pi, 1908; Phi Sigma Delta, 1913; Kappa Nu, 1918; Alpha Tau Omega, 1922; Phi Kappa Tau, 1922.

RHODE ISLAND COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, Providence, R. I.—Kappa Psi, 1911.

RHODE ISLAND STATE COLLEGE, Kingston, R. I.—Theta Chi, 1911; Rho Iota Kappa (local), 1908; Beta Phi (local), 1911; Delta Alpha Psi (local), 1911; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1914; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1916; Sigma Kappa, 1919; Phi Kappa Phi, 1913.

Chi Omega, 1922.

RICHMOND COLLEGE, Richmond, Va., 1844, Bap.—Beta Theta Pi, 1870-96; Kappa Alpha, 1870; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1873; Phi Delta Theta, 1875-95; Alpha Tau Omega, 1878-84; Sigma Chi, 1880-80. Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1884-87; Phi Gamma Delta, 1890; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1891; Kappa Sigma, 1898; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1901; Theta Chi, 1915; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1900-03; Delta Theta Phi, 1911; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1918; Phi Delta Omega, 1915 (local); Tri Phi, 1916 (local).

RIPON COLLEGE, Ripon, Wis.—Pi Kappa Delta, 1914.

ROANOKE COLLEGE, Salem, Va., 1842, Luth.—Sigma Alpha, 1859-70; Phi Gamma Delta, 1866-05; Phi Delta Theta, 1869-96; Alpha Tau Omega, 1869-92. Sigma Chi, 1872-01; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1896-09; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1903-06; Pi Kappa Phi, 1916; Omega Beta Chi, 1914 (local); Sigma Rho, 1916 (local).

ROCHESTER UNIVERSITY OF, Rochester, N. Y., 1850, Bap.—Alpha Delta Phi, 1850; Delta Psi, 1851-95; Delta Upsilon, 1852; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1856; Psi Upsilon, 1858; Theta Delta Chi, 1867; Chi Psi, 1884-89; Kappa Nu, 1911; Theta Chi, 1920; Phi Beta Kappa, 1887.

Theta Eta, 1903 (local sorority); Alpha Sigma, 1903 (local sorority); Theta Tau Theta, 1906 (local sorority); Gamma Phi, 1909 (local sorority).

ROCKFORD SEMINARY, Rockford, Ill.—Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1874-76.

ROSE POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, Terre Haute, Ind.—Alpha Tau Omega, 1893; Sigma Nu, 1895; Theta Xi, 1907; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1909; Beta Phi, 1916; P. I. E. S., 1900 (local).

RUTGERS COLLEGE, New Brunswick, N. J., 1770, non-sect., formerly Ref.—Delta Phi, 1845; Delta Psi, 1848-50; Zeta Psi, 1848; Delta Upsilon, 1858; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1861; Chi Phi, 1867; Beta Theta Pi, 1871; Chi Psi, 1879; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1913; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1913; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1915; Phi Gamma Delta, 1917; Kappa Sigma, 1918; Ivy Club, 1913 (local).

Phi Beta Kappa, 1869; Sigma Xi, 1922.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE, Annapolis, Md., 1789, non-sect.—Phi Sigma Kappa, 1903; Kappa Alpha, 1916.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE, Little Rock, Ark.—Chi Phi, 1873-74.

ST. LAWRENCE UNIVERSITY, Canton, N. Y., 1856, Univ.—Beta Theta Pi, 1875; Alpha Tau Omega, 1882; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1902; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1919; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1879; Delta Gamma, 1884-87; Delta Delta Delta, 1891; Pi Beta Phi, 1914; Kappa Delta, 1921; Theta Gamma, 1911 (agr. local); Zeta Alpha Psi, 1914 (agr. local); Pi Mu Epsilon, 1914 (domestic science local); (at the Law School in Brooklyn, N. Y.); Phi Delta Phi, 1907; Delta Theta Phi, 1922; Phi Beta Kappa, 1899.

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ST. LOUIS COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, St. Louis, Mo.—Phi Chi, 1908-12.

ST. LOUIS UNIVERSITY, St. Louis, Mo.—Delta Sigma Phi, 1916.

ST. LOUIS UNIVERSITY MEDICAL SCHOOL, St. Louis, Mo. (including the Marion Sims-Beaumont College of Medicine)—Delta Sigma Delta, 1901; Phi Beta Pi, 1903; Psi Omega, 1903; Phi Delta, 1905; Chi Zeta Chi, 1906; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1908; Phi Chi, 1911; Kappa Psi, 1922; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1922; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1922.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL, Raleigh, N. C.—Kappa Delta, 1904-11; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1904-10; Phi Mu, 1906-10; Alpha Sigma Alpha 1909-10.

ST. PAUL COLLEGE OF LAW, St. Paul, Minn.—Delta Theta Phi, 1910.

ST. STEPHENS COLLEGE, Annandale, N. Y., 1860, Epis.—Eulexian, 1860 (local); Kappa Gamma Chi, 1868 (local); Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1895.

SALEM COLLEGE, Winston Salem, N. C.—Alpha Delta Pi, 1905-09; Phi Mu, 1906-09.

SAN FRANCISCO COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, San Francisco, Cal., 1896—Psi Omega, 1898; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1899; Alpha Omega, 1920.

SAN FRANCISCO INSTITUTE OF ART (formerly called the Mark Hopkins Institute)—Sigma Mu, 1905; Alpha Delta Nu.

SAVAGE'S NORMAL SCHOOL (for the training of Physical Directors), New York, N. Y.—Omega Upsilon, 1912.

SEARCY FEMALE INSTITUTE, Searcy, Ark.—Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1905-07.

SEDALIA HIGH SCHOOL, Sedalia, Mo.—Beta Sigma Omicron, 1898-07.

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL—See Yale University.

SHORTER COLLEGE, Rome, Ga.—Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1910-12; Phi Mu Gamma, 1910-14; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1911-12; Phi Mu, 1911-12; Sigma Iota Chi, 1911-12.

SIMPSON COLLEGE, Indianola, Ia., 1867, M. E.—Delta Tau Delta 1873-94; Phi Kappa Psi, 1882-89; Alpha Tau Omega, 1885; Sigma

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Alpha Epsilon, 1889-98; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1879-91; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1881-90; Pi Beta Phi, 1874; Delta Delta Delta, 1889; Alpha Chi Omega, 1907; Kappa Theta Psi, 1902 (local); Phi Mu Alpha, 1915.

SIoux CITY COLLEGE OF MEDICINE, Sioux City, Iowa, 1889—Phi Delta, 1904-09.

SMITH COLLEGE, Northampton, Mass, 1871—Phi Beta Kappa, 1904.

SMITHSON COLLEGE, Logansport, Ind.—Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1872-75.

SOUTH CAROLINA COLLEGE, Columbia, S. C., 1801 (formerly called the South Carolina University)—Delta Psi, 1850-61; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1852-61; Phi Kappa Psi, 1857-92; Chi Psi, 1858-97; Beta Theta Pi, 1858-61. Kappa Alpha, 1880-97; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1882-97; Phi Delta Theta, 1882-93; Alpha Tau Omega, 1883-97; Sigma Nu, 1880-97; Chi Phi, 1889-97; Kappa Sigma, 1890-97; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1891-97; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1904-06; Chi Zeta Chi, 1906-07; Pi Kappa Phi, 1910-12; Sigma Upsilon, 1914.

SOUTH CAROLINA MILITARY ACADEMY, Charleston, S. C., (known as the "Citadel" Academy)—Alpha Tau Omega, 1883-91; Kappa Alpha, 1883-90; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1883-95; Sigma Nu, 1886-91; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1889-90.

SOUTH DAKOTA, UNIVERSITY OF, Vermillion, S. Dak.—Phi Delta Theta, 1906; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1911; Beta Theta Pi, 1912; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1916,

Alpha Xi Delta, 1903; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1912.

Delta Theta Phi, 1904; Phi Delta Phi, 1912; Sigma Tau, 1912.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA, UNIVERSITY OF, Los Angeles, Cal., 1880, M. E.—Sigma Chi, 1889; Theta Psi (local), 1897; Phi Alpha (local), 1898; Sigma Tau (local), 1910; Zeta Beta Tau, 1918; Zeta Kappa Epsilon, 1912 (local); Phi Beta Delta, 1920; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1921; Phi Kappa Tau, 1922; Gamma Epsilon, 1918 (local).

Delta Gamma, 1887-97; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1887; Alpha Chi Omega, 1895. Zeta Tau Alpha, 1911; Phi Mu, 1915; Pi Beta Phi, 1917; Kappa Delta, 1917; Delta Delta Delta, 1921; Alpha Epsilon Phi, 1921; Delta Gamma, 1922; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1923.

Nu Sigma Nu, 1896-07; Psi Omega, 1900; Phi Rho Sigma, 1896;

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Delta Sigma Delta, 1906; Alpha Epsilon Iota, 1906-09; Phi Delta Phi, 1907; Xi Psi Phi, 1908-11; Phi Delta Chi, 1909; Phi Chi, 1909; Delta Chi, 1910; Phi Alpha Delta, 1911; Delta Theta Phi, 1912; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1913; Nu Sigma Phi, 1914; Phi Delta Delta, 1912; Xi Psi Phi, 1913; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1914; Delta Sigma Rho, 1915; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1918; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1922; Delta Sigma Pi, 1922; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1922; Sigma Delta Kappa, 1922.

SOUTHERN CONSERVATORY, Buena Vista, Va.—Delta Omicron, 1911.

SOUTHERN DENTAL COLLEGE, Atlanta, Ga., 1887—Psi Omega, 1904; Xi Psi Phi, 1912.

SOUTHERN METHODIST UNIVERSITY, Dallas, Tex.—Kappa Alpha, 1915; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1916; Delta Sigma Phi, 1916; Alpha Tau Omega, 1918; Omega Phi, 1915 (local); Lambda Chi Alpha, 1921; Phi Delta Theta, 1922; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1923.

Alpha Delta Pi, 1915; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1915; Phi Mu, 1915; Chi Omega, 1916; Delta Delta Delta, 1916; Kappa Delta, 1916; Pi Beta Phi, 1916; Sigma Kappa, 1917; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1916;

Kappa Psi, 1910; Zeta Phi Eta, 1919.

SOUTHERN UNIVERSITY, Greensboro, Ala., 1856, M. E.—(Merged into Birmingham Southern College in 1918, which see.)

SOUTH IOWA NORMAL SCHOOL, Bloomfield, Iowa—Pi Beta Phi, 1881-87.

SOUTH KENTUCKY COLLEGE, Hopkinsville, Ky., 1881—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1885-87.

SOUTHWESTERN BAPTIST UNIVERSITY, Jackson, Tenn., 1871 (now united with Union University)—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1867-1911; Alpha Tau Omega, 1894-1911; Kappa Sigma, 1892-08; Chi Omega 1903-11.

SOUTHWESTERN PRESBYTERIAN UNIVERSITY, Clarksville, Tenn., 1875 (formerly called Stewart College)—Pi Kappa Alpha, 1878; Kappa Sigma, 1882; Alpha Tau Omega, 1882; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1882; Kappa Alpha, 1887-04.

Chi Omega, 1922.

SOUTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY, Georgetown, Tex., 1873, M. E.—Kappa Alpha, 1883; Phi Delta Theta, 1886; Kappa Sigma, 1886;



Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1887-88; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1910; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1906; Alpha Delta Pi, 1907; Phi Mu, 1908. Delta Delta Delta, 1911.

SOUTHWEST KANSAS COLLEGE, Winfield, Kans., M. E., 1886—Sigma Nu, 1892-97.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY (the legal title is The Leland Stanford Junior University), Palo Alto, Cal., 1891—Zeta Psi, 1891; Phi Delta Theta, 1891; Phi Kappa Psi, 1891; Sigma Nu, 1891; Sigma Chi, 1891; Alpha Tau Omega, 1891; Phi Gamma Delta, 1891; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1892; Delta Tau Delta, 1893; Beta Theta Pi, 1894; Chi Psi, 1894; Kappa Alpha, 1895; Delta Upsilon, 1896; Kappa Sigma, 1899; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1901; Theta Delta Chi, 1903; Acacia, 1904-16; Theta Xi, 1914; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1915; Alpha Delta Phi, 1916; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1917; Theta Chi, 1920; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1923.

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1892; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1892; Pi Beta Phi, 1893; Delta Gamma, 1897; Alpha Phi, 1899; Gamma Phi Beta, 1905; Delta Delta Delta, 1909; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1910; Sigma Kappa, 1915; Chi Omega, 1915.

Phi Delta Phi, 1897; Nu Sigma Nu, 1900; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1901; Alpha Epsilon Iota, 1902; Delta Chi, 1905; Phi Beta Pi, 1906-12; Phi Alpha Delta, 1911; Phi Chi, 1911; Delta Sigma Rho, 1913; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1916; Delta Theta Phi, 1922.

Sigma Xi, 1901; Phi Beta Kappa, 1904; Phi Delta Kappa, 1910; Delta Sigma Rho, 1911; Phi Lambda Upsilon, 1913; Sigma Delta Chi, 1914; Coif, 1909.

STARLING MEDICAL COLLEGE, Columbus, O., 1847 (Medical, Dental and Pharmacal Department of Ohio State University)—Phi Beta Pi, 1900-05; Xi Psi Phi, 1896; Psi Omega, 1901; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1902; Phi Chi, 1914; Phi Rho Sigma, 1913.

STEPHENS COLLEGE, Columbia, Mo.—Beta Sigma Omicron, 1902; Sigma Iota Chi, 1911.

STETSON, JOHN B., UNIVERSITY, DeLand, Fla.—Phi Kappa Delta (local), 1895; Sigma Nu, 1913; Delta Delta Delta, 1913; Pi Beta Phi, 1913; Phi Beta Psi (local); Phi Alpha Delta, 1915; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1909-13; Alpha Xi Delta, 1917; Pi Lambda Phi, 1921.

STEVENS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, Hoboken, N. J., 1871—Theta

Xi, 1874; Delta Tau Delta, 1874; Beta Theta Pi, 1875; Alpha Tau Omega, 1881-94; Sigma Chi, 1883-91; Chi Psi, 1883; Chi Phi, 1883; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1899; Sigma Nu, 1900; Phi Kappa Pi (local), 1906; Pi Lambda Phi, 1916; Alpha Delta, 1883 (local); Chi Sigma Delta, 1922 (local); Tau Beta Pi, 1896.

STUART HALL, Staunton, Va.—Alpha Kappa Psi, 1905-08.

SWARTHMORE COLLEGE, Swarthmore, Pa., 1869, non-sectarian (formerly Quaker)—Kappa Sigma, 1888; Phi Kappa Psi, 1889, Delta Upsilon, 1893, Phi Sigma Kappa, 1906; Phi Delta Theta, 1918.

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1891; Pi Beta Phi, 1892. Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1893; Delta Gamma, 1912; Chi Omega, 1919; Phi Mu, 1919.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1896; Delta Sigma Rho, 1911.

SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY OF, Syracuse, N. Y., 1870, M. E.—Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1871; Delta Upsilon, 1873, Zeta Psi, 1875; Psi Upsilon, 1875; Phi Kappa Psi, 1883; Phi Delta Theta, 1887; Beta Theta Pi, 1889; Phi Gamma Delta, 1901; Sigma Chi, 1904; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1905. Alpha Chi Rho, 1905; Sigma Nu, 1906; Kappa Sigma, 1906; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1907; Delta Tau Delta, 1910; Acacia, 1911; Zeta Beta Tau, 1911; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1913; Sigma Beta, 1911 (local); Sigma Alpha Mu, 1913; Alpha Phi Alpha, 1910; Theta Alpha, 1909; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1917; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1918; Omicron Alpha Tau, 1919; Phi Kappa Tau, 1922; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1922.

Alpha Phi, 1872; Gamma Phi Beta, 1875; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1883; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1889; Delta Delta Delta, 1896; Pi Beta Phi, 1896; Delta Gamma, 1901; Alpha Xi Delta, 1904; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1904; Sigma Kappa, 1905; Alpha Chi Omega, 1906; Chi Omega, 1911; Alpha Epsilon Phi, 1919; Phi Mu, 1920; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1923.

Nu Sigma Nu, 1896; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1899; Delta Chi, 1899-17. Phi Delta Phi, 1899; Zeta Phi, 1900; Sigma Rho Alpha, 1902; Beta Mu Delta, 1903; Phi Mu Alpha, 1904; Phi Beta Pi, 1907; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1908; Alpha Epsilon Iota, 1909; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1912; Phi Alpha Tau, 1915; Tau Delta Sigma, 1905; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1919.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1896; Sigma Xi, 1906; Tau Beta Pi, 1906; Pi Delta Epsilon, 1909; Delta Sigma Rho, 1910; Alpha Omega Alpha,

1911; Kappa Pi Sigma, 1912 (hon. pedagogical); Alpha Chi Sigma, 1912; Alpha Tau; Zeta Phi Eta, 1914; Phi Chi Delta, 1913; Nu Phi Epsilon, 1905-17; Phi Kappa Phi, 1916.

TEMPLE UNIVERSITY, Philadelphia, Pa.—Sigma Pi, 1909-18; Phi Chi, 1909; Aleph Yodh He, 1914-17; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1916; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1918; Delta Sigma Pi, 1923.

TENNESSEE, UNIVERSITY OF, Knoxville, Tenn., 1807—Alpha Tau Omega, 1872; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1874; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1879; Kappa Sigma, 1880; Kappa Alpha, 1883; Phi Gamma Delta, 1890; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1913; Sigma Chi, 1917; Sigma Nu, 1921; Beta Alpha Omega, 1915 (local).

Chi Omega, 1900; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1902; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1904; Phi Mu, 1908; Alpha Delta Pi, 1920; Sigma Kappa, 1921.

Delta Theta Phi, 1904; Phi Kappa Phi, 1900; Alpha Zeta, 1912; Phi Alpha Delta, 1916; Delta Sigma Delta, 1921; Phi Delta Phi, 1919. *College of Medicine at Memphis*—Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1903; Chi Zeta Chi, 1906; Kappa Psi, 1913; Phi Chi, 1914.

TEXAS CHRISTIAN UNIVERSITY, Fort Worth, Tex.—Phi Chi, 1907.

TEXAS DENTAL COLLEGE, Houston, Tex.—Psi Omega, 1913.

TEXAS, UNIVERSITY OF, Austin, Tex., 1883—Kappa Alpha, 1883; Phi Delta Theta, 1883; Phi Gamma Delta, 1883; Kappa Sigma, 1884; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1884; Sigma Chi, 1884; Beta Theta Pi, 1885; Sigma Nu, 1886; Chi Phi, 1892; Alpha Tau Omega, 1897; Delta Tau Delta, 1904; Phi Kappa Psi, 1904; Delta Sigma Phi, 1906; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1913; Theta Xi, 1913; Acacia, 1915; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1918; Phi Sigma Delta, 1920; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1920; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1922.

Pi Beta Phi, 1902; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1902; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1904; Chi Omega, 1904; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1906; Alpha Delta Pi, 1906; Delta Delta Delta, 1912; Phi Mu, 1913; Alpha Phi, 1920; Gamma Phi Beta, 1922; Kappa Delta, 1921.

Alpha Mu Pi Omega, 1898; Phi Chi, 1903; Phi Alpha Sigma, 1903; Phi Delta Chi, 1905; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1906; Delta Chi, 1907; Phi Delta Phi, 1909; Phi Beta Pi, 1910; Phi Alpha Tau, 1915; Kappa Psi, 1918; Nu Sigma Nu, 1915; Delta Theta Phi, 1916; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1914.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1905; Delta Sigma Rho, 1909; Sigma Delta

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Chi, 1913; Sigma Upsilon, 1913; Phi Delta Kappa, 1913; Pi Lambda Theta, 1913 (women's hon. local); Sigma Xi, 1914; Tau Beta Pi, 1916.

THATCHER INSTITUTE, Shreveport, La.—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1886-88; Kappa Sigma, 1888-91.

THIEL COLLEGE, Greenville, Pa., 1870, Luth.—Phi Gamma Delta, 1872-73; Delta Sigma Phi, 1915.

TOLEDO CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, Toledo, O.—Mu Phi Epsilon, 1905.

TORONTO MEDICAL COLLEGE, Toronto, Ont.—Phi Delta, 1904-10.

TORONTO, UNIVERSITY OF, Toronto, Ont.—Zeta Psi, 1879; Kappa Alpha, 1892; Alpha Delta Phi, 1893; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1895-97; Delta Upsilon, 1899; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1898; Phi Delta Theta, 1906; Beta Theta Pi, 1906; Theta Delta Chi, 1912; Phi Kappa Pi, 1910; Alpha Phi Alpha, 1908-12; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1920; Sigma Chi, 1922; Pi Lambda Phi, 1922; Psi Delta Psi (local), 1906; Phi Sigma Tau (local), 1908.

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1887; Alpha Phi, 1906; Pi Beta Phi, 1908; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1911; Delta Gamma, 1913; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1919; Gamma Phi Beta, 1919.

Omega Upsilon Phi, 1899; Nu Sigma Nu, 1902; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1905; Xi Psi Phi, 1899; Phi Delta Phi, 1896; Delta Chi, 1897; Zeta Phi, 1907; Alpha Omega, Alpha, 1906; Omega Tau Sigma, 1913; Kappa Psi, 1920; Phi Rho Sigma, 1922.

TRANSYLVANIA UNIVERSITY, Lexington, Ky. (for a time this was called Kentucky University). The Women's Department is called Hamilton College—Beta Theta Pi, 1842-47; Phi Gamma Delta, 1860-62; Phi Kappa Psi, 1865-66; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1887; Kappa Alpha, 1891; Kappa Sigma, 1894-01.

TRINITY COLLEGE, Durham, N. C., 1853, M. E.—Chi Phi, 1871-79; Alpha Tau Omega, 1872; Kappa Sigma, 1873; Phi Delta Theta, 1878-79; Kappa Alpha, 1901; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1901; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1909; Sigma Chi, 1912; Pi Kappa Phi, 1915; Delta Sigma Phi, 1920.

Alpha Delta Pi, 1911; Kappa Delta, 1912; Sigma Upsilon, 1913; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1915.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1920.

TRINITY COLLEGE, Hartford, Conn., 1823, non-sect. (formerly Epis.)—Delta Psi, 1850; Delta Upsilon, 1869-76; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1879; Psi Upsilon, 1880; Alpha Delta Phi, 1877; Phi Gamma Delta, 1893; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1892-99; Alpha Chi Rho, 1895; Delta Phi, 1917; Sigma Nu, 1918; Alpha Tau Kappa, 1915 (local); Phi Beta Kappa, 1845; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1913.

TRINITY UNIVERSITY, Waxahachie, Texas, 1869, Presb.—Beta Theta Pi, 1873-81; Phi Delta Theta, 1878-83; Delta Gamma, 1881-87; Delta Sigma Phi, 1909-09.

TROY UNIVERSITY, Troy, N. Y. (closed), M. E.—Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1861-62.

TUFTS COLLEGE, Medford, Mass., 1852, non-sect. (formerly Univ.)—The Women's Department was called Jackson College and is now no longer a part of Tufts. Zeta Psi, 1855; Theta Delta Chi, 1856; Delta Upsilon, 1886; Delta Tau Delta, 1889; Alpha Tau Omega, 1892; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1916-22. Tau Epsilon Phi, 1917; Phi Beta Delta, 1921.

Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1893; Phi Theta Chi, 1902; Alpha Delta, 1894; Psi Omega, 1895; Sigma Tau Alpha, 1906 (local); Zeta Phi, 1909; Delta Sigma Delta (Boston), 1897; Phi Chi (Boston), 1913; Phi Delta Epsilon (Boston), 1918; Phi Beta Kappa, 1892; Alpha Omega, 1910; Kappa Psi, 1920; Phi Lambda Kappa, 1920.

TULANE UNIVERSITY OF LOUISIANA, New Orleans, La., 1853-86—Phi Kappa Sigma, 1858-61, also 1893; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1878; Kappa Alpha, 1882; Sigma Chi, 1882-82; also 1886; Alpha Tau Omega, 1887; Sigma Nu, 1888; Kappa Sigma, 1889; Delta Tau Delta, 1889; Phi Delta Theta, 1889; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1897; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1899; Beta Theta Pi, 1908; Zeta Beta Tau, 1909; Phi Chi Delta, 1912; Delta Sigma Phi, 1916; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1920; Sigma Pi, 1920; Kappa Nu, 1922; Lambda Sigma Epsilon, 1921 (local); Omicron Tau Alpha, 1921 (local).

Pi Beta Phi, 1891; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1898; Chi Omega, 1900; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1904; Alpha Delta Pi, 1906; Phi Mu, 1906; Phi Mu Gamma, 1910-14; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1914; Alpha Epsilon Phi, 1916.

Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1903; Phi Chi, 1903; Chi Zeta Chi, 1906;

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Phi Beta Pi, 1907; Kappa Psi, 1908; Alpha Mu Pi Omega, 1909; Psi Omega, 1912; Nu Sigma Nu, 1910; Phi Delta Phi, 1912; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1918; Phi Rho Sigma, 1918; Xi Psi Phi, 1918; Phi Beta Kappa, 1909; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1914; Alpha Epsilon Iota, 1919; Phi Alpha Sigma, 1917.

UNION UNIVERSITY, Schenectady, N. Y., 1795—Kappa Alpha, 1825; Sigma Phi, 1827; Delta Phi, 1827; Psi Upsilon, 1833; Delta Upsilon, 1838; Chi Psi, 1841; Theta Delta Chi, 1848; Zeta Psi, 1856-71; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1857-69; Alpha Delta Phi, 1859; Beta Theta Pi, 1881; Phi Delta Theta, 1883; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1888; Phi Gamma Delta, 1893; Pi Lambda Phi, 1897-00; Zeta Beta Tau, 1909; Phi Sigma Delta, 1914; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1915; Kappa Nu, 1917; Delta Theta (local); Kappa Phi (local); Phi Nu Theta (local).

Phi Delta Phi, 1884-12; Delta Chi, 1892; Phi Delta, 1902; Nu Sigma Nu, 1898; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1897; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1904; Kappa Psi, 1910; Delta Theta Phi, 1911.

UNION UNIVERSITY, Jackson, Tenn. (for some time an independent institution at Murfreesboro, Tenn., then united with Southwestern Baptist University at Jackson, Tenn., and finally assuming its old name at the new location)—Phi Gamma Delta, 1851-73; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1861-62; Alpha Tau Omega, 1867; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1857; Kappa Sigma, 1892-08; Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1909; Delta Theta, 1917 (local sorority).

UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY, Annapolis, Md.—Beta Theta Pi, 1863-63.

UNIVERSITY AND BELLEVUE HOSPITAL MEDICAL COLLEGE, New York, N. Y. (Medical Department of New York University)—Phi Alpha Sigma, 1886; Nu Sigma Nu, 1897; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1899; Zeta Beta Tau, 1904-13; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1905; Phi Lambda Kappa, 1919.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF MEDICINE, Richmond, Va., 1893—Pi Mu, 1893; Kappa Psi, 1898; Phi Chi, 1899-12; Xi Psi Phi, 1904; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1902-04; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1905; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1906; Phi Beta Pi, 1906-13; Phi Rho Sigma, 1906; Psi Omega, 1907 (consolidated with the chapter at the Virginia Medical College); Kappa Phi, 1910-11.

UNIVERSITY MEDICAL COLLEGE, Kansas City, Mo., 1881—Phi Delta, 1903-10; Pi Beta Phi, 1903; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1911-13.

UNIVERSITY OF THE PACIFIC, Napa, Cal., 1853, M. E.—Phi Kappa Psi, 1881-92; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1889-91.

UNIVERSITY OF THE SOUTH, Sewanee, Tenn., 1868, Epis.—Alpha Tau Omega, 1877; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1881; Kappa Sigma, 1882; Phi Delta Theta, 1883; Delta Tau Delta, 1883; Kappa Alpha, 1883; Sigma Nu, 1889-93; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1898-10; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1903-09; Kappa Phi, 1909-11; Sigma Upsilon, 1906; Phi Gamma Delta, 1919.

UPPER IOWA UNIVERSITY, Fayette, Iowa, 1857, M. E.—Sigma Nu, 1891-94.

U. S. GRANT UNIVERSITY, Chattanooga, Tenn., 1867, M. E. (formerly East Tennessee Wesleyan University)—Kappa Sigma, 1892-98.

UTAH STATE COLLEGE, Logan, Utah, 1890—Sigma Alpha, 1904 (local); Pi Zeta Pi, 1905 (local); Phi Kappa Iota, 1907 (local); Delta Nu, 1914 (local); Alpha Delta Epsilon, 1916 (local); Sorosis, 1897 (local sorority); Sigma Theta Phi, 1912 (local sorority); Gamma Sigma Delta, 1909; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1922.

UTAH, UNIVERSITY OF, Salt Lake City, Utah, 1850—Sigma Chi, 1908; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1912; Beta Theta Pi, 1913; Phi Delta Theta, 1915; Phi Alpha Epsilon (local), 1914; Sigma Delta, 1918 (local); Sigma Alpha Mu, 1919; Sigma Pi, 1920.

Chi Omega, 1914; Gamma Phi (local sorority), 1910; Delta Epsilon (local sorority), 1912.

Tau Kappa Alpha, 1910; Phi Beta Pi, 1913; Delta Theta (local law), 1913; Delta Theta Phi, 1915; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1922; Delta Sigma Pi, 1922; Phi Chi, 1920; Theta Tau, 1920.

VALPARAISO UNIVERSITY, Valparaiso, Ind.—Nu Sigma Phi, 1912; Phi Chi, 1907 (Chicago); Sigma Delta Kappa, 1916.

VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY, Nashville, Tenn., 1873—Phi Delta Theta, 1876; Kappa Sigma, 1876; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1878; Kappa Alpha, 1883; Chi Phi, 1883-99; Beta Theta Pi, 1884; Delta Tau Delta, 1886; Sigma Nu, 1886; Alpha Tau Omega, 1889; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1890; Sigma Chi, 1891; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1893;

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Phi Kappa Psi, 1901; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1902; Zeta Beta Tau, 1918; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1922; Tau Delta Phi, 1921; Delta Sigma Upsilon, 1921. (local).

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1904; Delta Delta Delta, 1911; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1917.

Delta Sigma Delta, 1897; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1903; Phi Chi, 1905; Xi Psi Phi, 1905; Phi Beta Pi, 1906; Chi Zeta Chi, 1906; Psi Omega, 1906; Phi Delta Phi, 1907; Kappa Psi, 1907; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1909; Pi Mu, 1910; Omega Upsilon Phi, 1911; Delta Sigma Pi, 1922; Delta Theta Phi, 1922; Gamma Eta Gamma, 1922; Phi Alpha Delta, 1921.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1901; Sigma Upsilon, 1906.

VASSAR COLLEGE, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., 1865—Phi Beta Kappa, 1898.

VELTIN SCHOOL, New York, N. Y.—Phi Mu Gamma, 1909.

VERMONT, UNIVERSITY OF, Burlington, Vt., 1791—Lambda Iota (local), 1836; Sigma Phi, 1845; Delta Psi (local), 1850; Theta Delta Chi, 1852-57; Phi Delta Theta, 1879; Alpha Tau Omega, 1887; Kappa Sigma, 1893; Sigma Nu, 1898; Phi Mu Delta, 1918; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1919; Zeta Chi, 1920 (local); Sigma Alpha Chi, 1922 (local).

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1881; Delta Delta Delta, 1893; Pi Beta Phi, 1898; Alpha Xi Delta, 1915; Delta Mu, 1880; Phi Chi, 1886; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1894; Alpha Zeta, 1905; Alpha Chi Omega, 1921; Phi Delta Zeta, 1922 (local sorority); Sigma Gamma, 1922 (local sorority).

Phi Beta Kappa, 1848; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1912.

VINCENNES, UNIVERSITY OF, Vincennes, Ind.—Sigma Pi, 1897-10.

VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, Blacksburg, Va., 1872—Pi Kappa Alpha, 1873-80; Kappa Sigma, 1874-89; Beta Theta Pi, 1877-80; Kappa Alpha, 1877-77.

VIRGINIA COLLEGE, Roanoke, Va.—Sigma Iota Chi, 1907-10.

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE, Lexington, Va., 1839—Alpha Tau Omega, 1865-81; Kappa Alpha, 1868-13; Beta Theta Pi, 1869-80; Sigma Nu, 1869-11; Kappa Sigma, 1874-83; Sigma Alpha Epsilon,



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1874-11; Phi Delta Theta, 1878-89; Sigma Chi, 1884-85; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1908-11.

VIRGINIA STATE FEMALE NORMAL SCHOOL, Farmville, Va.—Kappa Delta, 1897-11; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1898-06; Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1898; Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1901.

VIRGINIA, UNIVERSITY OF, Charlottesville, Va., 1819—Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1852; Phi Kappa Psi, 1853; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1855; Beta Theta Pi, 1855; Kappa Alpha (Northern), 1857-61; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1857; Theta Delta Chi, 1857; Phi Gamma Delta, 1858; Chi Phi, 1859; Chi Psi, 1860-70; Sigma Chi, 1860; Delta Psi, 1860; Zeta Psi, 1868; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1868; Alpha Tau Omega, 1868; Kappa Sigma, 1869; Sigma Nu, 1870; Kappa Alpha (S. O.), 1873; Phi Delta Theta, 1873; Delta Tau Delta, 1888; Delta Chi, 1905; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1907; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1907; Alpha Chi Rho, 1907; Delta Phi, 1908; Theta Chi, 1914; Zeta Beta Tau, 1915; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1915; Delta Sigma Phi, 1921; Delta Upsilon, 1922; Phi Alpha, 1922.

Phi Delta Phi, 1890; Pi Mu, 1892; Nu Sigma Nu, 1904; Phi Rho Sigma, 1904; Phi Beta Pi, 1909; Phi Alpha Delta, 1910; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1922; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1922; Delta Theta Phi, 1919.

Delta Sigma Rho, 1908; Phi Beta Kappa, 1909; Sigma Delta Chi, 1910; Coif, 1912; Tau Beta Pi, 1921.

VIRGINIA UNION UNIVERSITY, 1865, Baptist, Richmond, Va., (colored)—Alpha Phi Alpha, 1907.

VON UNSCHULD UNIVERSITY OF MUSIC, Washington, D. C.—Mu Phi Epsilon, 1914.

WABASH COLLEGE, Crawfordsville, Ind., 1833, Pres.—Beta Theta Pi, 1846; Phi Delta Theta, 1850; Phi Gamma Delta, 1866; Phi Kappa Psi, 1870-01; Delta Tau Delta, 1872; Theta Delta Chi, 1879-82; Sigma Chi, 1880; Kappa Sigma, 1895; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1913; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1918; Karnac Club, 1921 (local); Phi Sigma Alpha, 1922 (local); Phi Beta Kappa, 1898.

WAKE FOREST COLLEGE, Wake Forest, N. C., 1834, Baptist—Kappa Alpha, 1881.

WARD-BELMONT COLLEGE, Knoxville, Tenn. (formed by the union of Ward Seminary and Belmont College—At Ward Seminary there

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were Alpha Sigma Alpha, 1905-09; Sigma Iota Chi, 1905-14; Eta Upsilon Gamma, 1912-15. At Belmont College there were: Chi Omega, 1899-03; Beta Sigma Omicron, 1903-15; Sigma Iota Chi, 1905-14; Phi Mu, 1907-11.

WARD SEMINARY, Knoxville, Tenn.—See Ward-Belmont.

WASHBURN COLLEGE, Topeka, Kan.—Kappa Sigma, 1909; Phi Delta Theta, 1910; Sigma Alpha Iota, 1914; Alpha Delta (local), 1912; Phi Sigma Alpha, 1922 (local); Gamma Alpha, 1922 (local).

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1914; Alpha Phi, 1917; Delta Gamma, 1920; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1922.

Tau Delta Pi (honorary); Pi Kappa Delta, 1913; Delta Theta Phi, 1912; Phi Alpha Delta, 1921.

WASHINGTON AND JEFFERSON COLLEGE, Washington, Pa., 1802, non-sect; formerly Pres (formed by the union of Jefferson College and Washington College)—Beta Theta Pi, 1842; Phi Gamma Delta, 1848; Phi Kappa Psi, 1852; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1854; Sigma Chi, 1858-69; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1858-65; Delta Upsilon, 1858-70; Delta Tau Delta, 1861; Theta Delta Chi, 1858-72; Phi Delta Theta, 1875; Alpha Tau Omega, 1882; Kappa Sigma, 1898; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1902-06; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1919.

WASHINGTON AND LEE UNIVERSITY, Lexington, Va., 1782, non-sect. (formerly Pres.)—Phi Kappa Psi, 1855; Beta Theta Pi, 1856; Alpha Tau Omega, 1865; Kappa Alpha, 1865; Sigma Chi, 1866; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1867; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1867-78; Phi Gamma Delta, 1868; Delta Psi, 1869-88; Theta Delta Chi, 1869-72; Chi Phi, 1872-75; Kappa Sigma, 1873; Sigma Nu, 1882; Phi Delta Theta, 1887; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1892; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1894; Delta Tau Delta, 1896; Delta Sigma Phi, 1905-14; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1906; Alpha Chi Rho, 1907; Pi Lambda Phi, 1920; Phi Epsilon Pi, 1920; Zeta Beta Tau, 1920; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1922.

Phi Delta Phi, 1908; Delta Theta Phi, 1908; Phi Alpha Delta, 1912; Phi Beta Kappa, 1911; Delta Sigma Rho, 1913; Sigma Delta Kappa, 1920; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1922.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE, Tenn.—Phi Gamma Delta, 1852-52.

WASHINGTON, UNIVERSITY OF, Seattle, Wash.—Sigma Nu, 1896; Phi Gamma Delta, 1900; Phi Delta Theta, 1900; Beta Theta Pi,

1901; Sigma Chi, 1903; Kappa Sigma, 1903; Alpha Tau Omega, 1906; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1906; Delta Tau Delta, 1908; Delta Chi, 1908; Delta Upsilon, 1910; Acacia, 1910; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1911; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1912; Theta Delta Chi, 1913; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1914; Phi Kappa Psi, 1914; Theta Xi, 1915; Psi Upsilon, 1916; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1918; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1919; Zeta Psi, 1920; Chi Psi, 1921; Alpha Delta Phi, 1921; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1923; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1922.

Delta Gamma, 1903; Gamma Phi Beta, 1903; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1905; Pi Beta Phi, 1907; Alpha Xi Delta, 1907; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1908; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1909; Chi Omega, 1909; Delta Delta Delta, 1909; Alpha Chi Omega, 1910; Sigma Kappa, 1910; Alpha Phi, 1914; Delta Zeta, 1914; Mu Phi Epsilon, 1915; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1915; Alpha Delta Pi, 1917; Phi Mu, 1917; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1917; Kappa Delta, 1922.

Phi Delta Chi, 1905-12; Phi Delta Phi, 1907; Tau Kappa Alpha, 1913; Phi Lambda Upsilon, 1910; Kappa Psi, 1916; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1919.

Sigma Xi, 1907; Theta Sigma Phi, 1909; Sigma Delta Chi, 1910; Phi Delta Kappa, 1913; Phi Alpha Delta, 1914; Phi Beta Kappa, 1914; Sigma Upsilon, 1914; Tau Beta Pi, 1912; S. & B., 1913; Theta Sigma Phi, 1909.

WASHINGTON STATE COLLEGE, Pullman, Wash.—Kappa Sigma, 1909; Sigma Nu, 1910; Alpha Tau Omega, 1911; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1912; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1914; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1915; Phi Delta Theta, 1918; Beta Theta Pi, 1919; Alpha Zeta, 1909; Sigma Chi, 1919; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1921; Theta Xi, 1921; Delta Tau Alpha, 1920 (local); Gamma Phi, 1919 (local).

Pi Beta Phi, 1912; Alpha Delta Pi, 1912; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1913; Alpha Chi Omega, 1916; Delta Delta Delta, 1918; Delta Zeta, 1919; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1920; Sigma Kappa, 1921; Chi Omega, 1923; Alpha Gamma, 1921 (local); Kappa Beta, 1919 (local).

Sigma Tau, 1913; Sigma Upsilon, 1914; Kappa Psi, 1916; Alpha Psi, 1915.

WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY, St. Louis, Mo., 1853—Beta Theta Pi, 1869; Phi Delta Theta, 1891; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1892; Kappa

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Sigma, 1902; Sigma Chi, 1903; Sigma Nu, 1903; Kappa Alpha, 1905; Alpha Tau Omega, 1918; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1919; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1920; Tau Kappa Epsilon, 1920.

Kappa Alpha Theta, 1906; Pi Beta Phi, 1907; Delta Gamma, 1914; Gamma Phi Beta, 1916; Pi Mu Alpha, 1917 (local sorority); Alpha Chi Omega, 1920; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1921.

Phi Delta Pi, 1882; Nu Sigma Nu, 1900; Xi Psi Phi, 1901; Phi Delta, 1905; Phi Beta Pi, 1903; Delta Sigma Delta, 1904; Theta Xi, 1905; Delta Chi, 1906-10; Chi Zeta Chi, 1907; Psi Omega, 1909-12; Delta Theta Phi, 1912; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1917; Scarab; Phi Rho Sigma, 1921; Nu Sigma Phi, 1922; Phi Alpha Delta, 1922.

Alpha Omega Alpha, 1905; Sigma Xi, 1910; Phi Beta Kappa, 1914; Tau Beta Pi, 1922.

WAYNESBURGH COLLEGE, Waynesburgh, Pa.—Delta Tau Delta, 1865-66; Delta Sigma Phi, 1910.

WEBSTER COLLEGE OF LAW, Chicago, Ill.—Delta Theta Phi, 1915.

WELLESLEY COLLEGE, Wellesley, Mass., 1875—Phi Beta Kappa, 1905. There are a number of societies at Wellesley bearing Greek names but they are not sororities but literary and social societies.

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.—Phi Mu, 1904-14; Alpha Delta Pi, 1904-14; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1907-13; Zeta Tau Alpha, 1911-14; Delta Delta Delta, 1913-14.

WESLEYAN UNIVERSITY, Middletown, Conn., 1831, non-sect. (formerly M. E.)—Phi Nu Theta, 1837; Psi Upsilon, 1843; Chi Psi, 1844; Delta Upsilon, 1850; Alpha Delta Phi, 1856; Theta Delta Chi, 1857-63; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1867; Beta Theta Pi, 1890; Delta Tau Delta, 1902; Alpha Chi Rho, 1911; Sigma Nu, 1920; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1883-87; Phi Sigma, 1893-02; Delta Delta Delta, 1895-12; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1906-12; Phi Beta Kappa, 1845; Delta Sigma Rho, 1910; Gamma Psi, 1919 (local).

WESTERN DENTAL COLLEGE, Kansas City, Mo.—Xi Psi Phi, 1905; Psi Omega, 1914.

WESTERN RESERVE UNIVERSITY (Adelbert College), Cleveland, Ohio, 1826, Pres. (formerly located at Hudson, Ohio)—Alpha Delta Phi, 1841; Beta Theta Pi, 1841; Delta Upsilon, 1847; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1868; Phi Gamma Delta, 1876; Delta Tau Delta, 1882;

Alpha Tau Omega, 1901; Sigma Chi, 1909; Sigma Nu, 1909; Zeta Beta Tau, 1909; Alpha Phi Alpha, 1914; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1915; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1918; Kappa Nu, 1919; Phi Sigma Delta, 1920.

(Professional Schools) Delta Sigma Delta, 1897; Psi Omega, 1896; Nu Sigma Nu, 1900; Phi Rho Sigma, 1901; Phi Delta Phi, 1901; Phi Beta Pi, 1906-11; Phi Alpha Delta, 1906; Delta Theta Phi, 1907; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1909; Kappa Psi, 1910; Phi Chi, 1906; Sigma Delta Chi, 1917; Nu Sigma Phi, 1920; Phi Delta Epsilon, 1920.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1847; Alpha Omega Alpha, 1903; Delta Sigma Rho, 1911; Coif, 1913.

WEST LIBERTY COLLEGE, West Virginia (closed)—Delta Tau Delta, 1859-62.

WESTMINSTER COLLEGE, Fulton, Mo., 1853—Beta Theta Pi, 1867; Phi Delta Theta, 1880; Kappa Alpha, 1890.

WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY, Morgantown, W. Va., 1868—Kappa Sigma, 1883; Phi Kappa Psi, 1890; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1891; Sigma Chi, 1895; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1896; Kappa Alpha, 1897; Beta Theta Pi, 1900; Delta Tau Delta, 1901; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1903; Sigma Nu, 1904; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1904-09; Theta Chi, 1921; Pi Lambda Phi, 1922; Tau Kappa Epsilon, 1922; Phi Delta Lambda, 1919 (local); Tau Delta Theta, 1919 (local).

Alpha Xi Delta, 1905; Chi Omega, 1905; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1906; Pi Beta Phi, 1918; Delta Gamma, 1922.

Delta Chi, 1902-08; Kappa Psi, 1908; Theta Psi (local eng.), 1911; Phi Beta Pi, 1922; Phi Delta Phi, 1922.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1910; Tau Beta Pi, 1922.

WHITMAN COLLEGE, Walla Walla, Wash., 1866, non-sect.—Phi Delta Theta, 1915; Beta Theta Pi, 1915; Tau Delta Sigma, 1916 (local); Zeta Phi Epsilon, 1920 (local).

Phi Mu, 1913; Delta Gamma, 1916; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1918; Delta Delta Delta, 1923.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1920.

WILBERFORCE UNIVERSITY, Wilberforce, Ohio, Methodist, 1856. (colored)—Alpha Phi Alpha, 1912; Kappa Alpha Psi, 1915.

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WILLIAM AND MARY, COLLEGE OF, Williamsburg, Va., 1693—Theta Delta Chi, 1853; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1857-61; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1871; Beta Theta Pi, 1876-77; Kappa Alpha, 1890; Kappa Sigma, 1890; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1904; Sigma Nu, 1922; Alpha Phi Epsilon (local).

Chi Omega, 1921; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1922.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1776; Sigma Upsilon, 1914; Alpha Kappa Psi, 1921,

WILLIAM JEWELL COLLEGE, Liberty, Mo., 1830, Bap.—Phi Gamma Delta, 1886; Kappa Alpha, 1887; Sigma Nu, 1894; Kappa Sigma, 1897; Zeta Chi (local); Iota Pi (local sorority).

WILLIAMS COLLEGE, Williamstown, Mass., 1793, Cong.—Kappa Alpha, 1833; Sigma Phi, 1834; Delta Upsilon, 1834; Chi Psi, 1842; Beta Theta Pi, 1847; Zeta Psi, 1848; Alpha Delta Phi, 1851; Delta Psi, 1853; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1855; Phi Gamma Delta, 1880; Phi Delta Theta, 1886; Delta Tau Delta, 1891-96; Theta Delta Chi, 1891; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1906; Psi Upsilon, 1913.

Phi Beta Kappa, 1864; Delta Sigma Rho, 1910.

WINCHESTER COLLEGE, Tenn.—Sigma Iota Chi, 1904-07.

WINSTON-SALEM COLLEGE, Winston-Salem, N. C.—Alpha Delta Pi, 1905-09; Phi Mu, 1906-09.

WISCONSIN COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, Milwaukee, Wis., 1893—Phi Delta, 1903; Phi Rho Sigma, 1903; Psi Omega, 1912-12; Phi Lambda Kappa, 1920.

WISCONSIN, UNIVERSITY OF, Madison, Wis., 1848—Phi Delta Theta, 1857; Beta Theta Pi, 1873; Phi Kappa Psi, 1875; Chi Psi, 1878; Sigma Chi, 1884; Delta Upsilon, 1885; Delta Tau Delta, 1888; Phi Gamma Delta, 1893; Theta Delta Chi, 1895; Psi Upsilon, 1896; Kappa Sigma, 1898; Phi Kappa Sigma, 1901; Sigma Nu, 1902; Alpha Delta Phi, 1902; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1903; Acacia, 1906; Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1906; Alpha Tau Omega, 1907; Sigma Phi, 1908; Alpha Sigma Phi, 1909; Zeta Psi, 1910; Alpha Gamma Rho, 1916; Chi Phi, 1916; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1917; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1917; Tau Kappa Epsilon, 1917; Theta Xi, 1917; Theta Chi, 1918; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1920; Delta Sigma Phi, 1920; Alpha Chi Rho, 1922; Phi Kappa, 1922; Phi Sigma Delta, 1921; Pi Kappa

Alpha, 1920; Delta Chi, 1921; Sigma Pi, 1922; Zeta Beta Tau, 1922; Delta Pi Epsilon, 1916 (local); Alif Mim, 1920 (local).

Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1875; Delta Gamma, 1880; Gamma Phi Beta, 1885; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1890; Pi Beta Phi, 1894; Alpha Phi, 1896; Delta Delta Delta, 1898; Chi Omega, 1902; Alpha Chi Omega, 1903; Alpha Xi Delta, 1905; Alpha Gamma Delta, 1905; Phi Omega Pi, 1915; Alpha Omicron Pi, 1917; Delta Zeta, 1918; Phi Mu, 1919; Sigma Kappa, 1919; Alpha Delta Pi, 1920; Kappa Delta, 1920.

Phi Delta Phi, 1891; Phi Delta Chi, 1900-05; Alpha Chi Sigma, 1902; Phi Alpha Delta, 1903; Alpha Zeta, 1907; Phi Lambda Upsilon, 1908; Phi Beta Pi, 1915; Triangle, 1913; Kappa Psi, 1919; Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1922; Delta Sigma Pi, 1923; Theta Tau, 1923

Tau Beta Pi, 1898; Phi Beta Kappa, 1899; Delta Sigma Rho, 1906; Sigma Xi, 1907; Eta Kappa Nu, 1910; Gamma Alpha, 1910; Theta Sigma Phi, 1910; Sigma Delta Chi, 1911; Beta Gamma Sigma, 1913; Coif, 1914; S. & B., 1904; Theta Sigma Phi, 1910.

WITTENBERG COLLEGE, Springfield, O., 1845, Luth.—Phi Delta Theta, 1852-54; Phi Kappa Psi, 1866; Beta Theta Pi, 1867; Alpha Tau Omega, 1883; Phi Gamma Delta, 1884; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1905-07; Alpha Xi Delta, 1904; Alpha Delta Pi, 1913; Tau Delta Theta, 1902 (local sorority); Tau Kappa Alpha, 1908; Theta Gamma Rho, 1915 (local women).

WOFFORD COLLEGE, Spartanburg, S. C., 1851, M. E.—Kappa Alpha, 1869; Chi Psi, 1869-09; Chi Phi, 1871-07; Phi Delta Theta, 1879-84; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1885-09; Pi Kappa Alpha, 1891-06; Alpha Tau Omega, 1891-96; Kappa Sigma, 1894; Pi Kappa Phi, 1911; Delta Sigma Phi, 1916.

WOMAN'S COLLEGE, Frederick, Md.—Sigma Sigma Sigma, 1906-07.

WOMAN'S COLLEGE OF BALTIMORE, Md., (now Goucher College).

WOMAN'S MEDICAL COLLEGE OF PENNSYLVANIA, Philadelphia, Pa., 1850—Zeta Phi, 1902; Alpha Epsilon Iota, 1904.

WOOSTER, COLLEGE OF, Wooster, Ohio, 1860, Pres.—Phi Kappa Psi, 1871-92; Beta Theta Pi, 1872-13; Phi Delta Theta, 1872-97; Sigma Chi, 1873-13; Delta Tau Delta, 1879-13; Phi Gamma Delta,

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1882-13; Alpha Tau Omega, 1888-13; Sigma Phi Epsilon, 1912-13; Kappa Alpha Theta, 1875-13; Kappa Kappa Gamma, 1876-13; Pi Beta Phi, 1910-13; Delta Delta Delta, 1912-13.

WORCESTER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, Worcester, Mass.—Phi Gamma Delta, 1891; Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1894; Alpha Tau Omega, 1906; Theta Chi, 1909; Phi Sigma Kappa, 1915; Lambda Chi Alpha, 1913; Delta Tau (local), 1906; Sigma Xi, 1908; Tau Beta Pi, 1910; Phi Beta Delta, 1921.

WYOMING, UNIVERSITY OF, Laramie, Wyo., 1887—Sigma Alpha Epsilon, 1917; Alpha Tau Omega, 1913; Sigma Nu, 1920; Kappa Sigma, 1921; Delta Mu Alpha, 1922 (local).

Pi Beta Phi, 1910; Delta Delta Delta, 1913; Kappa Delta, 1914; Delta Sigma Rho, 1917; Gamma Zeta, 1921 (local women).

YALE UNIVERSITY, New Haven, Conn., 1701—\* Alpha Delta Phi, 1836; \* Psi Upsilon, 1839; \* Delta Kappa Epsilon, 1844; \* Zeta Psi, 1889; \* Beta Theta Pi, 1892; † Berzelius, 1848; † Theta Xi, 1865; † Delta Psi, 1868; † Phi Gamma Delta, 1875; † Sigma Delta Chi, 1876; † Chi Phi, 1877; † Theta Delta Chi, 1887-00; ‡ Sigma Nu, 1889-92; † Delta Phi, 1889; † Phi Sigma Kappa, 1893; ‡ Alpha Chi Rho, 1905; ‡ Acacia, 1909; ‡ Alpha Sigma Phi, 1907; Alpha Phi Alpha, 1909; § Phi Delta Phi, 1887; ‡ Phi Kappa Epsilon (or Book & Snake); || Alpha Kappa Kappa, 1906-12; || Nu Sigma Nu, 1907; || Phi Rho Sigma, 1907; § Phi Alpha Delta, 1909; Pi Lambda Phi, 1895; || Alpha Chi Sigma, 1914; Sigma Alpha Mu, 1917; Tau Epsilon Phi, 1918; Phi Alpha, 1920; Zeta Beta Tau, 1921.

\* Phi Beta Kappa, 1780; † Sigma Xi, 1895; \* Delta Sigma Rho, 1909.

YORK COLLEGE, York, Neb., M. E.—Pi Beta Phi, 1884-88.

\* In academic department only; † in the Sheffield Scientific School only; ‡ in all departments, including the professional schools; § in the law school; || in the medical school.



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